

xlsxDiff

Python script for Excel spreadsheets comparison

Version 1.0.1

Rafał Czeczótka

<rafal dot czeczotka at gmail dot com>

February 10th, 2023

1	Intro	roduction2			
2	Insta	allation	. 2		
	2.1	Python installation	. 2		
	2.2	Installation of OpenPyXL and XlsxWriter modules	. 2		
3	Use		. 3		
4	Opti	ons	. 3		
	4.1	"-f" "formula" – compare formulas instead of data	. 3		
	4.2	"-x" "highlight" – highlight columns and rows	. 4		
	4.3	"-a" "autofilter" – add automatic filter	. 5		
	4.4	"-v" "verbose" – verbose runtime output	. 6		
	4.5	"-q" "quiet" – quite mode	. 6		
	4.6	"version" – print version	. 6		
5	FAQ		. 6		
	5.1	Does xlsxDiff have spreadsheet size limit?	. 6		
	5.2	In the output file, the error "#VALUE!" appears in some cells. How to fix it?	. 6		

		A column/row/tab was removed between versions and an awful lot of differences apperent hough the changes were minor. What to do?		
5.4		The script runs very slowly. Can I make it run faster?	ϵ	
	5.5	What is PIP and how to find it?	7	
6	Use	Useful links		
7	Cha	Changelog		
8	Lice	Licence		

1 Introduction

Excel is a powerful, complex and flexible tool. It is used for both very simple calculations and complex modelling. However you use Excel – for complex calculations, for storing data or for modelling complex interdependences – you may find xlsxDiff useful. Especially if you work in a team and share data, you've surely encountered the challenge of identifying changes made by your workmates (or by yourself some time ago).

Excel has few disadvantages, and undoubtedly one of the main ones being the inability to track changes and easily compare different versions of files. The main goal of this tool is to fill this the gap and make it easy to find changes made, including changes made on level of single cells. It compares only data and formulas in cells and it ignores all other changes made (removing/adding rows/columns/tabs, changes in formatting etc.).

xlsxDiff uses two, widely used, but not part of any distribution I know of, Python modules. These modules allow the manipulation of Excel files: OpenPyXL and XlsxWriter.

xlsxDiff is designed to be used freely, without any obligation, in any environment, including commercial environment or large MNEs. xlsxDiff itself is released under the GPL v3 license and is based on tools and modules under open licenses (GPL, PSF License, MIT/Expat License and BSD 2-Clause License). However, just in case, consult your legal advisor. Remember that none of the licenses used provide any guarantees.

2 Installation

2.1 Python installation

I suggest using the standard Python distribution, which can be found at https://www.python.org/downloads/windows/ For any Unix distribution you probably already have Python installed. I do not use macOS, but you can also find a distribution for this system. As of the date of this writing, the most current stable version is python-3.10.10.exe. If you choose "Add python.exe to PATH" option during installation, it will make your life easier.

2.2 Installation of OpenPyXL and XlsxWriter modules

Install two necessary packages that allow you to manipulate .xlsx files:

pip install openpyxl xlsxwriter

And voilà. That's it, you can enjoy using xlsxDiff.

3 Use

Using xlsxDiff is simple, in Windows environment just run cmd and call the script with three parameters: two input files and output file:

```
python xlsxDiff.py in1.xlsx in2.xlsx out.xlsx
```

It involves comparing two versions of a spreadsheet – the old one and the new one – resulting in a spreadsheet with all changes highlighted. To make it easier to find the changes, colours are being used for marking tabs:

- 1. All changed tabs are standard (usually white) in colour;
- 2. All new tabs are coloured blue;
- 3. All deleted tabs are coloured red;
- 4. All tabs where no changes have been detected are grey in colour.



Figure 1 Tabs view: (i) sheets with white tabs contain cells compared item by item, (ii) grey is tab without any changes, (iii) blue tab is new one and (iv) red is removed tab

In the tabs where changes were detected (i.e. all except grey tabs):

- Changed cells have a white background and in addition: unchanged text is black, <u>added text</u> is <u>blue and underlined</u> while <u>deleted text is red and crossed out</u>;
- 2. In addition, when you select the "-x" option to make it easier to find changes in all rows where any changes are identified, the cell in the first column has a green background. Also, in all columns where any changes are identified, the cell in the first row has a green background. This allows you to easily filter the changed cells using Excel's built-in option to automatically filter by colour. Details are described in one of the following sections;
- 3. Unchanged cells have a grey background.

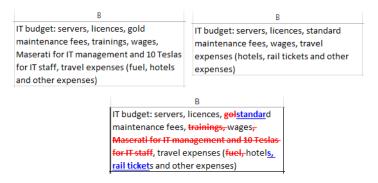


Figure 2 Example of compared cells: the cells in the compared sheets at the top and the result of the comparison at the bottom. The red parts of the text have been removed and the blue parts have been added.

4 Options

4.1 "-f" "--formula" – compare formulas instead of data

By default, cell values are used to compare cells. These values were calculated by Excel when the spreadsheet was last used.

Use the "-f" option, if it is more important to compare changes in formulas rather than changes in data.

