

CSEN 1003 Compiler, Spring Term 2020
Practice Assignment 3

Discussion: 12.02.19 - 19.02.19

Exercise 3-1

CFG's

Give a context-free grammar (CFG) for each of the following languages:

- a) $L = \{a^m b^n c^k \mid k = m + n \text{ and } m, n, k \geq 0\}$ over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$.
- b) $L = \{a^m b^n \mid n \neq m\}$ over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$.
- c) $L = \{w \mid w \text{ is a palindrome}\}$ over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$. (Note: A palindrome is a string that reads the same backwards as forwards.)

Exercise 3-2

Parse trees

Consider the grammar:

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow A1B \\ A &\rightarrow 1A \mid 0 \\ B &\rightarrow 0B \mid \varepsilon \end{aligned}$$

Give a parse tree for each of the following strings:

- a) 11101
- b) 1010
- c) 0100

⁰Some exercises are due to Dr. Carmen Gervet

Exercise 3-3**Ambiguous grammars**

For the following grammars, first show that the grammar is ambiguous, then provide an equivalent unambiguous grammar.

$$\text{a) } S \rightarrow 1S0 \mid 1S \mid \varepsilon$$

$$\text{b) } S \rightarrow aSbS \mid aS \mid \varepsilon$$

Exercise 3-4**Leftmost and rightmost derivations**

Consider the following context-free grammar:

$$S \rightarrow SS+ \mid SS* \mid a$$

and the string: $aa+a*$

- Give a leftmost derivation for the string. Show the sequence of derivation rules applied.
- Give a rightmost derivation for the string. Show the sequence of derivation rules applied.
- Give a parse tree for the string.
- Is this grammar ambiguous? Justify your answer.

Exercise 3-5**Unambiguous grammars**

The following context-free grammar generates prefix expressions with operands 0 and 1 and binary operators +, -, and *:

$$S \rightarrow +SS \mid -SS \mid *SS \mid 0 \mid 1$$

- Find leftmost and rightmost derivations together with a parse tree for the string $*+-0101$.
- Prove that this grammar is unambiguous.

Exercise 3-6**Grammar Correctness**

- Consider the CFG G_1 :

$$S \rightarrow 0S11 \mid 0S111 \mid \varepsilon$$

Prove that $L(G_1) = \{0^m 1^n \mid 2m \leq n \leq 3m \text{ and } n, m \geq 0\}$

- Consider the CFG G_2 :

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow AC \\ A &\rightarrow aAb \mid \varepsilon \\ C &\rightarrow cC \mid \varepsilon \end{aligned}$$

Prove that $L(G_2) = \{a^m b^m c^n \mid m, n \geq 0\}$