

Using GPX Manager v 1.1.2

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Introduction

GPX Manager is a windows application for managing track and waypoint data generated by GPS. GPS units are used to track movement of Blue Swimming Crab fishers. The location and time of important events such as lowering and hauling of gears are recorded using waypoints. Waypoints and tracking data are saved by the GPS in GPX files. GPX is an xml format adopted for GPS data. GPX Manager will make it easy to save these files into a computer, transfer logbook data to the database, and visualize tracks and waypoints using a map.

Requirements:

1. A copy of the GPX Manager installer (<https://github.com/raffyMartinez/GPXManager/releases>)
2. A PC with Windows installed (Windows 10 preferred)

Optional:

3. A copy of the installer for MapWinGIS mapping component (<https://github.com/MapWindow/MapWinGIS/releases/tag/v4.9.6.0>) (optional)
4. MS Access installed in the computer

Installing:

Installing MapWinGIS

How MapWinGIS is installed is similar to how most software is installed in Windows. Just accept the default settings the installer is asking you.

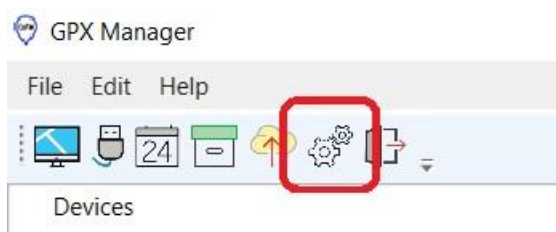
Installing GPX Manager

Most software that are installed in Windows are saved in the Program Files folder. For GPX Manager, it is recommended that the software is installed separately in its own folder. You could save it in **c:\GPXManager** or **c:\GPX** or any other folder name that you want. What is important is that by installing it in its own folder, it makes it easy to locate and update.

Opening GPX Manager for the first time

The first time GPX Manager is opened, it needs to be setup.

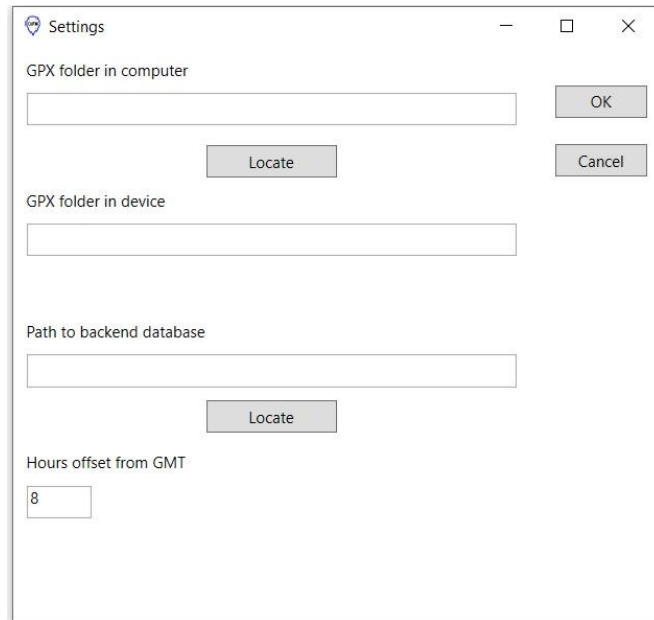
1. Click on the setup button



2. Provide the needed information

- GPX folder in computer – this is where backup of GPX files are saved in the computer
- GPX folder in device – this is the folder in the GPS where GPX files are saved. For Garmin devices, use: **Garmin\GPX**
- Path to backend database – locate the MDB file where data in GPX Manager is saved.
- Hours offset from GMT – this is the difference (in hours) your location is from Greenwich Mean Time or GMT. The Philippines is 8 hours ahead of GMT so the default value is 8.

GPS stores time in GMT that is why this value is needed to bring GPS time to local time.



The screenshot shows the 'Settings' dialog box for GPX Manager. It contains four input fields with corresponding 'Locate' buttons: 'GPX folder in computer', 'GPX folder in device', 'Path to backend database', and 'Hours offset from GMT'. The 'Hours offset from GMT' field is pre-filled with the value '8'. 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are located in the top right corner.

Enrolling GPS devices to the database

The serial numbers and device names of each GPS unit need to be saved in the database. This is done once for each device by enrolling them.

1. Connect one GPS unit to the computer using USB cable. To avoid confusion, enroll only one GPS unit at a time
2. Press the Scan USB devices button



3. The device that is recognized by windows is shown in the Devices tree view.



4. Fill up the form that is asking for information about the plugged GPS

Device name – the name that is assigned to the GPS

Device code – a short code that will identify your GPS.

Brand – select from the dropdown the GPS brand

Model – select from the dropdown the GPS model

Folder – the folder in the device where GPX data is saved.

As seen, Device ID is already detected by GPX Manager. This will be used as the primary ID of the device

Add this USB storage as a GPS to the database

Philips USB Flash Drive USB Device (9D0F07067070)

GPS	
Device name	
Device code	
Brand	
Model	
Folder	
Device ID	9D0F07067070

Save

- When the GPS brand dropdown is empty, double click on the dropdown.

A new window will open.

This new window will allow you to make a list of GPS brands

Click on the Ok button to save the list.

GPS Brands

Manage GPS brands

Garmin

Ok

Cancel

- Back to the form, select a GPS brand from the dropdown.

Add this USB storage as a GPS to the database

Philips USB Flash Drive USB Device (9D0F07067070)

GPS	
Device name	Ajuy 0015
Device code	AJ15
Brand	
Model	Garmin
Folder	
Device ID	9D0F07067070

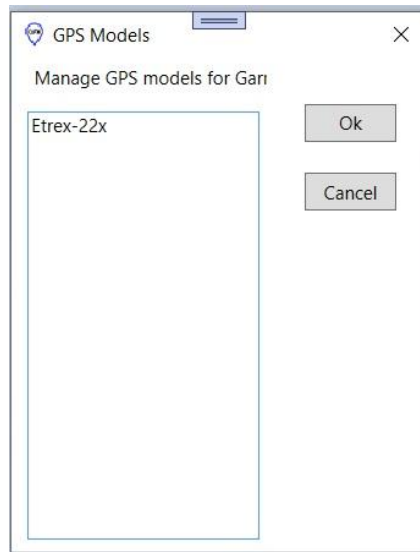
Brand

Brand of device

Save

7. Select model from the dropdown. If the list is empty, double click on the list so that you can enter one or more GPS models

Click on the Ok button to save the list



8. Back to the form, select the model from the dropdown

Add this USB storage as a GPS to the database

Philips USB Flash Drive USB Device (9D0F07067070)

GPS	
Device name	Ajuy 0015
Device code	AJ15
Brand	Garmin
Model	
Folder	Etrex-22x
Device ID	9D0F07067070

Model
Model of device

Save

9. Double click on the folder to select the folder in the GPS where GPX files are saved

Click on the save button to enroll the unit to the database.

