

PROBLEMS INDEX

- absorption, 226
- adiabatic process, 89, 91, 235, 244, 245
- adiabatic theorem, 122
- alpha particle, 200, 249
- Ampère's law, 60, 61, 252
- Amperian loop, 252
- angular momentum
 - orbital, 213
- angular momentum, in quantum mechanics
 - addition of, 112, 113, 219, 244, 260
 - commutation relations, 182, 225, 238, 265
 - operator, 177, 199, 249
- atomic number, 264
- ballistic pendulum, 236
- bandpass filter, 144, 145, 212, 255
- baryon, 185, 241
- BCS theory, 182, 238
- beat frequency, 176, 233
- binding energy, 108, 166, 196, 198, 247, 248
- Biot-Savart law, 59, 234, 256
- blueshift, 132
- Bohr radius, 108, 121, 197, 247
- Boltzmann statistics, 235
- Bose condensation, 91
- Bose-Einstein statistics, 89, 179, 236, 260
- boson, 239, 260
- boundary conditions
 - electromagnetic waves, 61
 - electrostatics, 245
- Brewster's angle, 251
- Brillouin zone, 156, 157, 201, 249
- capacitance, 44, 45, 59, 203, 222, 250, 263
 - per length, 59
 - with dielectrics, 54, 61, 166, 265
- capacitor
 - charging, 60, 173
 - discharging, 58, 62, 190, 206, 216
 - energy in, 58, 61, 62, 165, 166, 225, 251
 - parallel-plate, 45, 51, 54, 59
- Carnot cycle, 173, 195, 245
- Cauchy's theorem, 158
- charge
 - in circuit, 243
 - induced, 241
- charge density
 - point charge, 237
 - surface, 225
 - volume, 59, 215
- chemical potential, 89–91, 180, 237
- circular orbit, 33, 172, 175, 230, 255
 - Bohr model, 122
- commutation relation
 - canonical, 197, 247, 262
 - product identities, 247, 265
 - with Hamiltonian, 247
- Compton scattering, 198, 248
- Compton wavelength, 181, 237
- conductor, 56, 61, 181, 185, 230, 231, 238, 246, 257
- conjugate momentum, 32, 174, 232
- conservation, 120, 179
 - angular momentum, 31, 32, 233, 236, 245, 248, 259, 261
 - baryon number, 258
 - charge, 249, 257
 - energy, 230, 233, 235, 239, 240, 244, 248, 251–253, 258, 263
 - fluid, 255
 - lepton number, 157, 257
 - momentum, 230, 233, 241, 244, 256
 - relativistic, 235, 261
- cosmic microwave background, 118, 156, 157
- crystal, 192, 216
- current, 49, 51, 53, 56
 - displacement, 61
- cyclotron motion, 132, 243
- damping, 166, 257
- dark matter, 224, 264
- de Broglie relation, 75
- decay, 155–157, 217, 252
 - alpha, 200
 - beta, 201, 249
 - excited state, 118, 122, 184, 207, 252
 - relativistic kinematics of, 130, 132, 181, 237, 238, 260
- degeneracy, 101, 120, 207, 222, 252
- delta-function potential, 184, 195
- density of states, 90, 91
- dielectric, 54, 61, 165, 166, 225, 265
- diode, 145
- dipole, 53, 61, 166, 171, 176, 184, 230, 240
 - radiation from, 251
- dispersion relation, 76, 175, 186, 232
- doping, 225, 265
- Doppler effect
 - nonrelativistic, 77, 251, 266
 - relativistic, 132, 231, 246, 249, 266
- driven oscillations, 27, 263
- dual lattice, 217, 249, 257
- Earnshaw's theorem, 261
- effective potential, 33, 225, 230, 255
- eigenfunctions, 119, 196, 247
- eigenvalues
 - energy, 119, 234, 247
 - spin, 237
- Einstein relation, 75
- elastic collision, 132, 171, 192, 220, 230, 261
- electric field of dipole, 53
- electromotive force, 60, 202, 237, 256
- electron
 - configuration, 118, 121, 190, 213, 219, 243
 - in metals, 156–158
 - mass of, 236
- elliptical orbit, 194, 255, 265
- energy, 31
 - capacitor, 206, 225, 265
 - charge configuration, 185, 231
 - charge in electric field, 194, 245, 246, 252
 - electric field, 241
 - Hamiltonian mechanics, 240
 - inductor, 186
 - Lagrangian mechanics, 32, 174, 232, 250
 - magnetic field, 49, 241
 - orbit, 33, 212, 225, 255, 265
- energy, relativistic
 - kinetic, 131, 133
 - rest, 119, 238
 - total, 130–132, 194
- entropy, 223, 248
