Tracking and Analyzing the Evolution of Provenance from Scripts





João Felipe Nicolaci Pimentel (UFF),

Juliana Freire (NYU), Vanessa Braganholo (UFF), Leonardo Murta (UFF)





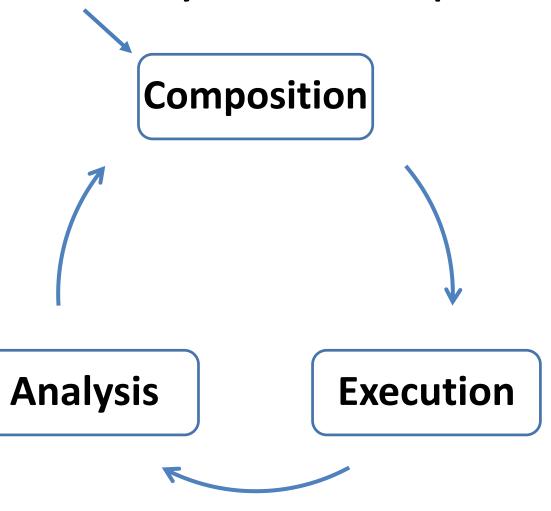


Motivation

















Composition New scripts & input data





Analysis

Execution











New scripts & input data





Analysis

Execution

New output data & Provenance











New scripts & input data



Analysis



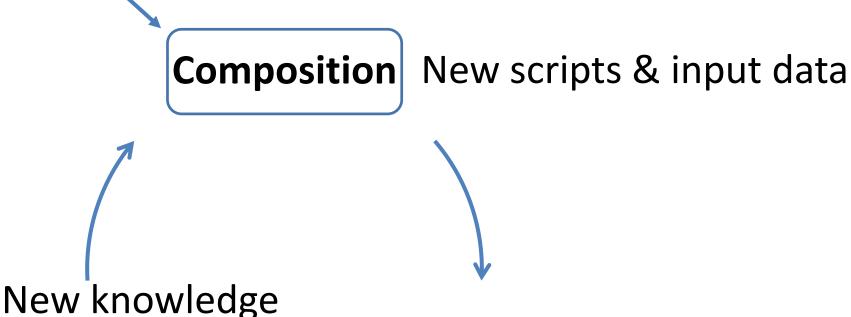
New output data & Provenance







Trial and Error



Analysis

Execution

New output data & Provenance







Evolution

- Scripts evolve
- Input and Output Data evolve
- Provenance evolve

It might be necessary to go back to old versions





Evolution

- Scripts evolve
- Input and Output Data evolve
- Provenance evolve

It might be necessary to go back to old versions

 How can we support this scenario of evolution and provide provenance for scientists without imposing extra effort?



Instituto de Computação Computação NYU TANDON SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

Coarse-grained

Fine-grained

Provenance of Scripts

Transparent

- Sumatra
 - Davison, 2012

YesWorkflow

Require Changes

McPhillips et al., 2015

- API
 - Bochner; Gude; Schreiber, 2008
- StarFlow
 - Angelino; Yamins; Seltzer, 2010
- RDataTracker
 - Lerner and Boose, 2014

- noWorkflow
 - Murta et al., 2014
- LLVM compiler
 - Tariq et al., 2012
- DataTracker
 - Stamatogiannakis et al., 2014







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Approach





Versioning

- Evolution-aware provenance-capturing tool
 - Visualize and navigate on the evolution history
 - Compare trials
- Fine-grained collection
 - Track intermediate files
 - Execution trace (optionally)



Fine-grained





Proof of concept

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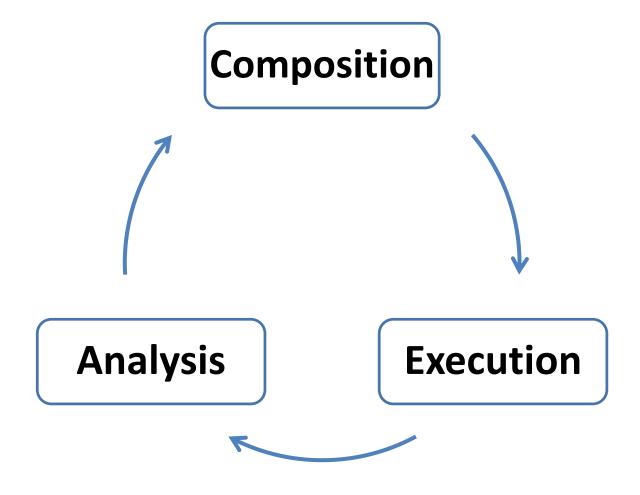


Guiding Example





Life Cycle of Experiments







New experiment!

Could you check if the precipitation of Rio de Janeiro remains constant across years?



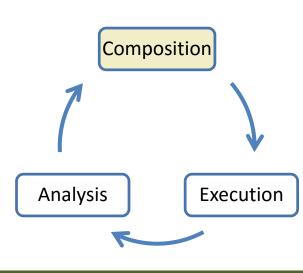




1st Iteration

• H_1 : "The precipitation for each month remains constant across years"









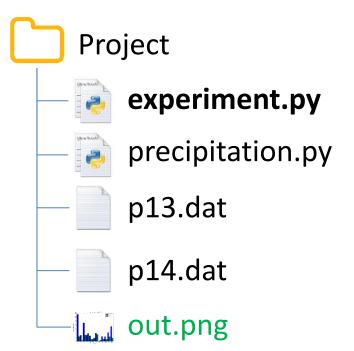
```
import numpy as np
                                                     OF ENGINEERING
    from precipitation import read, sum_by_month
    from precipitation import create bargraph
 4
 5
    months = np.arange(12) + 1
 6
    d13, d14 = read("p13.dat"), read("p14.dat")
 8
    prec13 = sum by month(d13, months)
    prec14 = sum by_month(d14, months)
10
                                               Composition
11
    create_bargraph("out.png", months,
12
13
       ["2013", "2014"],
       prec13, prec14)
                                           Analysis
                                                     Execution
14
```

