1.) Define a structure called Student with the members: name, reg no, marks in 3 tests and average marks. Develop a menu driven program to perform the following by writing separate function for each operation: a) read information of N students b) display student's information c) to calculate the average of best two test marks of each student. Note: Illustrate the use of pointer to an array of structure and allocate memory dynamically using malloc () /calloc()/realloc().

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
//N->Number Of Students
int N, size, i, j;
//Defining a Structure named Student
struct student{
  char name[30]:
  int reg no;
  int marks[3];
  float avg;
};
//Function Prototypes
void read(struct student *);
void disp(struct student *):
void avg(struct student *);
//Main Function
void main()
  //Declaring Pointer to Student Structure
  struct student *st:
  printf("Enter the size:");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  //Dynamically Allocating Memory for array of Structures
  st = (struct student *) malloc(size*sizeof(struct student));
  int choice:
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your Choice:\n");
     printf("1.Input\n2.Display\n3.Average\n4.Exit\n");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : read(st);
             break;
       case 2 : disp(st);
            break;
       case 3 : avg(st);
             break;
       case 4 : printf("!!THANK YOU!!\n");
             exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\n!!Thank You!!\n");
             free(st); st=NULL;
                                                        1
```

```
}
//Function to read Student Details
void read(struct student *st)
  printf("Enter the number of Students:\n");
  scanf("%d",&N);
  if(N>size)
     printf("insufficient Space\n");
     printf("Creating space by reallocating memory\n");
     st = (struct student *) realloc(st,(N-size)*sizeof(struct student));
  for(i=0;i<N;i++)
     printf("Enter the Name and Reg_no of Student %d\n",i+1);
     scanf("\%s\%d",(st+i)->name,\&(st+i)->reg_no);
     printf("Enter the marks Scored in three tests:\n");
     for(j=0;j<3;j++)
       scanf("%d",&(st+i)->marks[j]);
//Function to display Student Details
void disp(struct student *st)
  if(N==0)
     printf("List is Empty!");
     return;
  printf("The details of %d students are:\n",N);
  printf("Reg-No\tName\tTest1\tTest2\tTest3\t\n");
  for(i=0;i<N;i++)
     printf("%d\t%s\t",(st+i)->reg_no,(st+i)->name);
     for(j=0;j<3;j++)
       printf("%d\t",(st+i)->marks[j]);
     printf("\n");
//Function to calculate average of Students and display
void avg(struct student *st)
  int k,temp,sum[N];
```

```
//temp: variable used for swapping
  //sum[N] : Array to Store Total marks of N students
  for(i=0;i<N;i++)
     for(j=0;j<3;j++)
       for(k=0;k<3-j-1;k++)
         if((st+i)->marks[k]>(st+i)->marks[k+1])
            temp = (st+i)-> marks[k];
            (st+i)->marks[k] = (st+i)->marks[k+1];
            (st+i)->marks[k+1] = temp;
         }
  for(i=0;i<N;i++)
     sum[i] = (st+i)->marks[1] + (st+i)->marks[2];
     (st+i)->avg = (float)sum[i]/2;
  printf("The details of %d students are:\n",N);
  printf("Reg-No\tName\t\tTest1\tTest2\tTest3\tAverage\n");
  for(i=0;i<N;i++)
     printf("%d\t%s\t',(st+i)->reg_no,(st+i)->name);
     for(j=0;j<3;j++)
       printf("%d\t",(st+i)->marks[j]);
     printf("%.2f",(st+i)->avg);
    printf("\n");
Output:
Enter the size:2
Enter Your Choice:
1.Input
2.Display
3.Average
4.Exit
Enter the number of Students:
```

