

Question 1:

To get the results for the given constraints, I had to make use of two of the given datasets. The datasets I used were business and reviews datasets. To accommodate nested data loading, I used the twitter's elephant-bird JsonLoader to load the data on to Pig. The necessary .jar files were added to the resources under the properties tab of the pig editor. For the sake of analysis, I have taken specific attributes of both the datasets. The attributes being categories, city, business, state, latitude, longitude from business dataset and the attributes business id and review id from the reviews dataset. Once we have both the data, we filter it with the constraints as latitude and longitude limit for USA. After this, both the data is joined together based on their common field business_id. Once they both are joined, I generated the city and categories for each of the records in joined. Since the categories in the business dataset are nested and each business can be classified under different categories, I had to flatten the categories so that each category can be identified with business individually. Once the categories have been flattened, I had to group the variable flattened by city and categories, in order to get the results grouped respectively. Also, if we group any field, it's schema changes. So, in order to get the desired result, for each record in the grouped variable, I have flattened the grouping done previously, as city and categories and then generated the count of reviews associated with it. Eventually the results are obtained by ordering it by city, so that the final output can be arranged by showing the number of reviews for each business category within each city in the dataset. The final result is then stored in a '.tsv' file.

The Pig script for the given question is below:

Question1A



```
A = LOAD '/user/rsr379/yelp_academic_dataset_business.json' USING com.twitter.elephantbird.pig.load.JsonLoader('-nestedLoad') AS (yelp:map[]);

business = FOREACH A GENERATE yelp#'categories' as categories, yelp#'business_id' as business_id, yelp#'city' as city, yelp#'state' as state,

(float)yelp#'latitude' as latitude, (float)yelp#'longitude' as longitude;

business_coordinates = FILTER business BY (latitude</a>,384472) AND (latitude > 24.520833) AND (longitude</a>-66.950) AND(longitude>-124.766667);

B = FOREACH business_coordinates GENERATE categories, business_id, city;

C = LOAD '/user/rsr379/yelp_academic_dataset_review.json' USING com.twitter.elephantbird.pig.load.JsonLoader('-nestedLoad') AS (review: map[]);

reviews = FOREACH C GENERATE review# business_id' as business_id, review#'review_id' as review_id;

combine = JOIN B by business_id, reviews by business_id;

flattened = FOREACH combine GENERATE city, FLATTEN(categories);

grouped = GROUP flattened by (city,categories);

result = FOREACH grouped GENERATE FLATTEN(group) AS (city,categories), COUNT(flattened);

final_result = ORDER result by city;

STORE final_result into 'QIResultSet.tsv';
```

The Partial result:

```
Ahwahtukee Home Cleaning 12
           Home Services 12
Ahwahtukee
Ahwahtukee Local Services 12
Ahwahtukee
             Carpet Cleaning 12
Δhwahtukee
             Professional Services 12
Ahwahtukee
           Office Cleaning 12
Ahwatukee
             Pets 10
             Pizza 191
Ahwatukee
             Movers 6
             Burgers 7
Ahwatukee
Ahwatukee
             Doctors 18
Ahwatukee
Ahwatukee
             Italian 191
Ahwatukee
             Dentists
                           18
Ahwatukee
             Creperies
Ahwatukee
             Fast Food
           Nightlife
Ahwatukee
             Skin Care
              Wine Bars
                           158
Ahwatukee
             Automotive
             Car Rental
Ahwatukee
                           26
Ahwatukee Gastropubs 158
```

Question2:

For this question I had to use the same datasets as before, i.e., review and business dataset. As before, the datasets were loaded using twitter's elephant-bird JsonLoader. This time I have generated the fields categories, city, business_id from the business dataset and the fields business_id and stars from the reviews dataset. The two datasets are joined by their common attribute business_id. Once that has been done, I generated the city, stars, categories for each of the records in the joined variable. As the categories given in the business dataset are nested and each business can be classified under various different categories, I flattened the categories so that we can identify each category associated with the business individually.

