Curso de ARDUINO Automação e Robótica Aula 23

Prof. Ms. Cássio Agnaldo Onodera Realização:











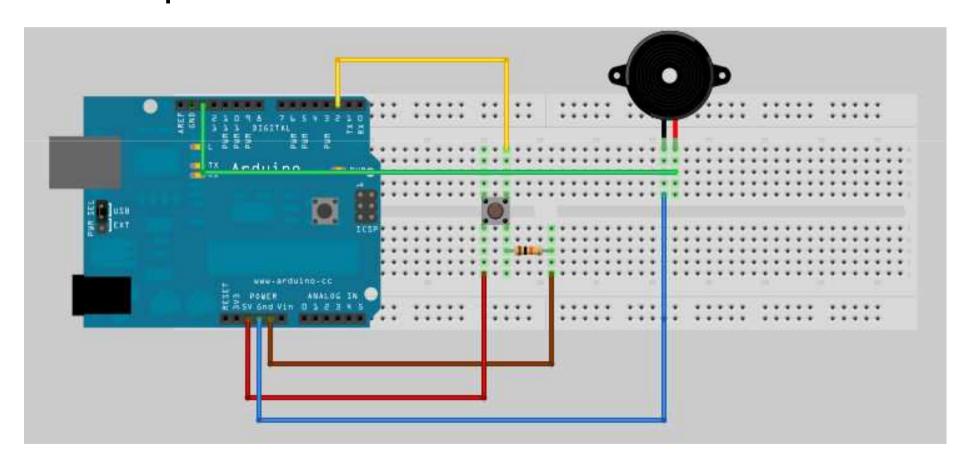
- Materiais necessários:
 - Arduino
 - Protoboard
 - Fios de conexão
 - Buzzer

- Função:
 - Tocar música com Buzzer





• Esquema:







Programa (exp07.pde):

```
int speakerPin = 13;
int length = 15; // the number of notes
char notes[] = "ccggaagffeeddc"; // a space represents a rest
int beats[] = { 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 4 };
int tempo = 300;
void playTone(int tone, int duration) {
 for (long i = 0; i < duration * 1000L; i += tone * 2) {
  digitalWrite(speakerPin, HIGH);
  delayMicroseconds(tone);
  digitalWrite(speakerPin, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(tone);
```





Programa (exp07.pde) – cont.:

```
void playNote(char note, int duration) {
 char names[] = { 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'a', 'b', 'C' };
 int tones[] = { 1915, 1700, 1519, 1432, 1275, 1136, 1014, 956
 // play the tone corresponding to the note name
 for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
  if (names[i] == note) {
   playTone(tones[i], duration);
void setup() {
 pinMode(speakerPin, OUTPUT);
```





Programa (exp07.pde) – cont.:

```
void loop() {
  for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
    if (notes[i] == ' ') {
      delay(beats[i] * tempo); // rest
    } else {
      playNote(notes[i], beats[i] * tempo);
    }

  // pause between notes
    delay(tempo / 2);
  }
}</pre>
```