

# **RK3 Loc**

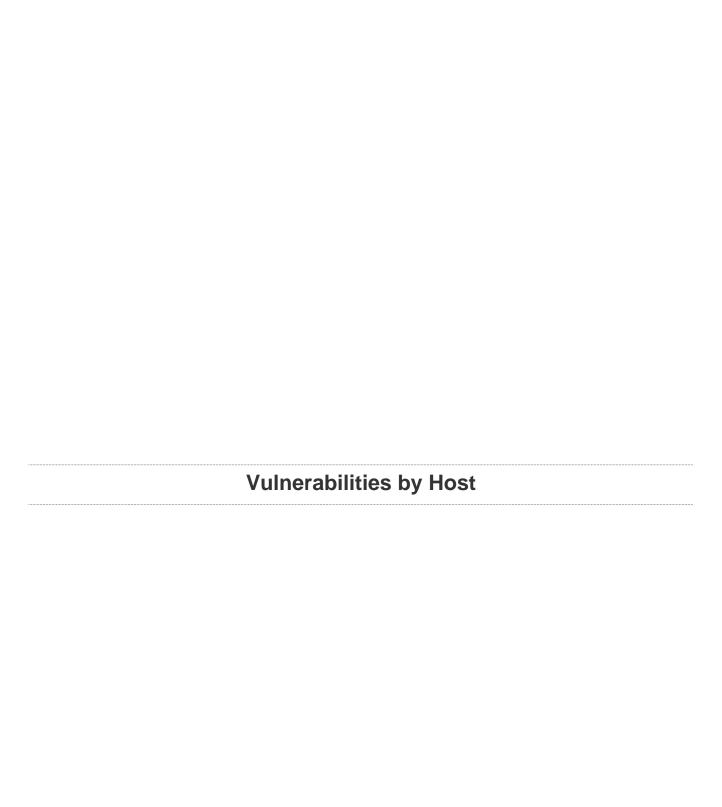
Report generated by  $\mathsf{Nessus}^{\scriptscriptstyle\mathsf{TM}}$ 

Fri, 02 Jul 2021 03:21:52 EDT

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# 30.90.90.99



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021 End time: Fri Jul 2 03:21:52 2021

#### **Host Information**

DNS Name: rk3adcsrv.rubberkingtyres.net

Netbios Name: RK3ADCSRV IP: 30.90.90.99

OS: Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard

# Vulnerabilities

# 35291 - SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm

# **Synopsis**

An SSL certificate in the certificate chain has been signed using a weak hash algorithm.

### Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm (e.g. MD2, MD4, MD5, or SHA1). These signature algorithms are known to be vulnerable to collision attacks. An attacker can exploit this to generate another certificate with the same digital signature, allowing an attacker to masquerade as the affected service.

Note that this plugin reports all SSL certificate chains signed with SHA-1 that expire after January 1, 2017 as vulnerable. This is in accordance with Google's gradual sunsetting of the SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm.

Note that certificates in the chain that are contained in the Nessus CA database (known\_CA.inc) have been ignored.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3279

http://www.nessus.org/u?9bb87bf2

http://www.nessus.org/u?e120eea1

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d894816

http://www.nessus.org/u?51db68aa

http://www.nessus.org/u?9dc7bfba

# Solution

Contact the Certificate Authority to have the SSL certificate reissued.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)

# CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 11849 BID 33065

CVE CVE-2004-2761

XREF CERT:836068

XREF CWE:310

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/01/05, Modified: 2020/04/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

The following certificates were part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but contain hashes that are considered to be weak.

-Subject : CN=ofcsslagent

30.90.99

|-Signature Algorithm : SHA-1 With RSA Encryption |-Valid From : Apr 08 02:48:37 2021 GMT |-Valid To : Dec 31 23:59:59 2039 GMT

30.90.90.99 6

# 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

# Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### References

CVE

CVE-2016-2183

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

 Name
 Code
 KEX
 Auth
 Encryption
 MAC

 DES-CBC3-SHA
 0x00, 0x0A
 RSA
 RSA
 3DES-CBC(168)

 SHA1

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

# 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

# Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

#### See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

#### Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

#### **Risk Factor**

High

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

#### 7.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:N/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2020/05/06

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/21112

```
- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.
Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                               KEX
   Name
                              Code
                                                          Auth Encryption
                                                                                          MAC
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                                  Encryption
                               Code
                                               KEX
                                                            Auth
                                                                                          MAC
   Name
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                                                    AES-CBC(128)
                                               DH
                                                            RSA
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(256)
                                               DH
 SHA1
   ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                               ECDH
                                                            RSA AES-CBC(128)
 SHA1
   ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                               ECDH
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(256)
                                                                   AES-CBC(128)
   AES128-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
 SHA1
   AES256-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-CBC(256)
 SHA1
   RC4-MD5
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    RC4(128)
                                                                                          MD5
   RC4-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                   RC4(128)
 SHA1
   ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                                               ECDH
                                                            RSA
                                                                 AES-CBC(128)
 SHA256
   ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
                                               ECDH
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(256)
 SHA384
   RSA-AES128-SHA256
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(128)
                                               RSA
 SHA256
   RSA-AES256-SHA256
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-CBC(256)
SHA256
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code} [...]
```

#### 18405 - Microsoft Windows Remote Desktop Protocol Server Man-in-the-Middle Weakness

# **Synopsis**

It may be possible to get access to the remote host.

# Description

The remote version of the Remote Desktop Protocol Server (Terminal Service) is vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attack. The RDP client makes no effort to validate the identity of the server when setting up encryption. An attacker with the ability to intercept traffic from the RDP server can establish encryption with the client and server without being detected. A MiTM attack of this nature would allow the attacker to obtain any sensitive information transmitted, including authentication credentials.

This flaw exists because the RDP server stores a hard-coded RSA private key in the mstlsapi.dll library. Any local user with access to this file (on any Windows system) can retrieve the key and use it for this attack.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?8033da0d

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc782610.aspx

#### Solution

- Force the use of SSL as a transport layer for this service if supported, or/and
- Select the 'Allow connections only from computers running Remote Desktop with Network Level Authentication' setting if it is available.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 13818

CVE CVE-2005-1794

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/06/01, Modified: 2021/03/30

# Plugin Output

tcp/3389/msrdp

#### 51192 - SSI, Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

# **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

# Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

#### See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/21112

|-Subject : CN=ofcsslagent

#### 45411 - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

# **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

# **Description**

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute of the SSL certificate presented for this service is for a different machine.

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/21112

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

169.254.130.101
30.90.999
rk3adcsrv.rubberkingtyres.net

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ofcsslagent
```

# 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

# Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII\_Attacking\_SSL\_when\_using\_RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

#### References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/21112

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
   Name
                                                KEX
                                                              Auth
                                                                      Encryption
                                                                                             MAC
                                                              ----
                                0x00, 0x04
   RC4-MD5
                                               RSA
                                                              RSA
                                                                       RC4(128)
                                                                                             MD5
   RC4-SHA
                                0x00, 0x05
                                                RSA
                                                              RSA
                                                                       RC4(128)
SHA1
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code}
  Kex={key exchange}
  Auth={authentication}
  Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
  MAC={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

# 78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

# Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

#### See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

#### Solution

Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

# References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2020/06/12

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/21112

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

# 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

# Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

# **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2020/03/31

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

TLSv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 58453 - Terminal Services Doesn't Use Network Level Authentication (NLA) Only

# **Synopsis**

The remote Terminal Services doesn't use Network Level Authentication only.

# **Description**

The remote Terminal Services is not configured to use Network Level Authentication (NLA) only. NLA uses the Credential Security Support Provider (CredSSP) protocol to perform strong server authentication either through TLS/SSL or Kerberos mechanisms, which protect against man-in-the-middle attacks. In addition to improving authentication, NLA also helps protect the remote computer from malicious users and software by completing user authentication before a full RDP connection is established.

#### See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2008-R2-and-2008/cc732713(v=ws.11)

http://www.nessus.org/u?e2628096

#### Solution

Enable Network Level Authentication (NLA) on the remote RDP server. This is generally done on the 'Remote' tab of the 'System' settings on Windows.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

4.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:L/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2012/03/23, Modified: 2021/04/20

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

Nessus was able to negotiate non-NLA (Network Level Authentication) security.

#### 57690 - Terminal Services Encryption Level is Medium or Low

# **Synopsis**

The remote host is using weak cryptography.

# **Description**

The remote Terminal Services service is not configured to use strong cryptography.

Using weak cryptography with this service may allow an attacker to eavesdrop on the communications more easily and obtain screenshots and/or keystrokes.

# Solution

Change RDP encryption level to one of :

- 3. High
- 4. FIPS Compliant

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2012/01/25, Modified: 2021/04/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

The terminal services encryption level is set to :

2. Medium

# 30218 - Terminal Services Encryption Level is not FIPS-140 Compliant

# **Synopsis**

The remote host is not FIPS-140 compliant.

# **Description**

The encryption setting used by the remote Terminal Services service is not FIPS-140 compliant.

#### Solution

Change RDP encryption level to:

4. FIPS Compliant

# **Risk Factor**

Low

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2008/02/11, Modified: 2021/04/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

The terminal services encryption level is set to :

2. Medium (Client Compatible)

# 10761 - COM+ Internet Services (CIS) Server Detection

# **Synopsis**

A COM+ Internet Services (CIS) server is listening on this port.

# Description

COM+ Internet Services are RPC over HTTP tunneling and require IIS to operate. CIS ports shouldn't be visible on internet but only behind a firewall.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d02f7e6e

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/support/kb/articles/q282/2/61.asp

# Solution

If you do not use this service, disable it with DCOMCNFG.

Otherwise, limit access to this port.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/09/14, Modified: 2019/11/22

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49158/ncacn\_http

Server banner :

ncacn\_http/1.0

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

# **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### **Solution**

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following CPE :

cpe:/o:microsoft:windows\_server\_2012:r2

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/135/epmap

```
The following DCERPC services are available locally :
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc0736D0
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc0736D0
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 9b008953-f195-4bf9-bde0-4471971e58ed, version 1.0
```

Description : Unknown RPC service Type : Local RPC service Named pipe : LRPC-8dd241be6fa5ece207 UUID : 9b008953-f195-4bf9-bde0-4471971e58ed, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Type : Local RPC service Named pipe : LSMApi Object UUID : 3bdb59a0-d736-4d44-9074-clee00000003 UUID : b2507c30-b126-494a-92ac-ee32b6eeb039, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Type : Local RPC service Named pipe : LRPC-5cb30099057515259c Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000003 UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Type : Local RPC service Named pipe : WMsgKRpc013A64D3 Object UUID : 95b1a011-40c6-4422-996f-110868a22740 UUID : 906b0ce0-c70b-1067-b317-00dd010662da, version 1.0 Description : Distributed Transaction Coordinator Windows process : msdtc.exe Type : Local RPC service Named pipe : LRPC-7bd67d2f01701cc7e1 Object UUID : b5b130e7-d1bb-4d66-bf00-e974fb93b331 UUID : 906b0ce0-c70b-1067-b317-00dd010662da, version 1.0 Description : Distributed Transaction Coordinator Wind [...]

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