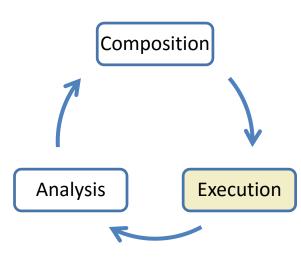




Trial

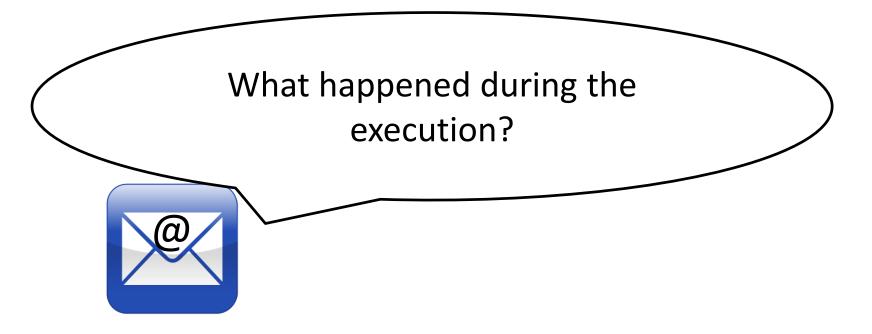
\$ python experiment.py











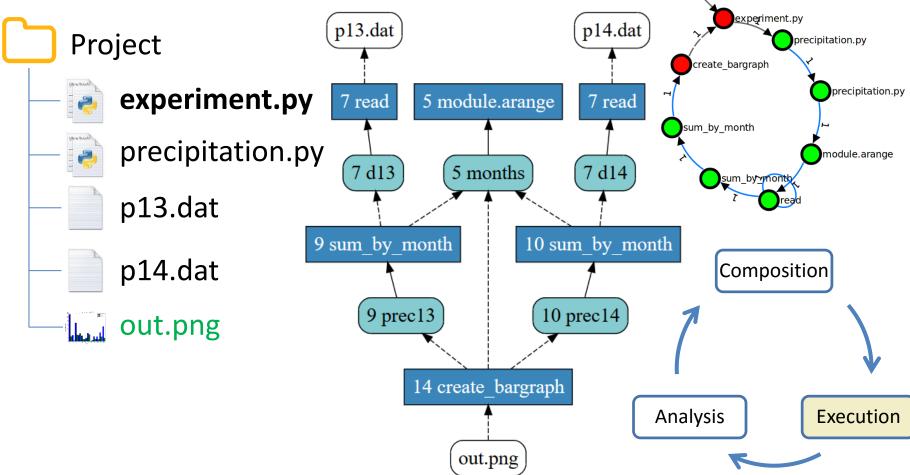




OF ENGINEERING

Provenance

\$ now run -e Tracker experiment.py







Trial History

Version Model





Product Space

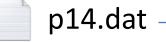
- **Experiment itself**
 - script, data, prov. ...











out.png



Version Space

- Trial Version
- File Object Version

Trial 1



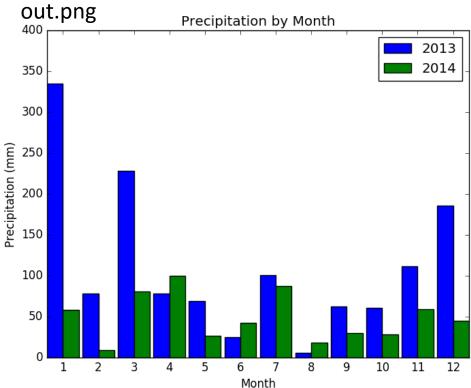




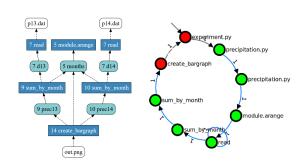




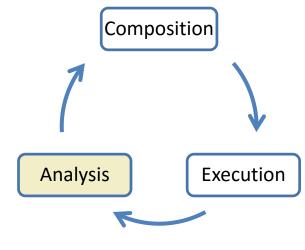




SELECT ...



Conclusion: "Drought in 2014"



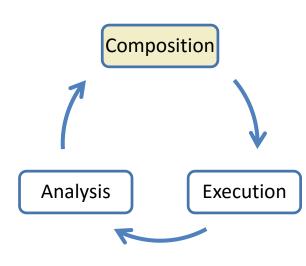




2nd Iteration

• H_2 : "The precipitation for each month remains constant across years if there is no drought"







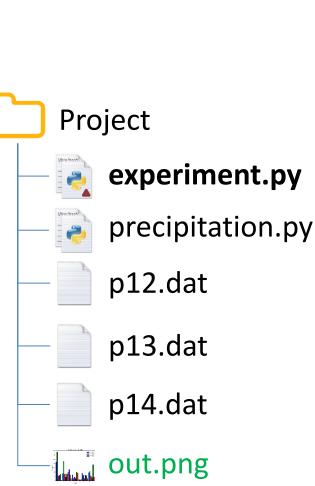


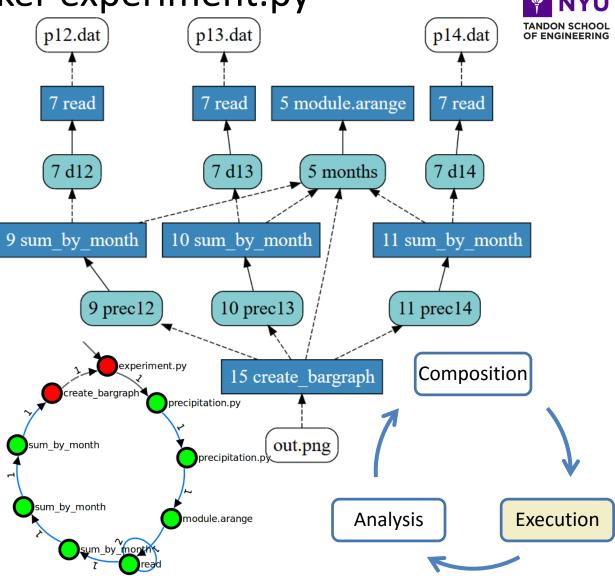
```
OF ENGINEERING
```

```
import numpy as np
    from precipitation import read, sum by month
    from precipitation import create bargraph
 4
 5
    months = np.arange(12) + 1
    d12 = read("p12.dat")
    d13, d14 = read("p13.dat"), read("p14.dat")
    prec12 = sum by month(d12, months)
 8
    prec13 = sum by month(d13, months)
    prec14 = sum by month(d14, months)
10
                                             Composition
11
    create_bargraph("out.png", months,
12
       ["2012", "2013", "2014"],
13
       prec12, prec13, prec14)
141
                                         Analysis
                                                   Execution
```



\$ now run -e Tracker experiment.py









Version Model

Trial History

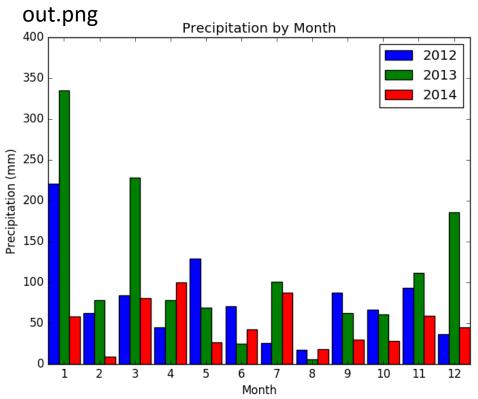


Product Space	Version Space		(2)	write
Project	Trial 1	Trial 2		read
experiment.py	1	2		
— precipitation.py —	1	1		→
— p12.dat ———		1		→
— p13.dat ———	1	1		→
p14.dat ———	1	1		→
out.png	1	2		→
provenance —	1	2		→

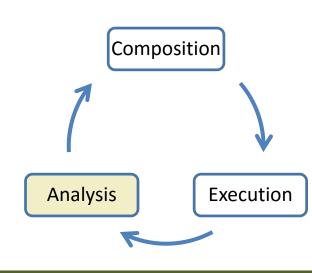








Conclusion: "2012 was similar to 2013"