```
Enter the Name and Reg_no of Student 1
Vinod
26
Enter the marks Scored in three tests:
20
17
18
Enter the Name and Reg_no of Student 2
Reddy
41
Enter the marks Scored in three tests:
18
19
20
Enter Your Choice:
1.Input
2.Display
3.Average
4.Exit
2
The details of 2 students are:
Reg-No Name Test1 Test2 Test3
26
     Vinod 20 17
                       18
41
     Reddy 18
                  19
                       20
Enter Your Choice:
1.Input
2.Display
3.Average
4.Exit
The details of 2 students are:
Reg-No Name
                   Test1 Test2 Test3 Average
26 Vinod
               17
                      18
                            20
                                 19.00
              18
     Reddy
41
                      19
                           20
                                19.50
Enter Your Choice:
1.Input
2.Display
3.Average
4.Exit
4
```

!!THANK YOU!!

2.) Define a structure called Time containing 3 integer members (hour, minute, second). Develop a menu driven program to perform the following by writing separate function for each operation. a) To read time b) To display time c) To Update time d) Add two times by writing Add (T1, T2) which returns the new Time. Update function increments the time by one second and returns the new time (if the increment results in 60 seconds, then the second member is set to zero and minute member is incremented by one. If the result is 60 minutes, the minute member is set to zero and the hour member is incremented by one. Finally, when the hour becomes 24, Time should be reset to zero) Note: Illustrate the use of pointer to a structure variable and passing and returning of structure type to and from the function (both by value and reference).

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
//TIME Structure containing 3 members
struct TIME {
  int hr,min,sec;
};
//Type Defining struct TIME
typedef struct TIME Time;
//Function Prototypes
void read(Time *);
void disp(Time *);
void update(Time *);
void add(Time *, Time *, Time *);
//Main Function
void main()
  int choice:
  //Declaring 4 Pointers to Structure TIME
  Time T1,T2,T3,T4;
  for(;;)
  {
     printf("\nEnter your Choice : \n");
     printf("1.Read\n2.Update\n3.Add\n4.Exit\n");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Reading T1..\n");
            read(&T1);
            printf("Reading T2..\n");
            read(&T2);
            printf("The Time you entered are :\n");
             printf("T1 = ");
            disp(&T1);
            printf("\nT2 = ");
            disp(\&T2);
```

```
printf("\n");
            break;
       case 2 : printf("Enter the Time to be Updated\n");
            read(&T3);
            printf("The time before Updation = ");
            disp(&T3);
            update(&T3);
            printf("\nThe time before Updation = ");
            disp(\&T3);
            break;
       case 3 : printf("Adding Two Times:\n");
            printf("T1 = ");
            disp(&T1);
            printf("\nT2 = ");
            disp(\&T2);
            add(&T1, &T2, &T4);
            printf("\nThe added time is = ");
            disp(\&T4);
            break;
       case 4 : printf("\nExecution Successfull\n!!THANK YOU!!\n");
            exit(0);
       default : printf("\nInvalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
//Function to read Time
void read(Time *T)
  printf("Enter the time in Hours:Minutes:Seconds : ");
  scanf("%d%d%d",&T->hr,&T->min,&T->sec);
//Function to display Time
void disp(Time *T)
  printf("%d:%d:%d",T->hr,T->min,T->sec);
//Function to Update Time by 1 second
void update(Time *T)
{
  T->sec++;
  if(T->sec>=60)
    T->min++;
    T->sec=T->sec\%60;
    if(T->min>=60)
       T->hr++;
       T->min = T->min \% 60;
       if(T->hr>=24)
         T->hr=T->min=T->sec=0;
```

```
}
//Function to add 2 Times
//T3 stores the added time
void add(Time *T1,Time *T2,Time *T3)
  T3->hr=T3->min=T3->sec=0;
  T3->hr = T1->hr + T2->hr;
  T3->min = T1->min + T2->min;
  T3->sec = T1->sec + T2->sec;
  if(T3->sec>=60)
    T3->min++;
    T3->sec=T3->sec%60;
    if(T3->min>=60)
      T3->hr++;
      T3->min = T3->min \% 60;
      if(T3->hr>=24)
         T3->hr=T3->min=T3->sec=0;
  if(T3->min>=60)
    T3->hr++;
    T3->min = T3->min \% 60;
    if(T3->hr>=24)
      T3->hr=T3->min=T3->sec=0;
  if(T3->hr>=24)
    T3->hr=T3->min=T3->sec=0;
Output:-
Enter your Choice:
1.Read
2.Update
3.Add
4.Exit
1
Reading T1..
Enter the time in Hours:Minutes:Seconds: 15 24 18
Reading T2..
Enter the time in Hours:Minutes:Seconds: 08 14 25
The Time you entered are:
T1 = 15:24:18
T2 = 8:14:25
```

Enter your Choice:
1.Read
2.Update
3.Add
4.Exit
2
Enter the Time to be Updated
Enter the time in Hours:Minutes:Seconds: 21 25 48
The time before Updation = $21:25:48$
The time before Updation = $21:25:49$
Enter your Choice:
1.Read
2.Update
3.Add
4.Exit
3
Adding Two Times:
T1 = 15:24:18
T2 = 8:14:25
The added time is $= 23:38:43$
Enter your Choice:
1.Read
2.Update
3.Add
4.Exit
4
Execution Successfull
!!THANK YOU!!