```
The following DCERPC services are available remotely :
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown
Netbios name : \\RK3ADCSRV
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown
Netbios name : \\RK3ADCSRV
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 9b008953-f195-4bf9-bde0-4471971e58ed, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\LSM_API_service
Netbios name : \\RK3ADCSRV
Object UUID : 7364746e-0000-0000-0000-00000000000
UUID : c9ac6db5-82b7-4e55-ae8a-e464ed7b4277, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Impl friendly name
Type : Remote RPC service
```

Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RK3ADCSRV

Description : Security Account Manager

Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RK3ADCSRV

Windows process : unknown

Annotation : MS NT Directory DRS Interface

Type : Remote RPC service Named pipe : \pipe\lsass Netbios name : \\RK3ADCSRV

Windows process : unknown

Annotation : MS NT Directory DRS Interface

Type : Remote RPC service

Named pipe :  $\phi = 0.014e9350042ce$ 

Netbios name : \\RK3ADCSRV

Description : Local Security Authority

Windows process : lsas [...]

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/6160/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 6160:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: d107c6e0-fc35-49ba-ba03-3e192de6797d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam Deployer

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6160

IP: 30.90.90.99

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000

UUID: d1c2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam RPC Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6160

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/6161/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 6161:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: dlc2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6161

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/6162/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 6162:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: d1c2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6162

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/6190/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 6190:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: d1c2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6190

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

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# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/6210/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 6210:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000000

UUID: 844d6366-6a97-4eb5-8345-b88e8276c20d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam HV Integration

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6210

IP: 30.90.90.99

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-000000000000

UUID: dlc2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6210

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/11731/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 11731:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-000000000000
UUID: d107c6e0-fc35-49ba-ba03-3e192de6797d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service
Annotation: Veeam Deployer

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 11731

IP: 30.90.90.99

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000

UUID: d1c2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service
Annotation: Veeam RPC Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 11731

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49152/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49152:

Object UUID: 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91

UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49152

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

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# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49153/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49153:
UUID : f6beaff7-le19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Event log TCPIP
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : 30adc50c-5cbc-46ce-9a0e-91914789e23c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : NRP server endpoint
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : abfb6ca3-0c5e-4734-9285-0aee72fe8d1c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Wcm Service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 30.90.90.99
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d6, version 1.0
```

30.90.90.99

Description : Unknown RPC service

Annotation : DHCPv6 Client LRPC Endpoint

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49153 IP : 30.90.90.99

Description : DHCP Client Service Windows process : svchost.exe

Annotation : DHCP Client LRPC Endpoint

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49153 IP : 30.90.90.99

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49154/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49154:
UUID : 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : 3a9ef155-691d-4449-8d05-09ad57031823, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 30.90.90.99
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 98716d03-89ac-44c7-bb8c-285824e51c4a, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : XactSrv service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : 1a0d010f-1c33-432c-b0f5-8cf4e8053099, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : IdSegSrv service
```

30.90.90.99

Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP: 30.90.90.99 UUID : a398e520-d59a-4bdd-aa7a-3cle0303a511, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : IKE/Authip API Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP: 30.90.90.99 UUID : 552d076a-cb29-4e44-8b6a-d15e59e2c0af, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : IP Transition Configuration endpoint Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP : 30.90.90.99 UUID : 2e6035b2-e8f1-41a7-a044-656b439c4c34, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation: Proxy Manager provider server endpoint Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP: 30.90.90.99 UUID : c36be077-e14b-4fe9-8abc-e856ef4f048b, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : Proxy Manager client server endpoint Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP: 30.90.90.99 UUID : c49a5a70-8a7f-4e70-ba16-1e8f1f193ef1, version 1.0 Description [...]

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49155/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49155:
Object UUID : 7364746e-0000-0000-0000-00000000000
UUID : c9ac6db5-82b7-4e55-ae8a-e464ed7b4277, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Impl friendly name
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : e3514235-4b06-11d1-ab04-00c04fc2dcd2, version 4.0
Description : Active Directory Replication Interface
Windows process : unknown
Annotation : MS NT Directory DRS Interface
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP: 30.90.90.99
```

30.90.90.99

UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 0.0

Description : Local Security Authority

Windows process : lsass.exe Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49155 IP : 30.90.90

Object UUID : 5fc860e0-6f6e-4fc2-83cd-46324f25e90b

 ${\tt UUID} \;:\; 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, \; version \; 0.0$ 

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49155 IP : 30.90.90.99

Object UUID : 9a81c2bd-a525-471d-a4ed-49907c0b23da UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49155 IP : 30.90.90.99

Description : Network Logon Service

Windows process : lsass.exe Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49155 IP : 30.90.90.99

Description : Unknown RPC service

Annotation : KeyIso
Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49155 IP : 30.90.90.99

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49157/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49157:
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49157
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : e3514235-4b06-11d1-ab04-00c04fc2dcd2, version 4.0
Description : Active Directory Replication Interface
Windows process : unknown
Annotation : MS NT Directory DRS Interface
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49157
IP: 30.90.90.99
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 0.0
Description : Local Security Authority
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49157
IP: 30.90.90.99
Object UUID : 5fc860e0-6f6e-4fc2-83cd-46324f25e90b
```

UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49157 IP : 30.90.90.99

Object UUID : 9a81c2bd-a525-471d-a4ed-49907c0b23da

 ${\tt UUID} \; : \; 0 \\ {\tt b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7}, \; \; {\tt version} \; \; 0.0 \\$ 

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49157 IP : 30.90.90.99

Description : Network Logon Service

Windows process : lsass.exe Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49157 IP : 30.90.90.99

Description : Unknown RPC service

Annotation : KeyIso
Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49157 IP : 30.90.90

30.90.90.99

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/49175/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49175 :
UUID : 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 1.0
Description : IPsec Services (Windows XP & 2003)
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49175
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : 0b6edbfa-4a24-4fc6-8a23-942bleca65d1, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49175
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : ae33069b-a2a8-46ee-a235-ddfd339be281, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49175
IP: 30.90.90.99
UUID : 4a452661-8290-4b36-8fbe-7f4093a94978, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
```

TCP Port : 49175 IP : 30.90.90.99

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49175
IP : 30.90.90.99

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/52877/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 52877:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000000

UUID: 50abc2a4-574d-40b3-9d66-ee4fd5fba076, version 5.0

Description: DNS Server

Windows process: dns.exe

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 52877

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/58434/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 58434:

Object UUID: 5bcled07-f5f5-485f-9dfd-6fd0acf9a23c

UUID: 897e2e5f-93f3-4376-9c9c-fd2277495c27, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Frs2 Service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 58434

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/61977/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 61977:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000000

UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2.0

Description: Service Control Manager

Windows process: svchost.exe

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 61977

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/61980/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 61980:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: 6b5bddle-528c-422c-af8c-a4079be4fe48, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service
Annotation: Remote Fw APIs

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 61980

IP: 30.90.90.99
```

# 11002 - DNS Server Detection

# **Synopsis**

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\_Name\_System

# Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

# **Plugin Output**

udp/53/dns

# 54615 - Device Type

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 99

# 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

# **Synopsis**

A web server is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/5985/www

The remote web server type is :

Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0

# 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

# **Synopsis**

A web server is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/47001/www

The remote web server type is :

Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0

# 12053 - Host Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) Resolution

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to resolve the name of the remote host.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to resolve the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/02/11, Modified: 2017/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

30.90.90.99 resolves as rk3adcsrv.rubberkingtyres.net.

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

# **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

# **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

# Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/5985/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found

Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
SSL: no
Keep-Alive: no
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers:

Content-Type: text/html; charset=us-ascii
Server: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
Date: Fri, 02 Jul 2021 13:43:43 GMT
Connection: close
Content-Length: 315

Response Body:
```

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

# **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

# **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

# Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/47001/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found

Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
SSL: no
Keep-Alive: no
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers:

Content-Type: text/html; charset=us-ascii
Server: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
Date: Fri, 02 Jul 2021 13:43:43 GMT
Connection: close
Content-Length: 315

Response Body:
```

# 43829 - Kerberos Information Disclosure

# **Synopsis**

The remote Kerberos server is leaking information.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to retrieve the realm name and/or server time of the remote Kerberos server.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/01/08, Modified: 2015/09/24

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/88

Nessus gathered the following information :

Server time : 2021-07-02 13:38:55 UTC Realm : RUBBERKINGTYRES.NET

# 25701 - LDAP Crafted Search Request Server Information Disclosure

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to discover information about the remote LDAP server.

# **Description**

By sending a search request with a filter set to 'objectClass=\*', it is possible to extract information about the remote LDAP server.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/07/12, Modified: 2012/02/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/389/ldap

```
[+]-namingContexts:
    DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
     CN=Configuration,DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
     CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=rubberkingtyres, DC=net
     DC=ForestDnsZones,DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
     DC=DomainDnsZones,DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
[+]-currentTime:
   20210702134508.0Z
[+]-subschemaSubentry:
   CN=Aggregate,CN=Schema,CN=Configuration,DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
[+]-dsServiceName:
   CN=NTDS Settings, CN=RK3ADCSRV, CN=Servers, CN=Default-First-Site-
Name, CN=Sites, CN=Configuration, DC=rubberkingtyres, DC=net
[+]-namingContexts:
     DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
      CN=Configuration, DC=rubberkingtyres, DC=net
      CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=rubberkingtyres, DC=net
     DC=ForestDnsZones,DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
     DC=DomainDnsZones,DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
[+]-defaultNamingContext:
   DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
[+]-schemaNamingContext:
   CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=rubberkingtyres, DC=net
[+]-configurationNamingContext:
   CN=Configuration, DC=rubberkingtyres, DC=net
[+]-rootDomainNamingContext:
   DC=rubberkingtyres,DC=net
[+]-supportedControl:
     1.2.840.113556.1.4.319
    1.2.840.113556.1.4.801
```

```
1.2.840.113556.1.4.473
1.2.840.113556.1.4.528
1.2.840.113556.1.4.417
1.2.840.113556.1.4.619
1.2.840.113556.1.4.841
1.2.840.113556.1.4.529
1.2.840.113556.1.4.805
1.2.840.113556.1.4.521
1.2.840.113556.1.4.970
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1338
1.2.840.113556.1.4.474
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1339
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1340
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1413
2.16.840.1.113730.3.4.9
2.16.840.1.113730.3.4.10
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1504
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1852
1.2.840.113556.1.4.802
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1907
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1948
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1974
1.2.840.113556.1.4.1341
1.2.840.113556.1.4.2026
1.2.840.113556.1.4.2064
1.2.840.113556.1.4.2065
1.2.840.113556.1.4.2066
1.2.840.113556.1.4.2090
1.2.840.113556.1.4.2205
1.2.840.113556.1.4 [...]
```

30.90.90.99

# 20870 - LDAP Server Detection

tcp/389/ldap

# Synopsis An LDAP server was detected on the remote host. Description The remote host is running a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) server. LDAP is a protocol for providing access to directory services over TCP/IP. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/LDAP Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2006/02/10, Modified: 2019/11/22

# 117886 - Local Checks Not Enabled (info)

# **Synopsis**

Local checks were not enabled.

# **Description**

Nessus did not enable local checks on the remote host. This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan. Credentials may not have been provided, local checks may not be available for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented local checks from being enabled. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports informational findings related to local checks not being enabled. For failure information, see plugin 21745:

'Authentication Failure - Local Checks Not Run'.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF

IAVB:0001-B-0515

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2020/09/22

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
The following issues were reported:

- Plugin : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
    Plugin ID : 110723
    Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided
    Message :

Credentials were not provided for detected SMB service.
```

# 42410 - Microsoft Windows NTLMSSP Authentication Request Remote Network Name Disclosure

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote host listens on tcp port 445 and replies to SMB requests.

By sending an NTLMSSP authentication request it is possible to obtain the name of the remote system and the name of its domain.

# Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/11/06, Modified: 2019/11/22

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/445/cifs

```
The following 2 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

RK3ADCSRV = Computer name

RUBBERKINGTYRES = Workgroup / Domain name
```

# 10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

#### Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2020/01/22

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Operating System is : Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard 9600 The remote native LAN manager is : Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard 6.3 The remote SMB Domain Name is : RUBBERKINGTYRES

30.90.90.99

# 26917 - Microsoft Windows SMB Registry: Nessus Cannot Access the Windows Registry

# **Synopsis**

Nessus is not able to access the remote Windows Registry.

# **Description**

It was not possible to connect to PIPE\winreg on the remote host.

