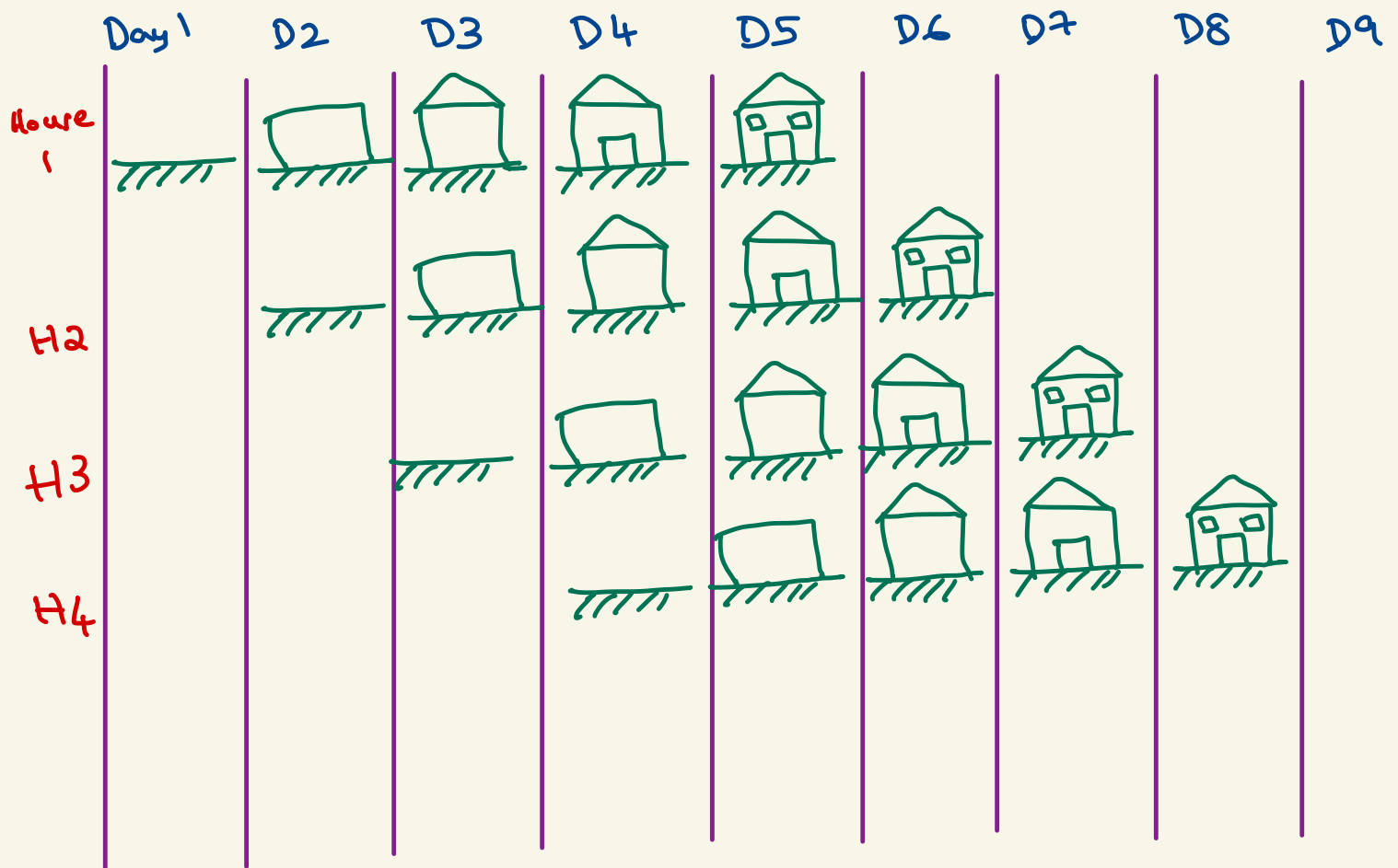
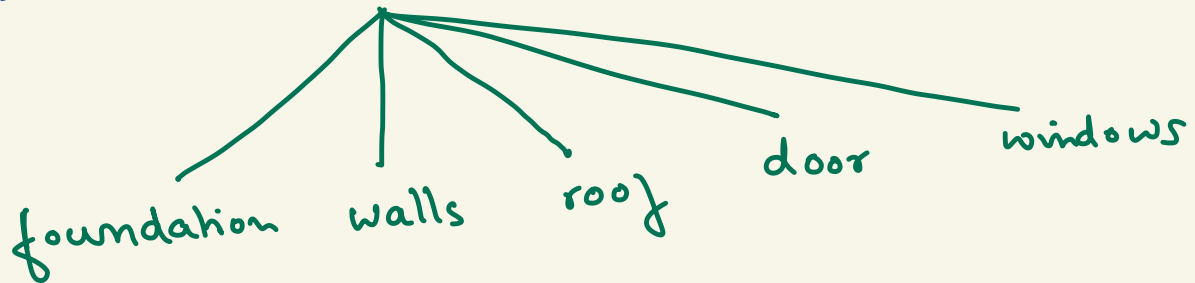


Construction of a house takes 5 days

Construction divided into sub tasks



→ After 4 days, it appears as if a new house is constructed/completed every single day

