Question No: 10 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\left\lceil \frac{N}{6} \right\rceil = 9$$

What is the smallest integer N such that

- **▶** 46
- ▶ 29
- **4**9

$$N = 6 \times (9-1) + 1$$
  
=  $6 \times 8 + 1 = 49$ 

## Question No: 11 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

What is the probability of getting a number greater than 4 when a die is thrown?

- $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$
- $\triangleright$   $\frac{1}{2}$
- $> \frac{1}{3}$

Number greater than 4 = 5, 6

Probability = 
$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

## Question No: 12 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If A and B are two disjoint (mutually exclusive)

events then  $P(A \square B) =$ 

- ightharpoonup P(A) + P(B) + P(A $\square$ B)
- ightharpoonup P(A) + P(B) + P(AUB)
- $\blacktriangleright P(A) + P(B) P(A \square B)$
- ightharpoonup P(A) + P(B) P(A  $\square$ B)
- ightharpoonup P(A) + P(B) Page (240)

## Question No: 13 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If a die is thrown then the probability that the dots on the top are prime numbers or odd numbers is

- **>** 1
- $> \frac{1}{2}$