

```

1  package org.example;
2
3  import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.DeserializationFeature;
4  import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.ObjectMapper;
5  import org.apache.http.Header;
6  import org.apache.http.HeaderElement;
7  import org.apache.http.HeaderElementIterator;
8  import org.apache.http.HttpEntity;
9  import org.apache.http.HttpResponse;
10 import org.apache.http.client.config.RequestConfig;
11 import org.apache.http.client.methods.CloseableHttpResponse;
12 import org.apache.http.client.methods.HttpPost;
13 import org.apache.http.conn.ConnectionKeepAliveStrategy;
14 import org.apache.http.entity.StringEntity;
15 import org.apache.http.impl.client.CloseableHttpClient;
16 import org.apache.http.impl.client.HttpClients;
17 import org.apache.http.impl.conn.PoolingHttpClientConnectionManager;
18 import org.apache.http.message.BasicHeaderElementIterator;
19 import org.apache.http.protocol.HTTP;
20 import org.apache.http.protocol.HttpContext;
21 import org.apache.http.util.EntityUtils;
22 import org.apache.log4j.*;
23
24 import java.io.File;
25 import java.io.IOException;
26 import java.nio.charset.StandardCharsets;
27 import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
28 import java.util.Date;
29
30 public class APIRestComponentClient<T> {
31
32     private static final Logger logger;
33
34     // ☒ CAMBIO PRINCIPAL: HttpClient como variable de instancia reutilizable
35     private static volatile CloseableHttpClient httpClient;
36     private static volatile CloseableHttpClient sslHttpClient;
37     private static final Object LOCK = new Object();
38     private final ObjectMapper objectMapper;
39
40     static {
41         logger = Logger.getLogger(APIRestComponentClient.class);
42         setupLogger();
43     }
44
45     // ☒ NUEVO: Constructor inicializa ObjectMapper
46     public APIRestComponentClient() {
47         this.objectMapper = createObjectMapper();
48     }
49
50     private static void setupLogger() {
51         try {
52             String logDir = "./logs/";
53             String logFileName = "api-rest-" + new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd").format(
54                 new Date()) + ".log";
55
56             File dir = new File(logDir);
57             if (!dir.exists()) dir.mkdirs();
58
59             DailyRollingFileAppender appender = new DailyRollingFileAppender(
60                 new PatternLayout("%d{ISO8601} [%t] %-5p %c - %m%n"),
61                 logDir + logFileName,
62                 "'.'yyyy-MM-dd"
63             );
64
65             logger.setLevel(Level.DEBUG);
66             logger.addAppender(appender);
67
68         } catch (IOException e) {
69             System.err.println("Error al configurar logger: " + e.getMessage());

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69     }
70 }
71
72 // ☑ NUEVO: Método para obtener HttpClient optimizado (singleton)
73 private static CloseableHttpClient getHttpClient(boolean useSSL) {
74     if (useSSL) {
75         if (sslHttpClient == null) {
76             synchronized (LOCK) {
77                 if (sslHttpClient == null) {
78                     sslHttpClient = createOptimizedHttpClient();
79                     logger.debug("HttpClient SSL creado y optimizado");
80                 }
81             }
82         }
83         return sslHttpClient;
84     } else {
85         if (httpClient == null) {
86             synchronized (LOCK) {
87                 if (httpClient == null) {
88                     httpClient = createOptimizedHttpClient();
89                     logger.debug("HttpClient regular creado y optimizado");
90                 }
91             }
92         }
93         return httpClient;
94     }
95 }
96
97 // ☑ NUEVO: Crear HttpClient optimizado con pooling y keep-alive
98 private static CloseableHttpClient createOptimizedHttpClient() {
99     // Configurar connection manager para reutilizar conexiones
100     PoolingHttpClientConnectionManager connectionManager = new
101     PoolingHttpClientConnectionManager();
102     connectionManager.setMaxTotal(20);
103     connectionManager.setDefaultMaxPerRoute(10);
104
105     // Configurar keep-alive strategy
106     ConnectionKeepAliveStrategy keepAliveStrategy = new ConnectionKeepAliveStrategy()
107     {
108         @Override
109         public long getKeepAliveDuration(HttpResponse response, HttpContext context)
110         {
111             HeaderElementIterator it = new BasicHeaderElementIterator(
112                 response.headerIterator(HTTP.CONN_KEEP_ALIVE));
113             while (it.hasNext()) {
114                 HeaderElement he = it.nextElement();
115                 String param = he.getName();
116                 String value = he.getValue();
117                 if (value != null && param.equalsIgnoreCase("timeout")) {
118                     return Long.parseLong(value) * 1000;
119                 }
120             }
121             return 30 * 1000; // 30 segundos por defecto
122         }
123     };
124
125     // Configurar timeouts
