

First Equation

Original:

$$q = \frac{-1 + (1 + 4D_d[1 - Vu^{0.5} - (1 - V)u])^{0.5}}{2D_d} * q_{max}$$

$$\frac{dq}{du} = (q_{max}(1 + 4D_d(1 - Vu^{0.5} - (1 - V)u))^{-0.5}) * (-0.5Vu^{-0.5} + V - 1)$$

Utility:

$$q: ((-1+(1+4*D*(1-V*u^{0.5}-(1-V)*u))^{0.5})/(2*D))*q_{max}$$

$$\text{diff}(q,u): 1.0*q_{max}*(4*D*(-V*u^{0.5} - u*(-V + 1) + 1) + 1)^{0.5}*(-0.5*V*u^{0.5}/u + V - 1)/(4*D*(-V*u^{0.5} - u*(-V + 1) + 1) + 1)$$

Latex equivalent:

$$\frac{dq}{du} = 1.0 \frac{q_{max} (4D_d(-Vu^{0.5} - u(-V + 1) + 1) + 1)^{0.5} \left(-0.5\frac{Vu^{0.5}}{u} + V - 1\right)}{(4D_d(-Vu^{0.5} - u(-V + 1) + 1) + 1)}$$

Equivalent**Second Equation**

Original:

$$q = [1 - Vu^{0.5} - (1 - V)u] \cdot q_{max}$$

$$\frac{dq}{du} = q_{max} \cdot (-0.5Vu^{-0.5} + V - 1)$$

Utility:

$$q: (1-V*u^{0.5}-(1-V)*u)*q_{max}$$

$$\text{diff}(q,u): q_{max}*(-0.5*V*u^{0.5}/u + V - 1)$$

Latex equivalent:

$$\frac{dq}{du} = q_{max} \left(-0.5\frac{Vu^{0.5}}{u} + V - 1\right)$$

Equivalent**Third Equation**

Original:

$$q = q_{max} \cdot \frac{-1 + \left(1 + 4D_d \cdot [1 - 2vx \left(\frac{p_R}{p_x}\right) u^{0.5} - v(1 - x) \left(\frac{p_R}{p_x}\right)^2 u]\right)^{0.5}}{2D_d}$$

$$\frac{dq}{du} = q_{max} \cdot \left(1 + 4D_d \cdot \left[1 - 2vx \frac{p_R}{p_x} u^{0.5} - v(1-x) \left(\frac{p_R}{p_x} \right)^2 u \right] \right)^{-0.5} \cdot \left(-v \frac{p_R}{p_x} \left[xu^{-0.5} + \frac{p_R}{p_x} (1-x) \right] \right)$$

Utility:

$$q: q_{max} * (-1 + (1 + 4 * D * (1 - 2 * v * x * (pr / px) * u^{0.5} - v * (1 - x) * (pr / px)^2 * u))^{0.5}) / (2 * D)$$

$$\text{diff}(q, u): 1.0 * q_{max} * (4 * D * (-V * pr^2 * u * (-x + 1) / px^2 - 2 * V * pr * u^{0.5} * x / px + 1) + 1)^{0.5} * (-V * pr^2 * (-x + 1) / px^2 - 1.0 * V * pr * u^{0.5} * x / (px * u)) / (4 * D * (-V * pr^2 * u * (-x + 1) / px^2 - 2 * V * pr * u^{0.5} * x / px + 1) + 1)$$

Latex Equivalent:

$$\frac{dq}{du} = 1.0 \frac{q_{max} \left(4D_d \left(-\frac{V p_r^2 u (-x+1)}{p_x^2} - 2 \frac{V p_r u^{0.5} x}{p_x} + 1 \right) + 1 \right)^{0.5} \left(-\frac{V p_r^2 u (-x+1)}{p_x^2} - 1.0 \frac{V p_r u^{0.5} x}{p_x u} \right)}{\left(4D_d \left(-\frac{V p_r^2 u (-x+1)}{p_x^2} - 2 \frac{V p_r u^{0.5} x}{p_x} + 1 \right) + 1 \right)}$$

Equivalent

Fourth Equation

Original:

$$q = q_{max} \cdot \left[1 - 2vx \frac{p_R}{p_x} u^{0.5} - v(1-x) \left(\frac{p_R}{p_x} \right)^2 u \right]$$

$$\frac{dq}{du} = q_{max} \cdot \left(-v \frac{p_R}{p_x} \left[xu^{-0.5} + \frac{p_R}{p_x} (1-x) \right] \right)$$

Utility:

$$q: q_{max} * (1 - 2 * V * x * (pr / px) * u^{0.5} - V * (1 - x) * (pr / px)^2 * u)$$

$$\text{diff}(q, u): q_{max} * (-V * pr^2 * (-x + 1) / px^2 - 1.0 * V * pr * u^{0.5} * x / (px * u))$$

Latex equivalent:

$$\frac{dq}{du} = q_{max} \left(-\frac{V p_r^2 (-x + 1)}{p_x^2} - 1.0 \frac{V p_r u^{0.5} x}{p_x u} \right)$$

Equivalent

All the original derivatives are equivalent to the ones differentiated by SymPy.