Final Report: Library Management System

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Md.Rafiul Alam Durjoy

Department of Computer Science and Engineering State University of Bangladesh (SUB) Dhaka, Bangladesh mdurjoy148@gmail.com

Abstract—With the improvement in technology, there is a great need for automation in every aspect of life. The traditional library can also be made more efficient using technology. Previously, the librarian used to keep the log of books using traditional methods. But now, we can use relational database to keep track of the books in the library that are being borrowed.

Index Terms—Database, Library Management System, PHP, HTML, CSS

I. Introduction

Libraries have been part of the human civilization for centuries. The library stores knowledge and information in books. From ancient times, the libraries have designed ways of keeping the record of books. Previously, it was done in written form. But with the advancement in technologies, relational databases are used to track the books.

The library management system is a project that aims in developing a computerized system to maintain all the daily work of library. This system will include features like user management, book management, issuing books, calculating late fee and many more. This system will greatly help the library administration to maintain the records more effectively.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Extensive researches are being conducted in the area of Library Management. More advanced technologies are being used to make the system more efficient. Donghua Zhou has proposed an intelligent library management system that will utilize the help of RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) to improve the system in term of efficiency and cost effectiveness (Zhou, 2019).

III. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

The proposed system will provide a complete Library management solution. It will include a user-friendly front end that will help the admin and users to interact with the system easily. The system includes a database that will keep record of the books and users. The backend will combine the front end and the database and will include functions like user authentication, registration, late fee calculation etc. The frontend will be designed using HTML and CSS. For system will be built using PHP and MySQL database.

In this project, a number of development tools would be used to complete this project. They are listed as follow.

A. Requirements:

Language Used: PHP Database: MySQL User Interface Design:

HTML

• CSS

Web Browser: Mozilla, Google Chrome.

Software: XAMPP Server

HTML: HTML is the code that is used to structure a web page and its content. HTML is used to specify whether a web content should be recognized as a paragraph, list, heading, link, image, multimedia player, form, or one of many other available elements, or even a new element that you define. It is the globally accepted programming language for formatting web pages. It is mostly used by small and medium scale businesses that do not really need advanced functionality on their websites. HTML is free, supports all browsers on the client's machine, easy to use and understand hence, the choice in building the structure of our web pages.

CSS: CSS is a style sheet language used to describe the presentation of a document written in HTML or XML (including XML dialects such as SVG or XHTML). CSS describes how elements should be rendered on screen, on paper, in speech, or on other media. CSS is one of the core languages of the open web and is standardized across browsers according to the World Wide Web Consortium specification.

PHP: PHP (Hypertext Preprocessor) is known as a general-purpose scripting language that can be used to develop dynamic and interactive websites. It was among the first server-side languages that could be embedded into HTML, making it easier to add functionality to web pages without needing to call external files for data.

MYSQL: It is not a programming language rather it is software used for the database management system. MySQL

is a relational database management system based on SQL – Structured Query Language. The application is used for a wide range of purposes, including data warehousing, e-commerce, and logging applications.

DATABASE: A database is a systematic collection of data. They support electronic storage and manipulation of data. Databases make data management easy.



Fig. 1. Example of Database.

- B. Library Management System has two modules:
 - 1.Admin Module.
- 2.Student Module.

1.For Admin Module Features:

Admin Dashboard.

Can manage category.

Manage author.

Book Management.

Admin can issue a new book to a student.

Update the details when the student returns the book.

Search student by using their student ID.

2.For Students Module Features:

Register yourself and after registration, they will get student id.

Student can view the dashboard.

Update personal profile.

View issued book and book return date-time.

C. Advantages:

- 1.Time Saving.
- 2. Economical.
- 3. Faster and easier data retrieval.
- 4. Availability of data.

IV. DESIGN AND CODING:

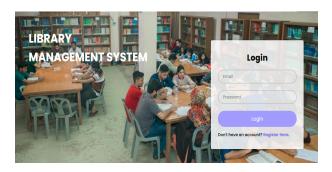


Fig. 2. Login Page Output.

Fig. 3. Login Page Code.

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Fig. 4. Login Page Code.



Fig. 5. Registration page Output.

Fig. 6. Registration Page Code.

Fig. 7. Registration Page Code.

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Fig. 8. Registration Page Code.

