Package 'enrichplot'

March 29, 2022

```
Title Visualization of Functional Enrichment Result
```

Version 1.14.2

Description The 'enrichplot' package implements several visualization methods for interpreting functional enrichment results obtained from ORA or GSEA analysis. It is mainly designed to work with the 'clusterProfiler' package suite. All the visualization methods are developed based on 'ggplot2' graphics.

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

```
Imports aplot, DOSE (>= 3.16.0), ggplot2, ggraph, graphics, grid, igraph, methods, plyr, purrr, RColorBrewer, reshape2, stats, utils, scatterpie, shadowtext, GOSemSim, magrittr, ggtree, yulab.utils (>= 0.0.4)
```

Suggests clusterProfiler, dplyr, europepmc, ggupset, knitr, rmarkdown, org.Hs.eg.db, prettydoc, tibble, tidyr, ggforce, AnnotationDbi, ggplotify, ggridges, grDevices, gridExtra, ggnewscale, ggrepel (>= 0.9.0), ggstar, treeio, scales, tidytree, ggtreeExtra

VignetteBuilder knitr License Artistic-2.0

URL https://yulab-smu.top/biomedical-knowledge-mining-book/

BugReports https://github.com/GuangchuangYu/enrichplot/issues

biocViews Annotation, GeneSetEnrichment, GO, KEGG, Pathways, Software, Visualization

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/enrichplot

git_branch RELEASE_3_14

git_last_commit 7ffc704

git last commit date 2022-02-23

Date/Publication 2022-03-29

Author Guangchuang Yu [aut, cre] (https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6485-8781), Erqiang Hu [ctb]

Maintainer Guangchuang Yu <guangchuangyu@gmail.com>

2 barplot.enrichResult

R topics documented:

```
Index
32
```

barplot.enrichResult barplot

Description

barplot of enrichResult

```
## S3 method for class 'enrichResult'
barplot(
  height,
  x = "Count",
  color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 8,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
  label_format = 30,
  ...
)
```

cnetplot 3

Arguments

height enrichResult object one of 'Count' and 'GeneRatio' Х color one of 'pvalue', 'p.adjust' and 'qvalue' showCategory number of categories to show font.size font size title plot title label_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis labels. by default wraps names longer that 30 characters other parameter, ignored

Value

ggplot object

Examples

cnetplot cnetplot

Description

Gene-Concept Network

```
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
```

4 cnetplot

```
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
cnetplot(x, showCategory = 5, foldChange = NULL, layout = "kk", ...)
cnetplot.enrichResult(
 showCategory = 5,
 foldChange = NULL,
 layout = "kk",
 colorEdge = FALSE,
  circular = FALSE,
 node_label = "all",
 cex_category = 1,
  cex\_gene = 1,
 cex_label_category = 1,
 cex_label_gene = 1,
 color_category = "#E5C494",
  color_gene = "#B3B3B3",
  shadowtext = "all",
)
```

Arguments

x	Enrichment result.	
showCategory	A number or a vector of terms. If it is a number, the first n terms will be displayed. If it is a vector of terms, the selected terms will be displayed.	
foldChange	Fold Change of nodes, the default value is NULL. If the user provides the Fold Change value of the nodes, it can be used to set the color of the gene node.	
layout	Layout of the map, e.g. 'star', 'circle', 'gem', 'dh', 'graphopt', 'grid', 'mds', 'randomly', 'fr', 'kk', 'drl' or 'lgl'.	
	Additional parameters	
colorEdge	Logical, whether coloring edge by enriched terms, the default value is FALSE.	
circular	Logical, whether using circular layout, the default value is FALSE.	
node_label	Select which labels to be displayed. one of 'category', 'gene', 'all'(the default) and 'none'.	
cex_category	Number indicating the amount by which plotting category nodes should be scaled relative to the default, the default value is 1.	
cex_gene	Number indicating the amount by which plotting gene nodes should be scaled relative to the default, the default value is 1 .	
cex_label_category		
	Scale of category node label size, the default value is 1.	
cex_label_gene	Scale of gene node label size, the default value is 1.	