3.) Develop a menu driven program to implement the following operations on array storage representation with static and dynamic memory allocation. i)Insert by position ii) Delete by position iii)Insert by key iv) Delete by key v) Insert by order vi) Search by key vii) Search by position viii) Reverse the contents.

```
//Static memory allocation
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int size=20; //Initializing Size Of Array
int ne = 0; //Initializing Number of Elements in Array
//Function to read an Array
void read (int x[])
{
  int i,n;
  printf("Enter the number of elements \n");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter the elements into the array \n");
  for (i=0; i<n;i++)
  scanf("%d",&x[i]);
  ne=n;
}
//Function to display an Array
void disp (int x[])
  int i;
  if (ne==0)
     printf("Array empty\n");
     return;
  printf("The array elements you entered are : ");
  for(i=0;i<ne;i++)
  printf("%d ",x[i]);
  printf("\n");
//Function to insert an element into Array at specified position
void insert_by_pos (int x[])
  int i, pos, ele;
  if(ne==size)
     printf ("Array is full\n");
     return;
  printf("Enter the element to be inserted : \n");
  scanf("%d", &ele);
  printf("Enter the position where the element should be inserted\n");
  scanf("%d", &pos);
  if(pos >= 1 \& \& pos <= ne+1)
```

```
for(i=ne;i>=pos;i--)
       x[i]=x[i-1];
     x[i]=ele;
     ne++;
  else
  printf("Invalid position\n");
//Function to insert an element into Array in order
void insert_by_order (int x[])
  int i, ele;
  if (ne== size)
     printf("Array is full...:(\n");
     return;
  printf("Enter the element to be inserted...\n");
  scanf("%d",&ele);
  i=ne-1;
  while (i \ge 0 \& x[i] \ge ele)
     x[i+1] = x[i];
     i--;
  x[i+1]=ele;
  ne++;
//Function to delete an element into Array at specified position
void delete_by_pos (int x[])
{
  int i, pos;
  if (ne ==0)
     printf("Array is empty\n");
     return;
  printf ("Enter the postion from where element should be deleted\n");
  scanf("%d", & pos);
  if (pos>= 1 && pos<=ne)
  for(i=pos-1;i<ne-1;i++)
     x[i] = x[i+1];
  ne--;
  }
  else
```

```
printf("Invalid position\n");
//Function to delete a key element into Array
void delete_by_ele (int x[size])
  int i, ele;
  if (ne ==0)
     printf ("Array is empty\n");
     return;
  printf ("Enter the element that should be deleted\n");
  scanf("%d",&ele);
  for(i=0;i<ne\&\&x[i]!=ele;i++);
  if (i==ne)
     printf ("Element not found in the array list\n");
     return;
  for (;i<ne-1;i++)
     x[i]=x[i+1];
  ne--;
//Function to search an element in Array
void search_by_key(int x[])
  int ele,i;
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array is empty\n");
     return;
  printf("Enter the element that should be searched\n");
  scanf("%d",&ele);
  for(i=0;i<ne;i++)
     if(x[i]==ele)
     printf("Element found at position %d\n",i+1);
  printf("Element not found\n");
//Function to search an element in Array at specified position
void search_by_pos(int x[])
  int pos,i;
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array is empty\n");
```

```
return;
  printf("Enter the position from where element should be searched\n");
  scanf("%d",&pos);
  if(pos>=1&&pos<=ne)
     i=pos-1;
     printf("Element at %d is %d\n",pos,x[i]);
  else
  printf("Invalid position\n");
//Function to reverse the elements of Array
void reverse(int x[])
{
   int t,i;
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array is empty\n");
     return;
  for(i=0;i<ne/2;i++)
     t=x[i];
     x[i]=x[ne-i-1];
     x[ne-i-1]=t;
//Main Function
void main()
  int a[size];//Array declaration
  int choice:
  printf("Menu\n1.Read\n2.Display\n3.Insert by Position\n4.Insert by Order\n5.Delete by Position\n6.Delete
by Element\n7.Search by Key\n8.Search by Position\n9.Reverse\n10.Exit\n");
  for (;;)
     printf("Enter Your Choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch (choice)
       case 1: read(a);
            disp(a);
            break;
       case 2: disp(a);
            break;
       case 3: insert_by_pos(a);
            disp(a);
            break;
       case 4: insert_by_order(a);
                                                       12
```

```
disp(a);
    break;
case 5: delete_by_pos(a);
    disp(a);
    break;
case 6: delete_by_ele(a);
    disp(a);
    break;
case 7: search_by_key(a);
    break;
case 8: search_by_pos(a);
    break;
case 9: reverse(a);
    disp(a);
    break;
case 10 : printf("!!THANK YOU!!\n");
     exit(0);
default: printf("Invalid Choice\n");
```

Output:

Menu

1.Read 2.Display 3.Insert by Position 4.Insert by Order 5.Delete by Position 6.Delete by Element 7. Search by Key 8. Search by Position 9.Reverse 10.Exit Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter the number of elements Enter the elements into the array 12345 The array elements you entered are: 1 2 3 4 5 Enter Your Choice: 3 Enter the element to be inserted: Enter the position where the element should be inserted The array elements you entered are: 123456 Enter Your Choice: 5 Enter the postion from where element should be deleted The array elements you entered are: 12456 Enter Your Choice: 6 Enter the element that should be deleted The array elements you entered are: 1245 Enter Your Choice: 7 Enter the element that should be searched: 2 Element found at position 2 Enter Your Choice: 8 Enter the position from where element should be searched: 3 Element at 3 is 4 Enter Your Choice: 9 The array elements you entered are: 5 4 2 1 Enter Your Choice: 10 !!THANK YOU!!

