# The United Nations Voting Dataset

CASE STUDY: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS IN R



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rcid	session	vote	ccode
46	2	1	2
46	2	1	20
46	2	9	31
46	2	1	40
46	2	1	41
46	2	1	42
46	2	1	51
46	2	9	52
46	2	9	53
46	2	9	54

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Erik Voeten, "Data and Analyses of Voting in the UN General Assembly"



rcid	session	vote	ccode
46	2	1	2
46	2	1	20
46	2	9	31
46	2	1	40
46	2	1	41
46	2	1	42
46	2	1	51
46	2	9	52
46	2	9	53
46	2	9	54

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Erik Voeten, "Data and Analyses of Voting in the UN General Assembly"



Roll call ID

rcid	session	vote	ccode
46	2	1	2
46	2	1	20
46	2	9	31
46	2	1	40
46	2	1	41
46	2	1	42
46	2	1	51
46	2	9	52
46	2	9	53
46	2	9	54

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Erik Voeten, "Data and Analyses of Voting in the UN General Assembly"



Roll call Session (year)

rcid	session	vote	ccode
46	2	1	2
46	2	1	20
46	2	9	31
46	2	1	40
46	2	1	41
46	2	1	42
46	2	1	51
46	2	9	52
46	2	9	53
46	2	9	54

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Erik Voeten, "Data and Analyses of Voting in the UN General Assembly"



Roll call	Session (year)	Vote	
rcid	session	vote	ccode
46	2	1	2
46	2	1	20
46	2	9	31
46	2	1	40
46	2	1	41
46	2	1	42
46	2	1	51
46	2	9	52
46	2	9	53
46	2	9	54

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Erik Voeten, "Data and Analyses of Voting in the UN General Assembly"



Roll call	Session (year)	Vote	Country code
rcid	session	vote	ccode
46	2	1	2
46	2	1	20
46	2	9	31
46	2	1	40
46	2	1	41
46	2	1	42
46	2	1	51
46	2	9	52
46	2	9	53
46	2	9	54

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Erik Voeten, "Data and Analyses of Voting in the UN General Assembly"



### Votes in dplyr

```
# Load dplyr package

library(dplyr)

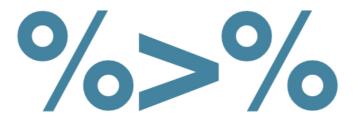
votes
```

```
# A tibble: 508,929 \times 4
   rcid session vote ccode
          <dbl> <dbl> <int>
   <dbl>
     46
                           2
     46
                          20
     46
                         31
                          40
                          41
                         42
     46
                          51
     46
                          52
                          53
              2
                          54
  ... with 508,919 more rows
```