Once the categories have been flattened, I then grouped the variable flattened by city and categories, so that we can see the results grouped respectively. Since the schema changes if we group a field, I flattened the previous grouping.

The Pig Script for the question is:

```
Question2

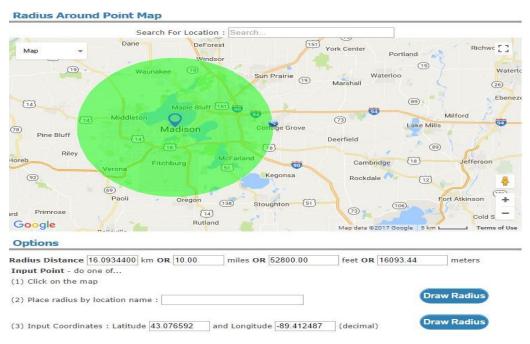
| A = LOAD '/user/rsr379/yelp_academic_dataset_business.json' USING com.twitter.elephantbird.pig.load.JsonLoader('-nestedLoad') AS (yelp:map[]);
| business = FOREACH A GENERATE yelp#'categories' as categories, yelp#'city' as city, yelp#'business_id' as business_id;
| B = LOAD '/user/rsr379/yelp_academic_dataset_review.json' USING com.twitter.elephantbird.pig.load.JsonLoader('-nestedLoad') AS (review: map[]);
| reviews = FOREACH B GENERATE review#'business_id' as business_id, (INT)review#'stars' as stars;
| occubine = JOIN business by business_id, reviews by business_id;
| flattened = FOREACH combine GENERATE city,stars, FLATTEN(categories);
| agrouped = GROUP flattened by (categories,city);
| fresult = FOREACH grouped GENERATE FLATTEN(group) AS (categories,city), AVG(flattened.stars) AS ranking;
| final_result = ORDER result BY categories,ranking DESC;
| STORE final_result into '/user/rsr379/Q2Result.tsv';
```

The partial result set is:

```
Stuttgart
               5.0
Mentor 4.833333333333333
Berea 4.3333333333333333
Saint-Jean-sur-Richelieu
                               4.2
Chagrin Falls 4.0
Fountain Hills 4.0
Tolleson
               3.0
Surprise
               2.8
Carefree
               2.75
Gilbert 2.733333333333333334
East York
               2.666666666666665
Urbana 2.5714285714285716
Beloeil 2.5
Sun City
               2.5
Allison Park
               2.5
Euclid 2.5
Laveen 2.5
Morin-Heights
               2.5
Montréal
               2.441860465116279
Markham 2.4285714285714284
               2.3333333333333333
Cheswick
               2.3333333333333333
```

Question 3:

Datasets used in this question were business and reviews dataset. Both of them were loaded using twitter's elephant-bird JsonLoader. I then generated the fields categories, latitude, longitude, business_id from business dataset and the fields business_id and stars from the reviews dataset. In order to obtain business's within a 10 mile radius of University of Wisconsin-Madison, I put the limits of latitude and longitude which is to be satisfied for the business to be in the specified radius. The limits were got from the web using the image below:



The two are joined together by their common attribute business_id. Once they were joined I generated the stars, categories for each of the records in the joined variable. Since each business in the dataset can be classified under different categories, I had to flatten the categories so that we can identify the category associated with each business. Once the categories have been flattened, I grouped the variable flattened by categories, so that we can see the results grouped accordingly. Since the schema changes on grouping, I have flattened the previous grouping as categories and generated the average value of the stars within that group and renamed the calculated field as rankings.