126     RequestConfig requestConfig = RequestConfig.custom()
127         .setConnectTimeout(5000)
128         .setSocketTimeout(10000)
129         .setConnectionRequestTimeout(3000)
130         .build();
131
132     return HttpClients.custom()
133         .setConnectionManager(connectionManager)
134         .setKeepAliveStrategy(keepAliveStrategy)
135         .setDefaultRequestConfig(requestConfig)
136         .build();

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135
136 // ☑ NUEVO: Crear ObjectMapper reusable
137 private ObjectMapper createObjectMapper() {
138     ObjectMapper mapper = new ObjectMapper();
139     mapper.configure(DeserializationFeature.FAIL_ON_UNKNOWN_PROPERTIES, false);
140     mapper.configure(DeserializationFeature.READ_DATE_TIMESTAMPS_AS_NANOSECONDS,
141         false);
142     mapper.setDateFormat(new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ss"));
143     return mapper;
144 }
145
146 // ☑ MODIFICADO: Tu método principal con optimizaciones
147 public T invokeRestServices(String url, Object request, boolean useSSL, Class<T>
148     responseClass) throws IOException {
149
150     // ☑ CAMBIO: Obtener cliente reusable en lugar de crear uno nuevo
151     CloseableHttpClient client = getHttpClient(useSSL);
152     CloseableHttpResponse httpResponse = null;
153
154     try {
155         if (useSSL) {
156             logger.debug("Usando conexión SSL/TLS optimizada");
157         } else {
158             logger.debug("Usando conexión HTTP optimizada");
159         }
160
161         HttpPost httpPost = new HttpPost(url);
162         httpPost.setHeader("Content-Type", "application/json");
163         httpPost.setHeader("Accept", "application/json");
164         httpPost.setHeader("application", "MiAplicacion");
165         httpPost.setHeader("username", "usuario123");
166         httpPost.setHeader("token", "token123");
167         httpPost.setHeader("Accept-Encoding", "gzip, deflate, br");
168         httpPost.setHeader("Connection", "keep-alive");
169
170         logger.debug("URL: " + url);
171         logger.debug("HEADER del request:");
172         Header[] requestHeaders = httpPost.getAllHeaders();
173         for (Header header : requestHeaders) {
174             logger.debug(header.getName() + ": " + header.getValue());
175         }
176
177         // ☑ CAMBIO: Usar ObjectMapper reusable
178         String jsonRequest = objectMapper.writeValueAsString(request);
179         logger.debug("JSON Request: " + jsonRequest);
180
181         StringEntity entity = new StringEntity(jsonRequest, StandardCharsets.UTF_8);
182         httpPost.setEntity(entity);
183
184         httpResponse = client.execute(httpPost);
185         HttpEntity responseEntity = httpResponse.getEntity();
186
187         String jsonResponse = EntityUtils.toString(responseEntity, StandardCharsets.
188             UTF_8);
189         logger.debug("JSON Response: " + jsonResponse);
190
191         int statusCode = httpResponse.getStatusLine().getStatusCode();
192         if (statusCode < 200 || statusCode >= 300) {
193             String errorMsg = "HTTP Error: " + statusCode + " - " + httpResponse.
194                 getStatusLine().getReasonPhrase();
195             logger.error(errorMsg);
196             throw new IOException(errorMsg + ". Response: " + jsonResponse);
197         }
198
199         T result = objectMapper.readValue(jsonResponse, responseClass);
200
201         // ☑ NUEVO: Consumir completamente la respuesta para liberar conexión
202         EntityUtils.consume(responseEntity);
203     }
204 }

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200         return result;
201
202     } finally {
203         // ☒ CAMBIO CRÍTICO: NO cerrar httpClient, solo cerrar httpResponse
204         if (httpResponse != null) {
205             try {
206                 httpResponse.close();
207             } catch (IOException e) {
208                 logger.warn("Error cerrando HttpResponse: " + e.getMessage());
209             }
210         }
211         // ☒ REMOVIDO: httpClient.close() - ya no se cierra aquí
212     }
213 }
214
215 // ☒ NUEVO: Método para cerrar recursos al final de la aplicación
216 public static void shutdown() {
217     if (httpClient != null) {
218         try {
219             httpClient.close();
220             logger.debug("HttpClient regular cerrado");
221         } catch (IOException e) {
222             logger.warn("Error cerrando HttpClient regular: " + e.getMessage());
223         }
224     }
225
226     if (sslHttpClient != null) {
227         try {
228             sslHttpClient.close();
229             logger.debug("HttpClient SSL cerrado");
230         } catch (IOException e) {
231             logger.warn("Error cerrando HttpClient SSL: " + e.getMessage());
232         }
233     }
234 }
235
236 // ☒ NUEVO: Shutdown hook automático
237 static {
238     Runtime.getRuntime().addShutdownHook(new Thread(() -> {
239         logger.debug("Ejecutando shutdown automático de APIRestComponentClient");
240         shutdown();
241     }));
242 }
243 }

```