cnetplot 5

```
color_category Color of category node.
color_gene Color of gene node.
shadowtext select which node labels to use shadow font, one of 'category', 'gene', 'all' and 'none', default is 'all'.
```

Details

plot linkages of genes and enriched concepts (e.g. GO categories, KEGG pathways)

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

Examples

```
## Not run:
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   de <- names(geneList)[1:100]</pre>
    x <- enrichDO(de)</pre>
   x2 <- pairwise_termsim(x)</pre>
   cnetplot(x2)
    # use `layout` to change the layout of map
    cnetplot(x2, layout = "star")
   # use `showCategory` to select the displayed terms. It can be a number of a vector of terms.
    cnetplot(x2, showCategory = 10)
    categorys <- c("pre-malignant neoplasm", "intestinal disease",</pre>
                    "breast ductal carcinoma", "non-small cell lung carcinoma")
    cnetplot(x2, showCategory = categorys)
    # 'compareClusterResult' object is also supported.
    data(gcSample)
    library(clusterProfiler)
    library(DOSE)
    library(org.Hs.eg.db)
    data(gcSample)
    xx <- compareCluster(gcSample, fun="enrichGO", OrgDb="org.Hs.eg.db")</pre>
    xx2 <- pairwise_termsim(xx)</pre>
    cnetplot(xx2)
## End(Not run)
```

6 dotplot

color_palette

color_palette

Description

create color palette for continuous data

Usage

```
color_palette(colors)
```

Arguments

```
colors colors of length >=2
```

Value

color vector

Author(s)

guangchuang yu

Examples

```
color_palette(c("red", "yellow", "green"))
```

dotplot

dotplot

Description

dotplot for enrichment result

```
dotplot(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
dotplot(
  object,
  x = "GeneRatio",
  color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 10,
  size = NULL,
  split = NULL,
```

dotplot 7

```
font.size = 12,
  title = "",
 orderBy = "x",
 label_format = 30,
)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
dotplot(
 object,
 x = "GeneRatio",
 color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 10,
  size = NULL,
  split = NULL,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
 orderBy = "x",
 label_format = 30,
)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
dotplot(
 object,
 x = "Cluster",
  color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 5,
  split = NULL,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
 by = "geneRatio",
  size = NULL,
  includeAll = TRUE,
 label_format = 30,
)
dotplot.enrichResult(
 object,
 x = "geneRatio",
  color = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 10,
  size = NULL,
  split = NULL,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
  orderBy = "x",
```

8 dotplot

```
label_format = 30,
  decreasing = TRUE
)
dotplot.compareClusterResult(
  object,
  x = "Cluster",
  colorBy = "p.adjust",
  showCategory = 5,
  by = "geneRatio",
  size = "geneRatio",
  split = NULL,
  includeAll = TRUE,
  font.size = 12,
  title = "",
  label_format = 30,
  group = FALSE,
  shape = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

object compareClusterResult object

additional parameters

variable for x-axis, one of 'GeneRatio' and 'Count' Χ

variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. 'pvalue', 'p.adjust' or 'qvalue' color A number or a list of terms. If it is a number, the first n terms will be displayed. showCategory

If it is a list of terms, the selected terms will be displayed.

size variable that used to scale the sizes of categories, one of "geneRatio", "Percent-

age" and "count"

ONTOLOGY or NULL split

font.size font size title figure title

orderBy The order of the Y-axis

label_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels. by default wraps names longer that 30 characters

by one of "geneRatio", "Percentage" and "count"

includeAll logical

decreasing logical. Should the orderBy order be increasing or decreasing?

variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. 'pvalue', 'p.adjust' or 'qvalue' colorBy a logical value, whether to connect the nodes of the same group with wires. group

shape a logical value, whether to use nodes of different shapes to distinguish the group

it belongs to

Value

plot

Author(s)

guangchuang yu

Examples

