- \rightarrow n(AUB) = n(A) + n(B)
- $rac{1}{2}$ $n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) n(A \cap B)$ (Page 240)
- \triangleright n(AUB)= \emptyset
- None of these

When 3^k is even, then 3^k+3^k+3^k is an odd.

- > True
- > False

When 5^k is even, then 5^k+5^k+5^k is odd.

- **≻** True
- > False

5ⁿ -1 is divisible by 4 for all positive integer values of n.

- > True
- > False

If r is a positive integer then gcd(r, 5) =

- \triangleright
- > 5
- > 0
- None of these

The product of the positive integers from 1 to n is called

- Multiplication
- > n factorial (Page 217)
- Geometric sequence

The expectation μ for the following table is

Xi	1	3
f(x _i)	0.4	0.1

- ▶ 0.5
- ▶ 3.4
- **▶** 0.3
- **▶** 0.7