

Verified Time-Aware Stream Processing

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02/11/2023

What is this PhD/Status seminar about?

- Distributed Systems
 - Stream processing frameworks
 - Dataflow models
 - Time-Aware Computations
- Formal Methods
 - Verification using proof assistants
 - Isabelle proofs
 - Verified and executable code
- Formalization of Time-Aware Stream Processing

- Introduction
- Preliminaries
- Lazy Lists Processors
- Time-Aware Operators
- Case Study
- Next Steps

Introduction

- Stream Processing
- Dataflow Model
- Time-Aware Computations
- Bugs in Stream Processing

Preliminaries

- HOL
- Isabelle/HOL

- Datatypes and Codatatypes

```
codatatype (lset: 'a) llist = lnull: LNil | LCons (lhd: 'a) (ltl: 'a llist)  
  for map: lmap where ltl LNil = LNil
```

- Induction principle for `lset` membership:

$$\begin{aligned} x \in \text{lset } lxs &\longrightarrow (\bigwedge x \ lxs. P \ x \ (\text{LCons } x \ lxs)) \longrightarrow \\ &(\bigwedge x \ lxs \ y. y \in \text{lset } lxs \longrightarrow P \ y \ lxs \longrightarrow P \ y \ (\text{LCons } x \ lxs)) \longrightarrow P \ x \ lxs \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

- Coinductive principle for lazy list equality:

- Show a *bisimulation* `R` that relates the lazy lists:

$$\begin{aligned} R \ lxs \ lys &\longrightarrow \bigwedge lxs \ lys. R \ lxs \ lys \longrightarrow \text{lnull } lxs \longleftrightarrow \text{lnull } lys \wedge \\ &\neg \text{lnull } lxs \longrightarrow \neg \text{lnull } lys \longrightarrow \text{lhd } lxs = \text{lhd } lys \wedge R \ (\text{ltl } lxs) \ (\text{ltl } lys) \longrightarrow lxs = lys \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

Isabelle/HOL: Recursion and While Combinator

- Recursion

```
fun lshift :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a llist  $\Rightarrow$  'a llist (infixr @@ 65) where  
  lshift [] xs = xs  
| lshift (x # xs) xs = LCons x (lshift xs xs)
```

- While Combinator

```
definition while_option :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a option where  
while_option b c s = (if ( $\exists k. \neg b ((c \wedge^k) s)$ )  
  then Some ((c  $\wedge^{\text{LEAST } k. \neg b ((c \wedge^k) s)}) s)$ )  
  else None)
```

- While rule

$$Q\ s \longrightarrow \text{while_option } t\ b\ s = \text{Some } s' \longrightarrow (\bigwedge s. Q\ s \longrightarrow t\ s \longrightarrow Q\ (b\ s)) \longrightarrow Q\ s' \quad (3)$$

- Corec
- Friend

Isabelle/HOL: (Co)inductive Predicates

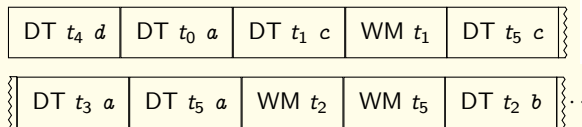
- Inductive
- Coinductive
- Coinduction

Lazy Lists Processors

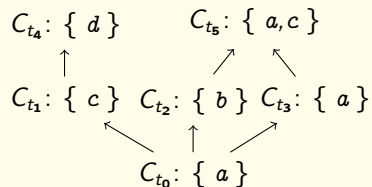
Operators

- Operator
- Produce produce
- Example

$stream_1 =$



(a) Prefix of $stream_1$



(b) Corresponding set of collections

Figure: An example stream and its collections (ordered by their time-stamps)

Sequential Composition

- Composition
- Skip n

Time-Aware Operators

Monotone and Productive Time-Aware Streams

- Monotone
- Productive

Building Blocks: Batch Operator

Batch Operator: Soundness

Batch Operator: Completeness

- Uses soundness of `batch_op`
- Proof by induction over `n`

$$\begin{aligned} \text{mono_prod } lxs \ W \longrightarrow & (\exists i \ d. \text{enat } i < \text{llength } lxs \wedge \text{Inth } lxs \ i = \text{DT } t \ d \wedge n = \text{Suc } i) \vee \\ n = 0 \wedge t \in \text{set_t } buf \longrightarrow & (\forall t' \in \text{set_t } buf. \text{lfinite } lxs \vee \exists wm \geq t'. \text{WM } wm \in \text{lset } lxs) \longrightarrow \\ \exists wm \ batch. \text{DT } wm \ batch \in \text{lset } & (\text{produce } (\text{batch_op } buf) \ lxs) \wedge t \in \text{set_t } batch \vee \\ (\forall k \in \{n .. < \text{the_enat } (\text{llength } lxs)\} . \neg & (\exists t' \geq t. \text{Inth } lxs \ k = \text{WM } t')) \wedge \text{lfinite } lxs \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

Batch Operator: Monotone

Batch Operator: Productive

Building Blocks: Incremental Operator

Batch Operator: Soundness

Batch Operator: Completeness

Batch Operator: Monotone

Batch Operator: Productive

Compositional Reasoning

Case Study

Histogram

Histogram: Soundness

Histogram: Completeness

Histogram: Monotone

Histogram: Productive

Efficient Histogram

- Foo

Join: Completeness

Join: Monotone

Next Steps

Next Steps

Questions, comments and suggestions