DATA DICTIONARY

(For the data set tidy_data_means.txt)

There are 30 subjects (with representing codes 1 through 30), with 6 rows per subject (corresponding to each of 6 activities). Thus the data has $30 \cdot 6 = 180$ rows. Including the subject code and activity, this data set has 79 features (columns). *Each feature (excepting Subject and Activity) is the mean of all the measurements for a particular subject doing a particular activity*.

The features selected for this database come from the accelerometer and gyroscope 3-axial raw signals Time.Acc-XYZ and Time.Gyro-XYZ. These time domain signals were captured at a constant rate of 50 Hz. Then they were filtered using a median filter and a 3rd order low pass Butterworth filter with a corner frequency of 20 Hz to remove noise. Similarly, the acceleration signal was then separated into body and gravity acceleration signals (Time.BodyAcc-XYZ and Time.GravityAcc-XYZ) using another low pass Butterworth filter with a corner frequency of 0.3 Hz.

Subsequently, the body linear acceleration and angular velocity were derived in time to obtain Jerk signals (Time.BodyAccJerk-XYZ and Time.BodyGyroJerk-XYZ). Also the magnitude of these three-dimensional signals were calculated using the Euclidean norm (Time.BodyAccMag, Time.GravityAccMag, Time.BodyAccJerkMag, Time.BodyGyroJerkMag).

Finally a Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) was applied to some of these signals producing Freq.BodyAcc-XYZ, Freq.BodyAccJerk-XYZ, Freq.BodyGyro-XYZ, Freq.BodyAccJerkMag, Freq.BodyGyroMag, Freq.BodyGyroJerkMag. (Note the 'Freq.' to indicate frequency domain signals).

These signals were used to estimate variables of the feature vector for each pattern: '-XYZ' is used to denote 3-axial signals in the X, Y and Z directions.

Features (columns):

- 1. Subject (subject code)
- 2. Time.BodyAcc.mean.X
- 3. Time.BodyAcc.mean.Y
- 4. Time.BodyAcc.mean.Z
- 5. Time.BodyAcc.std.X
- 6. Time.BodyAcc.std.Y
- 7. Time.BodyAcc.std.Z
- 8. Time.GravityAcc.mean.X
- 9. Time.GravityAcc.mean.Y
- 10. Time.GravityAcc.mean.Z
- 11. Time.GravityAcc.std.X
- 12. Time.GravityAcc.std.Y
- 13. Time.GravityAcc.std.Z
- 14. Time.BodyAccJerk.mean.X
- 15. Time.BodyAccJerk.mean.Y
- 16. Time.BodyAccJerk.mean.Z
- 17. Time.BodyAccJerk.std.X
- 18. Time.BodyAccJerk.std.Y

- 19. Time.BodyAccJerk.std.Z
- 20. Time.BodyGyro.mean.X
- 21. Time.BodyGyro.mean.Y
- 22. Time.BodyGyro.mean.Z
- 23. Time.BodyGyro.std.X
- 24. Time.BodyGyro.std.Y
- 25. Time.BodyGyro.std.Z
- 26. Time.BodyGyroJerk.mean.X
- 27. Time.BodyGyroJerk.mean.Y
- 28. Time.BodyGyroJerk.mean.Z
- 29. Time.BodyGyroJerk.std.X
- 30. Time.BodyGyroJerk.std.Y
- 31. Time.BodyGyroJerk.std.Z
- 32. Time.GravityAccMag.mean
- 33. Time.GravityAccMag.std
- 34. Time.BodyAccJerkMag.mean
- 35. Time.BodyAccJerkMag.std
- 36. Time.BodyGyroMag.mean
- 37. Time.BodyGyroMag.std
- 38. Time.BodyGyroJerkMag.mean
- 39. Time.BodyGyroJerkMag.std
- 40. Freq.BodyAcc.mean.X
- 41. Freq.BodyAcc.mean.Y
- 42. Freq.BodyAcc.mean.Z
- 43. Freq.BodyAcc.std.X
- 44. Freq.BodyAcc.std.Y
- 45. Freq.BodyAcc.std.Z
- 46. Freq.BodyAcc.meanFreq.X
- 47. Freq.BodyAcc.meanFreq.Y
- 48. Freq.BodyAcc.meanFreq.Z
- 49. Freq.BodyAccJerk.mean.X
- 50. Freq.BodyAccJerk.mean.Y
- 51. Freq.BodyAccJerk.mean.Z
- 52. Freq.BodyAccJerk.std.X
- 53. Freq.BodyAccJerk.std.Y
- 54. Freq.BodyAccJerk.std.Z
- 55. Freq.BodyAccJerk.meanFreq.X
- 56. Freq.BodyAccJerk.meanFreq.Y
- 57. Freq.BodyAccJerk.meanFreq.Z
- 58. Freq.BodyGyro.mean.X
- 59. Freq.BodyGyro.mean.Y
- 60. Freq.BodyGyro.mean.Z
- 61. Freq.BodyGyro.std.X
- 62. Freq.BodyGyro.std.Y
- 63. Freq.BodyGyro.std.Z
- 64. Freq.BodyGyro.meanFreq.X
- 65. Freq.BodyGyro.meanFreq.Y
- 66. Freq.BodyGyro.meanFreq.Z
- 67. Freq.BodyAccMag.mean

- 68. Freq.BodyAccMag.std
- 69. Freq.BodyAccMag.meanFreq
- 70. Freq.BodyBodyAccJerkMag.mean
- 71. Freq.BodyBodyAccJerkMag.std
- 72. Freq.BodyBodyAccJerkMag.meanFreq
- 73. Freq.BodyBodyGyroMag.mean
- 74. Freq.BodyBodyGyroMag.std
- 75. Freq.BodyBodyGyroMag.meanFreq
- 76. Freq.BodyBodyGyroJerkMag.mean
- 77. Freq.BodyBodyGyroJerkMag.std
- 78. Freq.BodyBodyGyroJerkMag.meanFreq
- 79. Activity (there are 6 possible activities)

More detailed information about these features can be found where the original data was found:

http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Human+Activity+Recognition+Using+Smart phones

In the original data from the UCI repository, replace "Time." by "t", and "Freq." by "f".