Add this USB storage as a GPS to the database

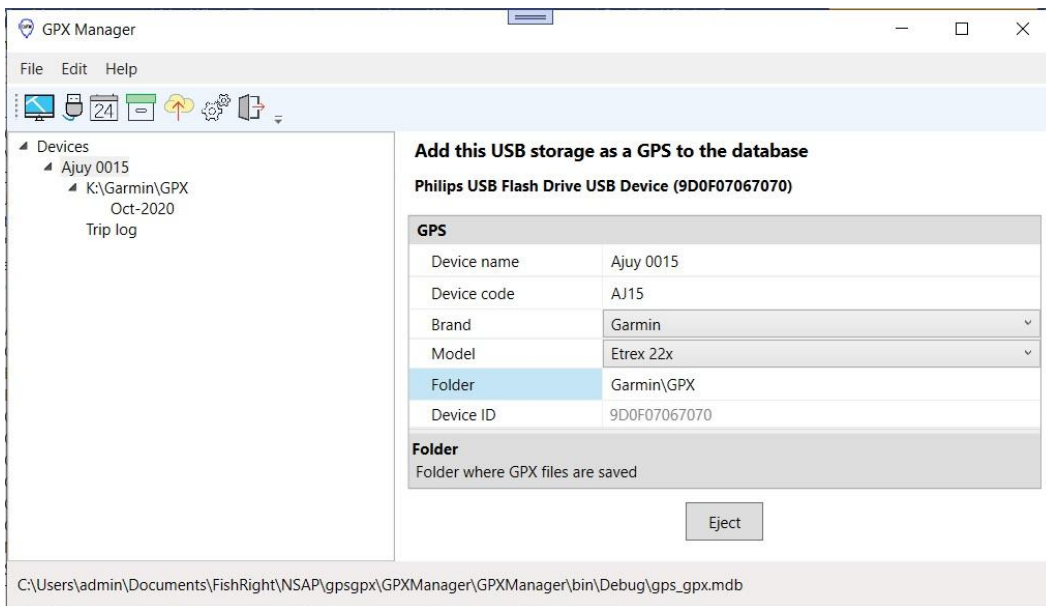
Philips USB Flash Drive USB Device (9D0F07067070)

GPS	
Device name	Ajuy 0015
Device code	AJ15
Brand	Garmin
Model	Etrex-22x
Folder	
Device ID	9D0F07067070

Folder
Folder where GPX files are saved

Save

When enrollment is successful, you will see this result.



In the device tree, you now see the assigned name of the device (**Ajuy 0015**). Below it, you will see a branch with the name of the folder where the GPX files are saved (**K:\Garmin\GPX**). You will see one or branches containing the months that represent a collection of GPX files whose time stamps belong to a month. In our example, there is a branch named **Oct-2020** and this contains GPX files collected within the month of October 2020.

The last branch that you will see is the **Trip log**. The Trip log will contain a list of Trips that are derived from GPX files contained in the GPS.

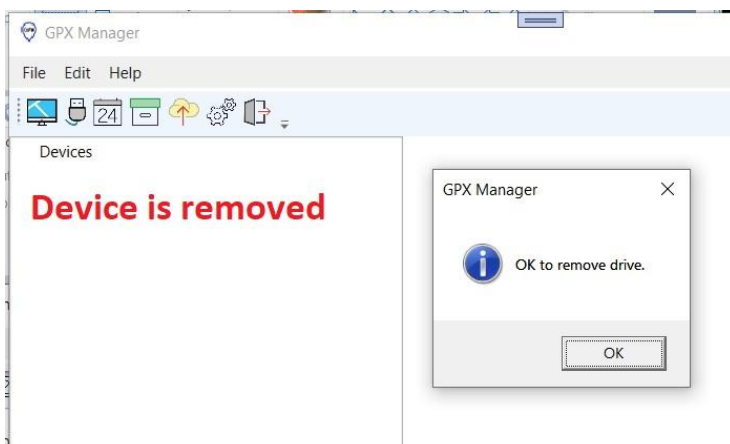
If you want, you can click on these branches to see the contents.

Using the Eject button, disconnect the GPS unit from your drive.

Enroll all GPS units following the steps just mentioned.

Ejecting GPS Device

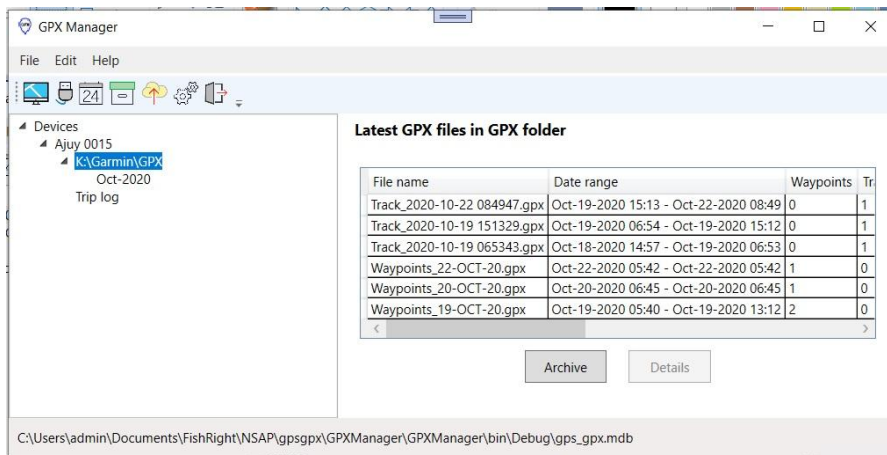
When a device is ejected, the software ensures that any GPX file saved in the GPS will be backed up to the database. Later, you will find out a way to prove that the GPX files are now saved to the database. After a successful removal of a device from the computer, you will see this confirmation:



You will see that the GPS is removed from the Device tree on the left side plus a confirmation message is displayed.

Viewing GPX data in the GPS

When you click on the GPX folder of the device, you will see a table with the latest GPX files. The table will show the **latest files only**. It will consist of the three newest track and three newest waypoint GPX files.

