



IMMIGRANT SAFETY PLAN (ISP) TRAIN THE TRAINERS

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TODAY'S OVERVIEW AND OBJECTIVES IMMIGRANT SAFETY PLAN

1 Overview

Contents

Resources

Safety Plan

What is the safety plan?

Why do we need it?

What's the goal?

Who is it for?

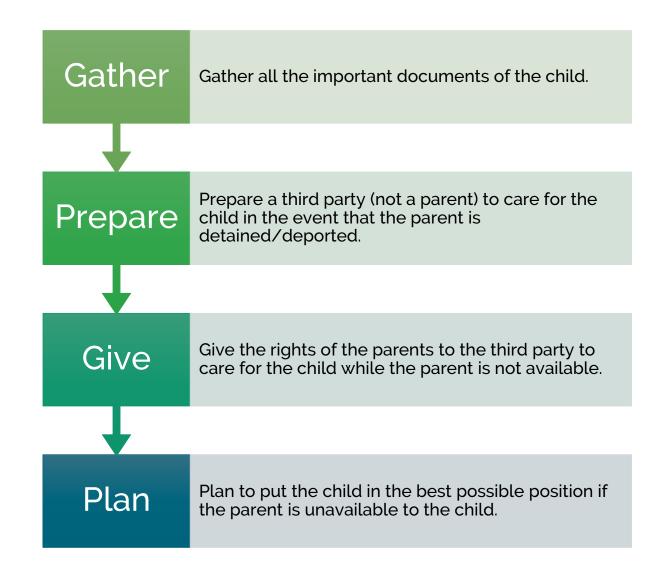
What do you do with it?

Limitations...

How can you help?



Goal of the Safety Plan



How Does a Parent Pick a Third Party?

- Someone over the age of 18
- Should be documented (ideally US Citizen)
- Able to take care of the child (emotionally, financially, and however else the parent would like)
- Local to physically get to the child
- Someone who will carry out the parent's wishes when it comes to the child

Safety Plan Contents

- School/daycare emergency contact information
- Immunization and medical records
- Intention of Parents for Care for Minor Child
- Durable Power of Attorney for Parental Powers
- Birth Certificate
- Social Security Card
- Passport

School/Daycare Emergency Contact

Who can pick up the child if the parents are not available? Person who will make decisions for the child should be on this list

Every school/daycare has different form



Child Immunization and Medical Records

- Make sure they are up to date
- Get latest record school, doctor or WA health dept.
- Other specialists
 - Allergists
 - Dentist
 - Eye doctors
 - Special needs

Intention of Parents for Care of Minor Child

WHAT DO PARENTS WANT TO HAPPEN TO THE CHILD IF THEY ARE DETAINED / DEPORTED?

- Child remains in residential care of ___?
 - > Should be someone with status
 - > Ideally a relative
 - Someone geographically close to the child
 - Put contact information on lines below (address and phone number)
 - > Can write in other plans
- Child will be reunited with me wherever I am
 - This can be home country
 - Put contact information on lines below (address and phone number)
- One parent not available: sign later with notary if parent is able to sign but not present at time of document signing. If parent not available at all, may not be honored.
- Notarize or 2 witnesses must sign when parent signs

Durable
Power of
Attorney
for Parental
Powers

POA ACTUALLY TRANSFERS THE INTENTIONS LEGALLY

- Gives the third party (non-parent) ability to make education, medical and travel decisions for child
- Person should also be listed on:
 - School/daycare emergency
 - Intention of Parents for Care for Minor Child
- Effective upon signature
- Expires 24 months after date signed (RCW 11.130.145)
- Revokable
- One parent not available: sign later with notary if parent is able to sign but not present at time of document signing. If parent not available at all, may not be honored.
- Notarize or 2 witnesses must sign when parent signs

Birth Certificates

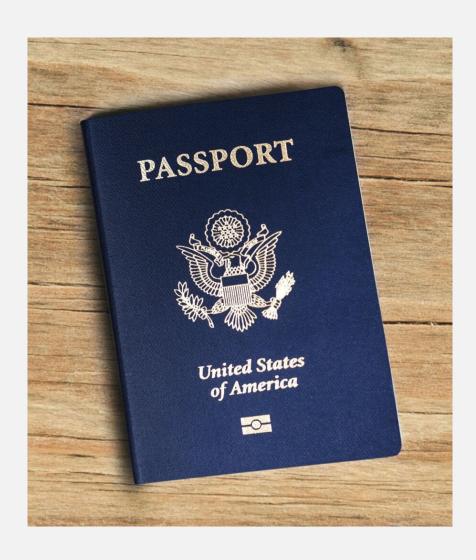


- Get them!!
- Make sure the spellings and names are accurate and consistent
- Check to see if there is a mother and father listed
 - If only one parent listed, that is the only parent that needs to sign documents, unless a family court order states otherwise
- Each state has a different process
- If another country, work with Consulate
- There is a fee (up to \$40.50)