//Dynamic memory allocation

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

```
int ne=0; //Initializing Number of Elements in Array
//Function to read an Array
void read(int *x)
  int i,n;
  printf("Enter The number of elements\n");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter The elements into The Array\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  scanf("%d",(x+i));
  ne=n;
//Function to display elements of an Array
void disp(int *x)
{
  int i:
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array empty\n");
  printf("The Array elements you Entered are : \n");
  for(i=0;i<ne;i++)
  printf("%d\t",*(x+i));
  printf("\n");
//Function to insert an element into Array at specified position
void insert_by_pos(int *x,int size)
  int i,pos,ele;
  if(ne==size)
     printf("Array is full.\n");
     printf("Reallocating Array\n");
     size++:
     x=(int*)realloc(x,size*sizeof(int));
  printf("Enter The element to be inserted : \n");
  scanf("%d",&ele);
  printf("Enter The position where The elements should be inserted\n");
  scanf("%d",&pos);
  if(pos >= 1 \& \& pos <= ne+1)
     for(i=ne;i>=pos;i++)
       *(x+i)=*(x+i-1);
     *(x+i)=ele;
     ne++;
```

```
else
  printf("invalid position\n");
//Function to insert an element into Array in order
void insert_by_order(int *x,int size)
{
  int i,ele;
  if(ne==size)
     printf("Array is full.\n");
     printf("Reallocating Array \n");
     size++;
     x=(int*)realloc(x,size*sizeof(int));
  printf("Enter The element to be inserted : ");
  scanf("%d",&ele);
  i=ne-1;
  while(i \ge 0 \& *(x+i) \ge ele)
     *(x+i+1)=*(x+i);
     i--;
  *(x+i+1)=ele;
  ne++;
//Function to delete an element in Array at specified position
void delete_by_pos(int *x)
  int i,pos;
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array is empty.\n");
     return;
  printf("Enter The position from where elements should be deleted\n");
  scanf("%d",&pos);
  if(pos >= 1 \& \& pos <= ne)
     for(i=pos-1;i<ne-1;i++)
       *(x+i)=*(x+i+1);
     ne--;
  else
  printf("invalid position.\n");
//Function to delete a key element into Array
void delete_by_ele(int *x)
{
```

```
int i,ele;
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array is empty.\n");
     return;
  printf("Enter The elements that should be deleted\n");
  scanf("%d",&ele);
  for(i=0;i < ne\&\&*(x+i)!=ele;i++);
  if(i==ne)
     printf("element not found in The Array list\n");
     return;
  for(;i<ne-1;i++)
     *(x+i)=*(x+i+1);
  ne--;
//Function to search an element in Array
void search_by_key(int *x)
  int i,ele,f=0;
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array is empty\n");
     return;
  printf("Enter The element that should be searched\n");
  scanf("%d",&ele);
  for(i=0;i<ne;i++)
     if(*(x+i)==ele)
       printf("element found at position %d\n",i+1);
       f=1;
       break;
     }
     if(f==0)
     printf("element not found\n");
//Function to search an element in Array at specified position
void search_by_pos(int *x)
  int pos,i;
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array is empty\n");
```

```
return;
  printf("Enter The position from where element should be searched\n");
  scanf("%d",&pos);
  if(pos >= 1 \& \& pos <= ne)
     i=pos-1;
     printf("element at %d is %d\n",pos,*(x+i));
  else
  printf("invalid position\n");
//Function to reverse The elements of Array
void reverse(int *x)
{
  int t,i;
  if(ne==0)
     printf("Array is empty\n");
     return;
  for(i=0;i< ne/2;i++)
     t=*(x+i);
     *(x+i)=*(x+ne-i-1);
     *(x+ne-i-1)=t;
void main()
  int *a; //Base Address of Array
  int choice, size;
  printf("Enter The size\n");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  a=(int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int)); //Dynamically Allocating memory for Array
  printf("Menu\n1.Read\n2.Display\n3.Insert by position\n4.Insert by order\n5.Delete by position\n6.Delete by
element\n7.Search by key\n8.Search by position\n9.Reverse\n10.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your Choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1: read(a);
            disp(a);
            break;
       case 2: disp(a);
            break;
       case 3: insert_by_pos(a,size);
            disp(a);
                                                       18
```

```
break;
    case 4: insert_by_order(a,size);
         disp(a);
         break;
    case 5: delete_by_pos(a);
         disp(a);
         break;
    case 6: delete_by_ele(a);
          disp(a);
         break;
    case 7: search_by_key(a);
         break;
    case 8: search_by_pos(a);
         break;
    case 9: reverse(a);
         disp(a);
         break;
    case 10 : free(a);
          a=NULL;
          exit(0);
    default: printf("Invalid Choice\n");
}
```

Output:

Enter The size 2

Menu 1.Read 2.Display 3.Insert by position 4.Insert by order 5.Delete by position 6.Delete by element 7. Search by key 8. Search by position 9.Reverse 10.Exit Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter The number of elements Enter The elements into The Array 1345 The Array elements you Entered are: 1345 Enter Your Choice: 3 Enter The element to be inserted: Enter The position where The elements should be inserted The Array elements you Entered are: 13456 Enter Your Choice: 4 Enter The element to be inserted: 2 The Array elements you Entered are: 123456 Enter Your Choice: 5 Enter The position from where elements should be deleted The Array elements you Entered are: 13456 Enter Your Choice: 6 Enter The elements that should be deleted The Array elements you Entered are: 1356 Enter Your Choice: 7 Enter The element that should be searched Element found at position 3 Enter Your Choice: 9 The Array elements you Entered are: 6531