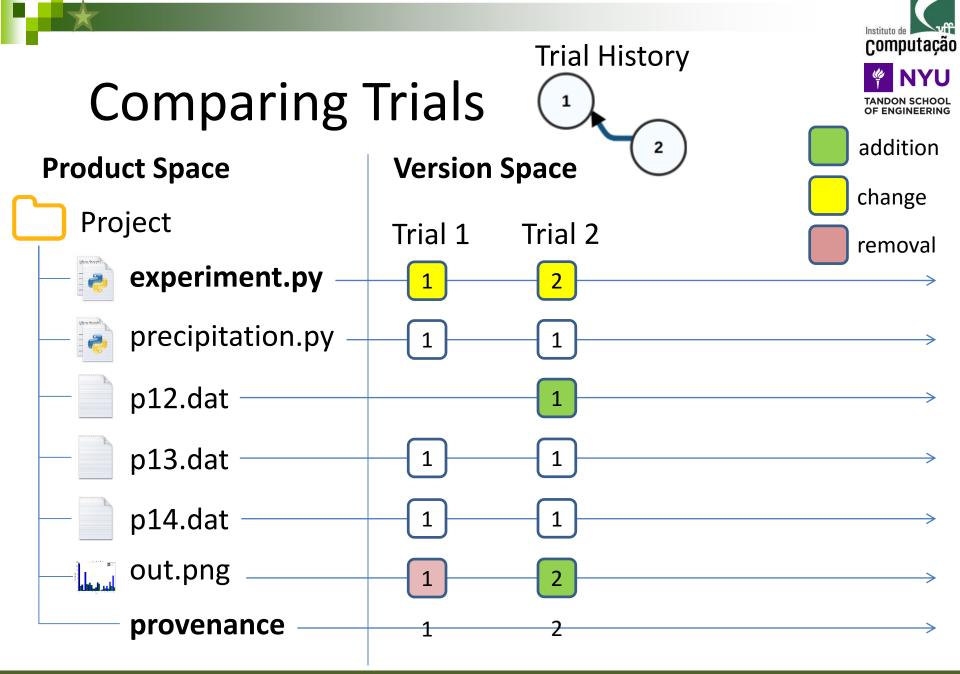






What were the differences between Trial 1 and Trial 2?









noWorkflow Diff

\$ now diff 1 2 -f --brief

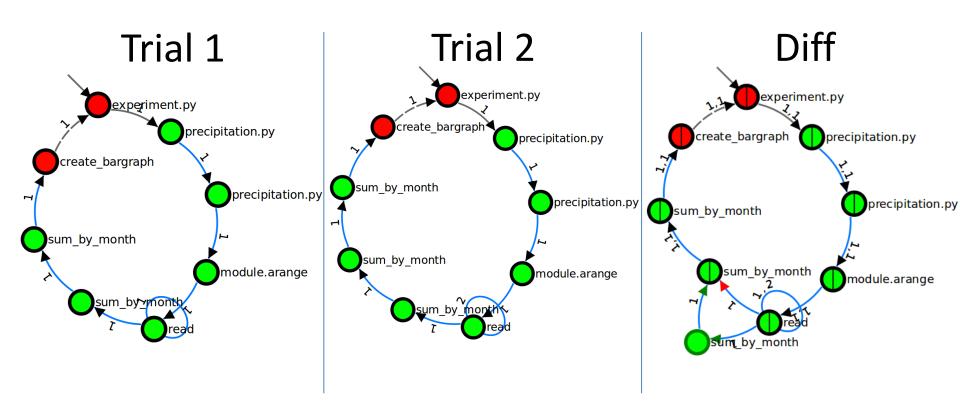
```
[now] trial diff:
 Start changed from 2016-05-30 19:03:26.105716
                to 2016-05-30 19:05:26.276369
 Finish changed from 2016-05-30 19:04:27.729060
                 to 2016-05-30 19:06:24.863268
 Duration text changed from 0:01:01.623344 to 0:00:58.586899
 Code hash changed from a66f3052414673feed5e49812e6940a92bba7679
                    to ff62d0f369315fbc209c39379ccf93437725fa31
 Parent id changed from <None> to 1
[now] Brief file access diff
[Additions] | [Removals]
                                                [Changes]
(r) p12.dat | (wb) out.png (new)
(wb) out.png |
```