```
## Not run:
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   de <- names(geneList)[1:100]</pre>
   x <- enrichDO(de)
    dotplot(x)
   # use `showCategory` to select the displayed terms. It can be a number of a vector of terms.
    dotplot(x, showCategory = 10)
    categorys <- c("pre-malignant neoplasm", "intestinal disease",</pre>
                    "breast ductal carcinoma", "non-small cell lung carcinoma")
   dotplot(x, showCategory = categorys)
    # It can also graph compareClusterResult
    data(gcSample)
    library(clusterProfiler)
    library(DOSE)
   library(org.Hs.eg.db)
   data(gcSample)
   xx <- compareCluster(gcSample, fun="enrichGO", OrgDb="org.Hs.eg.db")</pre>
    xx2 <- pairwise_termsim(xx)</pre>
    library(ggstar)
    dotplot(xx2)
    dotplot(xx2, shape = TRUE)
    dotplot(xx2, group = TRUE)
    dotplot(xx2, x = "GeneRatio", group = TRUE, size = "count")
## End(Not run)
```

emapplot

emapplot

Description

Enrichment Map for enrichment result of over-representation test or gene set enrichment analysis

```
emapplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
emapplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
emapplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
emapplot(x, showCategory = 30, ...)
emapplot.enrichResult(
  х,
  showCategory = 30,
 layout = NULL,
  coords = NULL,
  color = "p.adjust",
 min\_edge = 0.2,
  cex_label_category = 1,
  cex_category = 1,
  cex_line = 1,
  shadowtext = TRUE,
  label_style = "shadowtext",
  repel = FALSE,
  node_label = "category",
 with_edge = TRUE,
  group_category = FALSE,
  group_legend = FALSE,
  cex_label_group = 1,
  nWords = 4,
 label_format = 30,
  clusterFunction = stats::kmeans,
 nCluster = NULL,
)
emapplot.compareClusterResult(
  showCategory = 30,
  layout = NULL,
  coords = NULL,
  split = NULL,
  pie = "equal",
  legend_n = 5,
  cex_category = 1,
  cex_line = 1,
 min_edge = 0.2,
  cex_label_category = 1,
  shadowtext = TRUE,
 with_edge = TRUE,
  group_category = FALSE,
  label_format = 30,
```

```
group_legend = FALSE,
node_label = "category",
label_style = "shadowtext",
repel = FALSE,
cex_label_group = 1,
nWords = 4,
clusterFunction = stats::kmeans,
nCluster = NULL,
cex_pie2axis = 1,
...
)
```

Arguments

x Enrichment result.

showCategory A number or a vector of terms. If it is a number, the first n terms will be dis-

played. If it is a vector of terms, the selected terms will be displayed.

.. additional parameters

additional parameters can refer the following parameters.

• force Force of repulsion between overlapping text labels. Defaults to 1.

- nudge_x,nudge_y Horizontal and vertical adjustments to nudge the starting position of each text label.
- direction "both", "x", or "y" direction in which to adjust position of labels
- ellipse_style style of ellipse, one of "ggforce" an "polygon".
- ellipse_pro numeric indicating confidence value for the ellipses, it can be used only when ellipse_style = "polygon".
- · alpha the transparency of ellipse fill.
- type The type of ellipse. The default "t" assumes a multivariate t-distribution, and "norm" assumes a multivariate normal distribution. "euclid" draws a circle with the radius equal to level, representing the euclidean distance from the center.

Layout of the map, e.g. 'star', 'circle', 'gem', 'dh', 'graphopt', 'grid', 'mds',

'randomly', 'fr', 'kk', 'drl' or 'lgl'.

coords a data.frame with two columns: 'x' for X-axis coordinate and 'y' for Y-axis

coordinate.

color Variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. 'pvalue', 'p.adjust' or 'qvalue'.

min_edge The minimum similarity threshold for whether two nodes are connected, should

between 0 and 1, default value is 0.2.

cex_label_category

Scale of category node label size.

cex_category Number indicating the amount by which plotting category nodes should be

scaled relative to the default.

cex_line Scale of line width

shadowtext a logical value, whether to use shadow font.

label_style style of group label, one of "shadowtext" and "ggforce".

repel whether to correct the position of the label. Defaults to FALSE.

node_label Select which labels to be displayed, one of 'category', 'group', 'all' and 'none'.

with_edge Logical, if TRUE (the default), draw the edges of the network diagram.

group_category a logical, if TRUE(the default), group the category.

group_legend Logical, if TRUE, the grouping legend will be displayed. The default is FALSE.

cex_label_group

Numeric, scale of group labels size, the default value is 1.

nWords Numeric, the number of words in the cluster tags, the default value is 4.

label_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels.

clusterFunction

function of Clustering method, such as stats::kmeans(the default), cluster::clara,

cluster::fanny or cluster::pam.

nCluster Numeric, the number of clusters, the default value is square root of the number

of nodes.

split separate result by 'category' variable

pie proportion of clusters in the pie chart, one of 'equal' (default) and 'Count'

legend_n number of circle in legend

cex_pie2axis It is used to adjust the relative size of the pie chart on the coordinate axis, the

default value is 1.

Details

This function visualizes gene sets as a network (i.e. enrichment map). Mutually overlapping gene sets tend to cluster together, making it easier for interpretation. When the similarity between terms meets a certain threshold (default is 0.2, adjusted by parameter 'min_edge'), there will be edges between terms. The stronger the similarity, the shorter and thicker the edges. The similarity between terms is obtained by function 'pairwise_termsim', the details of similarity calculation can be found in its documentation: pairwise_termsim.

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

Examples