If you intend to use Nessus to perform registry-based checks, the registry checks will not work because the 'Remote Registry Access'

service (winreg) has been disabled on the remote host or can not be connected to with the supplied credentials.

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# References

XREF

IAVB:0001-B-0506

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/10/04, Modified: 2020/09/22

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

Could not connect to the registry because: Could not connect to IPC\$

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

# **Synopsis**

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/139/smb

An SMB server is running on this port.

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

# **Synopsis**

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

# Solution

n/a

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

A CIFS server is running on this port.

# 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

# Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports the following versions of SMB:  $$\mathsf{SMBv1}$$ \mathsf{SMBv2}$$ 

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

# Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/21

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

30.90.90.99

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

# Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/25

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

# Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/53

Port 53/tcp was found to be open

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

# Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

# **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/88

Port 88/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/110

Port 110/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/111

Port 111/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/135/epmap

Port 135/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/139/smb

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/143

Port 143/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/389/ldap

Port 389/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

Port 443/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/464

Port 464/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/636

Port 636/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

Port 3389/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/5985/www

Port 5985/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/6160/dce-rpc

Port 6160/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/6162/dce-rpc

Port 6162/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8015

Port 8015/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/9380

Port 9380/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/9381

Port 9381/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/11731/dce-rpc

Port 11731/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

Port 21112/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/47001/www

Port 47001/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49152/dce-rpc

Port 49152/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49155/dce-rpc

Port 49155/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49158/ncacn\_http

Port 49158/tcp was found to be open

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 4308 sec

# 43815 - NetBIOS Multiple IP Address Enumeration

## **Synopsis**

The remote host is configured with multiple IP addresses.

## **Description**

By sending a special NetBIOS query, Nessus was able to detect the use of multiple IP addresses on the remote host. This indicates the host may be running virtualization software, a VPN client, or has multiple network interfaces.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/01/06, Modified: 2011/09/02

# **Plugin Output**

udp/137

The remote host appears to be using the following IP addresses :

- 30.90.90.99
- 169.254.130.101

# 10884 - Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server Detection

## **Synopsis**

An NTP server is listening on the remote host.

## **Description**

An NTP server is listening on port 123. If not securely configured, it may provide information about its version, current date, current time, and possibly system information.

#### See Also

http://www.ntp.org

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

**XREF** 

IAVT:0001-T-0934

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2015/03/20, Modified: 2021/02/24

## **Plugin Output**

udp/123/ntp

An NTP service has been discovered, listening on port 123.

No sensitive information has been disclosed.

Version : unknown

### 11936 - OS Identification

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2021/05/12

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard
Confidence level: 99
Method : MSRPC
Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of
the following could be used to identify the host's operating system,
please email them to os-signatures@nessus.org. Be sure to include a
brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating
system or product / model names.
NTP:::unknown
HTTP:Server: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
  P1:B11013:F0x12:W64240:O0204ffff:M1460:
  P2:B11013:F0x12:W64240:O0204ffff:M1460:
  P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:00:M0
  P4:181310_7_p=49155R
SSLcert:!:i/CN:Fortinet Untrusted CAi/O:Fortineti/OU:Certificate Authoritys/CN:ofcsslagent
dce394e5fca93475bce84f84ea4f81a6b63c3549
The remote host is running Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard
```

# 66173 - RDP Screenshot

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to take a screenshot of the remote login screen.

## **Description**

This script attempts to connect to the remote host via RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol) and attempts to take a screenshot of the login screen.

While this is not a vulnerability by itself, some versions of Windows display the names of the users who can connect and which ones are connected already.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/04/22, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

It was possible to gather the following screenshot of the remote login screen.

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications.

# **Description**

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2021/02/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

# 45410 - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

## **Synopsis**

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

## **Description**

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

#### Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

## **Plugin Output**

# tcp/21112

```
The host names known by Nessus are:

rk3adcsrv
rk3adcsrv.rubberkingtyres.net

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ofcsslagent
```

### 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

## **Description**

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

```
Subject Name:
Common Name: ofcsslagent
Issuer Name:
Country: US
State/Province: California
Locality: Sunnyvale
Organization: Fortinet
Organization Unit: Certificate Authority
Common Name: Fortinet Untrusted CA
Email Address: support@fortinet.com
Serial Number: 0A 8D 2F 46 9A C6 F6 69
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Apr 08 02:48:37 2021 GMT
Not Valid After: Dec 31 23:59:59 2039 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 A0 33 C6 14 23 4B D0 A6 E1 26 24 E2 FC 41 12 0A C5 92 81
            BB 61 D7 A5 79 4E C6 C1 2C 73 B5 84 42 6A D3 F4 2C D6 57 DC
            B7 7C 8D 86 4C 45 73 A8 B6 DE AB 94 8E 61 7E 4A 87 28 29 A6
            91 D4 B7 B1 C5 51 9F CB 15 02 A6 BF 52 7F 36 81 2F BF FA 44
            72 3E 68 32 27 84 3A F7 41 F2 CC 22 8E 01 EB 7A EB 09 B1 90
```

```
23 4B A8 06 F5 8F 8A 1A 4A 46 4D 61 A9 23 9D 13 2C 3E C7 83
            3C 97 3B 5D 9D 1D 7D 01 7E F8 31 0A E8 66 FF AF F9 2F F2 20
            E9 B1 01 29 94 19 OF 71 CA CC 66 27 90 32 83 FF 47 23 95 25
            DO 97 09 69 65 14 90 C7 BB EC 7D D8 05 2B EB 10 85 EB 44 5A
            F2 24 4B 50 4F 4E CF B8 03 66 2D A2 8B 90 69 65 DA 94 12 DE
            F6 4D BB 3A 2B 1E 64 7D A2 2C 64 AD 46 A3 30 5E 64 08 79 17
            96 9B 55 CB B7 73 63 7E 20 71 CE B0 39 FA 7A 57 F7 73 6C EE
            54 DA 5C 12 4C 33 E5 67 53 70 E9 8B 7E CC 70 4B 03
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 67 CF C4 FE 00 E1 34 DD E6 EF 1B 03 39 85 06 70 EA 82 A3
           61 25 30 66 48 6A 39 9A C7 37 B2 BA A4 CC 89 22 C3 E6 BD A5 \,
           A3 26 61 28 7F 03 F1 49 A5 3F E2 85 51 84 23 5B 1B F5 B5 67
           OF 2E 41 C6 E3 35 93 5A CD ED DB 45 CF 2C FB 8E 39 DO D2 4B
           7F E4 15 1D 4F 64 B5 74 08 10 04 46 78 59 71 26 29 11 30 ED
           E2 E9 67 4B D6 C8 27 86 B6 E2 6D D6 5B 1E E7 83 3B 21 37 C4
           64 1E D1 28 BD DB 2C 62 58 D6 74 13 07 86 59 16 AE CB 3F 48
           BC 2E FF 04 F9 CD F5 4F AD [...]
```

## 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

### **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

#### **Description**

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/21112

```
Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x0A
                                                                       3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
   Name
                                                                       Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
                                0x00, 0x33
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                       AES-CBC(128)
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x39
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                       AES-CBC(256)
 SHA1
```

ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0xC0, 0x13	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0, 0x27	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256				
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	0xC0, 0x28	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA384				
RSA-AES128-SHA256	0x00, 0x3C	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256				
RSA-AES256-SHA256	0x00, 0x3D	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA256				
The fields above are :				
{Tenable ciphername}				
{Cipher ID code}				
<pre>Kex={key exchange}</pre>				
Auth={authentication}				
Encrypt={symmetric encryption	n method}			
MAC={message authentication of	code}			
{export flag}	•			

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

## **Description**

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

## See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.0/apps/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada

#### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2021/03/09

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/21112

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv12
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                        Auth Encryption
                                                                                       MAC
                                                          ____
                                                          RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                              0x00, 0x0A
                                            RSA
SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                             KEX
                              Code
                                                          Auth Encryption
                                                                                       MAC
   Name
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                              0x00, 0x9E
                                                                  AES-GCM(128)
                                             DH
                                                          RSA
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 0x00, 0x9F
                                             DH
                                                          RSA AES-GCM(256)
SHA384
  RSA-AES128-SHA256
                              0x00, 0x9C
                                                                 AES-GCM(128)
                                             RSA
                                                          RSA
SHA256
   RSA-AES256-SHA384
                              0x00, 0x9D
                                             RSA
                                                          RSA
                                                                  AES-GCM(256)
```

DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0xC0, 0x13	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x04	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	MD5
RC4-SHA	0x00, 0x05	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0, 0x27	ECDH	RSA	AE []	

## 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

## **Description**

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/21112

Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server : High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key) Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 0x00, 0x9E RSA AES-GCM(128) DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 0x00, 0x9F DH RSA AES-GCM(256) 0x00, 0x33DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA DH RSA AES-CBC(128) SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA 0x00, 0x39 RSA AES-CBC(256) ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA 0xC0, 0x13 ECDH RSA AES-CBC(128)

	ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0,	0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)			
	SHA1								
	ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0,	0x27	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)			
	SHA256								
	ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	0xC0,	0x28	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)			
	SHA384								
	The fields above are :								
	{Tenable ciphername}								
	{Cipher ID code}								
	<pre>Kex={key exchange}</pre>								
	Auth={authentication}								
<pre>Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}</pre>									
MAC={message authentication code}									
	{export flag}								

## 96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

# **Synopsis**

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

## Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, US-CERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

#### See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

#### Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports SMBv1.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/21

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/25

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/143

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/636

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

## **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/5985/www

A web server is running on this port.

## **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

A TLSv1.2 server answered on this port.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/47001/www

A web server is running on this port.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49158/ncacn\_http

An ncacn\_http server is running on this port.

# 121010 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

## **Description**

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1.

TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites.

Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

## See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2019/01/08, Modified: 2020/08/07

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

TLSv1.1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 136318 - TLS Version 1.2 Protocol Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using a version of TLS.

## **Description**

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.2.

## See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

## Solution

N/A

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2020/05/04, Modified: 2020/05/04

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/21112

 ${\tt TLSv1.2}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

## **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

## **Description**

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

# Solution n/a Risk Factor None References XREF IAVB:0001-B-0504 Plugin Information Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2021/01/25

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

SMB was detected on port 445 but no credentials were provided. SMB local checks were not enabled.

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

udp/0

For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.99: 192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
30.90.90.99

Hop Count: 2

## 135860 - WMI Not Available

## **Synopsis**

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

## Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.

## See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/09

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

# 33139 - WS-Management Server Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote web server is used for remote management.

## **Description**

The remote web server supports the Web Services for Management (WS-Management) specification, a general web services protocol based on SOAP for managing systems, applications, and other such entities.

## See Also

https://www.dmtf.org/standards/ws-man

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/WS-Management

## Solution

Limit incoming traffic to this port if desired.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2008/06/11, Modified: 2021/05/19

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/5985/www

```
Here is some information about the WS-Management Server:

Product Vendor : Microsoft Corporation
Product Version : OS: 0.0.0 SP: 0.0 Stack: 3.0
```

# 10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

## **Description**

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/445/cifs

```
The following 2 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

RK3ADCSRV = Computer name
RUBBERKINGTYRES = Workgroup / Domain name
```

## 10940 - Windows Terminal Services Enabled

## **Synopsis**

The remote Windows host has Terminal Services enabled.

## **Description**

Terminal Services allows a Windows user to remotely obtain a graphical login (and therefore act as a local user on the remote host).

If an attacker gains a valid login and password, this service could be used to gain further access on the remote host. An attacker may also use this service to mount a dictionary attack against the remote host to try to log in remotely.

Note that RDP (the Remote Desktop Protocol) is vulnerable to Man-in-the-middle attacks, making it easy for attackers to steal the credentials of legitimate users by impersonating the Windows server.