Social Security Card

- Applies to US Citizens
- Requires original or certified copies of identification
- Need to prove identity of child AND the parent
 - If parent without status, should not matter
- No fee





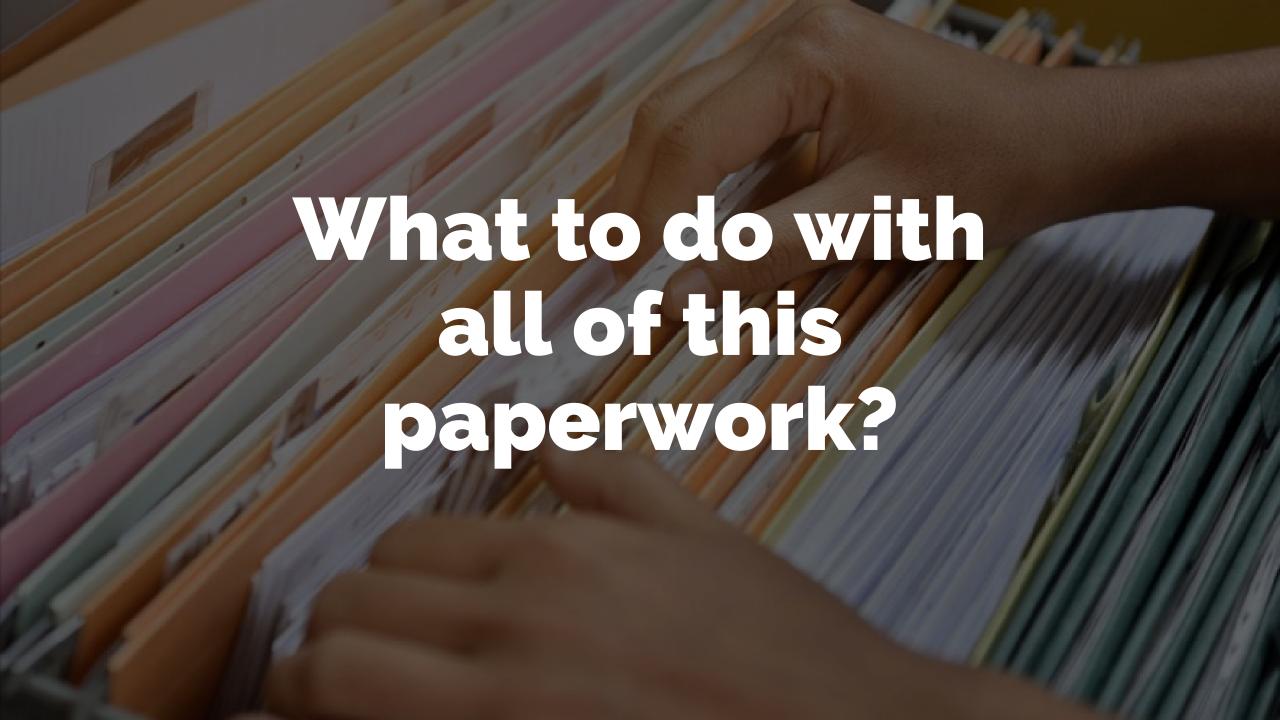
Passports

US CITIZENS – ASAP

- Very hard to get without parents' signatures
- Will need if child needs to travel outside of US
- Requires signatures from both parents or affidavit from missing parent at appointment
- Need to prove citizenship
- Passport photos
- Fees (around \$105)

PASSPORTS FROM OTHER COUNTRIES

- Will possibly need if child needs to travel outside of US
- Work with consulate
- Serves as identification for possible benefits in that country





Create a file, shoebox or place that will hold all of the paperwork for each child

Put all originals here (except Intention and Power of Attorney)



Create an electronic copy if possible (not on your phone)



Make 3 copies of the Intention and Power of Attorney

Original to the third-party caregiver

Copy for the parent to put in file

Copy and fold, put in plastic bag

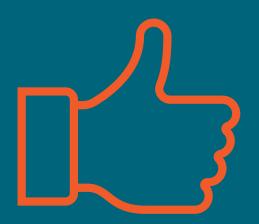
and put in child's backpack

Ensure that all interested parties have access to the paperwork, especially the caregiver and child if child is old enough



- Tough topic to talk about parents, caregivers, children
- Do I need to notarize?
- Does this transfer legal custody?
- Parent not available?
- Dual citizen children?
- No third party available?
- What happens if CPS gets involved?