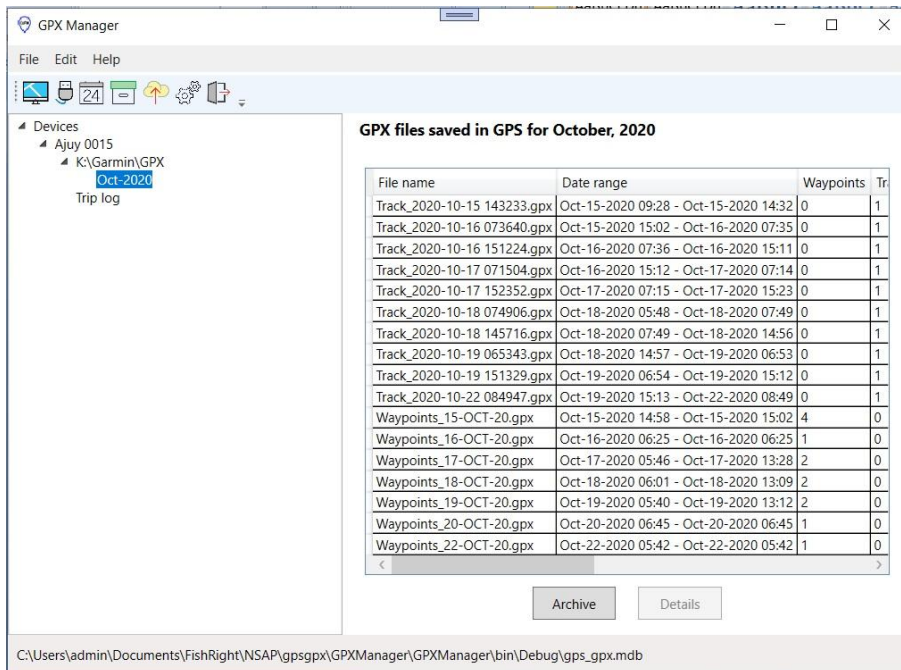


These are the columns in the table:

1. File name – the file name of the GPX file
2. Date range – the timestamps of the track or waypoints in the file
3. Waypoints – count of waypoints in the file. If the count is zero, it means that the file contains tracks
4. Tracks – count of tracks. If the count is zero, it means that the file only contains waypoints
5. Track points – number of points that make up the track. There should be at least 2 track points in a track
6. Time span – length of time between start of track and end of track. Expressed in number of hours and minutes
7. Length – length of the track expressed in kilometers
8. Trips – count of fishing trips that are based on the track
9. Mapped – if checked, it means that the GPX file is shown on the map
10. Archived – if checked, it means that the GPX is already backed up in the database
11. Size –size of the GPX file
12. Date created – date when the GPX file was created by the GPS
13. Date modified – date when the GPX file was modified by the GPS

Viewing GPX data in the GPS by month

When you click on a month, you will see a table of GPX files that were collected for that month.



Archiving GPX data

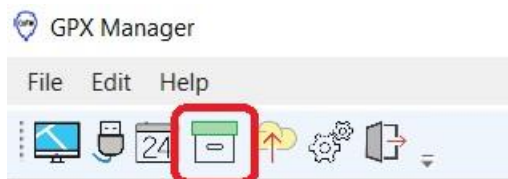
As seen in our previous examples, backing up GPX files to the database can be automatic. This will happen when the following occurs:

1. When a device is removed from the computer using the Eject button
2. When the application is closed, any GPX files in GPS devices connected to the computer will be backed up to the database.

Of course, you can archive data manually by pressing on the Archive buttons.

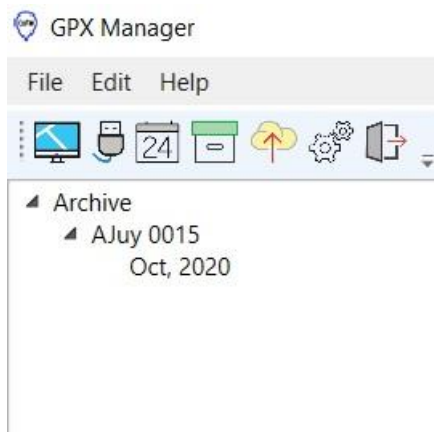
Viewing archived GPX files

1. From the toolbar, click on the Archive button:



2. You will see an archive tree that shows the following

A branch that shows a GPS whose files are backed up in the database (**Ajuy 0015**). Inside that branch are one or more month branches representing a set of files that were created during that month (**Oct-2020**)



- Click on a month to see a table of GPX files.

Archived content of GPS for October, 2020

File name	Date range	Waypoints	Tracks	Track points	Time span	Length (km)	Trips	Mapped
Track_2020-10-15 143233.gpx	Oct-15-2020 09:28 - Oct-15-2020 14:32	0	1	100	005:3.8	5.940	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-16 073640.gpx	Oct-15-2020 15:02 - Oct-16-2020 07:35	0	1	96	016:33.0	7.915	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-16 151224.gpx	Oct-16-2020 07:36 - Oct-16-2020 15:11	0	1	140	007:34.7	8.359	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-17 071504.gpx	Oct-16-2020 15:12 - Oct-17-2020 07:14	0	1	108	016:1.8	7.643	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-17 152352.gpx	Oct-17-2020 07:15 - Oct-17-2020 15:23	0	1	133	008:8.0	7.428	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-18 074906.gpx	Oct-18-2020 05:48 - Oct-18-2020 07:49	0	1	122	002:1.0	7.905	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-18 145716.gpx	Oct-18-2020 07:49 - Oct-18-2020 14:56	0	1	128	007:7.4	7.881	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-19 065343.gpx	Oct-18-2020 14:57 - Oct-19-2020 06:53	0	1	95	015:55.8	5.750	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-19 151329.gpx	Oct-19-2020 06:54 - Oct-19-2020 15:12	0	1	137	008:18.7	6.060	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Track_2020-10-22 084947.gpx	Oct-19-2020 15:13 - Oct-22-2020 08:49	0	1	253	065:35.4	13.593	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Waypoints_15-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-15-2020 14:58 - Oct-15-2020 15:02	4	0	0		0.000	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Waypoints_16-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-16-2020 06:25 - Oct-16-2020 06:25	1	0	0		0.000	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Waypoints_17-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-17-2020 05:46 - Oct-17-2020 13:28	2	0	0		0.000	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Waypoints_18-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-18-2020 06:01 - Oct-18-2020 13:09	2	0	0		0.000	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Waypoints_19-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-19-2020 05:40 - Oct-19-2020 13:12	2	0	0		0.000	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Waypoints_20-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-20-2020 06:45 - Oct-20-2020 06:45	1	0	0		0.000	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Waypoints_22-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-22-2020 05:42 - Oct-22-2020 05:42	1	0	0		0.000	0	<input type="checkbox"/>

Details

The table will have the following columns:

- File name – file name of the GPX file that is in the archive/backup
- Date range – for waypoints, timespan consists of the earliest waypoint timestamp and the latest waypoint timestamp. For tracks, it consist of the earliest track point and the latest track point.
- Waypoints – number of waypoints in the file, if zero then the file is a track GPX file.
- Tracks – number of tracks in the file, if zero then the file is a waypoint GPX file.
- Time span – for tracks, it is the length of time when the track was recorded until recording was stopped, It is expressed in number of hours: number of minutes
- Length – for tracks, it is the length in kilometers
- Trips – number of fishing trips that are based on the GPX file
- Mapped – if checked, it means that the GPX file is displayed on the map

Creating a fishing trip

A fishing trip is based on the tracks from a GPX file. You will add to this the data that are recorded in the logbook.

