NAME:

RAFAY HUSSIAN

INSTRUCTOR:

Muhammad Abbas

"Sir Abbas, you've been an amazing guide throughout SQL Class! Your teachings and guidance were instrumental in its success. Thank you!"





TOOLS & TECHNOLOGIES:

SQL (PostgreSQL / MySQL)
CSV (For Data Export/Visuals)
PowerPoint(For Reporting)



Store Performance Analysis:

Identify the top 10 stores based on Incremental Revenue (IR) generated during the promotional periods.

```
SELECT

fe.store_id,

(quantity_sold_after_promo - quantity_sold_before_promo) * fe.base_price AS Incremental_Revenue

FROM fact_events AS fe

GROUP BY fe.store_id
ORDER BY Incremental_Revenue DESC

LIMIT 10
```

sults Message

store_id	~	Incremental_Revenue	~
STMUL-1		2013000	
STISL-6		528000	
STSIA-7		509860	
STRAW-3		229000	
STPES-5		200400	
STLAH-2		189400	
STPES-7		149100	
STPES-0		128520	
STRAW-0		125460	
STHYD-4		113520	



Store Performance Analysis:

Determine the bottom 10 stores in terms of Incremental Sold Units (ISU) during these campaigns.

```
fe.store_id,
    (quantity_sold_after_promo - quantity_sold_before_promo) AS Incremental_Sales
FROM fact_events AS fe

GROUP BY fe.store_id
ORDER BY Incremental_Sales
LIMIT 10
```

s Messages

store_id	~	Incremental_Sales	~
STPES-3		-73	
STPES-8		-71	
STISL-2		-67	
STHYD-0		-34	
STLAH-3		-25	
STFAI-0		-20	
STPES-6		-15	
STSIA-3		-14	
STRAW-1		-13	
STLAH-1		-13	



Store Performance Analysis:

Analyze store performance variations by city, exploring common characteristics among the top-performing stores that can be applied to others.

Results	Messages

	city 🗸	TotalStore 🗸	promo_type 🗸	SoldUnits ✓	incremental_revenue_per_Store 🗸	Avg_incremental_revenue 🗸
1	Hyderabad	5	500 Cashback	385	1155000	99028.09
2	Islamabad	7	BOGOF	158	47400	146858.80
3	Multan	5	BOGOF	124	37200	121124.71
4	Faisalabad	3	BOGOF	33	9900	74885.32
5	Sialkot	8	50% OFF	14	2660	168754.18
6	Lahore	4	50% OFF	28	1736	136256.93
7	Karachi	2	50% OFF	9	1710	77767.67
8	Quetta	2	50% OFF	18	1170	90305.05
9	Rawalpindi	4	25% OFF	-5	-2075	157128.98
10	Peshawar	10	25% OFF	-31	-4836	169214.47



Evaluate which two promotion types yield the highest Incremental Revenue.

```
SELECT
FE.promo_type AS promotion_type ,
(FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE.quantity_sold_before_promo) * FE.base_price AS total_incremental_revenue
FROM fact_events AS FE
GROUP BY FE.promo_type
ORDER BY total_incremental_revenue DESC
LIMIT 2;
```

esults Messages

promotion_type	~	total_incremental_revenue	~
500 Cashback		2013000	
33% OFF		113520	



Assess which two promotion types result in the lowest Incremental Sold Units.

```
PRUN ☐ Cancel ② Disconnect ② Change Database: u131628650_supermart365 ∨

1 ---Assess which two promotion types result in the lowest Incremental Sold Units.

2 
3 SELECT
4 
5 FE.promo_type AS promotion_type,
6 (FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE.quantity_sold_before_promo) AS total_incremental_Sales

7 
8 FROM fact_events AS FE
9 GROUP BY FE.promo_type
10 ORDER BY total_incremental_Sales ASC
11 LIMIT 2;
12
```

Results Messages

promotion_type	~	total_incremental_Sales	~
25% OFF		-71	
50% OFF		18	



Compare the effectiveness of discount-based promotions with alternative types such as BOGOF and cashback.

```
fe.promo_type,
    (fe.quantity_sold_after_promo-fe.quantity_sold_before_promo) AS INCREMENT_Sales,
    (fe.quantity_sold_after_promo - fe.quantity_sold_before_promo) * fe.base_price AS incremental_revenue

FROM fact_events fe

GROUP BY fe.promo_type
ORDER BY incremental_revenue DESC;
```

sults Messages

promo_type 🗸	INCREMENT_Sales 🗸	incremental_revenue 🗸
500 Cashback	671	2013000
33% OFF	132	113520
BOGOF	63	18900
50% OFF	18	3420
25% OFF	-71	-11076