```
## Not run:
    library(DOSE)
    data(geneList)
    de <- names(geneList)[1:100]
    x <- enrichDO(de)</pre>
```

emapplot_cluster 13

```
x2 <- pairwise_termsim(x)</pre>
    emapplot(x2)
    # use `layout` to change the layout of map
    emapplot(x2, layout = "star")
   # use `showCategory` to select the displayed terms. It can be a number of a vector of terms.
    emapplot(x2, showCategory = 10)
    categorys <- c("pre-malignant neoplasm", "intestinal disease",</pre>
                    "breast ductal carcinoma", "non-small cell lung carcinoma")
    emapplot(x2, showCategory = categorys)
    # It can also graph compareClusterResult
    data(gcSample)
    library(clusterProfiler)
    library(DOSE)
    library(org.Hs.eg.db)
    data(gcSample)
    xx <- compareCluster(gcSample, fun="enrichGO", OrgDb="org.Hs.eg.db")</pre>
    xx2 <- pairwise_termsim(xx)</pre>
    emapplot(xx2)
## End(Not run)
```

emapplot_cluster

Functional grouping network diagram for enrichment result of overrepresentation test or gene set enrichment analysis

Description

This function has been replaced by 'emapplot'.

Usage

```
emapplot_cluster(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x enrichment result

... additional parameters. Please refer to: emapplot.

Value

```
ggplot2 object
```

```
for tify. {\tt compareClusterResult} \\ {\tt for tify}
```

Description

convert compareClusterResult to a data.frame that ready for plot convert enrichResult object for ggplot2

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'compareClusterResult'
fortify(
 model,
 data,
  showCategory = 5,
 by = "geneRatio",
  split = NULL,
  includeAll = TRUE
)
## S3 method for class 'enrichResult'
fortify(
 model,
 data,
  showCategory = 5,
 by = "Count",
 order = FALSE,
 drop = FALSE,
  split = NULL,
)
```

Arguments

```
model
                  'enrichResult' or 'compareClusterResult' object
data
                  not use here
                  Category numbers to show
showCategory
                  one of Count and GeneRatio
by
split
                  separate result by 'split' variable
                  logical
includeAll
order
                  logical
                  logical
drop
                  additional parameter
```

ggtable 15

Value

data.frame

data.frame

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

 ${\tt ggtable}$

ggtable

Description

plot table

Usage

```
ggtable(d, p = NULL)
```

Arguments

d data frame

p ggplot object to extract color to color rownames(d), optional

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

guangchuang yu

goplot

goplot

Description

plot induced GO DAG of significant terms

16 goplot

Usage

```
goplot(
  х,
  showCategory = 10,
  color = "p.adjust",
  layout = "sugiyama",
  geom = "text",
)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
goplot(
  Х,
  showCategory = 10,
  color = "p.adjust"
  layout = "sugiyama",
  geom = "text",
)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
goplot(
  х,
  showCategory = 10,
  color = "p.adjust",
  layout = "sugiyama",
  geom = "text",
)
goplot.enrichResult(
  showCategory = 10,
  color = "p.adjust",
  layout = "sugiyama",
  geom = "text",
)
```

Arguments

