

**Question No: 29 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one**

An integer  $n$  is prime if and only if  $n > 1$  and for all positive integers  $r$  and  $s$ , if  $n = r \cdot s$ , then

- $r = 1$  or  $s = 2$ .
- $r = 1$  or  $s = 0$ .
- $r = 2$  or  $s = 3$ .
- **None of these (Page 187)**

**Question No: 30 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one**

If  $P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B)$  then the events  $A$  and  $B$  are called

- **Independent (Page 272)**
- Dependent
- Exhaustive

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**MTH202- Discrete Mathematics**

If  $A$  and  $B$  are two disjoint (mutually exclusive) events then,  $P(A \cup B) =$

- $P(A) + P(B) + P(A \cap B)$
- $P(A) + P(B) + P(A \cup B)$
- $P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$
- $P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cup B)$
- **$P(A) + P(B)$  (Page 240)**

If  $p =$  It is red,  
 $q =$  It is hot

Then, It is not red but hot is denoted by  $\sim p \wedge \sim q$

- True
- **False**

If  $(A \cup B) = A$ , then  $(A \cap B) = B$

- **True**
- False
- Cannot be determined

How many integers from 1 through 1000 are neither multiple of 3 nor multiple of 5?

- 333
- 467
- **533 (Page 245)**