- 4.) Develop a menu driven program to implement singly linked list with various operations such as
 - i. Insertion and Deletion at front/rear

Enter Your Choice: 10

ii. Insertion and Deletion at the specified position

- iii. Delete by Key
- iv. Search by key
- v. Create an ordered list
- vi. Reverse a list
- vii. Creating a copy of the list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
//Structure for a single Node
struct node
{
  int item:
  struct node *link: //Pointer to next Node
//struct node * type defined as NODE
typedef struct node * NODE;
//Function to create a Node
NODE getnode(int val)
{
  NODE temp; //Pointer to newly created node
  temp = (NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  temp \rightarrow item = val;
  temp-> link = NULL;
  return temp;
//Function to insert Node at front
NODE insertfront(NODE first, int val)
  NODE temp; //Pointer to newly created node
  temp = getnode(val);
  if(first == NULL)
    first = temp;
    return first;
  else
     temp -> link = first;
     return temp;
//Function to insert Node at Rear End
NODE insertrear(NODE first, int val)
  NODE temp = getnode(val); //Pointer to newly created node
  NODE cur = first; //Pointer pointing to current node
  if(first == NULL)
     first = temp;
```

```
return first;
  else
     while(cur->link!=NULL)
       cur = cur->link;
     cur->link = temp;
     return first;
//Function to delete Node at front
NODE deletefront(NODE first)
  if(first==NULL)
    printf("List is empty\n");
     return first;
  else
     first = first->link;
     return first;
//Function to delete Node at Rear End
NODE deleterear(NODE first)
  NODE cur = first; //Pointer pointing to current node
  NODE prev=NULL; //Pointer pointing to previous node
  if(first==NULL)
     printf("List is empty\n");
    return first:
  }
  else
     while(cur->link!=NULL)
       prev = cur;
       cur = cur->link;
     prev->link = NULL;
     return first;
//Function to insert Node at Specified Position
NODE insertpos(NODE first, int val, int pos)
{
```

```
NODE temp, cur, prev=NULL;
  temp = getnode(val);
  cur = first;
  if(pos==1&&first==NULL)
     first = insertfront(first,val);
     return first;
  else if(pos!=1&&first==NULL)
     printf("Invalid Position\n");
     return first;
  }
  else
     while(pos!=1)
       prev=cur;
       cur = cur->link;
       pos--;
     }
     temp->link = cur;
     prev->link = temp;
     printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
     return first;
//Function to delete a Node at Specified Position
NODE deletepos(NODE first,int pos)
  NODE cur, prev;
  cur = first;
  prev = NULL;
  while(pos != 1)
     prev = cur;
     cur = cur->link;
     pos--;
  prev->link = cur->link;
  free(cur);
  cur = NULL; //Deleting the Current Node by Deallocating Memory
  printf("Deletion Succesfull\n");
  return first;
//Function to search a Key element in a list
int search(NODE first, int key)
  int i=1,flag=0,pos=0;
  NODE cur;
```

```
cur = first;
  while(cur->link!=NULL)
     if(cur->item==key)
       flag = 1;
       pos = i;
       break;
     cur = cur->link;
     i++;
  if(flag==1)
  return pos;
  else
  return 0;
//Function to delete a Key element in a list
NODE deletebykey(NODE first,int key)
  int pos = search(first,key);
  NODE prev,cur;
  prev=NULL;cur=first;
  while(pos != 1)
     prev = cur;
     cur = cur->link;
     pos--;
  prev->link = cur->link;
  free(cur);
  cur = NULL;
  printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
  return first;
//Function to display all elements in a list
void display(NODE first)
{
  NODE cur=first;
  if(first==NULL)
    printf("List is Empty\n");
  else
     while (cur!=NULL)
       printf("%d ",cur->item);
       cur = cur->link;
```

```
//Function to reverse a linked list
NODE reverse(NODE first)
  NODE temp, cur, prev;
  temp = first;
  cur=prev=NULL;
  while(temp != NULL)
    cur = temp->link;
    temp->link = prev;
    prev = temp;
    temp = cur;
  first = prev;
  display(first);
  return first;
//Function to create Ordered List
NODE orderlist(NODE first, int val)
  NODE temp = getnode(val);
  NODE cur = first,prev = NULL;
  while(cur->item<temp->item)
    prev = cur;
    cur = cur->link;
  temp->link = cur;
  prev->link = temp;
  return first;
//Function to create a Copy List
NODE createcopy(NODE first, NODE copy)
{
  NODE cur=first;
  while(cur!=NULL)
    copy=insertrear(copy,cur->item);
    cur=cur->link;
  return copy;
void main()
  NODE first = NULL; // Pointer to first node of list
  NODE copy = NULL; // Poiner to first node of copied list
  int choice;
  int key, val, pos;
```