```
x enrichment result.

showCategory number of enriched terms to display

color variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. pvalue, p.adjust or qvalue
layout layout of the map

geom label geom, one of 'label' or 'text'

... additional parameter
```

gseadist 17

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(clusterProfiler)
  data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
de <- names(geneList)[1:100]
yy <- enrichGO(de, 'org.Hs.eg.db', ont="BP", pvalueCutoff=0.01)
    goplot(yy)
    goplot(yy, showCategory = 5)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

gseadist

gseadist

Description

plot logFC distribution of selected gene sets

Usage

```
gseadist(x, IDs, type = "density")
```

Arguments

x GSEA resultIDs gene set IDs

type one of 'density' or 'boxplot'

Value

distribution plot

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

18 gseaplot

gseaplot

gseaplot

Description

visualize analyzing result of GSEA

Usage

```
gseaplot(x, geneSetID, by = "all", title = "", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
gseaplot(
 х,
  geneSetID,
  by = "all",
  title = "",
  color = "black",
  color.line = "green",
  color.vline = "#FA5860",
)
gseaplot.gseaResult(
  geneSetID,
  by = "all",
  title = "",
  color = "black",
  color.line = "green",
  color.vline = "#FA5860",
)
```

object of gsea result

Arguments ×

```
geneSetID

by one of "runningScore" or "position"

title plot title

... additional parameters

color color of line segments

color.line color of running enrichment score line

color.vline color of vertical line which indicating the maximum/minimal running enrichment score
```

gseaplot2

Details

plotting function for gseaResult

Value

```
ggplot2 object
ggplot2 object
```

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

Examples

```
library(DOSE)
data(geneList)
x <- gseDO(geneList)
gseaplot(x, geneSetID=1)</pre>
```

gseaplot2

gseaplot2

Description

GSEA plot that mimic the plot generated by broad institute's GSEA software

Usage

```
gseaplot2(
    x,
    geneSetID,
    title = "",
    color = "green",
    base_size = 11,
    rel_heights = c(1.5, 0.5, 1),
    subplots = 1:3,
    pvalue_table = FALSE,
    ES_geom = "line"
)
```

Arguments

```
x gseaResult object
geneSetID gene set ID
title plot title
color color of running enrichment score line
```

20 gsearank

base_size base font size

rel_heights relative heights of subplots
subplots which subplots to be displayed

pvalue_table whether add pvalue table

ES_geom geom for plotting running enrichment score, one of 'line' or 'dot'

Value

plot

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

gsearank gsearank

Description

plot ranked list of genes with running enrichment score as bar height

Usage

```
gsearank(x, geneSetID, title = "")
```

Arguments

x gseaResult object

geneSetID gene set ID title plot title

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

gsInfo 21

gsInfo

gsInfo

Description

extract gsea result of selected geneSet

Usage

```
gsInfo(object, geneSetID)
```

Arguments

object gseaResult object geneSetID gene set ID

Value

data.frame

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

heatplot

heatplot

Description

heatmap like plot for functional classification

```
heatplot(x, showCategory = 30, foldChange = NULL, label_format = 30)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
heatplot(x, showCategory = 30, foldChange = NULL)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
heatplot(x, showCategory = 30, foldChange = NULL)
heatplot.enrichResult(
    x,
    showCategory = 30,
    foldChange = NULL,
    label_format = 30
)
```

22 pairwise_termsim

Arguments

x enrichment result.

showCategory number of enriched terms to display

foldChange fold Change.

label_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels. by default wraps names longer that 30 characters

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

guangchuang yu Guangchuang Yu

Examples

```
library(DOSE)
data(geneList)
de <- names(geneList)[1:100]
x <- enrichDO(de)
heatplot(x)</pre>
```

pairwise_termsim

pairwise_termsim

Description

Get the similarity matrix

```
pairwise_termsim(x, method = "JC", semData = NULL, showCategory = 200)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
pairwise_termsim(x, method = "JC", semData = NULL, showCategory = 200)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
pairwise_termsim(x, method = "JC", semData = NULL, showCategory = 200)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
pairwise_termsim(x, method = "JC", semData = NULL, showCategory = 200)
pairwise_termsim.enrichResult(
    x,
```

pairwise_termsim 23

