CLASSICAL GREEK HIGHER LEVEL PAPER 1

Thursday 22 May 2003 (afternoon)

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer both Section A and Section B.
- The use of dictionaries is permitted for paper 1.

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SECTION A [35 marks]

Translate into English the section of the following passage indicated between the asterisks. A translation of the rest of the passage appears on the facing page. (Ignore the word in square brackets.)

1. Socrates discusses the importance of self-control.

Εί δε δη και εγκράτεια καλόν τε κάγαθον άνδρι κτημά εστιν, επισκεψώμεθα εί τι προυβίβαζε λέγων είς ταύτην τοιάδε·

* Ω ἄνδρες, εἰ πολέμου ἡμῖν γενομένου βουλοίμεθα ἐλέσθαι ἄνδρα, ὑφ' οὖ μάλιστ' ἃν αὐτοὶ μὲν σωζοίμεθα, τοὺς δὲ πολεμίους χειροίμεθα, ἄρ' ὅντινα [ἄν] αἰσθανοίμεθα ἤττω γαστρὸς ἢ οἴνου ἢ ἀφροδισίων ἢ πόνου ἢ ὕπνου, τοῦτον ἂν αἰροίμεθα; καὶ πῶς ἂν οἰηθείημεν τὸν τοιοῦτον ἢ ἡμᾶς σῶσαι ἢ τοὺς πολεμίους κρατῆσαι; εἰ δ' ἐπὶ τελευτῆ τοῦ βίου γενόμενοι βουλοίμεθά τω ἐπιτρέψαι ἢ παῖδας ἄρρενας παιδεῦσαι ἢ θυγατέρας παρθένους διαφυλάξαι ἢ χρήματα διασῶσαι, ἄρ' ἀξιόπιστον εἰς ταῦθ' ἡγησόμεθα τὸν ἀκρατῆ; δούλω δ' ἀκρατεῖ ἐπιτρέψαιμεν ἃν ἢ βοσκήματα ἢ ταμιεῖα ἢ ἔργων ἐπιστασίαν; διάκονον δὲ καὶ ἀγοραστὴν τοιοῦτον ἐθελήσαιμεν ἂν προῖκα λαβεῖν; ἀλλὰ μὴν εἴ γε μηδὲ δοῦλον ἀκρατῆ δεξαίμεθ' ἄν, πῶς οὐκ ἄξιον αὐτόν γε φυλάξασθαι τοιοῦτον γενέσθαι; *

καὶ γὰρ οὐχ ὥσπερ οἱ πλεονέκται τῶν ἄλλων ἀφαιρούμενοι χρήματα ἐαυτοὺς δοκοῦσι πλουτίζειν,
20 οὕτως ὁ ἀκρατὴς τοῖς μὲν ἄλλοις βλαβερός, ἑαυτῷ δ' ὡφέλιμος.

XENOPHON Memorabilia 1. 5. 1-3

But if self-control too is a good and noble thing for a man to have, let us now consider whether he [Socrates] was promoting it by talking about it thus:

For whereas the covetous, by robbing other men of their goods, seem to enrich themselves, a vicious man reaps no advantage from the harm he does to others.

SECTION B

Answer all the following questions, which relate to the passage in Section A.

2. Summarize briefly the passage's argument and conclusion.

[3 marks]

3. What is the main rhetorical device employed to convince the reader?

[2 marks]