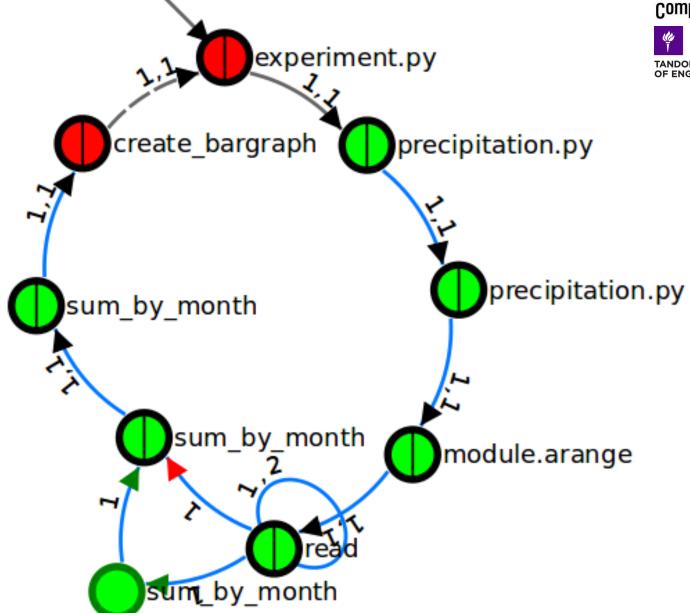
Activations Diff

Visualization tool: now vis



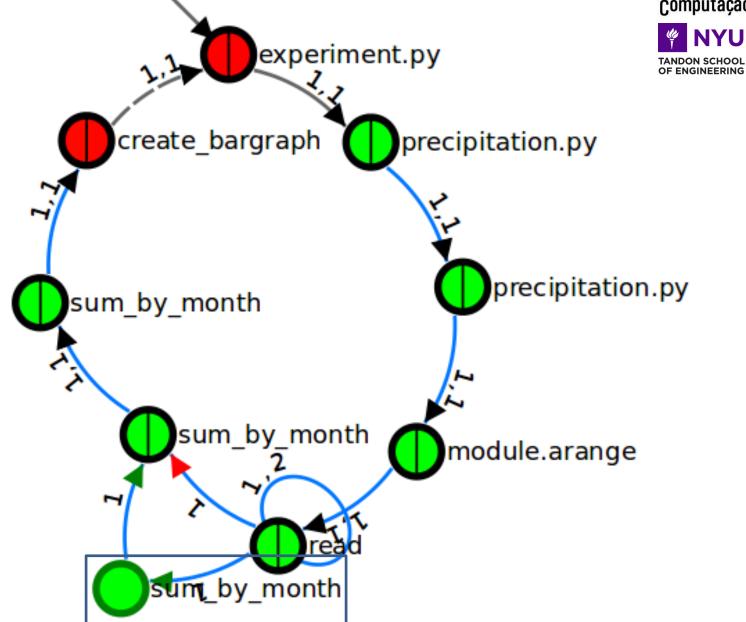






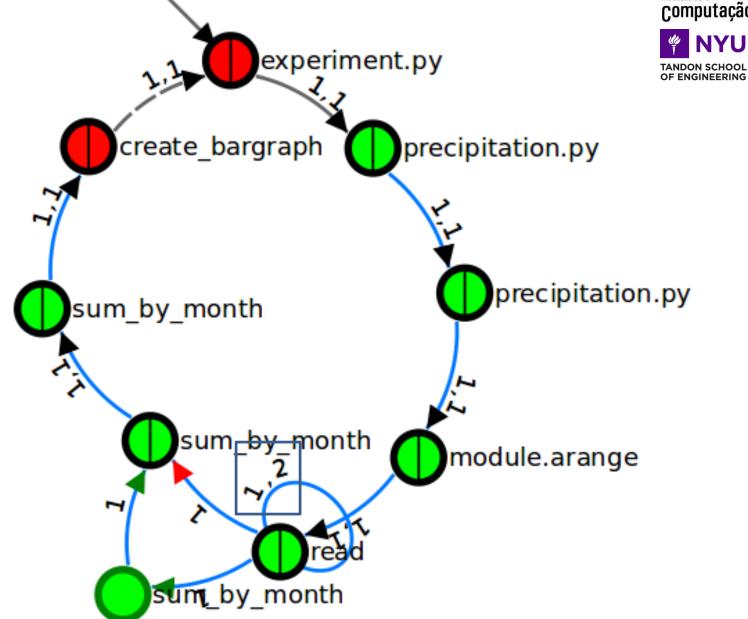
















I don't think its enough to compare just these years. Could you add data from 2015?



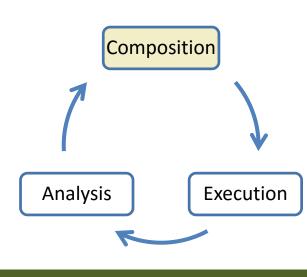




3rd Iteration

• H_2 : "The precipitation for each month remains constant across years if there is no drought"





```
import numpy as np
    from precipitation import read, sum_by_month TANDON SO
    from precipitation import create bargraph
 4
    months = np.arange(12) + 1
    d12, d15 = read("p12.dat"), read("p15.dat")
    d13, d14 = read("p13.dat"), read("p14.dat")
    prec12 = sum by month(d12, months)
    prec13 = sum by month(d13, months)
    prec14 = sum by month(d14, months)
10
    prec15 = sum_by_month(d15, months)
11
                                             Composition
    create bargraph("out.png", months,
       ["2012", "2013", "2014", "2015"]
13
       prec12, prec13, prec14, prec15)
14
                                         Analysis
                                                   Execution
```





In the meantime

Forget what I said. There are unusual rainy days. Could you repeat the first trial without them?

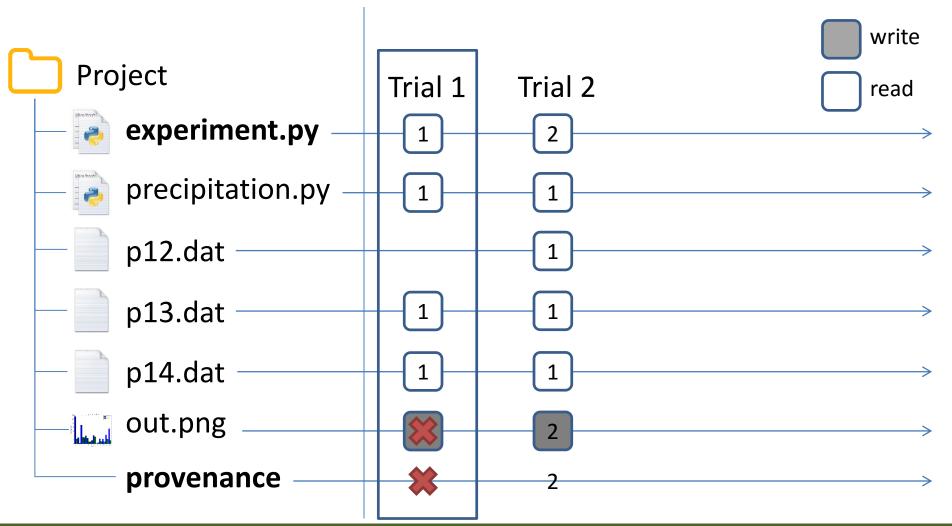






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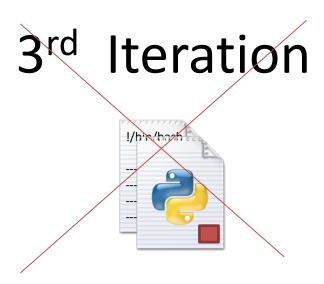
\$ now restore 1

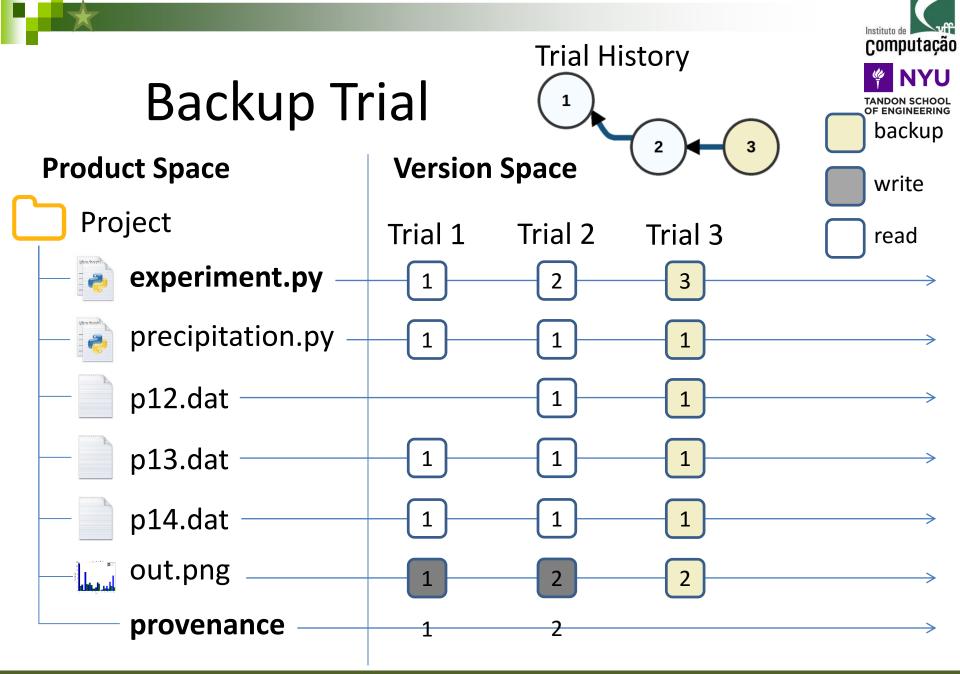






What about the 3rd iteration?