```
method = "JC",
  semData = NULL,
  showCategory = 200
)

pairwise_termsim.compareClusterResult(
  x,
  method = "JC",
  semData = NULL,
  showCategory = 200
)
```

Arguments

enrichment result.
 method of calculating the similarity between nodes, one of "Resnik", "Lin", "Rel", "Jiang", "Wang" and "JC"(Jaccard similarity coefficient) methods.
 GOSemSimDATA object, can be obtained through godata function in GOSemSim package.
 showCategory number of enriched terms to display, default value is 200.

Details

This function add similarity matrix to the termsim slot of enrichment result. Users can use the 'method' parameter to select the method of calculating similarity. The Jaccard correlation coefficient(JC) is used by default, and it applies to all situations. When users want to calculate the correlation between GO terms or DO terms, they can also choose "Resnik", "Lin", "Rel" or "Jiang" (they are semantic similarity calculation methods from GOSemSim packages), and at this time, the user needs to provide 'semData' parameter, which can be obtained through godata function in GOSemSim package.

Examples

```
## Not run:
   library(clusterProfiler)
   library(org.Hs.eg.db)
   library(enrichplot)
   library(GOSemSim)
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   gene <- names(geneList)[abs(geneList) > 2]
   ego <- enrichGO(gene = gene,
                     = names(geneList),
       universe
       OrgDb
                      = org.Hs.eg.db,
                      = "BP",
       ont
       pAdjustMethod = "BH",
       pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
       qvalueCutoff = 0.05,
       readable
                     = TRUE)
   d <- godata('org.Hs.eg.db', ont="BP")</pre>
```

24 plotting.clusterProfile

```
ego2 <- pairwise_termsim(ego, method="Wang", semData = d)
emapplot(ego2)
emapplot_cluster(ego2)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
plotting.clusterProfile
```

plotting-clusterProfile

Description

Internal plot function for plotting compareClusterResult

Usage

```
plotting.clusterProfile(
  clProf.reshape.df,
  x = ~Cluster,
  type = "dot",
  colorBy = "p.adjust",
  by = "geneRatio",
  title = "",
  font.size = 12
)
```

Arguments

```
clProf.reshape.df
```

data frame of compareCluster result

x x variable

type one of dot and bar
colorBy one of pvalue or p.adjust
by one of percentage and count

title graph title font.size graph font size

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu https://guangchuangyu.github.io

pmcplot 25

pmcplot

pmcplot

Description

PubMed Central Trend plot

Usage

```
pmcplot(query, period, proportion = TRUE)
```

Arguments

query query terms

period period of query in the unit of year

proportion If TRUE, use query_hits/all_hits, otherwise use query_hits

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

guangchuang yu

ridgeplot

ridgeplot

Description

```
ridgeline plot for GSEA result
```

```
ridgeplot(
    x,
    showCategory = 30,
    fill = "p.adjust",
    core_enrichment = TRUE,
    label_format = 30,
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
ridgeplot(
```

26 ridgeplot

```
x,
showCategory = 30,
fill = "p.adjust",
core_enrichment = TRUE,
label_format = 30,
...
)

ridgeplot.gseaResult(
    x,
    showCategory = 30,
    fill = "p.adjust",
    core_enrichment = TRUE,
    label_format = 30,
    orderBy = "NES",
    decreasing = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

Examples

```
library(DOSE)
data(geneList)
x <- gseDO(geneList)
ridgeplot(x)</pre>
```

treeplot 27

treeplot

treeplot

Description

Functional grouping tree diagram for enrichment result of over-representation test or gene set enrichment analysis.

```
treeplot(x, showCategory = 30, color = "p.adjust", label_format = 30, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
treeplot(x, showCategory = 30, color = "p.adjust", label_format = 30, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
treeplot(x, showCategory = 30, color = "p.adjust", label_format = 30, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'compareClusterResult'
treeplot(x, showCategory = 5, color = "p.adjust", label_format = 30, ...)
treeplot.enrichResult(
  Х,
  showCategory = 30,
  color = "p.adjust",
  nWords = 4,
  nCluster = 5,
  cex_category = 1,
  label_format = 30,
  fontsize = 4,
 offset = 1,
 offset_tiplab = 1,
  hclust_method = "ward.D",
  group_color = NULL,
  extend = 0.3,
 hilight = TRUE,
 hexpand = 0.1,
  align = "both",
)
treeplot.compareClusterResult(
  showCategory = 5,
  color = "p.adjust",
  nWords = 4,
  nCluster = 5,
```