```
printf("\nMain Menu\n1.Insert Front\n2.Insert Rear\n3.Delete Front\n4.Delete Rear\n5.Insert By
Pos\n6.Delete by Pos\n7.Search\n8.Delete By Key\n9.Display\n10.Insert By Order\n11.Create
Copy\n12.Reverse\n13.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
  {
     printf("\nEnter your Choice :");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             first = insertfront(first,val);
             break:
       case 2 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             first = insertrear(first,val);
             break;
       case 3 : first = deletefront(first);
             printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
             break:
       case 4 : first = deleterear(first);
             printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
             break;
       case 5 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             printf("Enter the position : ");
             scanf("%d",&pos);
             first = insertpos(first,val,pos);
             break;
       case 6 : printf("Enter the position : ");
             scanf("%d",&pos);
             first = deletepos(first,pos);
             break:
       case 7 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
             scanf("%d",&key);
             pos = search(first,key);
             if(pos!=0)
             printf("The Key found at %d pos\n",pos);
             printf("Element not found\n");
             break;
       case 8 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
             scanf("%d",&key);
             first = deletebykey(first,key);
             break:
       case 9 : display(first);
             break;
       case 10 :printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             first = orderlist(first,val);
```

```
break;
       case 11 : copy = createcopy(first,copy);
            printf("Copied List:");
            display(copy);
            break;
       case 12 : first = reverse(first);
             break;
       case 13 : printf("!!THANK YOU!!\n");
            exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\n Enter again\n");
}
Output:
Main Menu
1.Insert Front
2.Insert Rear
3.Delete Front
4.Delete Rear
5.Insert By Pos
6.Delete by Pos
7.Search
8.Delete By Key
9.Display
10.Insert By Order
11.Create Copy
12.Reverse
13.Exit
Enter your Choice:1
Enter the value: 10
Enter your Choice :2
Enter the value: 20
Enter your Choice :2
Enter the value: 30
Enter your Choice :2
Enter the value: 40
Enter your Choice:9
10 20 30 40
Enter your Choice:10
Enter the value: 15
Enter your Choice:9
10 15 20 30 40
```

Enter your Choice :3 Deletion Successful Enter your Choice :4 Deletion Successful Enter your Choice:9 15 20 30 Enter your Choice:6 Enter the position: 2 Deletion Successful Enter your Choice:9 15 30 Enter your Choice:1 Enter the value: 10 Enter your Choice:11 Copied List: 10 15 30 Enter your Choice:12 30 15 10 Enter your Choice:13 !!THANK YOU!! 5.) Develop a menu driven program to implement Circular singly linked list with various operations

such as

i.

Insertion and Deletion at front/rear

- ii. Insertion and Deletion at the specified position
- iii. Delete by Key
- iv. Search by key
- v. Create an ordered list
- vi. Reverse a list
- vii. Creating a copy of the list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
//Structure for a single Node
struct NODE
{
  int item;
  struct NODE *link; //Pointer to next Node
};
typedef struct NODE * NODE;
//Function to create a Node
NODE getnode(int val)
  NODE temp; //Pointer to newly created node
  temp = (NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct NODE));
  temp \rightarrow item = val;
  temp > link = temp;
  return temp;
//Function to insert Node at front
NODE insertfront(NODE last, int val)
  NODE temp;
  temp = getnode(val); //Pointer to newly created node
  if(last == NULL)
    return temp;
  }
  else
     temp->link=last->link;
     last->link=temp;
     return last;
//Function to insert Node at Rear End
NODE insertrear(NODE last, int val)
{
  NODE temp;
  temp = getnode(val); //Pointer to newly created node
  if(last == NULL)
     return temp;
```

```
else
     temp->link=last->link;
    last->link=temp;
     return temp;
//Function to delete Node at front
NODE deletefront(NODE last)
  NODE cur = last->link;
  if(last==NULL)
     printf("List is empty\n");
    return last;
  else
    last->link=cur->link;
    free(cur);
     return last;
//Function to delete Node at Rear End
NODE deleterear(NODE last)
  NODE cur=last->link;
  if(last==NULL)
    printf("List is empty\n");
    return last;
  else
     while(cur->link!=last)
       cur = cur->link;
     cur->link = last->link;
     free(last);
     return cur;
//Function to insert Node at Specified Position
NODE insertpos(NODE last, int val, int pos)
  NODE temp = getnode(val);
  NODE cur = last->link; //Pointer pointing to current node
  NODE prev=NULL;//Pointer pointing to previous node
```

```
if(pos==1&&last==NULL)
     last = insertfront(last,val);
     return last;
  else if(pos!=1&&last==NULL)
     printf("Invalid Position\n");
    return last;
  }
  else
     while(pos!=1)
       prev=cur;
       cur = cur->link;
       pos--;
     temp->link = cur;
     prev->link = temp;
    printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
     return last;
//Function to delete a Node at Specified Position
NODE deletepos(NODE last,int pos)
  NODE cur, prev;