→ Pipelined

$$\text{Speedup} = \frac{\text{old time}}{\text{new time}}$$

To construct n houses

without pipeline; $n \cdot 5 = 5n$ days

without pipeline:

with pipeline: $(5-1) + n \cdot 1 = (5-1) + n$ days

no house (startup cost) one house completed every single day

$$\text{Speedup} = \frac{5n}{(5-1) + n}$$

If n is say 1 million

$$\text{Speedup} = \frac{5M}{1M + 3} \approx 5$$

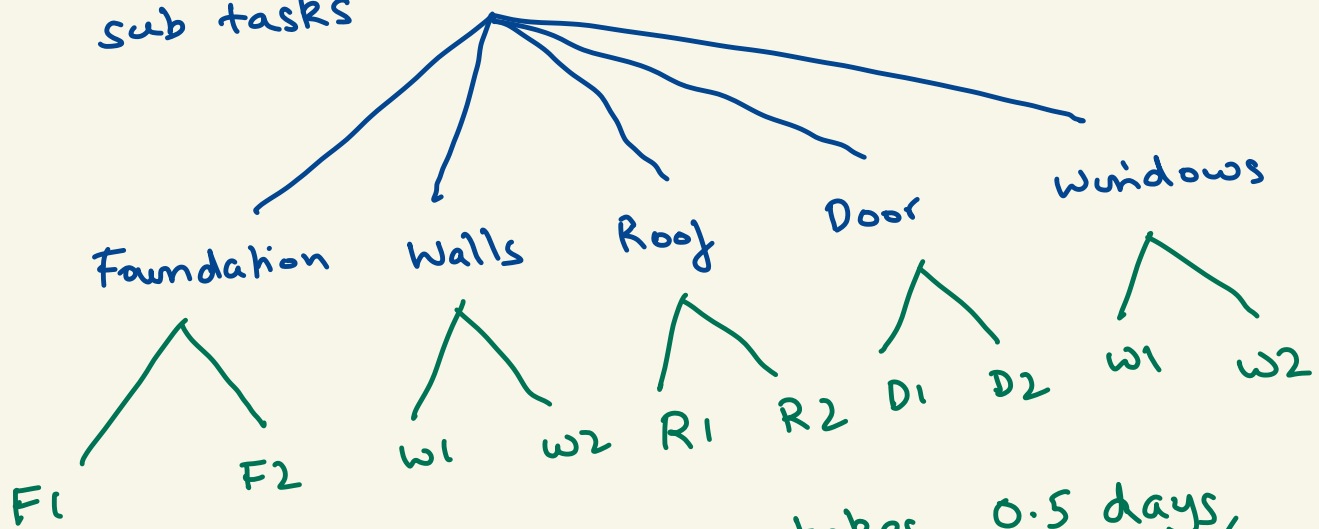
For sufficiently large n , $(5-i)^n$ is negligible

$$\text{Speedup} = \frac{5n}{n} = 5$$

5 is number of stages in the pipeline (k)
[pipeline depth]

$$\text{Speedup} = \frac{k \cdot n}{n} = k$$

What if I am able to further divide the sub tasks



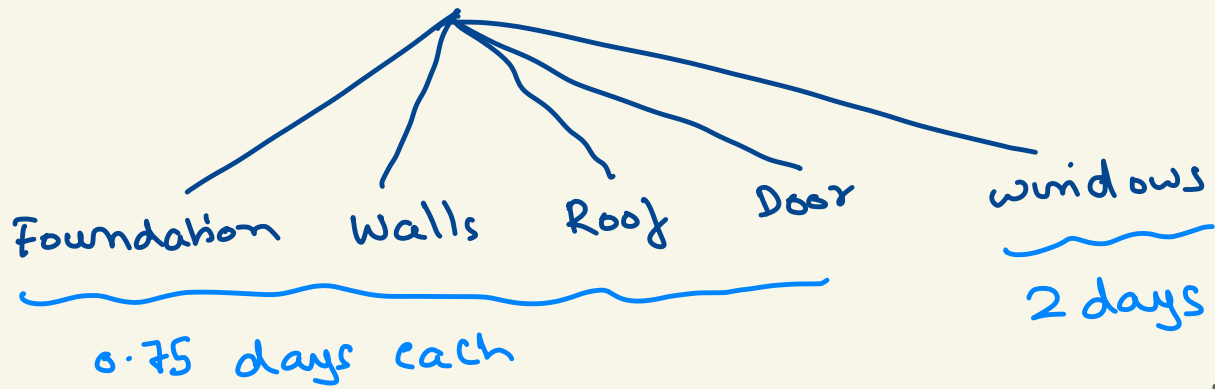
If each sub task takes 0.5 days,
the speedup achieved is?

It appears as if a new house is completed
every 0.5 days

Speedup = 10 (2X the previous design
where the #tasks
was 5)

Can I keep sub dividing the tasks to
achieve higher speedup?

What happens if the division is as below



The first 4 tasks take only 0.75 days each.

Placing the windows takes 2 days

A single house still takes 5 days to complete

Speedup = ?

Imbalance in the pipeline