The Pig Script for the question is:

Ouestion3



```
A = LOAD '/user/rsr379/yelp_academic_dataset_business.json' USING com.twitter.elephantbird.pig.load.JsonLoader('-nestedLoad=true ') AS (yelp: map[]);

business = FOREACH A GENERATE yelp#'categories' as categories, yelp#'business_id' as business_id, (float)yelp#'latitude' as latitude, (float)yelp#'longitude'

business_radius = FILTER business BY (latitude<43.2192) AND (latitude>42.9398) AND (longitude<-89.2461) AND (longitude>-89.6024);

B = LOAD '/user/rsr379/yelp_academic_dataset_review.json' USING com.twitter.elephantbird.pig.load.JsonLoader('-nestedLoad=true ') AS (review: map[]);

reviews = FOREACH B GENERATE review#'business_id' as business_id, (int)review#'stars' as stars;

combine = JOIN business_radius by business_id, reviews by business_id;

flattened = FOREACH combine GENERATE stars, FLATTEN(categories);

grouped = GROUP flattened by categories;

result = FOREACH grouped GENERATE FLATTEN(group) AS categories, AVG(flattened.stars) AS rankings;

q2result = ORDER result BY categories;

STORE q2result into '/user/rsr379/Q3Result.tsv';
```

The Partial Result is:

```
Accessories 3.8029556650246303
Accountants 4.411764705882353
Active Life 4.091328886608517
Acupuncture 4.487179487179487
Adult 4.214285714285714
Adult Education 4.214285714285714
Advertising 5.0
Afghan 3.668918918919
African 3.6292134831460676
Air Duct Cleaning 4.93333333333334
Aircraft Dealers 4.5
Aircraft Repairs
                  4.5
Airport Shuttles
                   3.317073170731707
Airports
            4.059210526315789
Allergists 2.166666666666665
Amateur Sports Teams 4.0
American (New) 3.8094785979903474
American (Traditional) 3.540144727773949
Amusement Parks 3.5
Animal Shelters 3.4210526315789473
Antiques 4.1192660550458715
```

Question 4:

For this question, I have made use of three datasets from the Yelp Academic Dataset. The datasets being Business, Users and Reviews dataset. All the dataset were loaded in Pig using Twitter's Elephant-bird JsonLoader. The '.jar' files needed to use the JsonLoader were added under resources the properties tab of the pig editor. The first part of the question involves finding out the top reviewers based on their review count. For this, we use the user dataset and get the attributes user_id, review_count. Using the ORDER BY and DESC we can sort the data based on the field necessary, in this case the review_count. For the second part, I have ordered the user's information by review count and limited the set to only the users with the 10 highest number of reviews. I then joined this with the reviews dataset. The is then joined to the business dataset. After this, they are flattened according to their names and the categories they belong to along with the average ratings for each category they have reviewed.

The Pig Script is:



The Partial Output is:

```
3.7333333333333334
      Thai
            3.0
Dan
      Used
            3.0
             4.0
             2.0
Dan
      Irish 3.0
Dan
       Tennis 4.0
Dan
       Burgers 3.0
       Framing 4.0
Dan
       Grocery 4.0
       Italian 3.0
       Jewelry 4.6
Dan
       Seafood 2.0
       Bakeries
Dan
       Desserts
Dan
      Shopping
       Aquariums
```

Question 5:

For this, I first loaded the business dataset using Twitter's Elephant-bird JsonLoader and generated the attributes name, categories, business_id, latitude, longitude, stars. Then I filtered the data according to the location specification of University of Wisconsin-Madison. After this I generated the attributes other than latitude and longitude since they won't be needed anymore. At the same time, I have converted the categories field to bag using the TOBAG operator. The big was then converted to a string in the same step using the BagToString function. This is to easily filter the categories based on the constraint that they have food in them. Once the categories have been filtered, the businesses were ordered in the ascending order based on their stars and limited to 10 businesses. For the bottom 10 part of the question, the same thing was done but the ordering is in the descending order of stars.

The Pig Script is:



The Partial result:

Top 10 Business:

```
4y8KM5Hq0HOm6M0w7O-m4g Madison Food Explorers 6
4y8KM5Hq0H0m6M0w70-m4g Madison Food Explorers 7
4y8KM5Hq0HOm6M0w7O-m4g Madison Food Explorers 9
7e1rkqyJpXNAQfcFsOQRYw Windsor Breads Bakery & Coffeehouse
7e1rkqyJpXNAQfcFsOQRYw Windsor Breads Bakery & Coffeehouse
7e1rkqyJpXNAQfcFsOQRYw Windsor Breads Bakery & Coffeehouse
7e1rkgv3pXNAOfcFsOORYw Windsor Breads Bakery & Coffeehouse
7e1rkqyJpXNAQfcFsOQRYw Windsor Breads Bakery & Coffeehouse
DUUY9UpEbA69xhketnsdLw Macha Tea
DUUY9UpEbA69xhketnsdLw Macha Tea
DUUY9UpEbA69xhketnsdLw Macha Tea
DUUY9UpEbA69xhketnsdLw Macha Tea
HOMgym6ceItYao90zNPrkg La Michoacana 1
HOMgym6ceItYao90zNPrkg La Michoacana 3
HOMqym6ceItYao90zNPrkg La Michoacana 5
HOMqym6ceItYao90zNPrkg La Michoacana 6
HOMqym6ceItYao90zNPrkg La Michoacana 7
HOMovm6ceTtYao90zNPrkg La Michoacana 8
HOMqym6ceItYao90zNPrkg La Michoacana 10
HOMqym6ceItYao90zNPrkg La Michoacana 12
KBWpa4uN2kelt2cp27r9tw Zen Sushi 2
KBWpa4uN2kelt2cp27r9tw Zen Sushi 5
KBNpa4uN2ke1t2cp27r9tw Zen Sushi
```

Bottom 10 Business:

```
8RbNzNeaUh5e8PJOnp1e4Q McDonald's 6 1.0
8RBNZNeaUh5e8PJOnple4Q McDonald's 9 1.0
8yaCjxIqYsPhiu6ZgD4Z1A Sushi Hut 1 1.5
8yaCjxIqYsPhiu6ZgD4Z1A Sushi Hut 2 1.5
8yaCjxIqYsPhiu6ZgD4Z1A Sushi Hut 8 1.5
8yaCjxIqYsPhiu6ZgD4Z1A Sushi Hut 9 1.5
Aua2Vi32K-G4LE0JCtAwiw McDonald's 1 1.5
Aua2Vi32K-G4LE0JCtAwiw McDonald's 4 1.5
Aua2Vi32K-G4LE0JCtAwiw McDonald's 5
                                            1.5
Aua2Vi32K-G4LE0JCtAwiw McDonald's 7
                                          1.5
Aua2Vi32K-G4LE0JCtAwiw McDonald's 9 1.5
Aua2Vi32K-G4LE0JCtAwiw McDonald's 11 1.5
Aua2Vi32K-G4LE0JCtAwiw McDonald's 12 1.5
LtIwF6HuA2dGWJ7OpvLHog Capitol Café. 5
                                             1.0
LtIwF6HuA2dGWJ7OpvLHog Capitol Café. 7 1.0
LtIwF6HuA2dGWJ7OpvLHog Capitol Café. 10 1.0
_VG3IAIbXdends4ATxlEiA McDonald's 1.0
_VG3IAIbXdends4ATx1EiA McDonald's 5
_VG3IAIbXdends4ATx1EiA McDonald's 6
                                             1.0
                                             1.0
_VG3IAIbXdends4ATx1EiA McDonald's 10 1.0
d2VdAB1-AasPxxLPL6QE4A McDonald's 2 1.0
d2VdAB1-AasPxxLPL6QE4A McDonald's 7 1.0
d2VdAB1-AasPxxLPL6QE4A McDonald's 8
d2VdAB1-AasPxxLPL6QE4A McDonald's 10
                                             1.0
                                     10
                                             1.0
d2VdAB1-AasPxxLPL6QE4A McDonald's 11 1.0
gKJFQd211CRmeSR5eMButg Walgreens 1 1.0
gKJFQd2l1CRmeSR5eMButg Walgreens 10 1.0
gKJFQd2l1CRmeSR5eMButg Walgreens 11
                                             1.0
pNgDhHaeFkWQW71NzT9wzg KFC 6
                                      1.0
pNgDhHaeFkWQW71NzT9wzg KFC 8 1.0
pNgDhHaeFkWQW71NzT9wzg KFC 10 1.0
s8sAe29mA8q1eQwdC1qAKw Wendy's 2 1.5
```