Determine the optimal balance between achieving Incremental Sold Units and maintaining healthy profit margins.

```
SELECT
            FE.base price,
            FE.promo_type,
            CM.cost_margin,
            (FE.quantity sold after promo - FE. quantity sold before promo) AS Incremental Sales,
            (FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE. quantity_sold_before_promo) * base_price AS Incremental_Revenue,
            (FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE. quantity_sold_before_promo) * base_price * CM.cost_margin AS EstimatedProfit,
             WHEN SUM((FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE. quantity_sold_before_promo) * base_price) = 0 THEN 0
             ELSE
             CAST(SUM((FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE. quantity_sold_before_promo) * base_price * CM.cost_margin) * 1 /
              SUM((FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE. quantity_sold_before_promo) * base_price) AS INT)
            END AS PROFIT MARGIN
        from cost_margin AS CM
       INNER JOIN fact events AS FE
       ON CM.product_code = FE.product_code
       GROUP BY FE.promo_type,CM.cost_margin
       ORDER BY EstimatedProfit DESC
```

ults Messages

base_price 🗸	promo_type 🗸	cost_margin ∨	Incremental_Sales 🗸	Incremental_Revenue 🗸	EstimatedProfit 🗸	PROFIT_MARGIN 🗸
3000	500 Cashback	27	671	2013000	54351000	27
370	BOGOF	38	764	282680	10741840	38
200	BOGOF	40	947	189400	7576000	40
860	33% OFF	33	132	113520	3746160	33
1020	BOGOF	28	126	128520	3598560	28
350	BOGOF	31	172	60200	1866200	31
1190	BOGOF	21	49	58310	1224510	21
300	BOGOF	27	63	18900	510300	27
470	220/ 055	0.5	70	40204	200500	0.5



Product and Category Analysis:

Pinpoint specific products that demonstrate exceptional performance, either positively or negatively in response to promotions.

```
DP.product_name,

(FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE.quantity_sold_before_promo) AS Sales_Lift

FROM fact_events AS FE

JOIN dim_products AS DP

ON DP.product_code = FE.product_code

GROUP BY DP.product_name

ORDER BY Sales_Lift

LIMIT 10
```

ts Messages

product_name >	Sales_Lift ∨
Farm Chakki Atta (1KG)	-73
Suflower Oil (1L)	-71
Scrub Sponge For Dishwash	-15
Body Milk Nourishing Lotion (120ML)	-13
Fusion Container Set of 3	-8
Cream Beauty Bathing Soap (125GM)	-5
Doodh Kesar Body Lotion (200ML)	18
Double Bedsheet set	49
Lime Cool Bathing Bar (125GM)	53
Curtains	63



Product and Category Analysis:

Examine the correlation between product categories and the effectiveness of various promotion types.

```
DP.category,

FE.promo_type AS promotion_type,

(FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE.quantity_sold_before_promo) AS Incremental_Sales,

(FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE.quantity_sold_before_promo) * FE.base_price AS Incremental_Revenue

FROM fact_events FE

JOIN dim_products DP

ON DP.product_code = FE.product_code

GROUP BY DP.category,FE.promo_type

ORDER BY Incremental_Sales DESC;
```

Messages

promotion_type 🗸	Incremental_Sales 🗸	Incremental_Revenue 🗸
BOGOF	947	189400
500 Cashback	671	2013000
BOGOF	172	60200
33% OFF	132	113520
BOGOF	63	18900
50% OFF	18	3420
25% OFF	-5	-250
25% OFF	-15	-825
25% OFF	-71	-11076
	BOGOF 500 Cashback BOGOF 33% OFF BOGOF 50% OFF 25% OFF	500 Cashback 671 BOGOF 172 33% OFF 132 BOGOF 63 50% OFF 18 25% OFF -5 25% OFF -15



Product and Category

Analysis:

Identify the product categories that experience the most significant sales lift during discount campaigns.

```
DP.product_name,

(FE.quantity_sold_after_promo - FE.quantity_sold_before_promo) AS Sales_Lift

FROM fact_events AS FE

JOIN dim_products AS DP

ON DP.product_code = FE.product_code

GROUP BY DP.product_name

ORDER BY Sales_Lift DESC

LIMIT 10
```

ults Messages

product_name	~	Sales_Lift	~
Home Essential 8 Product Combo		671	
High Glo 15W LED Bulb		172	
Sonamasuri Rice (10KG)		132	
Waterproof Immersion Rod		126	
Masoor Dal (1KG)		72	
Curtains		63	
Lime Cool Bathing Bar (125GM)		53	
Double Bedsheet set		49	
Doodh Kesar Body Lotion (200ML)		18	
Cream Beauty Bathing Soap (125G	iM)	-5	



Conclusion:

Mart365 highlights how SQL can be used not only to store and manage retail data but also to drive data-driven strategies, optimize sales performance, and enhance customer satisfaction. The insights generated provide a strong foundation for advanced analytics in Power BI, Python, or Machine Learning, enabling Mart365 to evolve into a fully data-driven retail ecosystem.