  cur = last->link; //Pointer pointing to current node
  prev = NULL; //Pointer pointing to previous node
  if(last==NULL)
     printf("List Empty\n");
     return last;
  while(pos != 1)
     prev = cur;
    cur = cur->link;
     pos--;
  prev->link = cur->link;
  free(cur); //Deleting the Current Node by Deallocating Memory
  cur = NULL;
  return last:
//Function to search a Key element in a list
int search(NODE last, int key)
  int i=1,flag=0,pos=0;
```

```
NODE cur;
  cur = last->link;
  while(cur->link!=last->link)
     if(cur->item==key)
       flag = 1;
       pos = i;
       break;
     cur = cur->link;
     i++;
  if(flag==1)
  return pos;
  else
  return 0;
//Function to delete a Key element in a list
NODE deletebykey(NODE last,int key)
{
  int pos = search(last,key);
  NODE prev, cur;
  prev=NULL;cur=last->link;
  while(pos != 1)
     prev = cur;
     cur = cur->link;
     pos--;
  prev->link = cur->link;
  free(cur);
  cur = NULL;
  return last;
//Function to display all elements in a list
void display(NODE last)
{
  NODE cur=last->link;
  if(last==NULL)
    printf("List is Empty\n");
  else
     do
       printf("%d ",cur->item);
       cur = cur->link;
     }while (cur!=last->link);
```

```
//Function to create Ordered List
NODE orderlist(NODE last, int val)
  NODE temp = getnode(val);
  NODE cur = last->link,prev = NULL;
  while(cur->item<temp->item)
    prev = cur;
    cur = cur->link;
  temp->link = cur;
  prev->link = temp;
  return last;
//Function to reverse a linked list
NODE reverse(NODE last)
  NODE cur=last,prev;
  if(last==NULL)
  return NULL;
  if(last==last->link)
  return last;
  NODE temp=last->link;
  NODE first=temp;
  while(temp!=last)
    prev=temp->link;
    temp->link=cur;
    cur=temp;
    temp=prev;
  temp->link=cur;
  return first:
//Function to create a Copy List
NODE createcopy(NODE last,NODE copy)
{
  NODE cur=last->link;
  do
    copy=insertrear(copy,cur->item);
    cur=cur->link;
  }while(cur!=last->link);
  return copy;
void main()
  NODE last = NULL; // Pointer to last node of list
```

```
NODE copy = NULL; // Poiner to first node of copied list
  int choice;
  int key, val, pos;
  printf("\nMain Menu\n1.Insert Front\n2.Insert Rear\n3.Delete Front\n4.Delete Rear\n5.Insert By
Pos\n6.Delete by Pos\n7.Search\n8.Delete By Key\n9.Display\n10.Insert By Order\n11.Reverse\n12.Create
Copy \ln 13.Exit \ln");
  for(;;)
  {
     printf("\nEnter your Choice :");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             last = insertfront(last,val);
             break:
       case 2 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             last = insertrear(last,val);
             break:
       case 3 : last = deletefront(last);
             printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
             break;
       case 4 : last = deleterear(last);
             printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
             break:
       case 5 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             printf("Enter the position : ");
             scanf("%d",&pos);
             last = insertpos(last,val,pos);
             printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
             break:
       case 6 : printf("Enter the position : ");
             scanf("%d",&pos);
             last = deletepos(last,pos);
             printf("Deletion Succesfull\n");
             break:
       case 7 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
             scanf("%d",&key);
             pos = search(last,key);
             if(pos!=0)
             printf("The Key found at %d pos\n",pos);
             else
             printf("Element not found\n");
             break;
       case 8 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
             scanf("%d",&key);
             last = deletebykey(last,key);
             printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
```

```
break;
       case 9 : printf("The List is : ");
             display(last);
             break;
       case 10 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
             scanf("%d",&key);
             last = orderlist(last,key);
             break;
       case 11 : last = reverse(last);
             display(last);
             break;
       case 12 : printf("Copied List : ");
             copy = createcopy(last,copy);
             display(copy);
             break;
       case 13 : printf("!!THANK YOU!!\n");
             exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\n Enter again\n");
}
Output:
Main Menu
1.Insert Front
2.Insert Rear
3.Delete Front
4.Delete Rear
5.Insert By Pos
6.Delete by Pos
7.Search
8.Delete By Key
9.Display
10.Insert By Order
11.Create Copy
12.Reverse
13.Exit
Enter your Choice:1
Enter the value: 100
Enter your Choice :2
Enter the value: 200
Enter your Choice :2
Enter the value: 300
Enter your Choice :2
Enter the value: 400
```

Enter your Choice :9 100 200 300 400

Enter your Choice :10 Enter the value : 150

Enter your Choice :9 100 150 200 300 400

Enter your Choice :3 Deletion Successful

Enter your Choice :4 Deletion Successful

Enter your Choice :9 150 200 300

Enter your Choice :6 Enter the position : 2 Deletion Successful

Enter your Choice :9 150 300

Enter your Choice :1 Enter the value : 100

Enter your Choice :11 Copied List : 100 150 300

Enter your Choice :12

300 150 100

Enter your Choice :13 !!THANK YOU!!

