Student table

Student_ID	S_Name	S_Surname	S_Age	GPA	S_Birthdate
101001	Ali	Almasli	20	95	01-JAN-2011
101002	Ferid	Veliyev	Null	93	25-OCT-2004
101003	Vahid	Haciyev	21	94	29-MAY-2009

- 1) Create table and insert appropriate data into your table. (Student_id column is primary key, s_name and s_surname columns should not be left as null)
- 2) Answer the questions according to the following statements:
 - a) Write An SQL Query to print different GPAs From Student Table.
 - b) Write An SQL Query To Print First Four Characters Of S_NAME From Student Table.
 - c) Write An SQL Query To Find The Position Of The Alphabet ('a') In The S Surname Column whose surname is 'Mehdiyev' From Student Table.
 - d) Write An SQL Query To Print The S_NAME From Student Table After Replacing 'i' With 'b'.
 - e) Write An SQL Query To join The S_NAME And S_SURNAME columns' values and name it as FULL_NAME. A Space Char Should Separate Them.
 - f) Write An SQL Query To Print All Students Details From The Student Table Order by GPA Descending.
 - g) Write An SQL Query To Print All Students' Details From The Student Table Order by GPA in ascending order and fetch only first two rows.
 - h) Write An SQL Query To Print All Students' Details From The Student Table Order by GPA in descending order and fetch after second index only two rows.
 - i) Write An SQL Query To Print Details For Students whose names are "Ali" And "Vahid" From Student Table.
 - j) Write An SQL Query To Print Details Of The Students Whose S_Surname Ends With 'v'.
 - k) Write An SQL Query To Print Details Of The Students Whose S_Surname contains '1' letter.
 - 1) Write An SQL Query To Print Details Of The Students Whose GPA Lies Between 90 And 95.

- m) Write an SQL Query that substitute NULL values with 22 in the Student_age column for the student table. (Use an appropriate function!!)
- n) Write An SQL Query To Print Details Of The Student who was born in 'October'.
- o) Add new 'Gate_Entry_Records' column to 'Students' table. Then, update null values with the following data in your table: '29-10-2019 12:30:25'
- p) Write appropriate nested functions: Firstly, take starting from 2^{nd} index of "S_Surname" column values and length is 3, then merge those values with "ka". Finally, find index of 'e' on them.

3) Write the output of the following queries

a) select round (65.359, 2) from dual;	
b) select trunc (412.74, 1) from dual;	
c) select round (132.683, 0) from dual;	
d) select trunc (225.343, -2) from dual;	
e) select round (255.343, -1) from dual;	
f) select round (49.343, -2) from dual;	
g) select trunc (255.343, -3) from dual;	