## **Solution**

Disable Terminal Services if you do not use it, and do not allow this service to run across the Internet.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/04/20, Modified: 2020/07/08

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

# 30.90.90.100



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021
End time: Fri Jul 2 03:18:16 2021

#### **Host Information**

DNS Name: rk3rdpsrv.rubberkingtyres.net

Netbios Name: RK3RDPSRV IP: 30.90.90.100

OS: Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard

## Vulnerabilities

## 35291 - SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm

# **Synopsis**

An SSL certificate in the certificate chain has been signed using a weak hash algorithm.

## Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm (e.g. MD2, MD4, MD5, or SHA1). These signature algorithms are known to be vulnerable to collision attacks. An attacker can exploit this to generate another certificate with the same digital signature, allowing an attacker to masquerade as the affected service.

Note that this plugin reports all SSL certificate chains signed with SHA-1 that expire after January 1, 2017 as vulnerable. This is in accordance with Google's gradual sunsetting of the SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm.

Note that certificates in the chain that are contained in the Nessus CA database (known\_CA.inc) have been ignored.

## See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3279

http://www.nessus.org/u?9bb87bf2

http://www.nessus.org/u?e120eea1

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d894816

http://www.nessus.org/u?51db68aa

http://www.nessus.org/u?9dc7bfba

# Solution

Contact the Certificate Authority to have the SSL certificate reissued.

## **Risk Factor**

Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 11849 BID 33065

CVE CVE-2004-2761

XREF CERT:836068

XREF CWE:310

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/01/05, Modified: 2020/04/27

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

The following certificates were part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but contain hashes that are considered to be weak.

-Subject : CN=RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net

|-Signature Algorithm : SHA-1 With RSA Encryption |-Valid From : Mar 09 05:47:16 2021 GMT |-Valid To : Sep 08 05:47:16 2021 GMT

# 35291 - SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm

## **Synopsis**

An SSL certificate in the certificate chain has been signed using a weak hash algorithm.

## Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm (e.g. MD2, MD4, MD5, or SHA1). These signature algorithms are known to be vulnerable to collision attacks. An attacker can exploit this to generate another certificate with the same digital signature, allowing an attacker to masquerade as the affected service.

Note that this plugin reports all SSL certificate chains signed with SHA-1 that expire after January 1, 2017 as vulnerable. This is in accordance with Google's gradual sunsetting of the SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm.

Note that certificates in the chain that are contained in the Nessus CA database (known\_CA.inc) have been ignored.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3279

http://www.nessus.org/u?9bb87bf2

http://www.nessus.org/u?e120eea1

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d894816

http://www.nessus.org/u?51db68aa

http://www.nessus.org/u?9dc7bfba

#### Solution

Contact the Certificate Authority to have the SSL certificate reissued.

## **Risk Factor**

Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 11849 BID 33065

CVE CVE-2004-2761

XREF CERT:836068

XREF CWE:310

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/01/05, Modified: 2020/04/27

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

The following certificates were part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but contain hashes that are considered to be weak.

-Subject : CN=RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net

|-Signature Algorithm : SHA-1 With RSA Encryption |-Valid From : Mar 09 05:11:40 2021 GMT |-Valid To : Sep 08 05:11:40 2021 GMT

## 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

## **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

## Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

## See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

## **Risk Factor**

Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## References

CVE

CVE-2016-2183

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

 Name
 Code
 KEX
 Auth
 Encryption
 MAC

 DES-CBC3-SHA
 0x00, 0x0A
 RSA
 RSA
 3DES-CBC(168)

 SHA1

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

## 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

## **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

## Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

## See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

## **Risk Factor**

Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

 Name
 Code
 KEX
 Auth
 Encryption
 MAC

 DES-CBC3-SHA
 0x00, 0x0A
 RSA
 RSA
 3DES-CBC(168)

 SHA1

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

## 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

## Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

#### See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

#### Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

## **Risk Factor**

High

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

## 7.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:N/A:N)

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2020/05/06

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/443

```
- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.
Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                               KEX
   Name
                              Code
                                                          Auth Encryption
                                                                                          MAC
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                     3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                                  Encryption
                               Code
                                               KEX
                                                            Auth
                                                                                          MAC
   Name
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                                                    AES-CBC(128)
                                               DH
                                                            RSA
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(256)
                                               DH
 SHA1
   ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                               ECDH
                                                            RSA
                                                                 AES-CBC(128)
 SHA1
   ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                               ECDH
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(256)
   AES128-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(128)
 SHA1
   AES256-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-CBC(256)
 SHA1
   RC4-MD5
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                     RC4(128)
                                                                                          MD5
   RC4-SHA
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                   RC4(128)
 SHA1
   ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                                               ECDH
                                                            RSA
                                                                 AES-CBC(128)
 SHA256
   ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
                                               ECDH
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(256)
 SHA384
   RSA-AES128-SHA256
                                                            RSA
                                                                   AES-CBC(128)
                                               RSA
 SHA256
   RSA-AES256-SHA256
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-CBC(256)
SHA256
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code} [...]
```

## 57608 - SMB Signing not required

## **Synopsis**

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

## Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

#### Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

# CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2021/03/15

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

#### 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

# **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

### Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

#### See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/443

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority :

|-Subject : CN=RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net |-Issuer : CN=RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net

#### 51192 - SSI, Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

# **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

### Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

#### See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/3389/msrdp

|-Subject : CN=RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net |-Issuer : CN=RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net

# 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII\_Attacking\_SSL\_when\_using\_RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

### References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

# **Plugin Output**

### tcp/443

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
   Name
                                                KEX
                                                              Auth
                                                                      Encryption
                                                                                             MAC
                                                              ----
                                0x00, 0x04
   RC4-MD5
                                               RSA
                                                              RSA
                                                                      RC4(128)
                                                                                             MD5
   RC4-SHA
                                0x00, 0x05
                                                RSA
                                                             RSA
                                                                      RC4(128)
SHA1
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code}
  Kex={key exchange}
  Auth={authentication}
  Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
  MAC={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

# 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII\_Attacking\_SSL\_when\_using\_RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

### References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

# **Plugin Output**

### tcp/3389/msrdp

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
   Name
                                                KEX
                                                              Auth
                                                                      Encryption
                                                                                            MAC
                                                              ----
                                0x00, 0x04
   RC4-MD5
                                               RSA
                                                              RSA
                                                                      RC4(128)
                                                                                            MD5
   RC4-SHA
                                0x00, 0x05
                                                RSA
                                                             RSA
                                                                      RC4(128)
 SHA1
The fields above are :
  {Tenable ciphername}
  {Cipher ID code}
  Kex={key exchange}
  Auth={authentication}
  Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
  MAC={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

#### 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

# **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

# **Description**

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2020/04/27

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

|-Subject : CN=RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net

#### 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

# **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

# **Description**

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2020/04/27

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

|-Subject : CN=RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net

# 78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

### Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

#### See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

#### Solution

Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2020/06/12

# **Plugin Output**

# tcp/443

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

# 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2020/03/31

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

TLSv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2020/03/31

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

TLSv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 10761 - COM+ Internet Services (CIS) Server Detection

# **Synopsis**

A COM+ Internet Services (CIS) server is listening on this port.

# Description

COM+ Internet Services are RPC over HTTP tunneling and require IIS to operate. CIS ports shouldn't be visible on internet but only behind a firewall.

### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d02f7e6e

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/support/kb/articles/q282/2/61.asp

### Solution

If you do not use this service, disable it with DCOMCNFG.

Otherwise, limit access to this port.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/09/14, Modified: 2019/11/22

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/3388/ncacn\_http

Server banner :

ncacn\_http/1.0

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

# **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_server_2012:r2

Following application CPE matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:microsoft:iis:8.5
```

### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

### **Plugin Output**

### tcp/135/epmap

```
The following DCERPC services are available locally :
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc062350
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc062350
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID: 9b008953-f195-4bf9-bde0-4471971e58ed, version 1.0
```

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Local RPC service Named pipe : dabrpc

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Local RPC service

Named pipe : LRPC-fd8b75018e948de555

Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000014 UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Local RPC service

Named pipe : WMsgKRpc015128DD614

Object UUID : 52ef130c-08fd-4388-86b3-6edf000000014 UUID : 12e65dd8-887f-41ef-91bf-8d816c42c2e7, version 1.0

Description : Unknown RPC service

Annotation : Secure Desktop LRPC interface

Type : Local RPC service

Named pipe : WMsgKRpc015128DD614

Object UUID : 3bdb59a0-d736-4d44-9074-clee00000011 UUID : b2507c30-b126-494a-92ac-ee32b6eeb039, version 1.0

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Local RPC service

Named pipe : LRPC-acf38c84280d56a468

Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000011 UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0

Description : Unknown RPC service Type : Local RPC servi [...]

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

```
The following DCERPC services are available remotely :
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown
Netbios name : \\RK3RDPSRV
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown
Netbios name : \\RK3RDPSRV
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 9b008953-f195-4bf9-bde0-4471971e58ed, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\LSM_API_service
Netbios name : \\RK3RDPSRV
UUID : 3d267954-eeb7-11d1-b94e-00c04fa3080d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\HydraLsPipe
```

Netbios name : \\RK3RDPSRV UUID : 12d4b7c8-77d5-11d1-8c24-00c04fa3080d, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Type : Remote RPC service Named pipe : \pipe\HydraLsPipe Netbios name : \\RK3RDPSRV UUID : b58aa02e-2884-4e97-8176-4ee06d794184, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Type : Remote RPC service Named pipe : \pipe\trkwks Netbios name : \\RK3RDPSRV Object UUID : 5fc860e0-6f6e-4fc2-83cd-46324f25e90b UUID : 0blc2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck Type : Remote RPC service Named pipe : \pipe\lsass Netbios name : \\RK3RDPSRV Object UUID : 9a81c2bd-a525-471d-a4ed-49907c0b23da UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck Type : Remote RPC service Named pipe : \pipe\lsass Netbios name : \\RK3RDPSRV UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0 Description : Sec [...]

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/5504/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 5504:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: ed96b012-c8ce-4f60-a682-35535b12ff75, version 2.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 5504

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/6160/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 6160:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: d107c6e0-fc35-49ba-ba03-3e192de6797d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam Deployer

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6160

IP: 30.90.90.100

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000

UUID: d1c2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam RPC Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6160

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/6183/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 6183:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: dlc2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6183

IP: 30.90.90.100

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-000000000000

UUID: dl07c6e0-fc35-49ba-ba03-3e192de6797d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Veeam Deployer

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 6183

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

### tcp/11731/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 11731:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-000000000000
UUID: d107c6e0-fc35-49ba-ba03-3e192de6797d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service
Annotation: Veeam Deployer

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 11731

IP: 30.90.90.100

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000

UUID: d1c2c07a-d989-48cc-a423-b73ecd518d40, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service
Annotation: Veeam RPC Invoker

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 11731

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49152/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49152:

Object UUID: 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91

UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49152

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49153/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49153:
UUID : f6beaff7-le19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Event log TCPIP
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 30.90.90.100
UUID : 30adc50c-5cbc-46ce-9a0e-91914789e23c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : NRP server endpoint
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP: 30.90.90.100
UUID : abfb6ca3-0c5e-4734-9285-0aee72fe8d1c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Wcm Service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49153
IP : 30.90.90.100
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d6, version 1.0
```