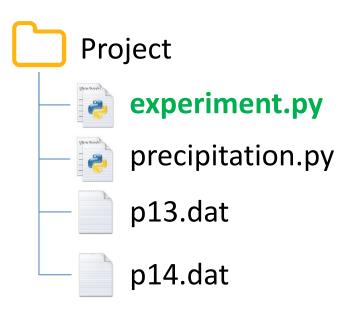


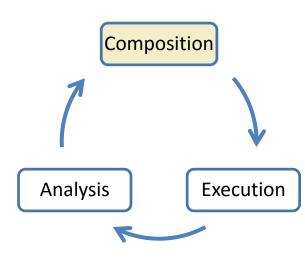




4th Iteration

- H_3 : "The precipitation for each month remains constant across years if we disregard unusual days"
- Data: 2013, 2014 [BDMEP]











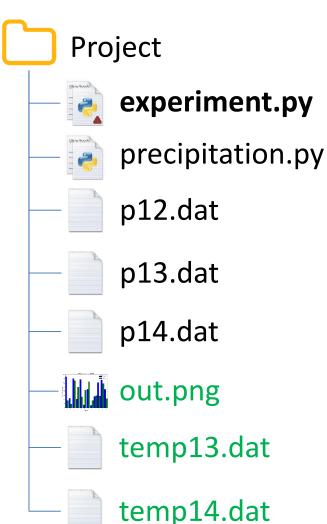
```
1 import sys
   from precipitation import write, remove_outliers
   months = np.arange(12) + 1
   d13, d14 = read("p13.dat"), read("p14.dat")
10
11
   for i in range(int(sys.argv[1])):
12
      write("temp13.dat",remove outliers(d13), 2013)
13
      write("temp14.dat",remove outliers(d14), 2014)
14
      d13,d14=read("temp13.dat"), read("temp14.dat")
15
16
   prec13 = sum_by_month(d13, months)
   prec14 = sum by month(d14, months)
17|
   create bargraph("out.png", months,
19
                    ["2013", "2014"],
20
21
                    prec13, prec14)
```

