

# ① Simple Congruency:

Check if  $17 \equiv 5 \pmod{12}$

$$x \equiv y \pmod{n} \iff n \mid (x-y)$$

Step 1 - Compute the difference between  $x$  and  $y$ :

$$\bullet x=17 \quad y=5 \quad (x-y)=(17-5)=12$$

Step 2 - Check divisibility of difference result:

$$\bullet 12 \text{ is DIVISIBLE by } 12 \quad (12/12=1)$$

Answer:  $17 \equiv 5 \pmod{12}$  because 12 divides 12

# ② Same remainder method:

Verify if  $15 \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$

$$x \equiv y \pmod{n} \iff n \mid (x-y)$$

$$x=15 \quad y=3 \quad n=4$$

Step 1 - Find the remainders between  $x$  and  $n$ :

$$\bullet 15 \div 4 = 3 \text{ remainder } 3$$

$$3 \div 4 = 0 \text{ remainder } 3$$

Answer:  $15 \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$

Since both 15 and 3 leave a remainder of 3 when divided by 4

# ③ Negative numbers:

Determine if  $-8 \equiv 4 \pmod{6}$

$$x \equiv y \pmod{n} \iff n \mid (x-y)$$

$$x=-8 \quad y=4 \quad n=6$$

$$(x-y)=(-8-4)=-12$$

$$-12/6 = -2 \text{ remainder } 0 \rightarrow \text{Divisible}$$

Answer:  $-8 \equiv 4 \pmod{6}$  since -12 is divisible by 6