How can you help us?



Spread the word

Give the ISP out for free

Help people fill out the ISP and collect documents

Share KYR information

Donate & Volunteer

lcycwa.org/donate

lcycwa.org/pbc

Important Contacts

- Northwest Immigrant Rights Project <u>https://www.nwirp.org/get-help/</u> or Immigration Attorney
- Consulate
- Third party
- WAISN https://www.waisn.org/

Important Numbers

- **Seattle**: 206-587-4009/800-445-5771
- **Granger**: 509-854-2100/888-756-3641
- **Wenatchee**: 509-570-0054 / 866-271-2084
- **Tacoma**: 253-383-0519 (detained) / 253-235-9279
 - Immigration Attorney
 - Consulate
 - Third party
 - WAISN Hotline 1-844-724-3737



Resources

- Legal Counsel for Youth and Children www.lcycwa.org
- Northwest Immigrant Rights Project www.nwirp.org
- Washington Law Help <u>www.washingtonlawhelp.org</u>
- Washington Immigrant Solidarity Network www.waisn.org



Contact Info

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Legal Counsel for Youth and Children



NORTHWEST IMMIGRANT RIGHTS PROJECT

Presenter:
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NWIRP's Co-Deputy Director
January 14, 2025



IMMIGRANT PRIGHTS

Northwest Immigrant Rights Project (NWIRP)

- Who we are
- 2. Our services
- 3. How to contact us
- 4. Basic concepts in immigration law
- 5. A quick word or two on the incoming administration's fear mongering tactics
- 6. Know Your Rights
- 7. Resources
- 8. Questions



About NWIRP



- Only organization in Washington State that provides comprehensive immigration legal services for low-income community members, all services are free.
- Our focus is primarily on direct legal services.
- We also engage in: impact litigation, community education, advocacy.
- We have four offices: Seattle, Tacoma, Granger, Wenatchee,

Services that NWIRP provides



- 1. Consultations
- 2. Information
- 3. Representation (full representation, limited services, or pro se assistance)
- 4. Community presentations and workshops



How to contact us



- Seattle: 206-587-4009/800-445-5771/seattlefrontdesk@nwirp.org
- Tacoma: 253-235-9279/TSUintake@nwirp.org
 - Detained community members can reach out by emailing:
 Tacoma@nwirp.org / 253-383-0519 or 877-814-6444
- Granger: 509-854-2100 OR 888-756-3641/ grangerintake@nwirp.org
- Wenatchee: 509-570-0054 OR 866-271-2084 wenatcheeintake@nwirp.org





Basic Concepts in immigration law

Terminology of Immigration Agencies



Department of Homeland Security (DHS)

USCIS – Citizenship and Immigration Services

ICE – Immigration and Customs Enforcement

CBP – Customs and Border Protection

Department of Justice (DOJ)

Executive Office for Immigration Review (EOIR)

Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA)

Immigration Court

Department of State

U.S. Embassies and Consulates abroad

Immigration Court/Deportation Proceedings





Two courts in our region:

Seattle: Non-detained

cases

Tacoma: Detained cases at NW Detention Center

- Important: There is NO right to an appointed attorney in immigration court if the person cannot afford private attorney.
- Many people are forced to represent themselves:
 - Approximately 35 % of removal cases in WA are represented
 - ~90% of detained cases in Tacoma are unrepresented!!!
 - Legal representation matters:
 - Those detained who have lawyer are 10 times more likely to win their case
 - For non-detained, it's 5 times more likely

Citizens and Non-Citizens



U.S. Citizens (USC):

Born in U.S., Naturalized, Acquired/Derived (even if born abroad)

Non-Citizens: Three General Categories:

Lawful Permanent Residents (LPR) = "Green Card" Holders

Asylees / Refugees

Difference is where you obtain status

Current annual refugee cap is 125,000.

By way of contrast, during the first Trump presidency the administration dropped the cap to 15,000 in Oct. 2020.