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WELCOME

A library is a collection of materials,
books or media that are easily accessible for use and not just for display purposes.
It is responsible for boasing updated information in order to meet the user's needs on a daily basis.
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Fig. 9. Student Home Page Output.

Fig. 10. Student Home Page Code.



Fig. 11. Student Books Page Output

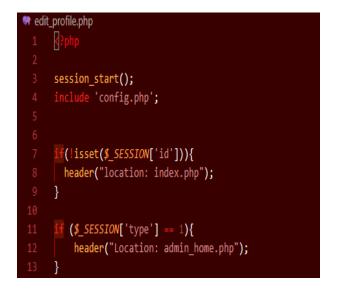


Fig. 14. Edit-profile Page Code.



Fig. 12. Student Update Page Output.

Fig. 15. Edit-profile Page Code.

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Edit Profile

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Fig. 13. Edit-profile Page Output.

Fig. 16. Edit-profile Page Code.

Fig. 17. Edit-profile Page Code.

Fig. 20. Books Page Code.



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Fig. 18. Books Page Output.
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Fig. 21. Books Page Code.

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Fig. 19. Books Page Code.
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Fig. 22. Books Page Code.

Fig. 23. Books Page Code.

LMS - Student



Fig. 24. Profile Page Output.

Fig. 25. Profile Page Code.

Fig. 26. Profile Page Code.

Fig. 27. Profile Page Code.

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Fig. 28. Profile Page Code.



Fig. 29. Admin home Page Output.

Fig. 30. Admin home Page Code.

Fig. 31. Admin home Page Code.

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LMS - Admin
BOOKS
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Rafiul Alam Durjoy, Rafat Azad
                    Name
Let us C++
                 Advanced Database
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                 Artificial Intelligence
                                                                                              Elon Musk
                                                                                             Shakespeare
asdfsaasdfas
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                 Poor Economics
My Busy Book
                                                                                           Abhijit Banerjee
Unicom
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           Data Structures and Algorithms
                                                                                                                                                            9
                                                                                             Walter Rudin
          Principles of mathematical analysis
              The Rule of Law
Antibiotics Simplified
                                                                                          Tom Bingham
Jason C. Gallagher
                                                                                                                                                        5
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Fig. 32. Admin Books Page Output.

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Fig. 33. Admin Books Page Code.

Fig. 34. PHP connect Code.

V. PROJECT DATABASE PICTURES



Fig. 35. Project Database.

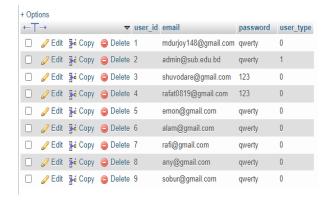


Fig. 36. Users Table.



Fig. 37. User Details Table.



Fig. 38. Books Data Table.

VI. ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM

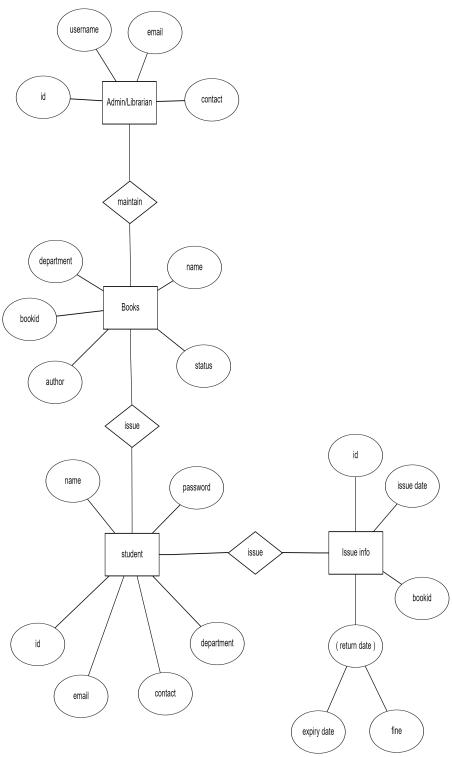


Fig. 39. ER-Diagram

VII. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

There is a huge scope of improvement on this system. We can utilize computer vision to automatically issue a book when someone picks it from the shelf (Xi, Zhang, Hu & Xin, 2016). IOT devices can be used to keep track of books easily.

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- [2] Xi, Q., Zhang, Q., Hu, W., & Xin, W. (2016). Computer Vision-Based Library Management System. Science Technology Libraries, 35(2), 172-182