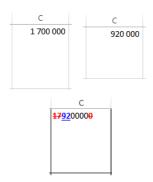


Figure 3 Default comparison mode – compare data

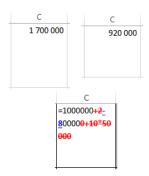


Figure 4 "-f" comaprison mode – compare formulas

4.2 "-x" "--highlight" – highlight columns and rows

This parameter highlights rows and columns containing changes, making it easier to find them. In all rows where any changes are identified, the cell in the first column has a green background. Also, in all columns where any changes have been identified, the cell in the first row has a green background.

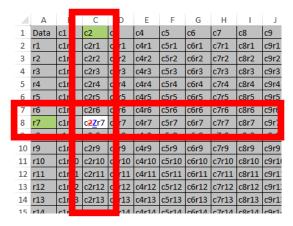


Figure 5 Highlight columns and rows with changes

Note that Excel allows you to easily filter rows using Excel's built-in option to automatically filter by colour (see next section).

4.3 "-a" "--autofilter" – add automatic filter

This option causes an automatic filter to be added in all changed tabs in the first line automatically.

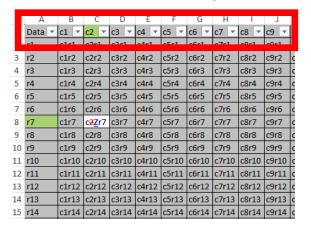


Figure 6 Add automatic filters

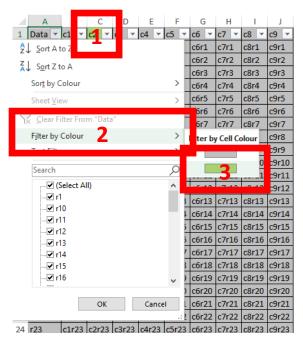


Figure 7 Steps to follow to get "Filter by Colour"



Figure 8 Result – only changed rows visible

4.4 "-v" "--verbose" – verbose runtime output

Using this option increases the level of detail reporting at runtime. By default, xlsxDiff reports only the completion of a column comparison. In verbose mode, every cell comparison is reported, which can be important for very large spreadsheets to make sure the program is still working properly.

4.5 "-q" "--quiet" – quite mode

Disables all runtime messages. This option does not affect the messages generated by the modules used.

4.6 "--version" – print version

Prints version of xlsxDiff.

5 FAQ

5.1 Does xlsxDiff have spreadsheet size limit?

There are no size limits build in xlsxDiff. I have reports on of successful usage of the script with spreadsheets of hundreds of thousands of cells. Unfortunately, due the limits of OpenPyXL library, I have some reports about problems with spreadsheets with predefined names build in (nevertheless, this way of using Excel is not typical).

5.2 In the output file, the error "#VALUE!" appears in some cells. How to fix it?

xlsxDiff.py is just script that analyses texts and produces formatted output. It is as simple as that. Nothing more. Unfortunately such approach might cause unexpected errors, when Excel cannot properly interpret formulas in cells of output file. Fortunately, you can easily bypass this, just modifying content of cells. You can just replace = char with ' = chars (i.e. replacing single equals = char at the beginning of formula with two chars: apostrophe ' char and equals = char, what forces Excel not to interpret cell as formula, but as string).

5.3 A column/row/tab was removed between versions and an awful lot of differences appear, even though the changes were minor. What to do?

xlsxDiff is a simple script that compares spreadsheets cell by cell. This tool does not allow to detect significant changes to the structure between versions. So if you think it is important issue for you to catch such differences, it may make sense to add manually the appropriate rows/columns/tabs in input file 1 (add items), input file 2 (delete items) or modify tab names, and the re-run comparison.

5.4 The script runs very slowly. Can I make it run faster?

Start by enabling the "--verbose" option. It is possible that the script detects data in the last rows/columns and performs a lot of unnecessary inspections. For example, using the list data validation function (see "Data" / "Data Tools" / "Data Validation" / "Validation criteria" in Excel), a common solution is to store the source list at the end of the spreadsheet (somewhere around row 1,000,000). xlsxDiff is unable to detect that there are several hundred thousand empty cells between the end of data intended to be analysed and the validation data, and as a result performs millions of unnecessary operations. To speed up spreadsheet comparisons, it may make sense to manually interfere and reduce the size of the data to be analysed. A slight optimization of the spreadsheet and removal of redundant cells can result in significant speedups.

For more details see also the description of the verbose option as enabling such reporting makes it easier to identify aforementioned issue.

5.5 What is PIP and how to find it?

PIP is the "package installer for Python" and it is part of standard distribution. If the PIP program is not in the path, then you should look for pip.exe somewhere in the directory where you installed Python. By default, all Python files from the base distribution mentioned above are installed in the directory:

C:\Users\<username>\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310-32

6 Useful links

Python 3 – a high-level, general-purpose programming language. See https://www.python.org/ PSF License;

difflib – Python module for comparing sequences, part of standard distribution. PSF License;

OpenPyXL – Excel files processing module. See https://openpyxl.readthedocs.io/ MIT/Expat License;

XlsxWriter – Excel files producing module. See https://xlsxwriter.readthedocs.io/ BSD 2-Clause License.

7 Changelog

Version	Date	Description
1.0.1	2023-02-10	Some minor optimalisations
1.0	2023-02-10	Initial version

8 Licence

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>