Temporary Legal Status:

Students, Temporary Workers, Visitors/Tourists, TPS, U visas

Undocumented: Visa Overstays/Entered w/o permission

Why "Undocumented Immigrant"?

How to obtain a Green Card

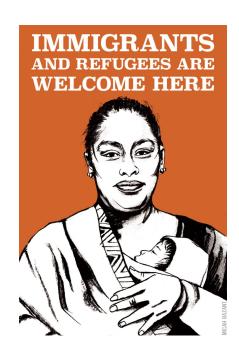


- Through a Family Member (around 65%)
 - Many eligibility/admissibility requirements, including lawful entry or paroled)
- Through Employment Visa (around 14%)
- Asylum / Refugee Status (14%)
- Others
 - Diversity Visa
 - Humanitarian Protections
 - VAWA, U visa, T visa

What do people in deportation proceedings need to know



- Do you have an A number?
- Make sure your court has been moved to Seattle or the nearest immigration court
 - https://acis.eoir.justice.gov/es/800-898-7180
 - If you do not show up for your court date, you may be given a deportation order
- Do you have appointments with ICE?
 - https://www.ice.gov/es/reportarse
 - o (206) 277-2000
- You can get a Washington State ID or driver's license



What is a notice of appearance



U.S. Department of Homeland Securit	ly	\	Notice to Appear
In removal proceedings unde	er section 240 of the Immigration a	nd Nationality Act:	
Subject ID:	FINS #:	File No:	
	DOB:	Event No:	
In the Matter of:			
Respondent:			currently residing at:
			ľ
	(Number, street, city and ZIP code)	(Area code and pl	none number)
☐ 1. You are an arriving alien.			
	ne United States who has not been admitted of	r paroled.	
3. You have been admitted to the	ne United States, but are removable for the re	sasons stated below.	
The Department of Homeland Securit 1. You are not a citizer	y alleges that you: n or national of the United S	tates;	
2. You are a native of F	HONDURAS and a citizen of HONI	OURAS ;	
	nited States at or near	, on or al	
4. You were not then adm	mitted or paroled after inspec	ction by an Immigra	ation Officer.
	The immic	gration court	
		r hearing will	
	be schedu		
	/		4 CH - 1
	arged that you are subject to removal from th		
212(a)(6)(A)(i) of the In	nmigration and Nationality Act ted States without leing admit time or place other than as o	ted or paroled, of	r who arrived in
	/		
	/		
This notice is being issued after or torture.	er an asylum officer has found that the respon	ident has demonstrated a cr	edible fear of persecution
Section 235(b)(1) order was va	scaled pursuant to: BCFR 208.30(f)(2)	□8CFR 235.3(b)(5)(iv)	
	*		
YOU ARE ORDERED to appear befor 5701 Executive Center Drive Su	ore an immigration judge of the United States ite 400 Charlotte NC US 28212	s Department of Justice at:	
(C	omplets Address of Immigration Court, including Re	vom Number, if any)	
on a date to be set at at	me to be set to show why you should no		ed States based on the
(Date)	(Time)		
charge(s) set forth above.	NICHOLAS E. MUNOZ	ACTING PATROL Tule of Issuing Officer)	AGENT IN CHARGE
		z rine of issuing Officer)	
Date: April 18, 2018	McAlien, Texas		



The Incoming Administration's fear mongering

A word or two about the incoming administration's expressed threats against the immigrant community

A word or two about the incoming administration's expressed threats against the immigrant community

- 1. Immediate mass deportation
 - The administration will neither have the manpower nor the infrastructure in place to engage in immediate mass deportations
 - i. However, community members with prior orders of removal will be in particular risk as ICE will be able to track them. This is why family planning is very important.
 - b. If and when the administration starts worksite raids and mass removals, they will still not be able to trample of the immigrant communities constitutional rights. There will be litigation.
- 2. What can you do if you are detained by immigration at work during an immigration raid?
 - a. Call 1-844-724-3737, a hotline to report raids in your communities
 - b. If you are detained at the detention center in Tacoma, you can call us at: (253) 383-0519 or (877) 814-6444
 - c. Text "ICE" or "Migra" to 509-300-4959 to receive news about raids in your community.
 - d. Make a family plan in case you are separated from your children or family members.
- 3. Taking away birthright citizenship under the 14th Amendment. Even if they do try to take this on, the issue will be litigated for years. Hence, no immediate threat.

A word or two about the incoming administration's expressed threats against the immigrant community - continued

What can the administration do?

