Wprowadzenie do systemóœ liczbowych

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1 System liczbowy o podstawie R $R \in N$

Alfabet: $A = \{\hat{a}_0, \hat{a}_1, \dots, \hat{a}_0\}, |A| = R$

1.1 DEC \rightarrow SR

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc} X_{DEC}:R = & \text{Wynik} & \text{Reszta} \\ \hline X_0:R & W_0 & R_0 \\ X_1:R & W_1 & R_1 \\ X_2:R & W_2 & R_2 & \uparrow & \text{Odczytujemy od dołu.} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ X_{N-2}:R & W_{N-1} & R_{N-1} \\ X_{N-1}:R & 0 & R_N \\ \hline & & & & & & \\ X_{DEC}=Y_R=(R_N,R_{N-1},\ldots,R_1,R_0)_R \end{array}$$

1.1.1 $110_{DEC} \stackrel{?}{\rightarrow} Y_2$

$$Y_2 = 11011110_2 = 110_{10}$$

$\textbf{1.2} \quad \textbf{SR} \rightarrow \textbf{DEC}$

$$X_{DEC} = \sum_{i=0}^{N} a_i \cdot R^i, a_i :\in A$$

np.
$$11011110_2 \xrightarrow{?} DEC$$

$$X_{DEC} = 0.2^{0} + 1.2^{1} + 0.2^{2} + 1.2^{3} + 0.2^{4} + 1.2^{5} + 1.2^{6} = 0 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 0 + 32 + 64 = 110_{10}$$