

# Implementing a Deliberative Agent

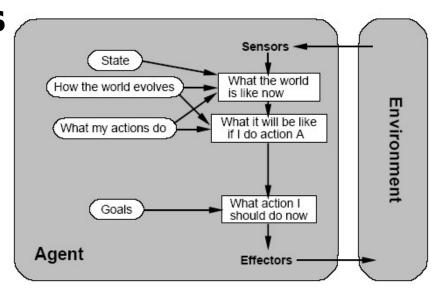
Intelligent Agents Course

(Credits to Radu Jurca Michael Schumacher)



## Deliberative Agents

- Also named *mental* or *rational* Agents
- The agent has an explicit model of the world in which it lives.
- Seeks to perform goals
- A planner reasons on the world model and decides which actions to realize by producing a plan, in order to achieve its goals.





## Vehicles - Deliberative Agents

- The vehicle computes an optimal plan using a state-based search algorithm
- Rewards on goal states: an optimal plan to minimize the cost

- States of the world are known with certainty
- State transitions are deterministic





#### The Cost of a Plan

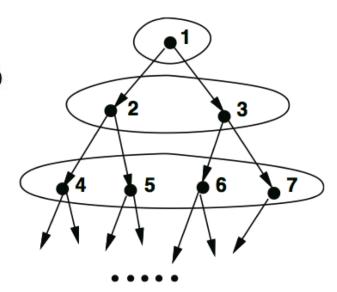
- Plan
  - Sequence of actions such that all tasks are delivered
  - Vehicle can carry multiple tasks
  - E.g. (T1,T2) ->
    - (move to pickup T1, pickup T1, move to delivery T1, deliver T1, move to pickup T2, pickup T2, move to deliver T2, deliver T2)
- Simplest cost form: distance x cost/km



#### Breadth-First Search Algorithm

#### Search with cycle detection

```
1.Q \leftarrow initial node
2.C \leftarrow \text{empty}
3.repeat
       if Q is empty, return failure
5.
       n \leftarrow \text{first element of } Q , Q \leftarrow \text{rest}(Q)
6. sin is a final node, return n
7. sin is not a member of C then
8.
             add n to C
9.
            S \leftarrow succ(n)
          Q \leftarrow append(S, Q)
10.
          endif
11.
```



12.end



# A\* Search Algorithm

endif

12.

13.end

```
Algorithm A* (best-first)
1.Q \leftarrow initial node
2.C \leftarrow \text{empty}
3.repeat
     if Q is empty, return failure
     n \leftarrow first element of Q, Q \leftarrow rest(Q)
6. if n is a final node, return n
     if n \notin C, or has lower cost than its copy in C then
8.
        add n to C
9. S \leftarrow succ(n)
10. S \leftarrow sort(S,f)
11.
        Q \leftarrow \text{merge}(Q,S,f)
     (Q is ordered in increasing order of f(n) = g(n) + h(n))
```



# Implementing Vehicles

 As soon as a delivery city is reached: task is delivered

Internal planning process:

```
if (current plan is not applicable anymore) {
  then recompute plan
}
execute the plan's next action
```

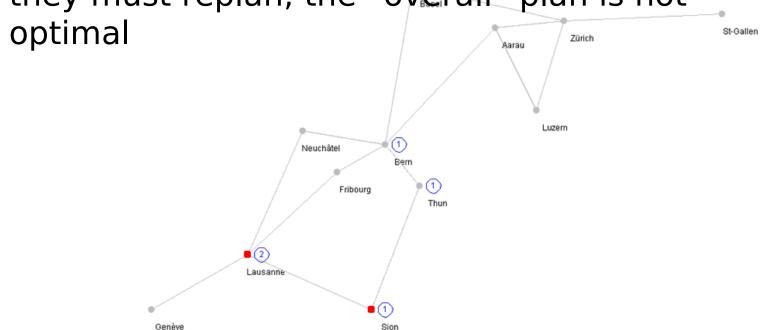
-> recomputing a plan may be necessary ...



#### Delivery Example

- 1 vehicle is able to carry out the intended plan
- 2 vehicles: => interference

they must replan, the "overall" plan is not





#### TO DO

- Representation for the states, transitions and goals (or final states)
- Implement breadth-first search and a state-based A\* search algorithm
- Implement the deliberative agent
- Simulate 1, 2, 3 deliberative agents



#### Deliverable

- Check Moodle for deadlines
- 100 points