- Select a track GPX file that are listed in any of these two tables:

- GPX folder of a connected GPS
- Archives of GPX files

Right click and from the shortcut menu select **Add trip based on track**.

Latest GPX files in GPX folder

File name	Date range	Waypoints	Tracks
Track_2020-10-22 084947.gpx	Oct-19-2020 15:12 - Oct-22-2020 08:49	0	1
Track_2020-10-19 151329.gpx	Oct-19-2020 15:12	0	1
Track_2020-10-19 065343.gpx	Oct-19-2020 06:53	0	1
Waypoints_22-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-22-2020 05:42	1	0
Waypoints_20-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-20-2020 06:45 - Oct-20-2020 06:45	1	0
Waypoints_19-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-19-2020 05:40 - Oct-19-2020 13:12	2	0

Details

2. A new window will open. This window is where you will encode the data written in the logbook.

Fill up the requested data:

1. Name of operator
2. Name of fishing vessel
3. Gear used – select the gear used from the dropdown
4. Other fishing gear – if the fishing gear is not listed, then you can type the name of the gear here.
5. Date and time of departure
6. Date and time of arrival
7. Notes
8. Trip identifier
9. GPS used
10. Track summary

- Press the **Extract track** button.

This will get that portion of the track that fits between time of departure and time of arrival.

Afterwards, a summary of the track will be shown in Track summary.

Double click on Track summary if you want to see the details of the proposed track.

Press the **Ok** button to save to the database.

Back to the table of GPX files, you will now see that selected GPX file has been updated to show that it has 1 trip based on it. This means that the data in the GPX file was used to create the track for 1 fishing trip.

Latest GPX files in GPX folder

File name	Date range	Waypoints	Tracks	Track points	Time span	Length (km)	Trips
Track_2020-10-22 084947.gpx	Oct-19-2020 15:13 - Oct-22-2020 08:49	0	1	253	065:35.4	13.593	1
Track_2020-10-19 151329.gpx	Oct-19-2020 06:54 - Oct-19-2020 15:12	0	1	137	008:18.7	6.060	0
Track_2020-10-19 065343.gpx	Oct-18-2020 14:57 - Oct-19-2020 06:53	0	1	95	015:55.8	5.750	0
Waypoints_22-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-22-2020 05:42 - Oct-22-2020 05:42	1	0	0		0.000	0
Waypoints_20-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-20-2020 06:45 - Oct-20-2020 06:45	1	0	0		0.000	0
Waypoints_19-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-19-2020 05:40 - Oct-19-2020 13:12	2	0	0		0.000	0

Details

Questions

Does this mean that one GPX file can be used for more than 1 trip? Yes. As long as the current GPX file in the GPS is not removed, it will continue to track using the same file until the GPS detects that memory is full. Then it will overwrite earlier data in the track. Of course we will avoid getting to a point where GPS memory is reduced to a small size.

How do we manage multiple trips from one GPX file? In the logbook, we are asking date and time of departure and arrival to the landing site for each trip. If a GPX file contains multiple days of tracks, only those segments of the track whose timestamp fall in between the two dates and times will be saved.

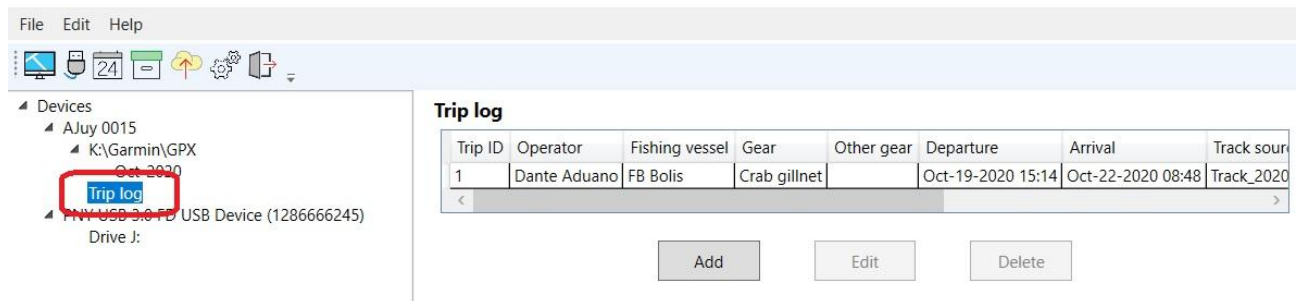
What are the advantages of this feature? It means that there is no need to worry if we forget to delete GPX file after transferring them to the database. We also reduce usage of the buttons of the GPS thus increasing its lifespan.

How will this impact the workflow? By allowing the GPS to just collect GPX data for multiple fishing trips we can simplify our workflow and make it easier for everyone. So instead of erasing data from the GPS after these have been copied to the computer we can do this less frequently say once a week or once every two weeks. Additionally, instead of downloading data to a computer after every trip, we can do it less frequently say once a week. The reduced handling of the GPS will produce benefits such as increased lifespan of the mechanical parts of the GPS.

How do we adopt these to the workflow? Slowly until we are comfortable and confident that the software is really backing up the data.

Providing waypoints for a trip.

1. Proceed to the **Trip log** branch of the current GPS. You will see another table containing trips that are saved to the database.



Trip ID	Operator	Fishing vessel	Gear	Other gear	Departure	Arrival	Track source
1	Dante Aduano	FB Bolis	Crab gillnet		Oct-19-2020 15:14	Oct-22-2020 08:48	Track_2020

These are the columns in the table:

1. Trip ID – database identifier of the trip
 2. Operator – name of the operator of the fishing vessel
 3. Fishing vessel – name of the fishing vessel
 4. Gear – gear used
 5. Other gear – name of other gear used (this is used if the gear's name is not on a preselected list of gear names)
 6. Departure - date and time of departure of the vessel from the landing site
 7. Arrival – date and time of arrival of the vessel at the landing site
 8. Track source GPX – name of the GPX file that is the source of tracking data for the trip
 9. Waypoints – number of waypoints assigned to the trip. This will be zero for each new trip.
 10. Summary – summary of the track of the vessel consisting of length in kilometers and duration (hours:minutes)
2. Select any row. A new table will show up below the trips table.