Description : Unknown RPC service

Annotation : DHCPv6 Client LRPC Endpoint

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49153 IP : 30.90.90.100

Description : DHCP Client Service Windows process : svchost.exe

Annotation : DHCP Client LRPC Endpoint

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49153 IP : 30.90.90.100

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49154/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49154:
UUID : 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 30.90.90.100
UUID : 3a9ef155-691d-4449-8d05-09ad57031823, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP : 30.90.90.100
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : a398e520-d59a-4bdd-aa7a-3c1e0303a511, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : IKE/Authip API
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49154
IP: 30.90.90.100
UUID : 552d076a-cb29-4e44-8b6a-d15e59e2c0af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation: IP Transition Configuration endpoint
```

Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP: 30.90.90.100 UUID : 2e6035b2-e8f1-41a7-a044-656b439c4c34, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : Proxy Manager provider server endpoint Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP : 30.90.90.100 UUID : c36be077-e14b-4fe9-8abc-e856ef4f048b, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : Proxy Manager client server endpoint Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP: 30.90.90.100 UUID : c49a5a70-8a7f-4e70-ba16-1e8f1f193ef1, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : Adh APIs Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP: 30.90.90.100 UUID : 98716d03-89ac-44c7-bb8c-285824e51c4a, version 1.0 Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : XactSrv service Type : Remote RPC service TCP Port : 49154 IP: 30.90.90.100

Description [...]

### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/49155/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49155:
Object UUID : 5fc860e0-6f6e-4fc2-83cd-46324f25e90b
UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP: 30.90.90.100
Object UUID: 9a81c2bd-a525-471d-a4ed-49907c0b23da
UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP: 30.90.90.100
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49155
IP : 30.90.90.100
UUID : b25a52bf-e5dd-4f4a-aea6-8ca7272a0e86, version 2.0
```

Description : Unknown RPC service

Annotation : KeyIso
Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49155
IP : 30.90.90.100

30.90.90.100 175

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

### tcp/49173/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49173:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0

Description: Security Account Manager

Windows process: lsass.exe

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49173

IP: 30.90.90.100

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000

UUID: b25a52bf-e5dd-4f4a-aea6-8ca7272a0e86, version 2.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: KeyIso

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49173

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

### tcp/49177/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49177:
UUID : 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 1.0
Description : IPsec Services (Windows XP & 2003)
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49177
IP: 30.90.90.100
UUID : 0b6edbfa-4a24-4fc6-8a23-942bleca65d1, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49177
IP: 30.90.90.100
UUID : ae33069b-a2a8-46ee-a235-ddfd339be281, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49177
IP: 30.90.90.100
UUID : 4a452661-8290-4b36-8fbe-7f4093a94978, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
```

TCP Port : 49177
IP : 30.90.90.100

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49177 IP : 30.90.90.100

30.90.90.100 178

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/56943/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 56943:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000

UUID: 3357951c-ald1-47db-a278-ab945d063d03, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 56943

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

# **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

# **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/57608/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 57608:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: 3d267954-eeb7-11d1-b94e-00c04fa3080d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 57608

IP: 30.90.90.100

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000

UUID: 12d4b7c8-77d5-11d1-8c24-00c04fa3080d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 57608

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/57640/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 57640:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: aal77641-fc9b-4lbd-80ff-f964a701596f, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 57640

IP: 30.90.90.100

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000

UUID: 32e36e84-4ba2-496c-ba85-fb450f325107, version 2.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 57640

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

### **Plugin Output**

### tcp/57648/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 57648:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000000

UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2.0

Description: Service Control Manager

Windows process: svchost.exe

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 57648

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/57651/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 57651:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: 6b5bddle-528c-422c-af8c-a4079be4fe48, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Remote Fw APIs

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 57651

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/57660/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 57660:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: 9b3195fe-d603-43d1-a0d5-9072d7cde122, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 57660

IP: 30.90.90.100

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000

UUID: 89759fce-5a25-4086-8967-de12f39a60b5, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 57660

IP: 30.90.90.100
```

# 54615 - Device Type

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 99

# 12053 - Host Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) Resolution

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to resolve the name of the remote host.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to resolve the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/02/11, Modified: 2017/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

30.90.90.100 resolves as rk3rdpsrv.rubberkingtyres.net.

### 117886 - Local Checks Not Enabled (info)

### **Synopsis**

Local checks were not enabled.

### **Description**

Nessus did not enable local checks on the remote host. This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan. Credentials may not have been provided, local checks may not be available for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented local checks from being enabled. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports informational findings related to local checks not being enabled. For failure information, see plugin 21745:

'Authentication Failure - Local Checks Not Run'.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2020/09/22

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
The following issues were reported:

- Plugin : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
    Plugin ID : 110723
    Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided Message :

Credentials were not provided for detected SMB service.
```

# 42410 - Microsoft Windows NTLMSSP Authentication Request Remote Network Name Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

### **Description**

The remote host listens on tcp port 445 and replies to SMB requests.

By sending an NTLMSSP authentication request it is possible to obtain the name of the remote system and the name of its domain.

### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/11/06, Modified: 2019/11/22

### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/445/cifs

```
The following 2 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

RK3RDPSRV = Computer name
RUBBERKINGTYRES = Workgroup / Domain name
```

# 10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2020/01/22

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Operating System is: Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard 9600 The remote native LAN manager is: Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard 6.3 The remote SMB Domain Name is: RUBBERKINGTYRES

# 26917 - Microsoft Windows SMB Registry: Nessus Cannot Access the Windows Registry

### **Synopsis**

Nessus is not able to access the remote Windows Registry.

### **Description**

It was not possible to connect to PIPE\winreg on the remote host.

If you intend to use Nessus to perform registry-based checks, the registry checks will not work because the 'Remote Registry Access'

service (winreg) has been disabled on the remote host or can not be connected to with the supplied credentials.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

**XREF** 

IAVB:0001-B-0506

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/10/04, Modified: 2020/09/22

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

Could not connect to the registry because: Could not connect to \winreg

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### **Synopsis**

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### **Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/139/smb

An SMB server is running on this port.

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### **Synopsis**

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### **Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

A CIFS server is running on this port.

# 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports the following versions of SMB:  $$\mathsf{SMBv1}$$ \mathsf{SMBv2}$$ 

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/21

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/25

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/110

Port 110/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/135/epmap

Port 135/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/139/smb

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/143

Port 143/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

Port 443/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/3388/ncacn\_http

Port 3388/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

Port 3389/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/5985

Port 5985/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/6184

Port 6184/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008

Port 8008/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49152/dce-rpc

Port 49152/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49155/dce-rpc

Port 49155/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/56943/dce-rpc

Port 56943/tcp was found to be open

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/57660/dce-rpc

Port 57660/tcp was found to be open

#### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 4091 sec

### 24786 - Nessus Windows Scan Not Performed with Admin Privileges

### **Synopsis**

The Nessus scan of this host may be incomplete due to insufficient privileges provided.

#### Description

The Nessus scanner testing the remote host has been given SMB credentials to log into the remote host, however these credentials do not have administrative privileges.

Typically, when Nessus performs a patch audit, it logs into the remote host and reads the version of the DLLs on the remote host to determine if a given patch has been applied or not. This is the method Microsoft recommends to determine if a patch has been applied.

If your Nessus scanner does not have administrative privileges when doing a scan, then Nessus has to fall back to perform a patch audit through the registry which may lead to false positives (especially when using third-party patch auditing tools) or to false negatives (not all patches can be detected through the registry).

#### Solution

Reconfigure your scanner to use credentials with administrative privileges.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF

IAVB:0001-B-0505

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/03/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

It was not possible to connect to '\\RK3RDPSRV\ADMIN\$' with the supplied credentials.

# 11936 - OS Identification

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2021/05/12

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote operating system : Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard Confidence level : 99
Method : MSRPC

The remote host is running Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

### **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications.

# **Description**

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2021/02/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications.

# **Description**

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2021/02/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

This port supports TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

## 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

# **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

# **Description**

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/443

```
Subject Name:
Common Name: RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net
Issuer Name:
Common Name: RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net
Serial Number: 08 F5 D4 3F E2 39 DE 02
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 09 05:47:16 2021 GMT
Not Valid After: Sep 08 05:47:16 2021 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 A0 33 C6 14 23 4B D0 A6 E1 26 24 E2 FC 41 12 0A C5 92 81
            BB 61 D7 A5 79 4E C6 C1 2C 73 B5 84 42 6A D3 F4 2C D6 57 DC
            B7 7C 8D 86 4C 45 73 A8 B6 DE AB 94 8E 61 7E 4A 87 28 29 A6
            91 D4 B7 B1 C5 51 9F CB 15 O2 A6 BF 52 7F 36 81 2F BF FA 44
            72 3E 68 32 27 84 3A F7 41 F2 CC 22 8E 01 EB 7A EB 09 B1 90
            23 4B A8 06 F5 8F 8A 1A 4A 46 4D 61 A9 23 9D 13 2C 3E C7 83
            3C 97 3B 5D 9D 1D 7D 01 7E F8 31 0A E8 66 FF AF F9 2F F2 20
            E9 B1 01 29 94 19 0F 71 CA CC 66 27 90 32 83 FF 47 23 95 25
            DO 97 09 69 65 14 90 C7 BB EC 7D D8 05 2B EB 10 85 EB 44 5A
            F2 24 4B 50 4F 4E CF B8 03 66 2D A2 8B 90 69 65 DA 94 12 DE
            F6 4D BB 3A 2B 1E 64 7D A2 2C 64 AD 46 A3 30 5E 64 08 79 17
```

96 9B 55 CB B7 73 63 7E 20 71 CE B0 39 FA 7A 57 F7 73 6C EE
54 DA 5C 12 4C 33 E5 67 53 70 E9 8B 7E CC 70 4B 03

Exponent: 01 00 01

Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 9F 99 CB 68 65 20 32 F8 6B E3 63 00 3A 9E DB 84 54 72 D6
19 79 F9 92 F7 A4 79 61 97 1E 80 3F E7 CC 39 D5 02 95 DA 66
23 B6 62 68 C8 DA 29 C8 D8 CB 49 A7 13 B1 8F A6 71 36 85 F1
84 3D 5A 45 8C FF 6C 95 3F B4 6C 19 DC 22 C1 2E D3 AA C9 15
39 91 DD 59 DB 67 25 2D 08 C8 40 0F 3B C3 78 BC 23 47 87 37
F6 A3 38 6E 76 B1 80 68 AC 7E 79 7A 10 B3 DF 56 02 E9 87 9B
6C 88 1C 93 DE 6C 84 3A BA C9 75 85 8B F2 FE D8 FB 2B D5 06
46 22 93 AF 1A EA 8B 3F 5E 03 06 8E 39 7B DD CD E7 86 A6 3D
A0 B5 EB 5A 46 D8 7B F7 82 A8 70 5B C8 B4 82 BD E7 78 5B 00
7D A9 26 CF 15 8 [...]

## 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

# **Description**

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

```
Subject Name:
Common Name: RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net
Issuer Name:
Common Name: RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net
Serial Number: 1E FA 7D AB 75 76 32 93 4C 50 02 54 2C A9 17 21
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 09 05:11:40 2021 GMT
Not Valid After: Sep 08 05:11:40 2021 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 C1 7B 89 D3 B5 FD 06 60 EB 79 2E C3 8A EE 61 69 BA 85 B0
            90 A4 28 E9 0A 58 E8 29 62 74 FA D5 DA E8 6C DA 2E E7 FE DC
            OC 23 84 7C 62 99 63 2B FB 13 B6 63 EF DC 3F 2A EC E6 FD DB
            97 C6 14 40 A3 76 E5 62 36 15 E2 B9 23 3B 19 B6 5D B1 C6 C2
            22 E2 48 42 08 E3 2A CF 53 49 53 38 97 19 FE 04 96 C6 79 35
            4B 87 92 0B 4E 26 A9 01 23 66 60 B1 7C 5F 76 B9 29 15 41 F6
            DC F9 86 96 AC 25 DA C4 70 7D 39 C2 8D 62 C6 75 9E 2B B4 C8
            7F 72 4B 7E 11 F2 F5 34 1E E0 2B 08 BD 9A AB AF C7 B5 47 55
            C8 F1 B0 67 2B E3 6B C3 A3 A4 0F 54 21 58 69 27 C9 EC 0B 5B
            68 A7 79 41 2E 05 64 BE 02 6E 66 43 42 C5 3F 8D DC 5E CB 50
            43 94 4C 28 D7 0C D9 62 B4 7C 0C 13 A4 80 4D 3D 64 7E 7B 68
```