- Expansion of expedited removal operations
 - a. Definition: summary expulsion process. No due process b/c at the border.
 - b. Currently the administration limits expedited removal to community members who entered the country within 14 days of being apprehended and were apprehended within 100 miles of the border. However, the incoming administration can expand this process to its statutory limit by starting to apprehend community members who have been in the United States for two years or less and are found within 100 miles of the border.
- Programs like DACA, DALE, and TPS are on vulnerable ground.
 - If Trump challenges there will be litigation.
- Bears reminding: some programs, such as TPS and various other forms of humanitarian relief, such as VAWA, U and T visas, have a statutory basis. So they cannot be taken away without a challenge and a change in the law.
- However, as the Sec. of Homeland Security does have options. For example, the Dept. in charge of designating certain countries for TPS protection can refuse to extend such protections in the future. Please remember that the ones that have been granted will remain in effect.
- Also, for other forms of humanitarian relief the secretary can make it difficult for people to apply. The secretary can raise the fee for various types of applications or place particularly onerous conditions on filings.
- The secretary can also slow-walk applications by re-assigning designated officers to do other work.

How will Washington State respond to the incoming administration's anti-immigrant policies

- Keep Washington Working (WA. S.'s sanctuary state law)
 - A State law that came into effect in May 2019. Prevents local law enforcement from engaging with ICE to enforce federal immigration laws.
 - NWIRP recently sued Adam's County Sheriff for engaging in just such a conduct.
- Sanctuary city/state. There is no real definitions. However, Washington State recognizes the value of all its people and will not arrest people for federal civil immigration violations.
 - Please remember that this does not prevent the federal law enforcement from doing so.
- Difference between sanctuary city/state and "sensitive locations:"
 - Sensitive location is a federal immigration policy. Likely to be rescinded.
 The policy says there are locations ICE agents should not enter, including
 places of worship, schools, hospitals...

Know Your Rights



WE ALL HAVE RIGHTS



Constitutional Rights



Everyone (regardless of legal status) has basic rights under the constitution

- Right to remain silent
- Right to be safe at:
 - Home
 - Your car
 - On the street or at work
- Right to labor protections
- Right to due process
- Right to gather peacefully
- Right to equal protection

Right to be safe in your home



- Home: If immigration wants to enter your home, they need a court order from the federal district court.
- This order must have your name and correct address on it. It must also be signed by a federal judge.
- Orders signed by ICE or an immigration judge are not valid in these situations.
- If you do not have a court order signed by a judge, do not give ICE permission to enter or search your home.
- If immigration is knocking on your door, DO NOT OPEN THE DOOR.

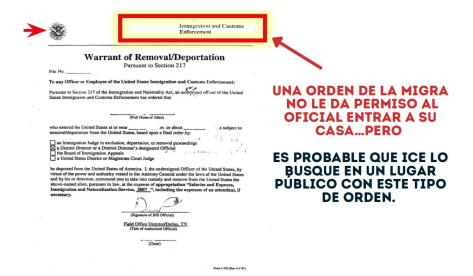
Examples of the two different warrants for arrest



Orden de la corte – legítima la puerta

Orden de inmigración – no abra





Know Your Rights: traffic stops



- You always have the right to remain silent.
- You can refuse to answer any questions about your criminal or immigration history.
- Ask the officers why they stopped you, and if they have a warrant for your arrest.
- If not, inform them that you refuse to speak with them or allow them to search you and you want to leave.
- You can leave if you are not under arrest.

Right to labor protections



- You have the same workplace protections as any other worker in Washington State
- You have the right to be paid for your work.
- You have the right to leave work after work hours.
- You have the right to receive workers' compensation if you are injured on the job.

Community Resources



Resources:

- www.nwirp.org
- www.waimmigrantsolidaritynetwork.org
 - Fantastic resources page in multiple languages.
- www.protectingimmigrantfamilies.org
- www.washingtonlawhelp.org

Community resources continued



- Nonprofit Agencies:
 - National Immigration Legal Services Directory:
 - www.immigrationadvocates.org/nonprofit/legaldirectory/
 - Executive Office for Immigration Review Roster of BIA-Recognized Agencies:
 - www.justice.gov/eoir/find-legal-representation
- Private Immigration Attorneys:
 - American Immigration Lawyers Association (AILA) Referral Service: www.ailalawyer.com
- Non-Immigration Legal Questions:
 - www.washingtonlawhelp.org