



**MANIPAL UNIVERSITY
JAIPUR**

(University under Section 2(f) of the UGC Act)



B.TECH SECOND YEAR

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2022-2023



COURSE NAME: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III

COURSE CODE : MA 2101

LECTURE SERIES NO :

CREDITS : 3

MODE OF DELIVERY : ONLINE (POWER POINT PRESENTATION)

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PROPOSED DATE OF DELIVERY:



**MANIPAL UNIVERSITY
JAIPUR**

VISION

Global Leadership in Higher Education and Human Development

MISSION

- Be the most preferred University for innovative and interdisciplinary learning
- Foster academic, research and professional excellence in all domains
- Transform young minds into competent professionals with good human values

VALUES

Integrity, Transparency, Quality,
Team Work, Execution with Passion, Humane Touch

SESSION OUTCOME

"EQUIVALENCE OF TWO GRAPHS "

ASSIGNMENT

QUIZ

MID TERM EXAMINATION –I & II

END TERM EXAMINATION

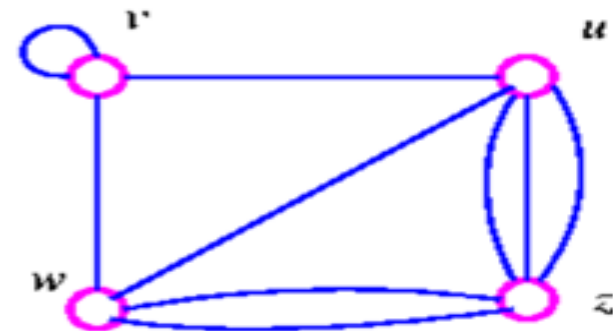
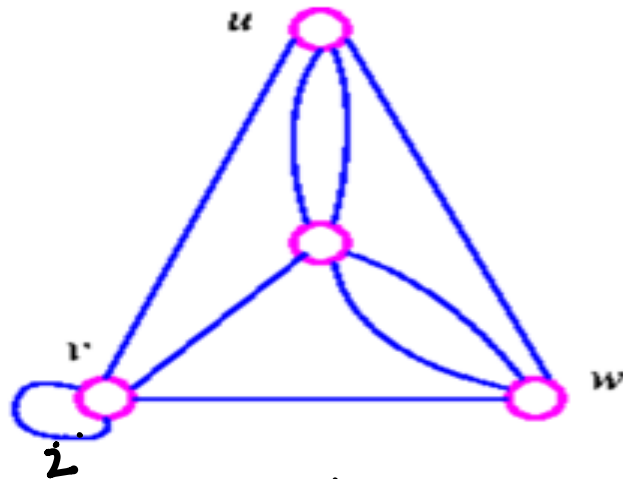
ASSESSMENT CRITERIA'S

PROGRAM OUTCOMES MAPPING WITH C02

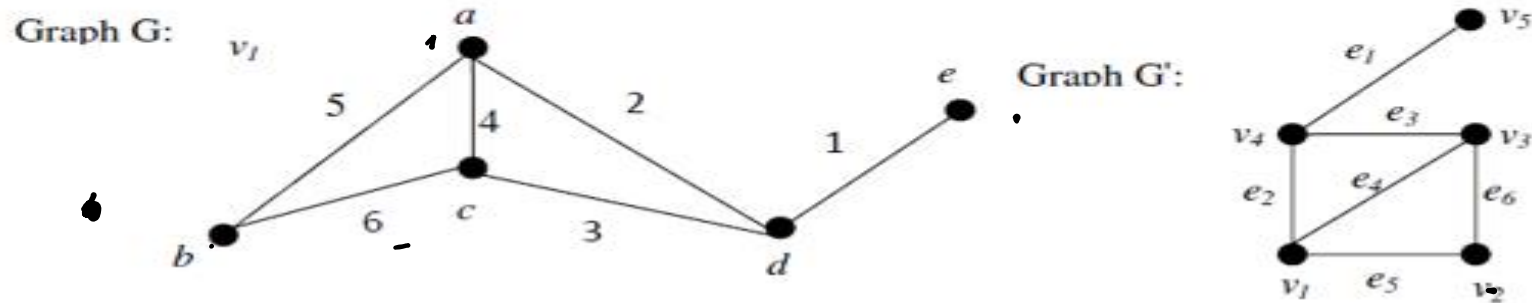
**ENGINEERING KNOWLEDGE: APPLY THE KNOWLEDGE
OF MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE, ENGINEERING
FUNDAMENTALS, AND AN ENGINEERING
SPECIALIZATION TO THE SOLUTION OF COMPLEX
ENGINEERING PROBLEMS.**

Isomorphic Graphs

- Two graph G and H are isomorphic if H can be obtained from G by relabeling the vertices - that is, if there is a one-to-one correspondence between the vertices of G and those of H , such that the number of edges joining any pair of vertices in G is equal to the number of edges joining the corresponding pair of vertices in H . For example, two labeled graphs, such as