```
2D 3D BE CC 25 4B CO C7 39 OC 63 A6 F7 CE 25 29 01 FF 29 6C
DE 3A C9 B8 11 D8 CC 44 1E EF A5 4C 37 5E 7F E8 4D

Exponent: 01 00 01

Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 88 3F 90 C1 D9 50 7C CF F8 B6 6A 3A 3A FF F8 7A D8 BA 13
DA 91 4D 9B 8A 86 72 BD CB F7 F4 48 A1 DE 41 95 03 2D BD A4
AA F0 FC B9 A5 54 10 5A 27 7A 72 32 75 38 BE 3C 71 OC 47 35
84 0B 4F 37 92 17 DF 1E FE 6E 4A 9C 0A 11 DC 6D 0A F6 17 0D
B6 14 31 5B 2F AF 89 E3 F2 74 39 8B DE EC 45 C3 08 CF 99 DF
F0 1E B8 BB BD 27 A1 DD 01 A4 5E 6D FC BC 40 4C F2 B6 D2 4F
6A A0 73 8E 16 D5 72 98 9B E6 40 1E D7 9D 7D 33 3B 0C B2 DE
92 9A 7C 34 96 27 E0 DE BA E4 96 A6 78 AC D2 AE FB D9 2A B4
0A 47 7E 37 D7 F2 87 A1 48 40 71 05 27 BC 84 93 63 2B 1B FA

[...]
```

# 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

## **Description**

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

## **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/443

```
Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x0A
                                                                       3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
   Name
                                                                       Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
                                0x00, 0x33
                                                                       AES-CBC(128)
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x39
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                       AES-CBC(256)
```

ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0xC0, 0x13	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256	0xC0, 0x27	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	0xC0, 0x28	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA384				
RSA-AES128-SHA256	0x00, 0x3C	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256				
RSA-AES256-SHA256	0x00, 0x3D	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA256				
The fields above are :				
{Tenable ciphername}				
{Cipher ID code}				
<pre>Kex={key exchange}</pre>				
Auth={authentication}				
Encrypt={symmetric encryption				
MAC={message authentication co	ode}			
{export flag}				

# 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

## **Description**

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/3389/msrdp

```
Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x0A
                                                                       3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
   Name
                                                                       Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
                                0x00, 0x33
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                       AES-CBC(128)
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x39
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                       AES-CBC(256)
```

ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0xC0, 0x13	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0, 0x27	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA256					
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	0xC0, 0x28	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA384					
RSA-AES128-SHA256	0x00, 0x3C	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA256					
RSA-AES256-SHA256	0x00, 0x3D	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA256					
The fields above are :					
{Tenable ciphername}					
{Cipher ID code}					
Kex={key exchange}					
Auth={authentication}					
Encrypt={symmetric encryption	methodl				
MAC={message authentication of	,				
{export flag}	oue,				
(evhorr rrad)					

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

# **Description**

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

## See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.0/apps/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada

#### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2021/03/09

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/443

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv12
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                        Auth Encryption
                                                                                       MAC
                                                          ____
                                                          RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                              0x00, 0x0A
                                            RSA
SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                             KEX
                              Code
                                                          Auth Encryption
                                                                                       MAC
   Name
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                              0x00, 0x9E
                                                                  AES-GCM(128)
                                             DH
                                                          RSA
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 0x00, 0x9F
                                             DH
                                                          RSA AES-GCM(256)
SHA384
  RSA-AES128-SHA256
                              0x00, 0x9C
                                                                 AES-GCM(128)
                                             RSA
                                                          RSA
SHA256
   RSA-AES256-SHA384
                              0x00, 0x9D
                                             RSA
                                                          RSA
                                                                  AES-GCM(256)
```

DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0xC0, 0x13	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x04	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	MD5
RC4-SHA	0x00, 0x05	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0, 0x27	ECDH	RSA	AE []	

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

# **Description**

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

## See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.0/apps/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada

#### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2021/03/09

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/3389/msrdp

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv12
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                        Auth Encryption
                                                                                        MAC
                                                           ____
                                                          RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                              0x00, 0x0A
                                            RSA
SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                              KEX
                              Code
                                                          Auth Encryption
                                                                                        MAC
   Name
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                              0x00, 0x9E
                                                                  AES-GCM(128)
                                              DH
                                                          RSA
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 0x00, 0x9F
                                              DH
                                                           RSA AES-GCM(256)
SHA384
   RSA-AES128-SHA256
                              0x00, 0x9C
                                                                 AES-GCM(128)
                                              RSA
                                                          RSA
SHA256
   RSA-AES256-SHA384
                              0x00, 0x9D
                                              RSA
                                                           RSA
                                                                  AES-GCM(256)
```

DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0xC0, 0x13	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1					
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x04	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	MD5
RC4-SHA	0x00, 0x05	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0, 0x27	ECDH	RSA	AE []	

# 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

## **Description**

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

## **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/443

Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server : High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key) Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 0x00, 0x9E RSA AES-GCM(128) DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 0x00, 0x9F DH RSA AES-GCM(256) 0x00, 0x33DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA DH RSA AES-CBC(128) SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA 0x00, 0x39 RSA AES-CBC(256) ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA 0xC0, 0x13 ECDH RSA AES-CBC(128)

ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0	0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0, 0	0x27	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256					
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	0xC0, 0	0x28	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA384					
The fields above are :					
{Tenable ciphername}					
{Cipher ID code}					
<pre>Kex={key exchange}</pre>					
Auth={authentication}					
Encrypt={symmetric encryption	method}				
MAC={message authentication co	ode}				
{export flag}	,				
(* 1 * 3)					

# 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

## **Description**

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/3389/msrdp

Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server : High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key) Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 0x00, 0x9E RSA AES-GCM(128) DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 0x00, 0x9F DH RSA AES-GCM(256) 0x00, 0x33DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA DH RSA AES-CBC(128) SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA 0x00, 0x39 RSA AES-CBC(256) ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA 0xC0, 0x13 ECDH RSA AES-CBC(128)

ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0, 0x27	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256				
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	0xC0, 0x28	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA384				
The fields above are :				
{Tenable ciphername}				
{Cipher ID code}				
<pre>Kex={key exchange}</pre>				
Auth={authentication}				
Encrypt={symmetric encryption	method}			
MAC={message authentication co	ode}			
{export flag}	·			
,				

# 96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

# **Synopsis**

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

## Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, US-CERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

#### See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

#### Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports SMBv1.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/21

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/25

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

A TLSv1.2 server answered on this port.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3388/ncacn\_http

An ncacn\_http server is running on this port.

30.90.90.100

# 121010 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

# **Description**

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1.

TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites.

Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

## See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2019/01/08, Modified: 2020/08/07

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

TLSv1.1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 121010 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

# **Description**

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1.

TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites.

Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

## See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2019/01/08, Modified: 2020/08/07

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

TLSv1.1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 136318 - TLS Version 1.2 Protocol Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using a version of TLS.

# **Description**

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.2.

## See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

## Solution

N/A

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2020/05/04, Modified: 2020/05/04

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

 ${\tt TLSv1.2}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 136318 - TLS Version 1.2 Protocol Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using a version of TLS.

# **Description**

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.2.

## See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

## Solution

N/A

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2020/05/04, Modified: 2020/05/04

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

TLSv1.2 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

## **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

## **Description**

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

# Solution n/a Risk Factor None References XREF IAVB:0001-B-0504 Plugin Information Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2021/01/25

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

SMB was detected on port 445 but no credentials were provided. SMB local checks were not enabled.

## 64814 - Terminal Services Use SSL/TLS

## **Synopsis**

The remote Terminal Services use SSL/TLS.

# **Description**

The remote Terminal Services is configured to use SSL/TLS.

## **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/02/22, Modified: 2021/02/24

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

```
Subject Name:
Common Name: RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net
Issuer Name:
Common Name: RK3RDPSRV.rubberkingtyres.net
Serial Number: 1E FA 7D AB 75 76 32 93 4C 50 02 54 2C A9 17 21
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Mar 09 05:11:40 2021 GMT
Not Valid After: Sep 08 05:11:40 2021 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 C1 7B 89 D3 B5 FD 06 60 EB 79 2E C3 8A EE 61 69 BA 85 B0
            90 A4 28 E9 0A 58 E8 29 62 74 FA D5 DA E8 6C DA 2E E7 FE DC
            OC 23 84 7C 62 99 63 2B FB 13 B6 63 EF DC 3F 2A EC E6 FD DB
            97 C6 14 40 A3 76 E5 62 36 15 E2 B9 23 3B 19 B6 5D B1 C6 C2
            22 E2 48 42 08 E3 2A CF 53 49 53 38 97 19 FE 04 96 C6 79 35
            4B 87 92 0B 4E 26 A9 01 23 66 60 B1 7C 5F 76 B9 29 15 41 F6
            DC F9 86 96 AC 25 DA C4 70 7D 39 C2 8D 62 C6 75 9E 2B B4 C8
            7F 72 4B 7E 11 F2 F5 34 1E E0 2B 08 BD 9A AB AF C7 B5 47 55
            C8 F1 B0 67 2B E3 6B C3 A3 A4 0F 54 21 58 69 27 C9 EC 0B 5B
            68 A7 79 41 2E 05 64 BE 02 6E 66 43 42 C5 3F 8D DC 5E CB 50
            43 94 4C 28 D7 0C D9 62 B4 7C 0C 13 A4 80 4D 3D 64 7E 7B 68
```

```
2D 3D BE CC 25 4B CO C7 39 OC 63 A6 F7 CE 25 29 01 FF 29 6C
DE 3A C9 B8 11 D8 CC 44 1E EF A5 4C 37 5E 7F E8 4D

Exponent: 01 00 01

Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 88 3F 90 C1 D9 50 7C CF F8 B6 6A 3A 3A FF F8 7A D8 BA 13
DA 91 4D 9B 8A 86 72 BD CB F7 F4 48 A1 DE 41 95 03 2D BD A4
AA F0 FC B9 A5 54 10 5A 27 7A 72 32 75 38 BE 3C 71 OC 47 35
84 0B 4F 37 92 17 DF 1E FE 6E 4A 9C 0A 11 DC 6D 0A F6 17 0D
B6 14 31 5B 2F AF 89 E3 F2 74 39 8B DE EC 45 C3 08 CF 99 DF
F0 1E B8 BB BD 27 A1 DD 01 A4 5E 6D FC BC 40 4C F2 B6 D2 4F
6A A0 73 8E 16 D5 72 98 9B E6 40 1E D7 9D 7D 33 3B 0C B2 DE
92 9A 7C 34 96 27 E0 DE BA E4 96 A6 78 AC D2 AE FB D9 2A B4
0A 47 7E 37 D7 F2 87 A1 48 40 71 05 27 BC 84 93 63 2B 1B FA

[...]
```

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

udp/0

For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.100: 192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
30.90.90.100

Hop Count: 2

# 135860 - WMI Not Available

# **Synopsis**

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

# Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.

## See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page

## **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/09

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

# 33139 - WS-Management Server Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote web server is used for remote management.

# **Description**

The remote web server supports the Web Services for Management (WS-Management) specification, a general web services protocol based on SOAP for managing systems, applications, and other such entities.

## See Also

https://www.dmtf.org/standards/ws-man

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/WS-Management

## Solution

Limit incoming traffic to this port if desired.

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2008/06/11, Modified: 2021/05/19

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/5985

```
Here is some information about the WS-Management Server:

Product Vendor: Microsoft Corporation
Product Version: OS: 0.0.0 SP: 0.0 Stack: 3.0
```

# 10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

# **Description**

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

# Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

# **Plugin Output**

## tcp/445/cifs