 - of mixing, 91
- equipartition theorem, 90, 230, 261

- Euler–Lagrange equations, 19, 32, 196, 211, 233, 234, 241, 246, 254
- expectation value
- energy, 114, 173, 184, 191, 231, 240
 - observable, 108, 120, 186, 199, 202, 218, 219, 221, 249, 262
 - perturbation theory, 121, 260
- Faraday's law, 51, 60, 256, 260
- Fermi energy, 165, 166, 172, 230, 255
- Fermi–Dirac statistics, 91
- fermion, 90, 91, 122, 232, 236, 251, 255, 260
- fine structure
- constant, 255
 - hydrogen, 254
- flux
- electric, 61, 205, 251
 - magnetic, 60, 220, 237, 253, 256, 260, 262
- force
- conservative, 254
 - electric, 243, 264
 - between point charges, 44, 221
 - image charges, 59, 195, 246
 - frictional, 165, 182, 239, 254, 256
 - gravitational, 30, 233
 - Lorentz, 59, 234, 243, 245
 - magnetic, 264
 - between wires, 49, 59, 206, 252
 - Lorentz, 232
 - strong nuclear, 156, 200, 245
 - weak nuclear, 157
- free particle, 104, 182, 197, 259
- free-body diagram, 248
- frequency of harmonic oscillator, 33, 166
- fusion, 255, 264
- Gauss's law, 238, 247, 257, 265
- magnetism, 194, 234, 245
- Gaussian probability, 143, 145
- gluon, 245
- graphene, 175, 232
- ground state, 182
- harmonic oscillator, 101, 120, 220
 - helium, 113, 121, 171
 - hydrogen atom, 108, 122, 226, 266
 - infinite square well, 114, 122, 184, 221
 - positronium, 260
- group velocity, 74, 76, 186, 241
- gyromagnetic ratio, 181
- half-life, 143, 145, 196
- Hamilton's equations, 196, 246
- Hamiltonian
- classical mechanics, 19, 32, 196, 234, 246
 - quantum mechanics, 98, 114, 177, 191, 195–197, 207, 218, 220, 234, 244, 247, 259, 266
 - statistical mechanics, 89, 91, 181, 230
- harmonic oscillator
- classical mechanics, 27, 33, 166, 265
 - quantum mechanics, 98, 101, 113, 114, 119–121, 175, 195, 212, 220, 232, 255
 - statistical mechanics, 88–90, 172, 238
- Hermitian
- conjugate, 119
 - matrix, 119
 - operator, 98, 119, 238, 243, 259
- Hilbert space, 263
- hole, 239, 265
- Hooke's law, 89
- Hubble's law, 224, 264
- hydrogen atom
- perturbations, 212, 226, 255, 266
 - spectrum, 108, 184, 189, 220
- hydrogenic atom, 108
- hyperbolic orbit, 255
- ideal gas, 75, 77, 89, 91, 190, 191, 206, 217, 235, 240, 258
- diatomic, 88
 - entropy, 178, 195, 223, 235, 258, 263
 - monoatomic, 178, 259
 - specific heat, 89, 91, 235, 259
- ideal gas law, 91, 251, 263
- images
- method of, 59, 231, 246
 - real, 75, 77
 - virtual, 75, 77, 244
- impulse, 245
- index of refraction, 74–77
- inductance, 60, 174, 230, 262
- self, 60, 208
 - solenoid, 222, 253
 - toroid, 51
- inertial reference frame, 183, 251
- inner product, 119
- intensity, 74, 75, 211, 221, 247, 261
- invariant, relativistic, 131, 132, 239
- irreversible process, 91
- isentropic process, 88, 90, 190
- isobaric process, 190
- isothermal process, 173, 232
- Kepler's laws, 33
- kinematics, 30
- Lagrangian, 19, 32, 176, 203, 233, 234, 254
- Lamb shift, 255
- Larmor formula, 251
- laser, 144, 145, 208, 219, 253, 260
- LC circuits, 145, 171, 243
- Legendre transform, 32, 232, 234
- lens, 75, 77, 175, 202, 222, 232, 250, 262
- lensmaker's equation, 263
- lifetime, 98, 119, 156, 157, 171, 175, 212, 222, 232, 255
- light, speed of, 56
- line integral, 220, 260
- logic gates, 144, 185
- longitudinal wave, 186, 241
- Lorentz contraction, 132, 263
- Lorentz transformation, 130
- lowering operator, 120, 239
- luminosity, 176, 234
- magnetic field, 51
- toroid, 49
 - wire, 49
- magnetic monopole, 177, 234
- Maxwell's equations, 59, 245
- measurement
- error, 207
 - in quantum mechanics, 112, 113, 121, 122, 213, 243
- Meissner effect, 156, 196
- meson, 206, 251
- minimum ionizing particle, 143, 145
