

CCS with data communication

- value passing CCS
- translation to standard CCS
- CCS is Turing-powerful

Value Passing CCS

Main Idea

Handshake synchronization is extended with the possibility to exchange integer values.

$$\overline{\text{pay}}(6).\text{Nil} \mid \text{pay}(x).\overline{\text{save}}(x/2).\text{Nil} \mid \text{Bank}(100)$$

$$\downarrow \tau$$

$$\text{Nil} \mid \overline{\text{save}}(3).\text{Nil} \mid \text{Bank}(100)$$

$$\downarrow \tau$$

$$\text{Nil} \mid \text{Nil} \mid \text{Bank}(103)$$

Parametrized Process Constants

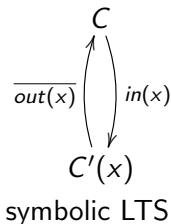
For example: $\text{Bank}(\text{total}) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{save}(x).\text{Bank}(\text{total} + x).$

Translation of Value Passing CCS to Standard CCS

Value Passing CCS

$$C \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} in(x).C'(x)$$

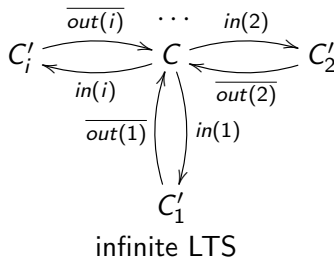
$$C'(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \overline{out(x)}.C$$


 \longrightarrow

Standard CCS

$$C \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sum_{i \in \mathbb{N}} in(i).C'_i$$

$$C'_i \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \overline{out(i)}.C$$



CCS Has Full Turing Power

Fact

CCS can simulate a computation of any Turing machine.

Remark

Hence CCS is as expressive as any other programming language but its use is to rather **describe** the behaviour of reactive systems than to perform specific calculations.