```
The following 2 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

RK3RDPSRV = Computer name
RUBBERKINGTYRES = Workgroup / Domain name
```

# 10940 - Windows Terminal Services Enabled

# **Synopsis**

The remote Windows host has Terminal Services enabled.

# **Description**

Terminal Services allows a Windows user to remotely obtain a graphical login (and therefore act as a local user on the remote host).

If an attacker gains a valid login and password, this service could be used to gain further access on the remote host. An attacker may also use this service to mount a dictionary attack against the remote host to try to log in remotely.

Note that RDP (the Remote Desktop Protocol) is vulnerable to Man-in-the-middle attacks, making it easy for attackers to steal the credentials of legitimate users by impersonating the Windows server.

## **Solution**

Disable Terminal Services if you do not use it, and do not allow this service to run across the Internet.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/04/20, Modified: 2020/07/08

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389/msrdp

# 30.90.90.108



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021
End time: Fri Jul 2 03:18:06 2021

#### **Host Information**

DNS Name: rk3up-pc.rubberkingtyres.net

Netbios Name: RK3UP-PC IP: 30.90.90.108

MAC Address: 00:E4:5C:68:58:7C

OS: Windows

## Vulnerabilities

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

## See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

## **Solution**

n/a

30.90.90.108 252

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following CPE :

cpe:/o:microsoft:windows

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

#### **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/135/epmap

```
The following DCERPC services are available locally :
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc07E0A0
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Local RPC service
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc07E0A0
UUID : fc48cd89-98d6-4628-9839-86f7a3e4161a, version 1.0
```

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Local RPC service Named pipe : dabrpc

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Local RPC service Named pipe : csebpub

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Local RPC service

Named pipe : LRPC-d93776669d2fd0b157

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : WinHttp Auto-Proxy Service

Type : Local RPC service

Named pipe : LRPC-5c89f61353bbca634d

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : WinHttp Auto-Proxy Service

Type : Local RPC service

Named pipe : e8d5f0e9-0b5f-4a58-9bee-6ef8652dd818

Description : [...]

#### **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

```
The following DCERPC services are available remotely :
Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown
Netbios name : \\RK3UP-PC
Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown
Netbios name : \\RK3UP-PC
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 650a7e26-eab8-5533-ce43-9cldfce11511, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Vpn APIs
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \PIPE\ROUTER
Netbios name : \\RK3UP-PC
UUID : 2f5f6521-cb55-1059-b446-00df0bce31db, version 1.0
Description : Telephony service
Windows process : svchost.exe
```

```
Annotation : Unimodem LRPC Endpoint
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\tapsrv
Netbios name : \\RK3UP-PC
Object UUID : 5fc860e0-6f6e-4fc2-83cd-46324f25e90b
UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RK3UP-PC
Object UUID : 9a81c2bd-a525-471d-a4ed-49907c0b23da
UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RK3UP-PC
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RK3UP-PC
UUID : b25a52bf-e5dd-4f4a-aea6-8ca7272a0e86, version 2.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : KeyIso
Type : Remote RPC service
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass
Netbios name : \\RK3UP-PC
Object UUID : 0 [...]
```

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49664/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49664:

Object UUID: 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91

UUID: d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84dalddb0d, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49664

IP: 30.90.90.108
```

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49665/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49665:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49665

IP: 30.90.90.108

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-000000000000

UUID: 3a9ef155-691d-4449-8d05-09ad57031823, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49665

IP: 30.90.90.108
```

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49666/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49666:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: f6beaff7-lel9-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Annotation: Event log TCPIP

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49666

IP: 30.90.90.108
```

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49667/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49667:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000

UUID: 29770a8f-829b-4158-90a2-78cd488501f7, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49667

IP: 30.90.90.108
```

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49668/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49668:
Object UUID : 5fc860e0-6f6e-4fc2-83cd-46324f25e90b
UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49668
IP: 30.90.90.108
Object UUID: 9a81c2bd-a525-471d-a4ed-49907c0b23da
UUID : 0b1c2170-5732-4e0e-8cd3-d9b16f3b84d7, version 0.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : RemoteAccessCheck
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49668
IP: 30.90.90.108
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49668
IP: 30.90.90.108
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : b25a52bf-e5dd-4f4a-aea6-8ca7272a0e86, version 2.0
```

Description : Unknown RPC service

Annotation : KeyIso

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49668
IP : 30.90.90.108

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : Ngc Pop Key Service

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49668 IP : 30.90.90.108

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : Ngc Pop Key Service

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49668 IP : 30.90.90.108

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/49669/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49669:
UUID : 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 1.0
Description : IPsec Services (Windows XP & 2003)
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49669
IP: 30.90.90.108
UUID : 0b6edbfa-4a24-4fc6-8a23-942bleca65d1, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49669
IP: 30.90.90.108
UUID : ae33069b-a2a8-46ee-a235-ddfd339be281, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49669
IP: 30.90.90.108
UUID : 4a452661-8290-4b36-8fbe-7f4093a94978, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Type : Remote RPC service
```

TCP Port : 49669
IP : 30.90.90.108

Description : Unknown RPC service

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49669 IP : 30.90.90.108

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/49679/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49679:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000000

UUID: 6b5bddle-528c-422c-af8c-a4079be4fe48, version 1.0

Description: Unknown RPC service
Annotation: Remote Fw APIs

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49679

IP: 30.90.90.108
```

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49696/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49696:

Object UUID: 00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000

UUID: 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2.0

Description: Service Control Manager

Windows process: svchost.exe

Type: Remote RPC service

TCP Port: 49696

IP: 30.90.90.108
```

## **Synopsis**

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

## **Description**

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2020/08/20

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/49714/dce-rpc

```
The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49714:
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0
Description : Security Account Manager
Windows process : lsass.exe
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49714
IP: 30.90.90.108
UUID : b25a52bf-e5dd-4f4a-aea6-8ca7272a0e86, version 2.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : KeyIso
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49714
IP: 30.90.90.108
UUID : 8fb74744-b2ff-4c00-be0d-9ef9a191fe1b, version 1.0
Description : Unknown RPC service
Annotation : Ngc Pop Key Service
Type : Remote RPC service
TCP Port : 49714
IP: 30.90.90.108
Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000000000000
UUID : 51a227ae-825b-41f2-b4a9-lac9557a1018, version 1.0
```

Description : Unknown RPC service Annotation : Ngc Pop Key Service

Type : Remote RPC service

TCP Port : 49714 IP : 30.90.90.108

# 54615 - Device Type

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 50

# 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

## **Synopsis**

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

## **Description**

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:
- 00:E4:5C:68:58:7C

# 12053 - Host Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) Resolution

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to resolve the name of the remote host.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to resolve the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/02/11, Modified: 2017/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

30.90.90.108 resolves as rk3up-pc.rubberkingtyres.net.

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

## **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

## **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

## Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

## **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/8008/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 302 Found

Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
SSL: no
Keep-Alive: no
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers:

Location: https://rk3up-pc.rubberkingtyres.net:8010/
Connection: close
X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
Content-Security-Policy: frame-ancestors 'self'

Response Body:
```

## 117886 - Local Checks Not Enabled (info)

## **Synopsis**

Local checks were not enabled.

## **Description**

Nessus did not enable local checks on the remote host. This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan. Credentials may not have been provided, local checks may not be available for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented local checks from being enabled. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports informational findings related to local checks not being enabled. For failure information, see plugin 21745:

'Authentication Failure - Local Checks Not Run'.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2020/09/22

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
The following issues were reported:

- Plugin : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
    Plugin ID : 110723
    Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided Message :

Credentials were not provided for detected SMB service.
```

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

## **Synopsis**

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

## **Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/139/smb

An SMB server is running on this port.

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

## **Synopsis**

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

## **Description**

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

A CIFS server is running on this port.

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/21

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/25

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/110

Port 110/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/135/epmap

Port 135/tcp was found to be open

30.90.90.108

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/139/smb

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/143

Port 143/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

Port 443/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

30.90.90.108

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/2000

Port 2000/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/3389

Port 3389/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/5040

Port 5040/tcp was found to be open

30.90.90.108

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/5060

Port 5060/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008/www

Port 8008/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8020

Port 8020/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49666/dce-rpc

Port 49666/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49669/dce-rpc

Port 49669/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/49714/dce-rpc

Port 49714/tcp was found to be open

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 4022 sec

## 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

#### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2021/05/12

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Windows
Confidence level : 50
Method : Misc

Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of
the following could be used to identify the host's operating system,
please email them to os-signatures@nessus.org. Be sure to include a
brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating
system or product / model names.

SinFP:!:

P1:B11013:F0x12:W64240:00204ffff:M1460:
P2:B11013:F0x12:W64240:00204ffff:M1460:
P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:00:M0
P4:181310_7_p=80R

The remote host is running Windows
```

## 10919 - Open Port Re-check

## **Synopsis**

Previously open ports are now closed.

## **Description**

One of several ports that were previously open are now closed or unresponsive.

There are several possible reasons for this:

- The scan may have caused a service to freeze or stop running.
- An administrator may have stopped a particular service during the scanning process.

This might be an availability problem related to the following:

- A network outage has been experienced during the scan, and the remote network cannot be reached anymore by the scanner.
- This scanner may has been blacklisted by the system administrator or by an automatic intrusion detection / prevention system that detected the scan.
- The remote host is now down, either because a user turned it off during the scan or because a select denial of service was effective.

In any case, the audit of the remote host might be incomplete and may need to be done again.

#### Solution

- Increase checks\_read\_timeout and/or reduce max\_checks.
- Disable any IPS during the Nessus scan

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0509

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/03/19, Modified: 2020/09/22

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Port 135 was detected as being open but is now unresponsive

Port 3389 was detected as being open initialy but was found unresponsive later. It is now unresponsive Port 49666 was detected as being open but is now unresponsive

Port 49714 was detected as being open initialy but was found unresponsive later.

It is now unresponsive

Port 5040 was detected as being open but is now unresponsive Port 49669 was detected as being open but is now unresponsive

# 22964 - Service Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008/www

A web server is running on this port.

## 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

#### **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

#### **Description**

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

# Solution n/a Risk Factor None References XREF IAVB:0001-B-0504 Plugin Information Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2021/01/25

# tcp/0

**Plugin Output** 

SMB was detected on port 445 but no credentials were provided. SMB local checks were not enabled.