- mirror, 75, 77, 192, 244
- moment of inertia, 15, 31, 172, 176, 231
- momentum, 31–32
- relativistic, 132
- MOND, 175, 233
- muon, 250
- neutrino, 155–157, 183, 236, 240, 249
- node (of a function), 119, 238, 256
- nucleus, 171, 179, 264
- observable, 182, 189, 219, 238, 243, 259
- occupation number, 91
- orbit, 33
- orbital, 118, 121, 255
- orthogonal functions, 119
- orthonormal, 196, 246
- oscilloscope, 191
- overdamping, 257
- pair production, 240
- parabolic orbit, 22, 33
- parallel axis theorem, 230, 231
- particular solution, 263
- partition function, 90
- Pauli exclusion principle, 122, 182, 241, 251
- Pauli matrices, 119, 202, 249
- pendulum, 19, 32, 33
- perfect conductor, 61, 181, 238
- period (orbital), 6, 22
- phase
- difference in interference, 225, 241, 265
 - of harmonic oscillator, 265
- phase velocity, 186
- photoelectric effect, 191, 244
- photon, 156, 166, 184, 216, 219, 236, 251, 260, 261
- plane wave, 181
- Poisson distribution, 145, 239, 252, 264
- Poisson's equation, 237
- polarization (of a medium), 181, 238
- polarization (of a wave), 74, 181, 186, 241
- positronium, 220, 260
- potential
- central, 33, 172, 225, 230, 265

- gravitational, 121
- Pound–Rebka experiment, 157, 158, 241
- Poynting vector, 178, 235
- probability
 - reflection, 184, 240
 - transmission, 104, 120
- quark, 156, 157, 183, 185, 194, 206, 241, 245, 251
 - top, 157, 158
- radial wavefunction, 176, 200, 203
- radiation
 - blackbody, 118, 257, 261
 - detection, 143, 203, 211
 - dipole, 251
 - gamma, 179
- Rayleigh criterion, 76, 253, 254
- Rayleigh scattering, 252
- RC circuits, 58, 62
- reciprocal lattice vector, 257
- redshift, 231, 246
 - cosmological, 172, 231, 264
- reflection, total internal, 77
- resonant frequency
 - electrical circuits, 145, 171, 214, 243
 - mechanical systems, 263
- reversible process, 91, 244
 - adiabatic, 89, 91, 245, 259
- rigid rotor, 186, 242
- RLC circuits, 257
- rocket, 179, 236
- Rydberg formula, 121
- scattering cross section, 176, 184
- Schrödinger equation, 259
- selection rules, 122, 240, 252, 261
- semiconductor, 144, 145, 156, 157, 183, 225, 232, 239, 265
- separation of variables, 230
- simultaneity, 130, 263
- singlet, spin, 121
- sky, blueness of, 252
- Snell's law, 76, 77
- solenoid, 171, 208, 222, 230, 241, 253, 262
- sound wave, 74, 75, 77
- specific heat, 88
- speed
 - light, 56
 - sound, 74, 77
- spin, 121
 - addition of, 157, 175, 222, 233, 239, 260, 263
- spin–orbit coupling, 255
- spin–spin coupling, 239
- square well potential
 - infinite, 104, 114, 122, 173, 184, 191, 221, 244
 - three-dimensional, 222, 262
- standard deviation, 119, 143, 145
- standing wave, 181, 202, 250
- Stark effect, 244
- superconductor, 156, 182, 196, 220, 238, 247
- superposition
 - energy eigenstates, 119, 120, 173
 - oscillations, 265
 - waves, 75, 120
- symmetry
 - cylindrical, 254
 - spherical, 238
- temperature of blackbody, 118, 122
- terminal velocity, 189, 243
- thermodynamic equilibrium, 261
- time dilation, 132, 255
- timelike interval, 132
- toroid, 49, 51, 60, 186, 241
- torque on magnetic dipole, 61, 215, 256
- total internal reflection, 77
- transient effects, 263
- triplet state, 121
- truth table, 144
- tunneling, 200, 249
- unbound orbit, 255
- uncertainty principle, 119, 120, 236
- van der Waals equation, 89
- variance, 252
- velocity addition (relativistic), 233
- virial theorem, 120
- wave equation, 74
- wave, electromagnetic, 56, 61
- wavefunction
 - antisymmetric, 121
 - symmetric, 121, 239
- wavevector, 61
- work, moving point charges, 45, 59
- work–energy theorem, 60, 247, 254
- x-ray, 254