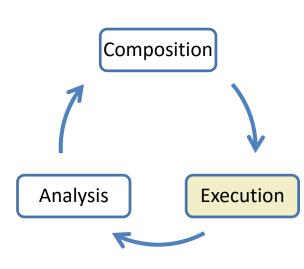
Ŋ,

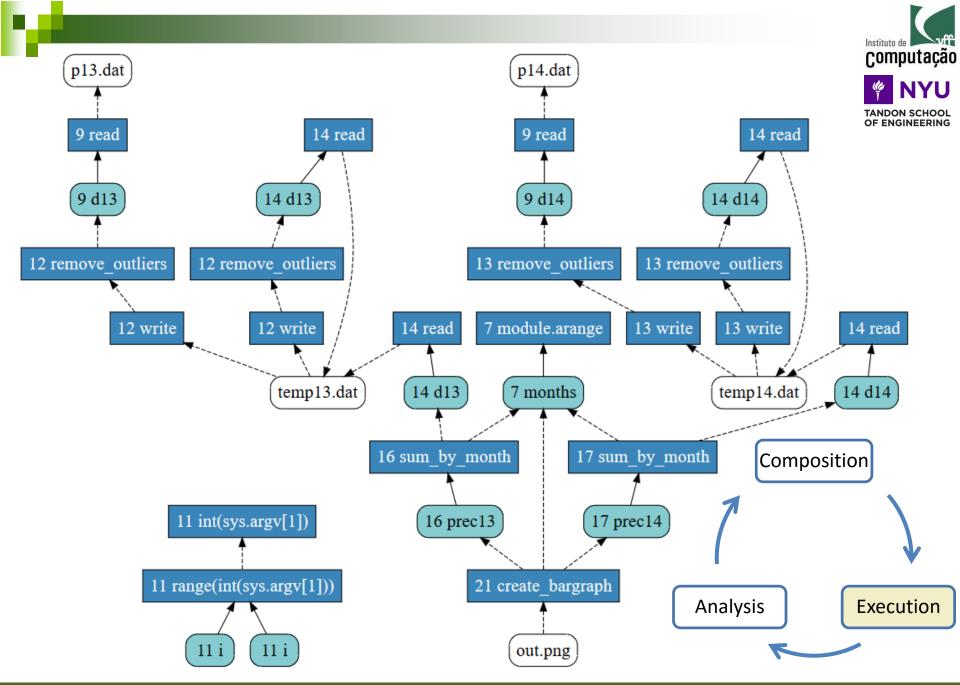
\$ now run -e Tracker experiment.py 2

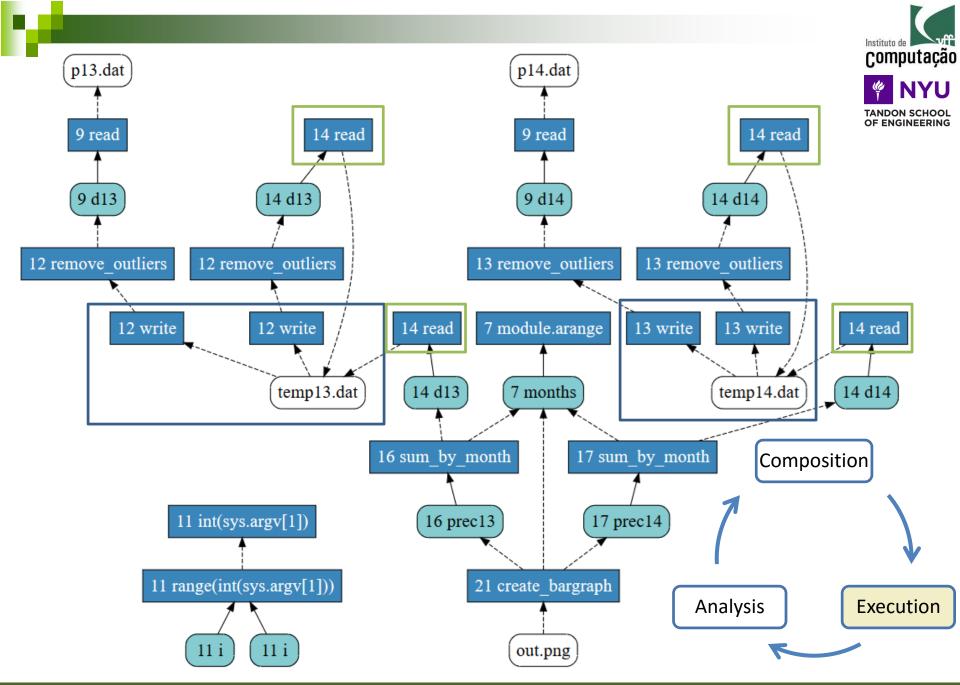


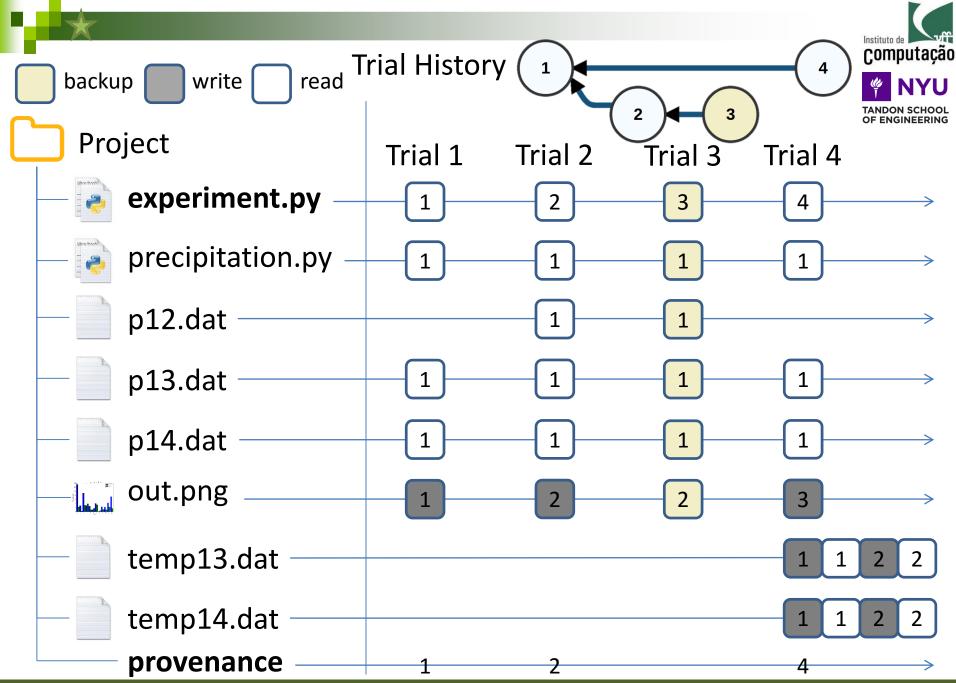
OF ENGINEERING

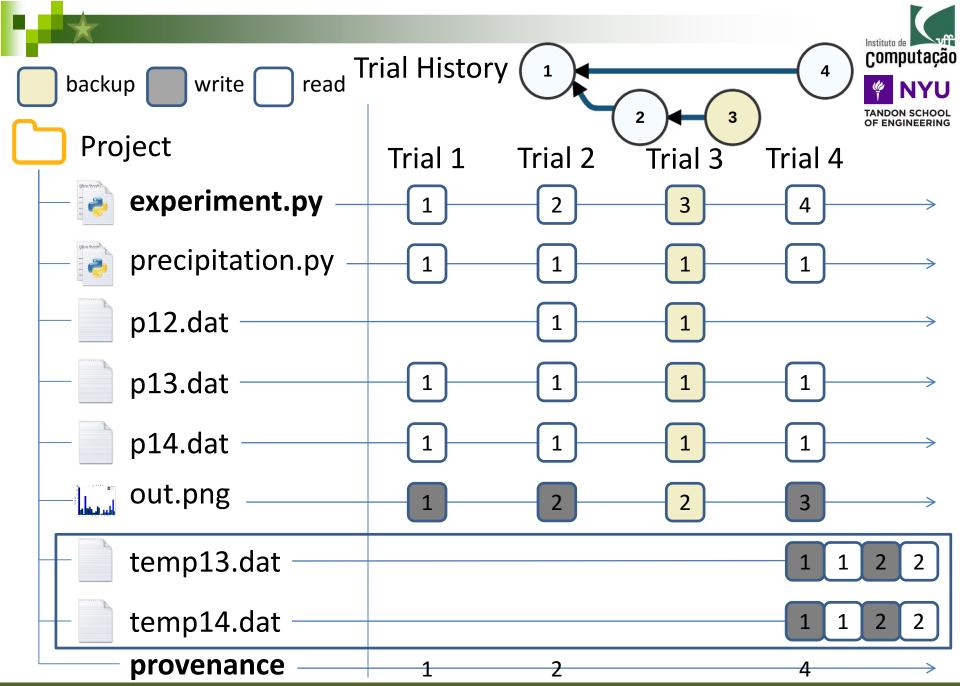


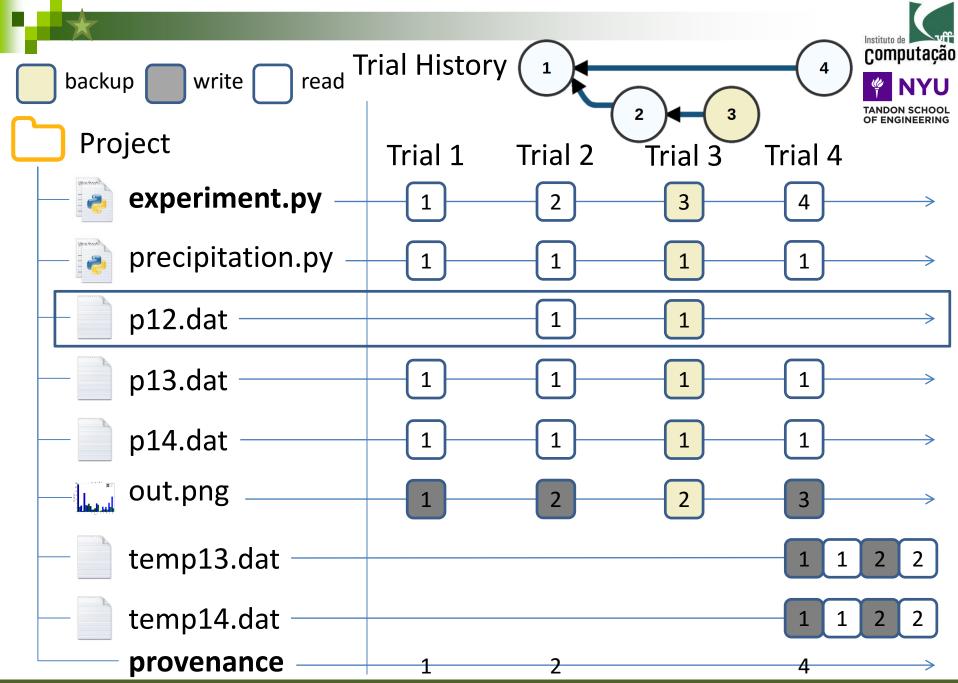


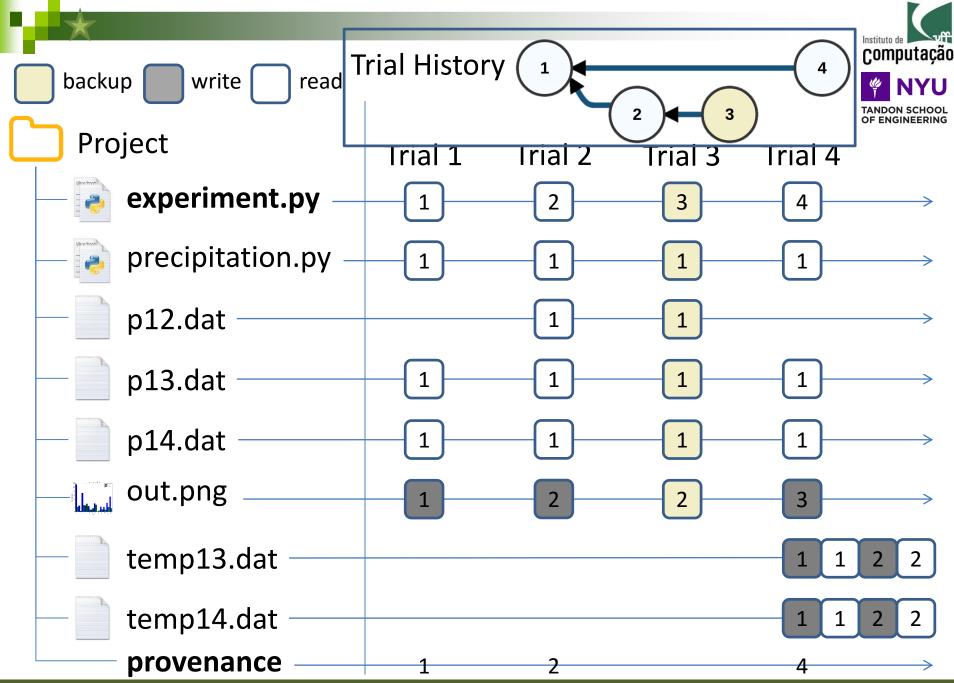