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.108: 192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
30.90.90.108

Hop Count: 2
```

## 135860 - WMI Not Available

## **Synopsis**

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

## Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.

## See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page

#### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/09

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/445/cifs

Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

30.90.90.108 303

## 10386 - Web Server No 404 Error Code Check

## **Synopsis**

The remote web server does not return 404 error codes.

## **Description**

The remote web server is configured such that it does not return '404 Not Found' error codes when a nonexistent file is requested, perhaps returning instead a site map, search page or authentication page.

Nessus has enabled some counter measures for this. However, they might be insufficient. If a great number of security holes are produced for this port, they might not all be accurate.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2000/04/28, Modified: 2020/06/12

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008/www

CGI scanning will be disabled for this host because the host responds to requests for non-existent URLs with HTTP code 302 rather than 404. The requested URL was :

http://rk3up-pc.rubberkingtyres.net:8008/riej2LPs67hY.html

# 10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

## **Description**

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

## Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

## **Plugin Output**

## udp/137/netbios-ns

```
The following 3 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

RK3UP-PC = File Server Service
RK3UP-PC = Computer name
RUBBERKINGTYRES = Workgroup / Domain name

The remote host has the following MAC address on its adapter:

00:e4:5c:68:58:7c
```

## 30.90.90.111



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021 End time: Fri Jul 2 03:13:49 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.111
OS: CISCO PIX 7.0

## **Vulnerabilities**

## 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{CPE}}$  :

cpe:/o:cisco:pix\_firewall:7.0

# 54615 - Device Type

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote device type : firewall Confidence level : 70

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/2000

Port 2000/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/5900

Port 5900/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/6000

Port 6000/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008

Port 8008/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8020

Port 8020/tcp was found to be open

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 3817 sec

# 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

## Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2021/05/12

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote operating system : CISCO PIX 7.0
Confidence level : 70
Method : SinFP

The remote host is running CISCO PIX 7.0

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

## udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.111:
192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
30.90.90.111

Hop Count: 2
```

# 30.90.90.112



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021 End time: Fri Jul 2 02:17:53 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.112

## **Vulnerabilities**

## 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

30.90.90.112 318

The TCP port scan could not complete: The remote target has been silent for too long. This could indicate that it has been switched off, or that an IPS is now blocking the scanner probes

30.90.90.112 319

# 30.90.90.125



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021
End time: Fri Jul 2 02:28:59 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.125

## **Vulnerabilities**

## 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

30.90.90.125 320

The TCP port scan could not complete: The remote target has been silent for too long. This could indicate that it has been switched off, or that an IPS is now blocking the scanner probes

30.90.90.125 321

## 30.90.90.149



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021 End time: Fri Jul 2 03:13:51 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.149

## **Vulnerabilities**

## 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/21

30.90.90.149 322

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

30.90.90.149 323

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

## Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

## **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/143

Port 143/tcp was found to be open

30.90.90.149 324

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8015

Port 8015/tcp was found to be open

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 3826 sec

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.149: 192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
30.90.90.149

Hop Count: 2
```

## 30.90.90.158



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021
End time: Fri Jul 2 02:22:30 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.158

### **Vulnerabilities**

## 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

# Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

### **Plugin Output**

## tcp/0

30.90.90.158 329

The TCP port scan could not complete: The remote target has been silent for too long. This could indicate that it has been switched off, or that an IPS is now blocking the scanner probes

30.90.90.158 330

## 30.90.90.218



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021
End time: Fri Jul 2 03:13:50 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.218
OS: CISCO PIX 7.0

## **Vulnerabilities**

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{CPE}}$  :

cpe:/o:cisco:pix\_firewall:7.0

# 54615 - Device Type

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote device type : firewall Confidence level : 70

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/2000

Port 2000/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8000

Port 8000/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008

Port 8008/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8020

Port 8020/tcp was found to be open

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 3825 sec

# 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2021/05/12

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote operating system : CISCO PIX 7.0
Confidence level : 70
Method : SinFP
The remote host is running CISCO PIX 7.0

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.218: 192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
30.90.90.218

Hop Count: 2
```

## 30.90.90.219



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021
End time: Fri Jul 2 03:14:25 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.219
OS: CISCO PIX 7.0

## **Vulnerabilities**

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{CPE}}$  :

cpe:/o:cisco:pix\_firewall:7.0

# 54615 - Device Type

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote device type : firewall Confidence level : 70

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/110

Port 110/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008

Port 8008/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8020

Port 8020/tcp was found to be open

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 3860 sec

# 11936 - OS Identification

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2021/05/12

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote operating system : CISCO PIX 7.0
Confidence level : 70
Method : SinFP

The remote host is running CISCO PIX 7.0

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.219:
192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
?
30.90.90.219

Hop Count: 3
```

## 30.90.90.221



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021
End time: Fri Jul 2 02:12:52 2021

#### **Host Information**

Netbios Name: NPIC39933 IP: 30.90.90.221

#### **Vulnerabilities**

## 41028 - SNMP Agent Default Community Name (public)

### **Synopsis**

The community name of the remote SNMP server can be guessed.

### **Description**

It is possible to obtain the default community name of the remote SNMP server.

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the remote host, or to change the configuration of the remote system (if the default community allows such modifications).

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it.

Either filter incoming UDP packets going to this port, or change the default community string.

#### **Risk Factor**

High

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 2112

CVE CVE-1999-0517

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/11/25, Modified: 2018/08/22

# **Plugin Output**

udp/161/snmp

The remote SNMP server replies to the following default community string :

public

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

# **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Nessus SNMP scanner was able to retrieve the open port list with the community name: p\*\*\*\*\* It found 1 open TCP ports and 13 open UDP ports.

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

# **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

# **Plugin Output**

udp/123

Port 123/udp was found to be open

# **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

# **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/137/netbios-ns

Port 137/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

# **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

# **Plugin Output**

udp/138

Port 138/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

# **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

# **Plugin Output**

udp/427

Port 427/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

# **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

# **Plugin Output**

udp/1022

Port 1022/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

# **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

# **Plugin Output**

udp/1023

Port 1023/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/5353

Port 5353/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/5355

Port 5355/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8291

Port 8291/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/35441

Port 35441/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/39445

Port 39445/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/43299

Port 43299/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/46101

Port 46101/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/55183

Port 55183/udp was found to be open

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : snmp_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 167 sec

# **40448 - SNMP Supported Protocols Detection**

## **Synopsis**

This plugin reports all the protocol versions successfully negotiated with the remote SNMP agent.

## **Description**

Extend the SNMP settings data already gathered by testing for\ SNMP versions other than the highest negotiated.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/07/31, Modified: 2013/01/19

## **Plugin Output**

udp/161/snmp

This host supports SNMP version SNMPv2c.

## 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

## **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.221:
192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
?
Hop Count: 2
```

## 10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

## **Description**

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

## Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

## **Plugin Output**

## udp/137/netbios-ns

```
The following 2 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

NPIC39933 = Computer name
WORKGROUP = Workgroup / Domain name

This SMB server seems to be a Samba server - its MAC address is NULL.
```

## 30.90.90.222



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021 End time: Fri Jul 2 03:12:52 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.222 OS: CISCO PIX 7.0

#### **Vulnerabilities**

## 41028 - SNMP Agent Default Community Name (public)

### **Synopsis**

The community name of the remote SNMP server can be guessed.

## **Description**

It is possible to obtain the default community name of the remote SNMP server.

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the remote host, or to change the configuration of the remote system (if the default community allows such modifications).

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it.

Either filter incoming UDP packets going to this port, or change the default community string.

#### **Risk Factor**

High

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 2112

CVE CVE-1999-0517

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/11/25, Modified: 2018/08/22

## **Plugin Output**

udp/161/snmp

The remote SNMP server replies to the following default community string :

public

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### **Solution**

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/03

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following CPE :

cpe:/o:cisco:pix\_firewall:7.0

# 54615 - Device Type

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

## **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote device type : firewall Confidence level : 70

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Nessus SNMP scanner was able to retrieve the open port list with the community name: p\*\*\*\*\* It found 0 open TCP ports and 6 open UDP ports.

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/69

Port 69/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/123

Port 123/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/161/snmp

Port 161/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/3000

Port 3000/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/8021

Port 8021/udp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

## **Description**

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2018/01/29

## **Plugin Output**

udp/8022

Port 8022/udp was found to be open

## 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

## 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008

Port 8008/tcp was found to be open

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 3762 sec

## 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2021/05/12

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote operating system : CISCO PIX 7.0
Confidence level : 70
Method : SinFP
The remote host is running CISCO PIX 7.0

### 10919 - Open Port Re-check

### **Synopsis**

Previously open ports are now closed.

### **Description**

One of several ports that were previously open are now closed or unresponsive.

There are several possible reasons for this:

- The scan may have caused a service to freeze or stop running.
- An administrator may have stopped a particular service during the scanning process.

This might be an availability problem related to the following:

- A network outage has been experienced during the scan, and the remote network cannot be reached anymore by the scanner.
- This scanner may has been blacklisted by the system administrator or by an automatic intrusion detection / prevention system that detected the scan.
- The remote host is now down, either because a user turned it off during the scan or because a select denial of service was effective.

In any case, the audit of the remote host might be incomplete and may need to be done again.

#### Solution

- Increase checks\_read\_timeout and/or reduce max\_checks.
- Disable any IPS during the Nessus scan

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0509

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/03/19, Modified: 2020/09/22

### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Port 80 was detected as being open initialy but was found unresponsive later.

It is now closed Port 8008 was detected as being open but is now closed

## 35296 - SNMP Protocol Version Detection

## **Synopsis**

This plugin reports the protocol version negotiated with the remote SNMP agent.

## **Description**

By sending an SNMP 'get-next-request', it is possible to determine the protocol version of the remote SNMP agent.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simple\_Network\_Management\_Protocol

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/01/06, Modified: 2019/11/22

## **Plugin Output**

udp/161/snmp

Nessus has negotiated SNMP communications at SNMPv2c.

# **40448 - SNMP Supported Protocols Detection**

## **Synopsis**

This plugin reports all the protocol versions successfully negotiated with the remote SNMP agent.

## **Description**

Extend the SNMP settings data already gathered by testing for\ SNMP versions other than the highest negotiated.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/07/31, Modified: 2013/01/19

## **Plugin Output**

udp/161/snmp

This host supports SNMP version SNMPv2c.

## 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

## **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

## **Plugin Output**

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.222:
192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
?
30.90.90.222

Hop Count: 3
```

## 30.90.90.250



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021
End time: Fri Jul 2 03:13:50 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.250
OS: CISCO PIX 7.0

## **Vulnerabilities**

## 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## **Description**

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### **Solution**

n/a

## **Risk Factor**

None

30.90.90.250

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2021/06/03

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

The remote operating system matched the following  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{CPE}}$  :

cpe:/o:cisco:pix\_firewall:7.0

30.90.90.250 396

# 54615 - Device Type

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# **Description**

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote device type : firewall Confidence level : 70

30.90.90.250

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/21

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

30.90.90.250

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/2000

Port 2000/tcp was found to be open

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 3825 sec

# 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

## **Description**

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2021/05/12

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

Remote operating system : CISCO PIX 7.0
Confidence level : 70
Method : SinFP

The remote host is running CISCO PIX 7.0

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

udp/0

For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.250: 192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
30.90.90.250

Hop Count: 2

# 30.90.90.252



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Jul 2 02:10:04 2021 End time: Fri Jul 2 03:20:59 2021

#### **Host Information**

IP: 30.90.90.252

### **Vulnerabilities**

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

## **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

## **Description**

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 302 Found

Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
SSL: no
Keep-Alive: no
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers:

Location: https://30.90.90.252:8010/
Connection: close
X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
Content-Security-Policy: frame-ancestors 'self'

Response Body:
```

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/21

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/25

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/110

Port 110/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/143

Port 143/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/443

Port 443/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/2000

Port 2000/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008/www

Port 8008/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8010

Port 8010/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8013

Port 8013/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8015

Port 8015/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8020

Port 8020/tcp was found to be open

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

## **Description**

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2021/04/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/30197

Port 30197/tcp was found to be open

### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

## **Description**

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### **Solution**

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2021/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 8.14.0
Plugin feed version : 202106121427
Scanner edition used : Nessus
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : rubber kin
Scanner IP : 192.168.58.131
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 0-65535
```

Ping RTT : Unavailable Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 1 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched) CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 100 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2021/7/2 2:10 EDT Scan duration : 4253 sec

# 22964 - Service Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

# Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008/www

A web server is running on this port.

# 22964 - Service Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

## **Description**

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2021/04/14

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/8013

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# **Description**

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

### **Risk Factor**

None

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

# **Plugin Output**

## udp/0

For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.58.131 to 30.90.90.252:
192.168.58.131
192.168.58.2
30.90.90.252

Hop Count: 2

## 10386 - Web Server No 404 Error Code Check

## **Synopsis**

The remote web server does not return 404 error codes.

## **Description**

The remote web server is configured such that it does not return '404 Not Found' error codes when a nonexistent file is requested, perhaps returning instead a site map, search page or authentication page.

Nessus has enabled some counter measures for this. However, they might be insufficient. If a great number of security holes are produced for this port, they might not all be accurate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2000/04/28, Modified: 2020/06/12

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/8008/www

CGI scanning will be disabled for this host because the host responds to requests for non-existent URLs with HTTP code 302 rather than 404. The requested URL was :

http://30.90.90.252:8008/dVYQQcP5hXqZ.html