* Flowers – overall descriptors
  + Capture shape (use flower shape synonymy I’m sending)
  + Capture length and width
  + Capture color
  + Be aware that you can get hyphenated flowers – e.g., *staminate (male) flowers* and *pistillate (female) flowers*
* Hypanthium
  + Capture shape (use flower shape synonymy I’m sending)
  + Capture length and width
  + Capture color
* Sepals
  + Capture length and width
  + Capture number (e.g., 5 sepals or sepals 5)
  + Capture shape descriptors using leaf synonymy – send new terms to me
  + Capture color
* Petals
  + Capture length and width
  + Capture number
  + Capture shape descriptors using leaf synonymy – send new terms to me
  + Capture color
  + Record if “claw” is present or it is “clawed”
* Stamens
  + Capture number
* Filaments (of stamens)
  + Capture length
* Anthers (of stamens)
  + Capture length
* Styles
  + Capture number
  + Capture length
* Stigmas
  + Capture number
  + Capture lobe number
* SPECIAL FUSED STRUCTURES
* Calyx – means the sepals considered as a unit – traits reported for this are usually fused sepals
  + Capture number of lobes = sepal number
  + Capture width of lobes = sepal width
  + Capture length of calyx (NOT LOBES) = sepal length
  + Capture lobe shape = sepal shape (as an approximation, this really means free sepal shape)
  + Capture color = sepal color
* Corolla – means the petals considered as a unit – traits reported for this are usually fused petals
  + Capture number of lobes = petal number
  + Capture width of lobes = petal width
  + Capture length of corolla (NOT LOBES) = petal length
  + Capture lobe shape = petal shape (as an approximation, this really means free petal shape)
  + Capture color = petal color
  + You could still look for a “claw” but in general it shouldn’t be possible if the petals are fused.