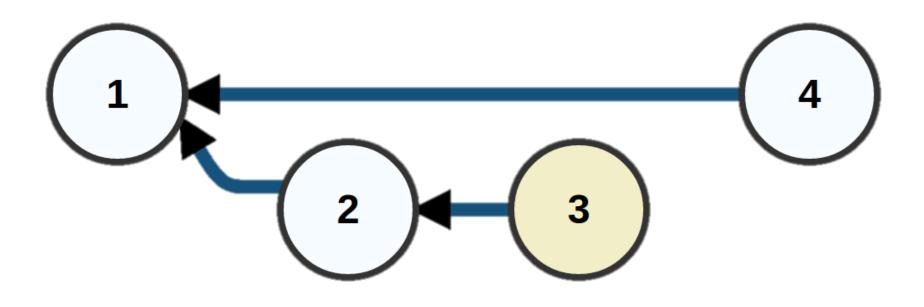










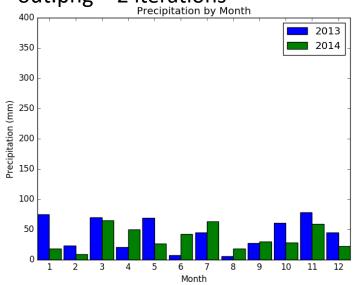


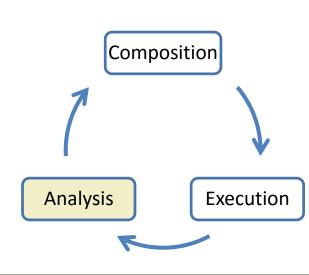










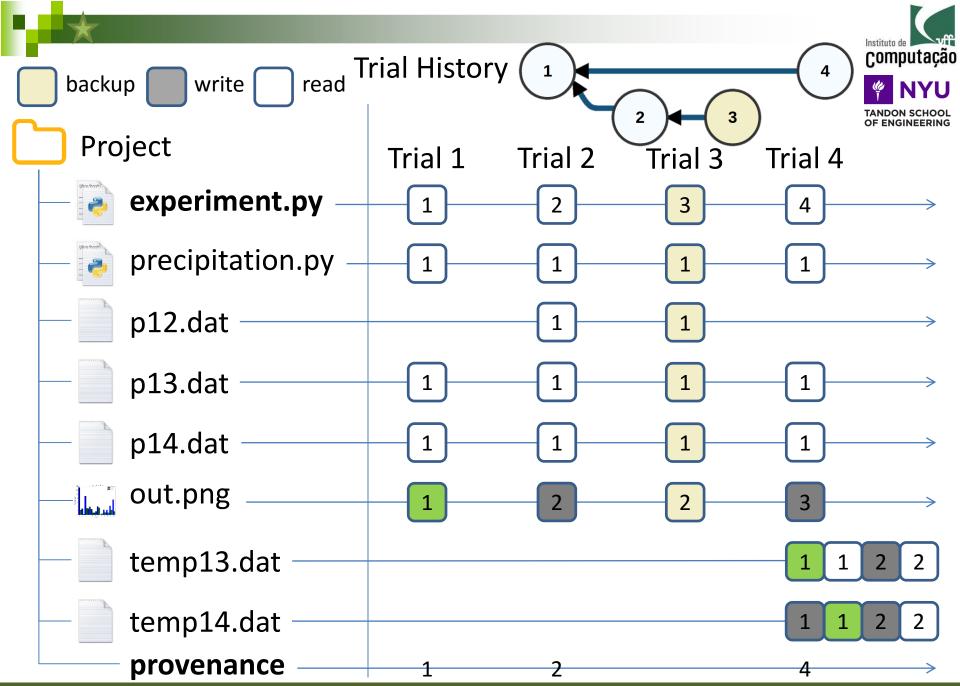


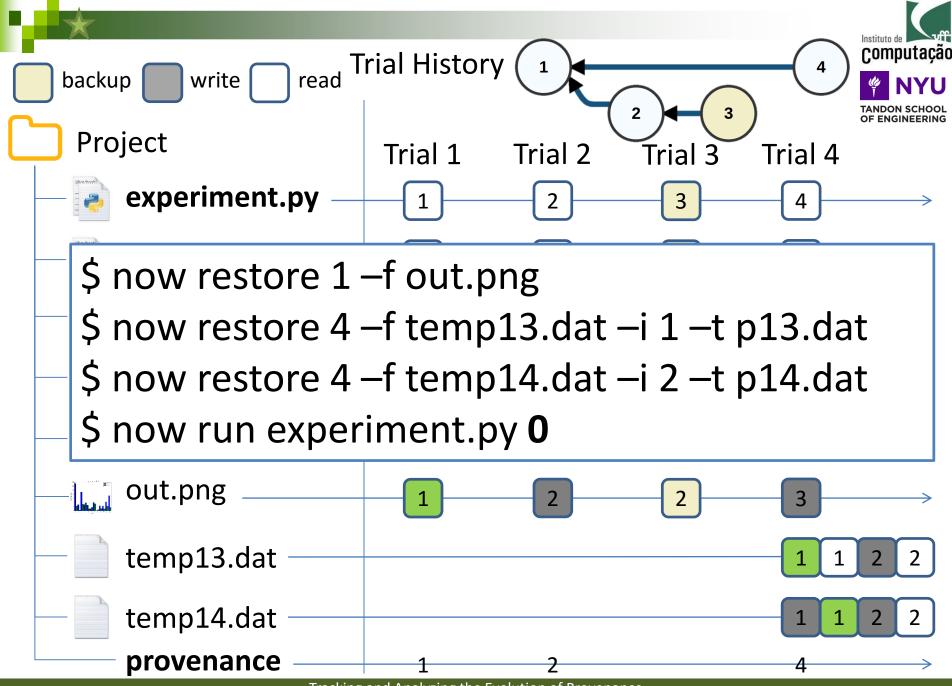




What would be the results if we had only one iteration of outlier removal? Could you compare to the result without removals (Trial 1)?