Variable names

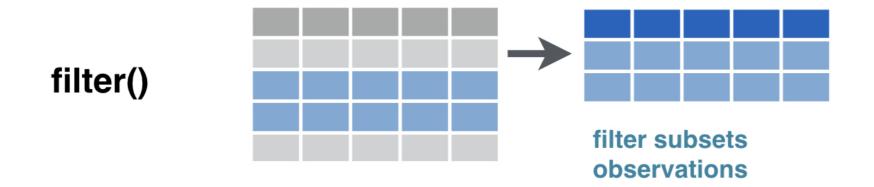


### The pipe operator

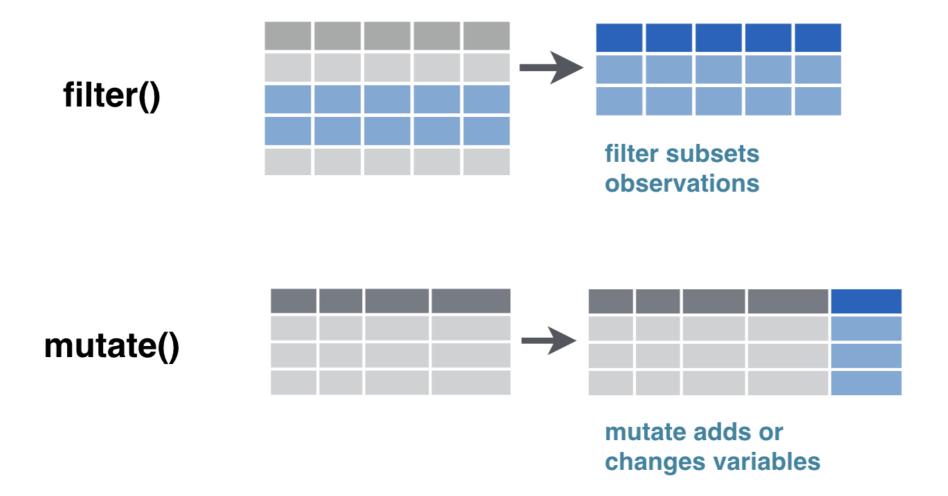


### The pipe operator

## dplyr verbs



### dplyr verbs



### Original data

votes

```
# A tibble: 508,929 × 4
   rcid session vote ccode
          <dbl> <dbl> <int>
  <dbl>
     46
                         2
     46
                        20
     46
                        31
     46
                        40
             2 1
     46
                        41
     46
                        42
     46
                        51
     46
                        52
     46
             2
                        53
     46
                        54
 ... with 508,919 more rows
```

```
1 = Yes
2 = Abstain
3 = No
8 = Not present
9 = Not a member
```

### dplyr verbs: filter

filter keeps observations based on a condition

```
votes %>%
filter(vote <= 3)</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 353,547 × 4
   rcid session vote ccode
        <dbl> <dbl> <int>
  <dbl>
     46
     46
                        20
                       40
                       41
             2 1 42
                       70
     46
                       90
                       91
     46
                        92
                        93
  ... with 508,919 more rows
```



### dplyr verbs: mutate

mutate adds an additional variable

```
votes %>%
mutate(year = session + 1945)
```



### Chaining operations in data cleaning

```
data %>%
filter(...) %>%
mutate(...)
```

# Let's practice!

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# Grouping and summarizing

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#### **Processed votes**

votes\_processed

```
# A tibble: 353,547 \times 6
   rcid session vote ccode year
                                              country
          <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl>
  <dbl>
                                               <chr>
     46
                                       United States
                          2 1947
     46
                         20 1947
                                              Canada
     46
                                                Cuba
                         40 1947
                         41 1947
     46
                                               Haiti
     46
                         42 1947 Dominican Republic
     46
                         70 1947
                                              Mexico
                                           Guatemala
     46
                             1947
     46
                         91 1947
                                            Honduras
     46
                                         El Salvador
                             1947
     46
10
                             1947
                                           Nicaragua
     with 353,537 more rows
```

## Using "% of Yes votes" as a summary



### dplyr verb: summarize

summarize() turns many rows into one

summarize() turns many rows into one



### dplyr verbs: summarize

```
votes_processed %>%
summarize(total = n())
```

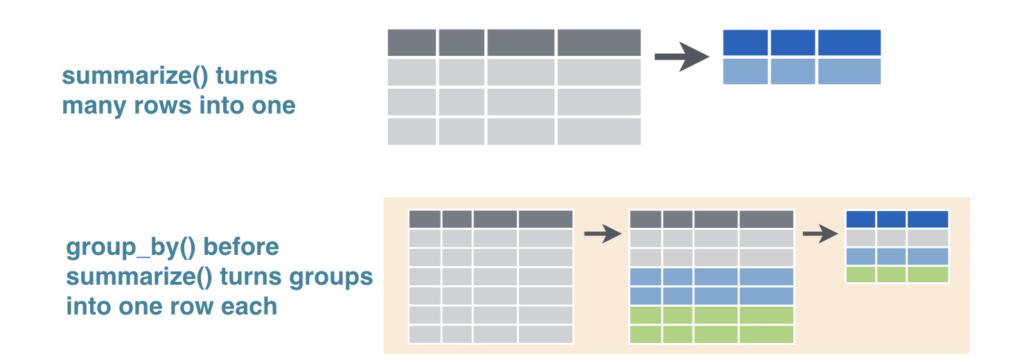
```
# A tibble: 1 × 1
    total
    <int>
1 353547
```

### dplyr verbs: summarize

mean(vote == 1) is a way of calculating "percent of vote
 equal to 1"

### dplyr verb: group\_by

- summarize() turns many rows into one
- group\_by() before summarize() turns groups into one row each