28 treeplot

```
cex_category = 1,
  split = NULL,
  label_format = 30,
  fontsize = 4,
  offset = 1,
  pie = "equal",
  legend_n = 3,
  offset_tiplab = 1,
  hclust_method = "ward.D",
  group_color = NULL,
  extend = 0.3,
  hilight = TRUE,
  geneClusterPanel = "heatMap",
  hexpand = 0.1,
  align = "both",
)
```

Arguments

x enrichment result.

showCategory number of enriched terms to display

color variable that used to color enriched terms, e.g. pvalue, p.adjust or qvalue

label_format a numeric value sets wrap length, alternatively a custom function to format axis

labels.

... additional parameters

nWords The number of words in the cluster tags.

nCluster The number of clusters, the default value is 5.

cex_category Number indicating the amount by which plotting category. nodes should be

scaled relative to the default. displayed completely, the user can increase this

value.

fontsize The size of text, default is 4.

offset numeric, distance bar and tree, offset of bar and text from the clade, default is 1,

meaning 1 * 1.2 * x_range_of_tree plus distance_between_tree_and_tiplab (1 *

(1.2 * x_range_of_tree + distance_between_tree_and_tiplab)).

offset_tiplab tiplab offset, the bigger the number, the farther the distance between the node

and the branch. The default is 1, when geneClusterPanel = "pie", meaning 1 * max_radius_of_the_pies; when geneClusterPanel = "heatMap", meaning 1 * 0.16 * column_number_of_heatMap * x_range_of_tree; when geneClusterPanel

= "dotplot", meaning 1 * 0.09 * column_number_of_dotplot * x_range_of_tree.

hclust_method Method of hclust. This should be (an unambiguous abbreviation of) one of "ward.D", "ward.D2", "single", "complete", "average" (= UPGMA), "mcquitty"

(= WPGMA), "median" (= WPGMC) or "centroid" (= UPGMC).

group_color A vector of group colors, the length of the vector should be the same as nCluster.

extend Numeric, extend the length of bar, default is 0.3.

treeplot 29

```
Logical value, if TRUE(default), add ggtree::geom_hilight() layer.
hilight
hexpand
                   expand x limits by amount of xrange * hexpand.
align
                   control the align direction of the edge of high light rectangular. Options is
                   'none', 'left', 'right', 'both (default)'.
split
                   Separate result by 'category' variable.
                   Used only when geneClusterPanel = "pie", proportion of clusters in the pie chart,
pie
                   one of 'equal' (default) and 'Count'.
legend_n
                  Number of circle in legend, the default value is 3.
geneClusterPanel
                   one of "heatMap"(default), "dotplot", "pie".
```

Details

This function visualizes gene sets as a tree. Gene sets with high similarity tend to cluster together, making it easier for interpretation.

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
## Not run:
   library(clusterProfiler)
   library(org.Hs.eg.db)
   library(enrichplot)
   library(GOSemSim)
   library(ggplot2)
   library(DOSE)
   data(geneList)
   gene <- names(geneList)[abs(geneList) > 2]
    ego <- enrichGO(gene = gene,
        universe
                  = names(geneList),
        OrgDb
                     = org.Hs.eg.db,
                     = "BP",
        ont
        pAdjustMethod = "BH",
        pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
        qvalueCutoff = 0.05,
        readable
                     = TRUE)
   d <- godata('org.Hs.eg.db', ont="BP")</pre>
   ego2 <- pairwise_termsim(ego, method = "Wang", semData = d)</pre>
    treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 30)
    # use `hilight = FALSE` to remove ggtree::geom_hilight() layer.
    treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 30, hilight = FALSE)
    # use `offset` parameter to adjust the distance of bar and tree.
    treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 30, hilight = FALSE, offset = 1.5)
    # use `offset_tiplab` parameter to adjust the distance of nodes and branches.
    treeplot(ego2, showCategory = 30, hilight = FALSE, offset_tiplab = 1.5)
    keep <- rownames(ego2@termsim)[c(1:10, 16:20)]
    keep
```

30 upsetplot

upsetplot

upsetplot method

Description

upsetplot method generics

Usage