Trip log

Trip ID	Operator	Fishing vessel	Gear	Other gear	Departure	Arrival	Track source GPX	Waypoints	Summary (Length:km Duration Hours:Minutes)
1	Dante Aduano	FB Bolis	Crab gillnet		Oct-19-2020 15:14	Oct-22-2020 08:48	Track_2020-10-22 084947.gpx	0	Length: 13.54 Duration: 065:23.5 Points: 249

Add Edit Delete

Waypoints for selected trip

Row ID	Waypoint	Waypoint timestamp	Waypoint source GPX	Waypoint type	Set #
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Add Edit Delete

This new table will contain the waypoints that are assigned to a fishing trip. For now this table is empty and our next step is to add waypoints for the selected trip

- To add waypoints, click on the **Add** button. A new window will open for inputting the needed information.

- Waypoint name – select from the dropdown.
- Waypoint type – select whether the waypoint marks set or hauling of gear
- Timestamp – timestamp of the selected waypoint
- Set # - if this is from the first set put 1, if second set, put 2, etc.
- Trip ID – automatically generated
- Source of waypoint – name of GPX file where the waypoints are taken.
- ID –generated by the software

Add trip waypoint

Add a waypoint

TripWaypoint	
Waypoint name	
Waypoint type	Set
Timestamp	1/1/0001 12:00:00 AM
Set #	1
Trip ID	1 (AJuy 0015)
Source of waypoint	
ID	1

Ok

Cancel

Waypoint name
Name of waypoint

Press on the **Ok** button to save to the database

- The table of waypoints is updated and the selected trip that had zero waypoints assigned to it before now has 1 (encircled).

Trip log

Trip ID	Operator	Fishing vessel	Gear	Other gear	Departure	Arrival	Track source GPX	Waypoints	Summary (Length:km Duration Hours:Minutes)
1	Dante Aduano	FB Bolis	Crab gillnet		Oct-19-2020 15:14	Oct-22-2020 08:48	Track_2020-10-22 084947.gpx	1	Length: 13.54 Duration: 065:23.5 Points: 249

Add Edit Delete

Waypoints for selected trip

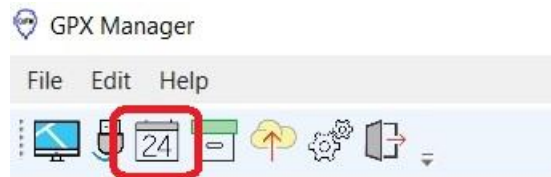
Row ID	Waypoint	Waypoint timestamp	Waypoint source GPX	Waypoint type	Set #
1	013	Oct-22-2020 05:42	Waypoints_22-OCT-20.gpx	Set	1

Add Edit Delete

Repeat until all waypoints has been assigned to the selected trip.

Viewing a calendar view of fishing trips

1. Click on the Trip calendar button on the toolbar

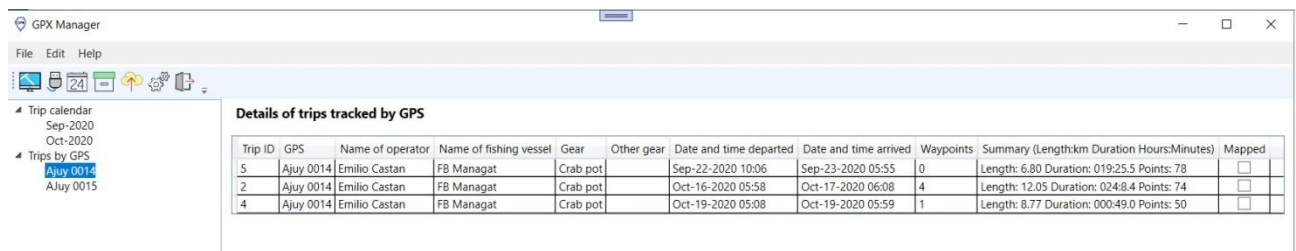


2. You will see a tree view of saved trips. Clicking on any branch that is found in the upper part of the tree allows you to view a calendar of fishing trips.

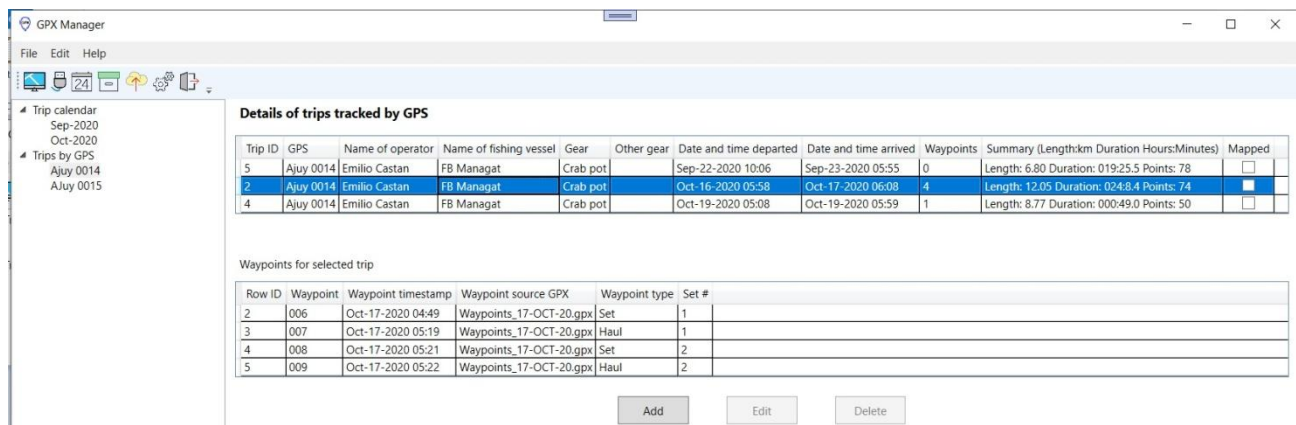


When you double click on a day marked with an "x", a window will open that shows the details of the selected trip.

3. This is the view of saved fishing trips per GPS.



When any row in the table is clicked, it will show the waypoints that were assigned to a trip.