### dplyr verbs: group\_by

```
# A tibble: 34 × 3
   year total percent_yes
   <dbl> <int>
                    <dbl>
    1947 2039 0.5693968
    1949
         3469 0.4375901
    1951
         1434
                0.5850767
    1953
         1537
                0.6317502
    1955 2169
                0.6947902
    1957 2708
                0.6085672
   1959 4326
                0.5880721
   1961 7482
                0.5729751
    1963 3308 0.7294438
   1965 4382
                0.7078959
  ... with 24 more rows
```



# Let's practice!

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# Sorting and filtering summarized data

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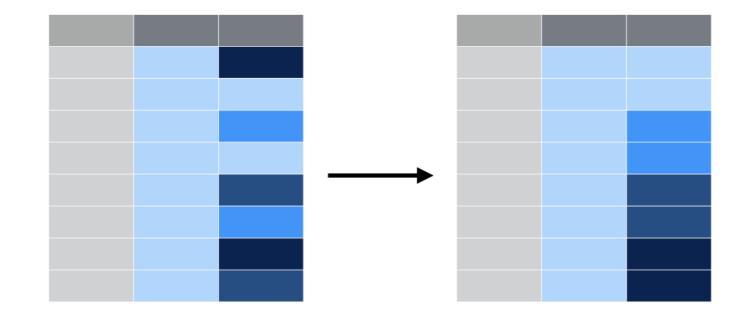
### by\_country dataset

by\_country

```
# A tibble: 200 × 3
              country total percent_yes
                <chr> <int>
                                  <dbl>
          Afghanistan 2373
                              0.8592499
              Albania 1695
                              0.7174041
              Algeria 2213
                              0.8992318
              Andorra
                        719
                              0.6383866
               Angola 1431
                              0.9238295
  Antigua and Barbuda
                              0.9124424
                       1302
            Argentina 2553
                              0.7677242
              Armenia
                        758
                              0.7467018
            Australia 2575
                              0.5565049
              Austria 2389
10
                              0.6224362
     with 190 more rows
```

## dplyr verb: arrange()

arrange() sorts a table based on a variable



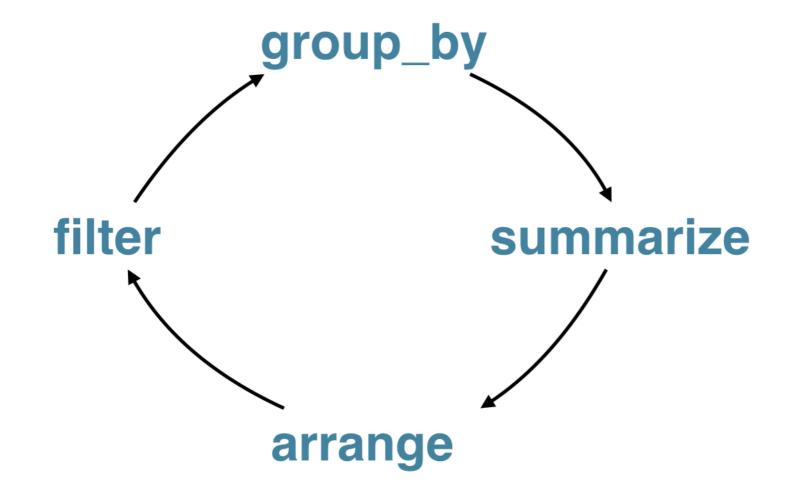
### arrange()

```
by_country %>%
arrange(percent_yes)
```

```
A tibble: 200 × 3
                          country total percent_yes
                            <chr> <int>
                                              <dbl>
                         Zanzibar
                                      2
                                          0.0000000
                    United States 2568
                                          0.2694704
                            Palau
                                    369
                                          0.3387534
                           Israel
                                   2380
                                          0.3407563
      Federal Republic of Germany
5
                                  1075
                                          0.3972093
                   United Kingdom 2558
                                          0.4167318
                           France 2527
                                          0.4265928
  Micronesia, Federated States of
                                          0.4419890
                                    724
                 Marshall Islands
                                    757
                                          0.4914135
                          Belgium 2568
10
                                          0.4922118
  ... with 190 more rows
```



### Transforming tidy data



# Let's practice!

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