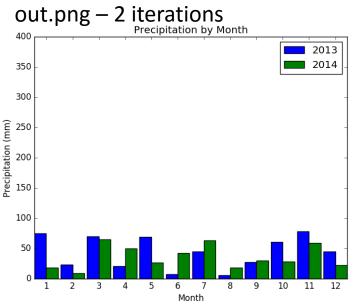




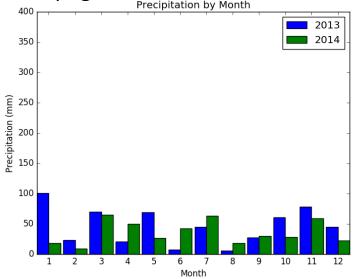


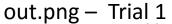


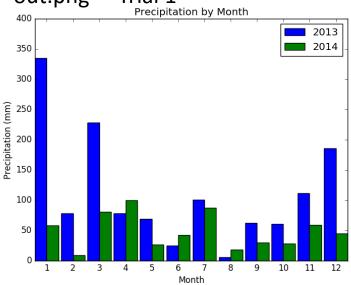


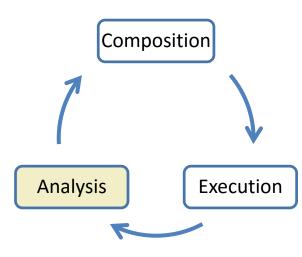














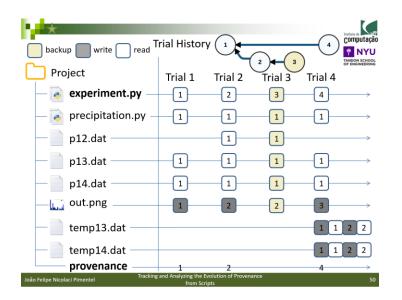


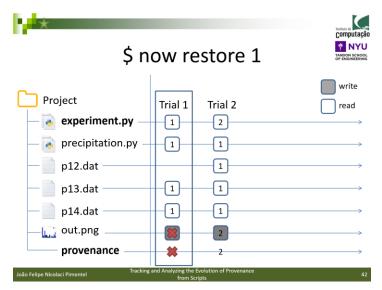
Conclusion

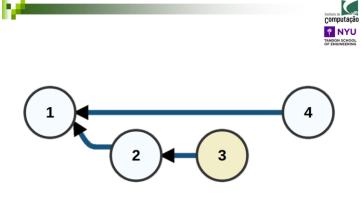


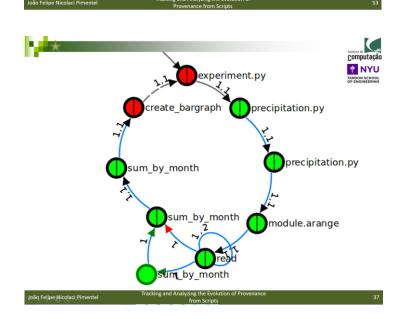
















Future Work

- Optimization techniques
 - balance storage and re-computation costs
- Alternatives on detecting file object changes
- Semantic versioning for trials
 - Express intention of evolution
- Improve activation graph matching and add other provenance comparison to noWorkflow

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Limitations

- Overhead to collect all accesses
- Implementation stores at fine-grain
 - Wasteful
- Implementation restores only local modules





Related Work





Version Control System

- Most approaches that capture provenance from scripts focus on a single trial
 - Scientists need to keep track of the experiment evolution by themselves
- Version control systems
 - Coarse-grained provenance
 - files
 - May not handle provenance





Sumatra

- Use version control systems to capture files before and after execution
 - Handle the evolution
- Coarse-grained collection
 - Do not capture intermediate files





Evaluation



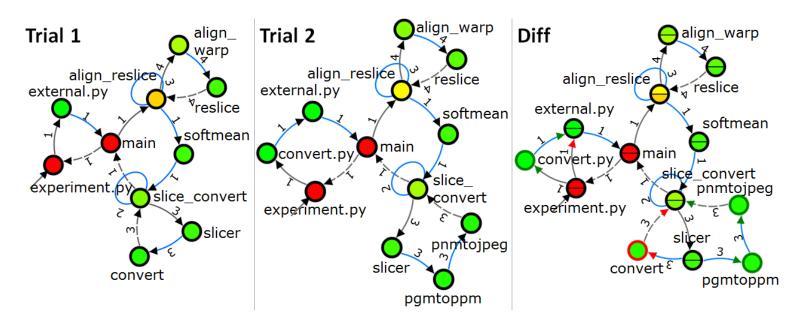


- A set of 9 questions were obtained and adapted from the First Provenance Challenge (FPC) and ProvBench Workshops
- We evaluate our work by answering them





- Q1: if a scientist has executed an experiment twice,
 but has replaced some procedures in the second trial, what
 are the trial differences? [FPC]
- Q2: comparing multiple executions according to their parameters, what are the differences on execution behavior? [Swift-PROV]







• Q3: how differences in the input data relate to differences in the values? [CSIRO-PROV]

```
$ now diff 1 2 -f --brief
[now] trial diff:
  Start changed from 2016-02-11 04:49:09.008354
                  to 2016-02-11 04:49:09.898675
  Finish changed from 2016-02-11 04:49:09.536409
                   to 2016-02-11 04:49:10.276422
 Duration text changed from 0:00:00.528055 to 0:00:00.377747
  Code hash changed from cd1be11a2308ab217327a7d361138cb7f6c25106
                      to 2f637ec102961a7677e3f629ab88612d8875f04f
  Parent id changed from <None> to 1
[now] Brief file access diff
[Additions]
                       [Removals]
                                                  [Changes]
(rb) atlax-x.ppm
                     | (w)  at | (ax - x)  | (ax - x) 
(w) atlax-x.jpg (new) | (w) atlax-x.pgm (new)
                     | (w) reslice1.img (new)
(w) atlax-x.pqm
(w) atlax-x.ppm (new) | (wb) warp.warp (new)
(w) reslice1.hdr
(wb) warp.warp
```





Q4: using historical provenance, which parts of the execution fail frequently? [CSIRO-PROV]

```
SELECT name, count(name) AS c
FROM function_activation
WHERE return_value = "-1"
GROUP BY name
ORDER BY c DESC;
```





- Q5: which trials are related to a given trial?
- Q6. a given trial was derived from which trial? [VisTrails-PROV]
- Q7. what are the available trials, and what are their durations?
- Q8. how many trials are associated to a given source code?
- Q9. how many trials present failures? [Wf4Ever-PROV]