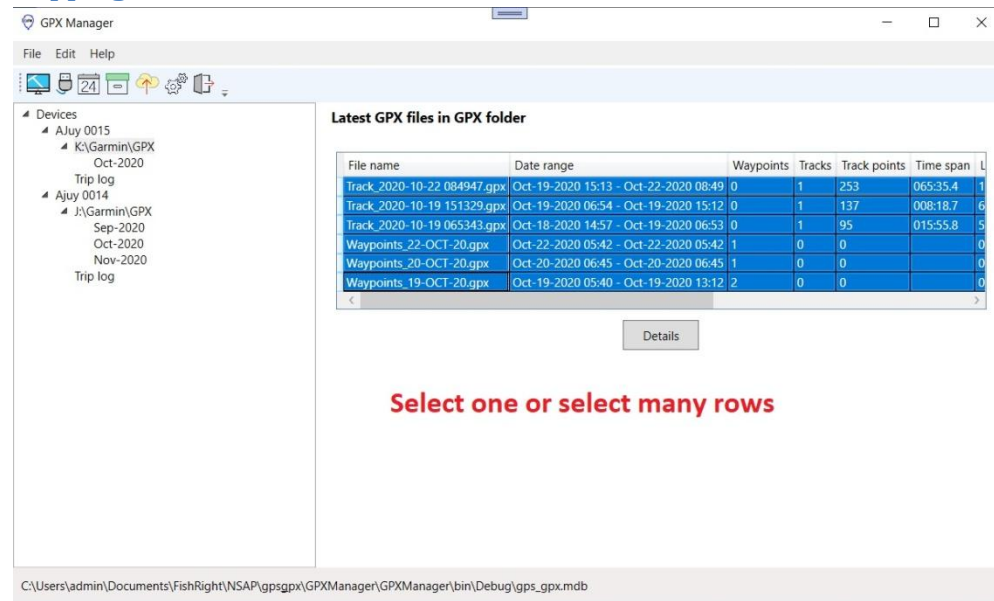


You can add add or edit waypoints to a saved trip.

Mapping

With GPX Manager, you can visualize tracks and waypoints on a map. It is easy. Just right click on a GPX file and from the shortcut menu, click on a mapping menu.

Mapping GPX files that are saved in GPS



GPX Manager

File Edit Help

Devices

- AJuy 0015
 - K:\Garmin\GPX
 - Oct-2020
 - Trip log
 - AJuy 0014
 - J:\Garmin\GPX
 - Sep-2020
 - Oct-2020
 - Nov-2020
 - Trip log

Latest GPX files in GPX folder

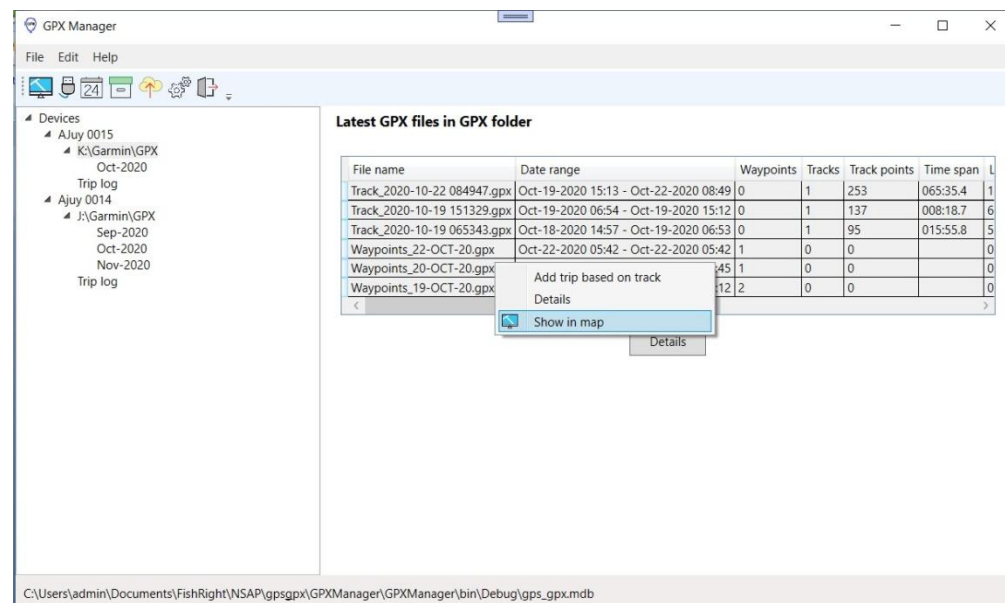
File name	Date range	Waypoints	Tracks	Track points	Time span	L
Track_2020-10-22 084947.gpx	Oct-19-2020 15:13 - Oct-22-2020 08:49	0	1	253	065:35.4	1
Track_2020-10-19 151329.gpx	Oct-19-2020 06:54 - Oct-19-2020 15:12	0	1	137	008:18.7	6
Track_2020-10-19 065343.gpx	Oct-18-2020 14:57 - Oct-19-2020 06:53	0	1	95	015:55.8	5
Waypoints_22-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-22-2020 05:42 - Oct-22-2020 05:42	1	0	0		0
Waypoints_20-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-20-2020 06:45 - Oct-20-2020 06:45	1	0	0		0
Waypoints_19-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-19-2020 05:40 - Oct-19-2020 13:12	2	0	0		0

Details

Select one or select many rows

C:\Users\admin\Documents\FishRight\NSAP\gpsgpx\GPXManager\GPXManager\bin\Debug\gps_gpx.mdb

Right click on any of the selected rows and from the shortcut menu, select the mapping option.



GPX Manager

File Edit Help

Devices

- AJuy 0015
 - K:\Garmin\GPX
 - Oct-2020
 - Trip log
 - AJuy 0014
 - J:\Garmin\GPX
 - Sep-2020
 - Oct-2020
 - Nov-2020
 - Trip log

Latest GPX files in GPX folder

File name	Date range	Waypoints	Tracks	Track points	Time span	L
Track_2020-10-22 084947.gpx	Oct-19-2020 15:13 - Oct-22-2020 08:49	0	1	253	065:35.4	1
Track_2020-10-19 151329.gpx	Oct-19-2020 06:54 - Oct-19-2020 15:12	0	1	137	008:18.7	6
Track_2020-10-19 065343.gpx	Oct-18-2020 14:57 - Oct-19-2020 06:53	0	1	95	015:55.8	5
Waypoints_22-OCT-20.gpx	Oct-22-2020 05:42 - Oct-22-2020 05:42	1	0	0		0
Waypoints_20-OCT-20.gpx		45	1	0		0
Waypoints_19-OCT-20.gpx		12	2	0		0