Example:



Correspondence of vertices

$$f(a) = v_1$$

$$f(b) = v_2$$

$$f(c) = v_3$$

$$f(d) = v_4$$

$$f(e) = v_5$$

Correspondence of edges

$$f(1) = e_1$$

$$f(2) = e_2$$

$$f(3) = e_3$$

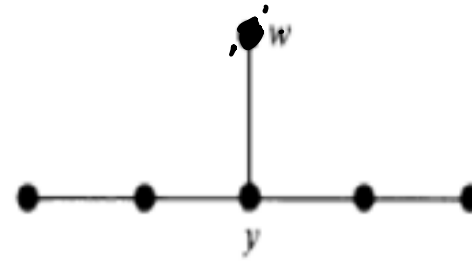
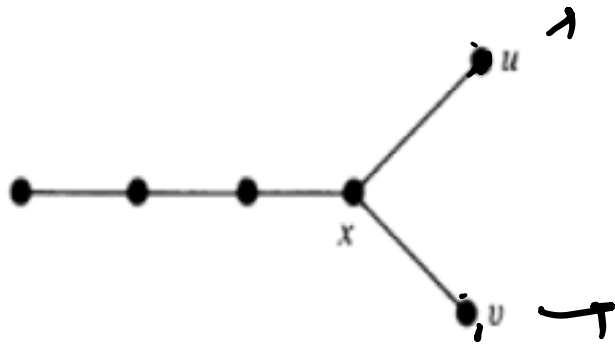
$$f(4) = e_4$$

$$f(5) = e_5$$

Adjacency also preserved. Therefore G and G' are said to be isomorphic.

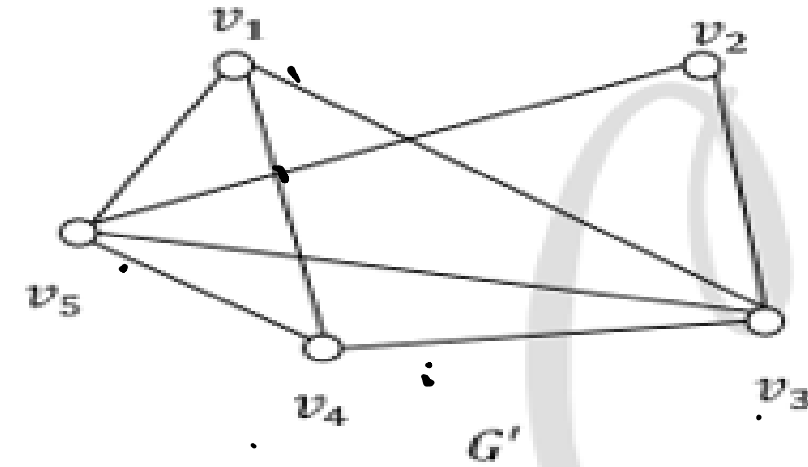
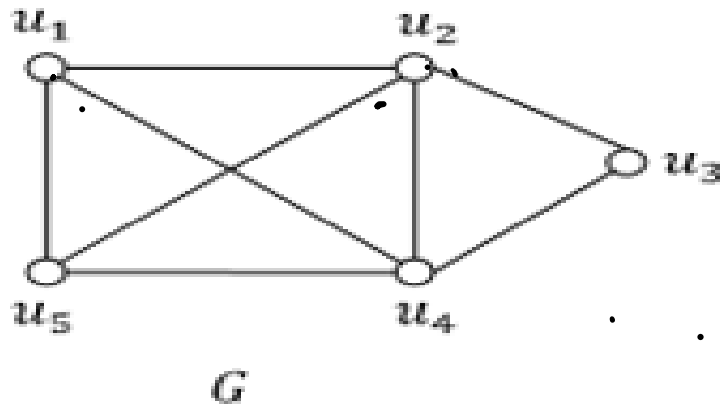
Example:

The following two graphs are not isomorphic, because x is adjacent to two pendent vertex is not preserved.



Example:

Examine whether the following pair of graphs are isomorphic. If not isomorphic, give the reasons.



Solution:

In G , the number of vertices is 5, the number of edges is 8.

$$\deg(u_1) = 3, \deg(u_2) = 4, \deg(u_3) = 2, \deg(u_4) = 4, \deg(u_5) = 3$$

In G' , the number of vertices is 5, the number of edges is 8.

$$\deg(v_1) = 3, \deg(v_2) = 2, \deg(v_3) = 4, \deg(v_4) = 3, \deg(v_5) = 4$$

There are same number of vertices and edges in both the graph G and G' .

Here in both graphs G and G' , two vertices are of degree 3, two vertices are of degree 4, and one vertex is of degree 2.

$$u_1 \rightarrow v_1, u_2 \rightarrow v_5, u_3 \rightarrow v_2, u_4 \rightarrow v_3, u_5 \rightarrow v_4$$

There is one to one correspondences between the graphs G and G' .

\therefore The graphs G and G' are isomorphic.