```
upsetplot(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'enrichResult'
upsetplot(x, n = 10, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'gseaResult'
upsetplot(x, n = 10, ...)
```

Arguments

x object

... additional parameters

n number of categories to be plotted

Value

plot

Author(s)

Guangchuang Yu

upsetplot 31

Examples

```
require(DOSE)
data(geneList)
de=names(geneList)[1:100]
x <- enrichDO(de)
upsetplot(x, 8)</pre>
```

Index

barplot.enrichResult,2	goplot, 15
anatulat 2	<pre>goplot,enrichResult-method(goplot), 15</pre>
cnetplot, 3	<pre>goplot, gseaResult-method (goplot), 15</pre>
cnetplot, compareClusterResult-method	<pre>goplot.enrichResult (goplot), 15</pre>
(cnetplot), 3	gseadist, 17
cnetplot,enrichResult-method	gseaplot, 18
(cnetplot), 3	<pre>gseaplot,gseaResult-method(gseaplot),</pre>
cnetplot, gseaResult-method (cnetplot), 3	18
cnetplot, list-method (cnetplot), 3	gseaplot.gseaResult (gseaplot), 18
cnetplot.enrichResult (cnetplot), 3	gseaplot2, 19
color_palette, 6	gsearank, 20
dotplot, 6	gsInfo, 21
dotplot, compareClusterResult, ANY-method	
(dotplot), 6	heatplot, 21
dotplot, compareClusterResult-method	heatplot,enrichResult-method
(dotplot), 6	(heatplot), 21
dotplot, enrichResult-method (dotplot), 6	<pre>heatplot,gseaResult-method(heatplot),</pre>
dotplot, gseaResult-method (dotplot), 6	21
dotplot.compareClusterResult (dotplot),	heatplot.enrichResult(heatplot), 21
6	
dotplot.enrichResult(dotplot),6	pairwise_termsim, <i>12</i> , 22
dotplot.em lemesult (dotplot), o	<pre>pairwise_termsim,compareClusterResult-method</pre>
emapplot, 9, <i>13</i>	(pairwise_termsim), 22
emapplot,compareClusterResult-method	<pre>pairwise_termsim,enrichResult-method</pre>
(emapplot), 9	<pre>(pairwise_termsim), 22</pre>
emapplot, enrichResult-method	pairwise_termsim,gseaResult-method
(emapplot), 9	(pairwise_termsim), 22
emapplot, gseaResult-method (emapplot), 9	<pre>pairwise_termsim.compareClusterResult</pre>
emapplot.compareClusterResult	(pairwise_termsim), 22
(emapplot), 9	pairwise_termsim.enrichResult
emapplot.enrichResult (emapplot), 9	(pairwise_termsim), 22
emapplot_cluster, 13	plotting.clusterProfile, 24
7	pmcplot, 25
fortify.compareClusterResult, 14	
fortify.enrichResult	ridgeplot, 25
<pre>(fortify.compareClusterResult),</pre>	ridgeplot,gseaResult-method
14	(ridgeplot), 25
	ridgeplot.gseaResult(ridgeplot),25
ggtable, 15	
godata, 23	treeplot, 27

INDEX 33

```
treeplot, compare {\tt ClusterResult-method}
        (treeplot), 27
treeplot,enrichResult-method
        (treeplot), 27
{\tt treeplot,gseaResult-method}\,({\tt treeplot}),
        27
treeplot.compareClusterResult
        (treeplot), 27
treeplot.enrichResult(treeplot), 27
upsetplot, 30
upsetplot, enrich Result, {\tt ANY-method}
        (upsetplot), 30
upsetplot,enrichResult-method
        (upsetplot), 30
upsetplot, gseaResult (upsetplot), 30
upsetplot,gseaResult-method
        (upsetplot), 30
```