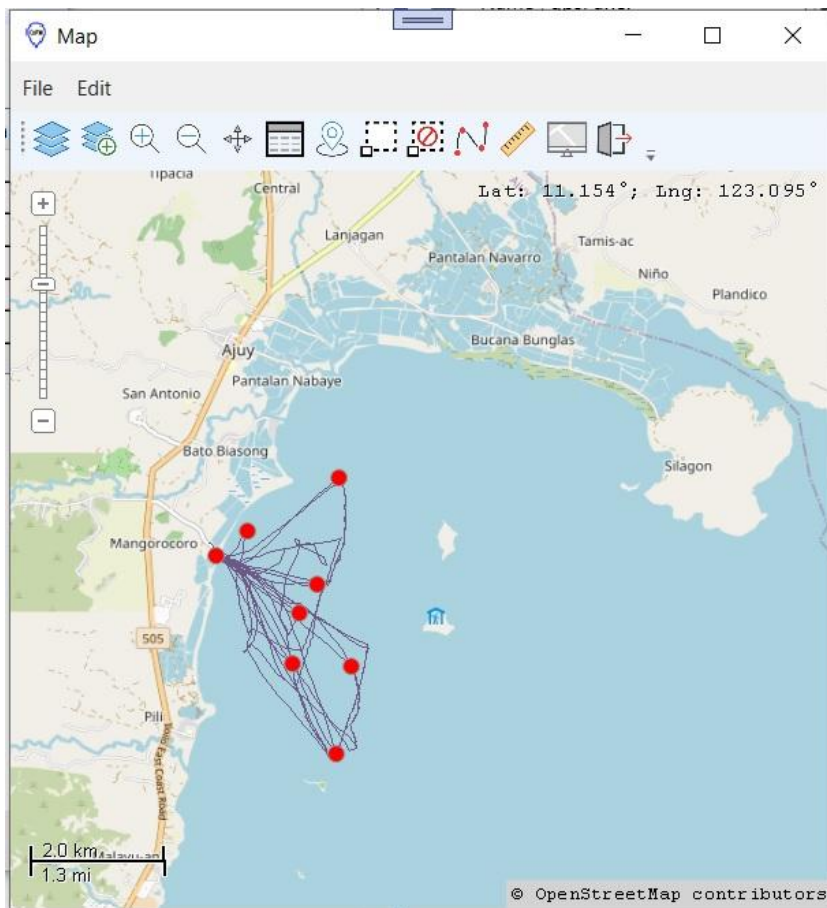
Context menu:

 - Add trip based on track
 - Details
 - Show in map

Details

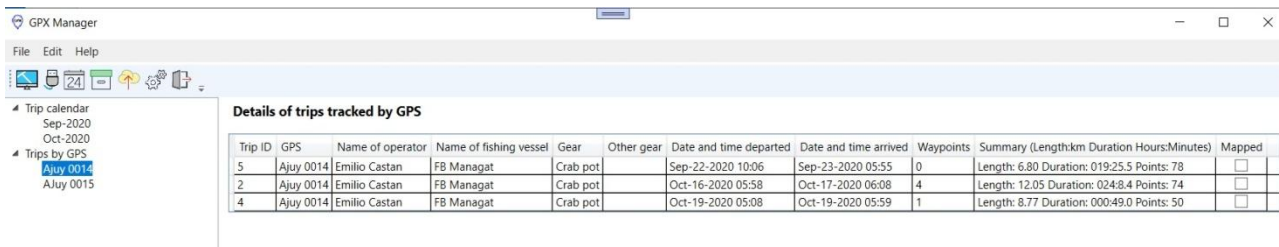
C:\Users\admin\Documents\FishRight\NSAP\gpsgpx\GPXManager\GPXManager\bin\Debug\gps_gpx.mdb

A map will open that will show the GPX files that were selected.

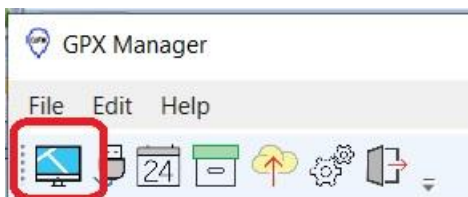


Mapping trips that are saved in the database

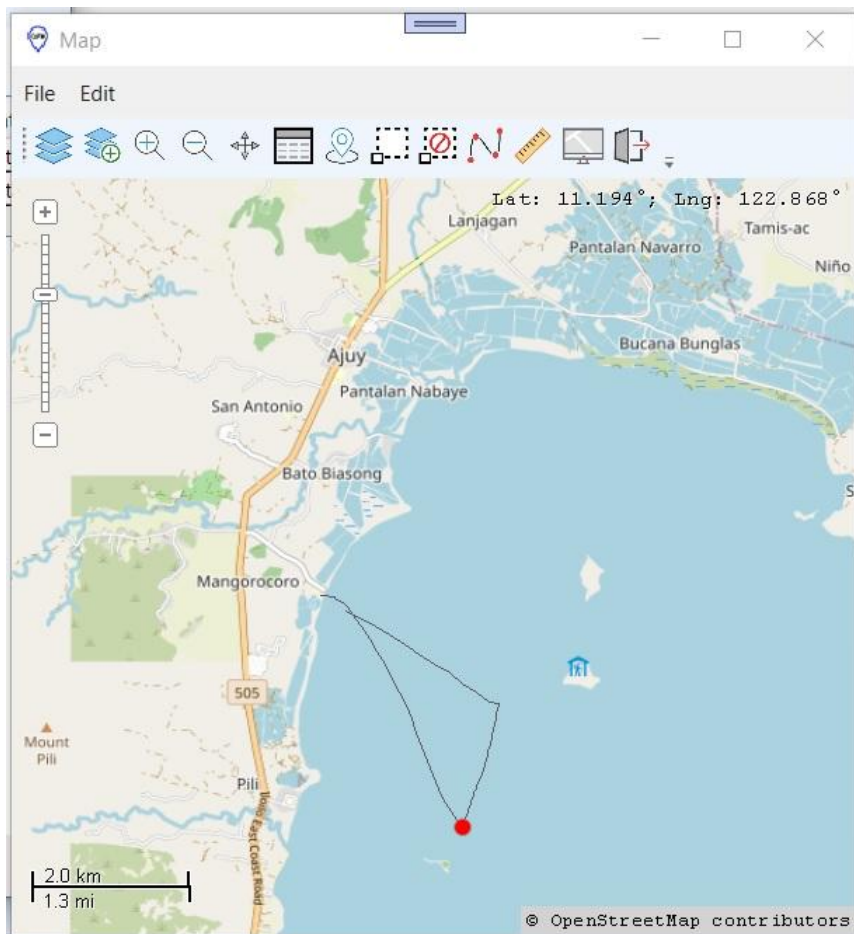
Open the calendar view and from the tree view, select a branch under Trips by GPS.



Then in the toolbar, click on the Open map button.

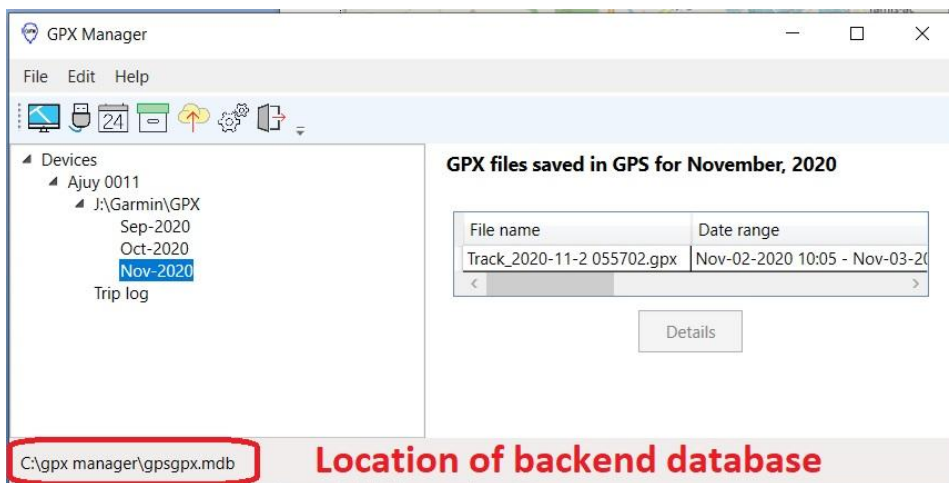


Select any row on the table. The track and waypoints for the selected trip will be shown on the map. If you click on another row on the table, the track and waypoints shown previously will be erased from the map and will be replaced by the currently selected trip.



Backend database of GPX Manager

The data that is managed by GPX Manager, especially track and waypoint data that are created by partner fishers using GPS are ultimately saved in a backend database. That database is an MDB or a Microsoft Access Database. The folder or directory where the database is located can be seen at the bottom of the GPX Manager window.



Double-click on the status bar that contains the name of the backend database to open the folder that contains the MDB file.

Structure of the database

The database consists of 6 tables.

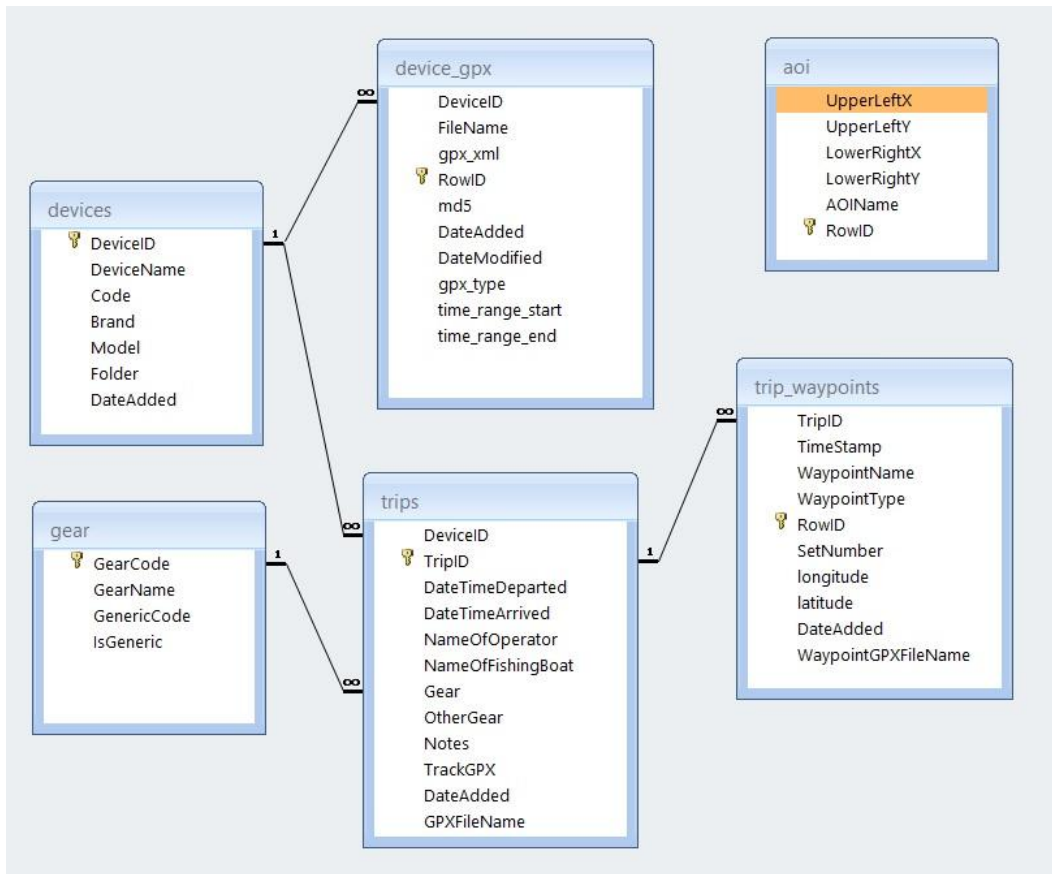


Table	Description
devices	Holds the details of the GPS that is enrolled in the system
gear	Holds the names of fishing gears that is selected from a drop-down list
device_gpx	Holds backup copies of GPX files that are generated by GOX
trips	Holds details of fishing trips
trip_waypoints	Holds details of waypoints that are assigned to a fishing trip
aoi	Holds details of areas of interest

Since the structure and fields of the database are self-explanatory, it would be useful to discuss how some of the tables work.

devices – as indicated, *DeviceID* is the primary key. This is the serial number that is detected by Windows when a device is plugged into the computer using USB. *Folder* is where the GPS saves the track and waypoint GPX files that are generated by the unit.

device_gpx - when the software archives or makes a backup of the GPX files that are in the GPS, it saves them to this table. The field *gpx_type* is used to indicate whether a file consists of tracks or waypoints. *DeviceID* tells us the GPS is that the source of the GPX file. The field *gpx_xml* is the actual content of the GPX file and is formatted using xml. To determine whether a gpx file has changed, the value stored in the *md5* field is used. The md5 algorithm is able to detect even a change of a single character in the gpx file. The *Filename* field saves the original filename of the GPX file.

trips – trip data for a fishing operation is saved in this table. The *TrackGPX* field holds an xml representation of the points that make up the track of an operation. TrackGPX is extracted from a GPX file using date and time of departure

and arrival that is written in the logbook. If you want to know the coordinates of the track of a fishing trip then you have to look at the contents of the `TrackGPX` field.

trip_waypoints – the waypoints that were created by the fishers to mark location of gear setting and hauling are saved in this table. The coordinates are stored in the *latitude* and *longitude* fields. *WaypointType* tells us if the waypoint was taken at setting or hauling of gear. Since a gear maybe set multiple times in a trip, the field *SetNumber* is used for this purpose.

aoi – to make locating fishing grounds in the map easier, we make use of AOIs or areas on interest. AOIs are rectangular areas that are defined using two longitude-latitude pairs. One pair describes the upper left hand corner of the rectangle and the other pair tells us where the lower-right corner is. AOIs are not used to enforce spatial limits. It is just a tool of convenience that makes it easy to mark an area on the map.