- 6.) Develop a menu driven program to implement Double linked list with various operations such as
 - a. Insertion and Deletion at front/rear
 - b. Insertion and Deletion at the specified position

- c. Delete by Key
- d. Search by key
- e. Create an ordered list
- f. Reverse a list
- g. Creating a copy of the list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
//Structure for a single Node
struct node
  int item;
  struct node * next; //Pointer to next Node
  struct node * prev; //Pointer to Previous Node
};
//struct node * type defined as NODE
typedef struct node * NODE;
//Function to create a Node
NODE getnode(int val)
  NODE temp; //Pointer to newly created node
  temp = (NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  temp->item=val;
  temp->next=NULL;
  temp->prev=NULL;
  return temp;
//Function to insert Node at front
NODE insertfront(NODE first, int val)
{
  NODE temp; //Pointer to newly created node
  temp = getnode(val);
  if(first == NULL)
     first = temp;
     return first:
  else
     temp -> next = first;
     first -> prev = temp;
     return temp;
//Function to insert Node at Rear End
NODE insertrear(NODE first, int val)
  NODE temp, cur;
```

```
temp = getnode(val); //Pointer to newly created node
  cur = first; //Pointer to Current Node
  if(first == NULL)
    first = temp;
    return first;
  else
     while(cur->next!=NULL)
       cur = cur->next;
     cur->next = temp;
     temp->prev = cur;
     return first;
//Function to delete Node at front
NODE deletefront(NODE first)
{
  if(first==NULL)
    printf("List is empty\n");
    return first:
  else
    first = first->next;
    first->prev = NULL;
    return first;
//Function to delete Node at Rear End
NODE deleterear(NODE first)
{
  NODE cur = first; //Pointer to Current Node
  NODE temp=NULL; //Pointer to Previous Node
  if(first==NULL)
    printf("List is empty\n");
     return first;
  else
     while(cur->next!=NULL)
       temp = cur;
       cur = cur->next;
```

```
temp->next = NULL;
    cur->prev=NULL;
    free(cur);
    return first;
//Function to insert Node at Specified Position
NODE insertpos(NODE first, int val, int pos)
  NODE temp = getnode(val);
  NODE cur = first; //Pointer to Current Node
  NODE previous = NULL; //Pointer to Previous Node
  if(pos==1&&first==NULL)
    first = insertfront(first,val);
    return first;
   else if(pos!=1&&first==NULL)
    printf("Invalid Position\n");
    return first;
  else
    while(pos!=1&&cur!=NULL)
       previous=cur;
       cur = cur->next;
       pos--;
    temp->next = cur;
    temp->prev = previous;
    previous->next = temp;
    cur->prev=temp;
    return first;
//Function to delete a Node at Specified Position
NODE deletepos(NODE first,int pos)
{
  NODE after = first; //Pointer to Next Node
  NODE cur = NULL; //Pointer to Current Node
  NODE previous = NULL; // Pointer to Previous Node
  if(first==NULL)
    printf("List is empty\n");
    return first;
  while(pos != 0)
```

```
previous=cur;
     cur = after;
     after = after->next;
     pos--;
  previous->next = after;
  after->prev=previous;
  free(cur); //Deleting the Current Node by Deallocating Memory
  cur = NULL;
  return first;
//Function to search a Key element in a list
int search(NODE first, int key)
  int i=1,flag=0,pos=0;
  NODE cur;
  cur = first;
  while(cur->next!=NULL)
     if(cur->item==key)
       flag = 1;
       pos = i;
       break;
     cur = cur->next;
     i++;
  if(flag==1)
  return pos;
  else
  return 0;
//Function to delete a Key element in a list
NODE deletebykey(NODE first,int key)
  int pos = search(first,key); //Position of the found Key
  NODE prev, cur;
  if(pos!=0)
     first = deletepos(first,pos);
     return first:
  else
     printf("Element not found\n");
     return first;
}
```

```
//Function to display all elements in a list
NODE display(NODE first)
  NODE cur=first;
  if(first==NULL)
  printf("List is Empty\n");
  return first;
  }
  else
    while (cur!=NULL)
       printf("%d ",cur->item);
       cur = cur->next;
    return first;
//Function to reverse a linked list
NODE reverse(NODE first)
  NODE temp, cur;
  cur = first;
  temp=NULL;
  while(cur!= NULL)
    temp = cur->prev;
    cur->prev = cur->next;
    cur->next = temp;
    cur = cur->prev;
  if(temp!=NULL)
  first = temp->prev;
  display(first);
  return first;
NODE orderlist(NODE first, int val)
  NODE temp = getnode(val);
  NODE previous = NULL;
  NODE cur = first;
  while(cur->next!=NULL)
    if(cur->item>temp->item)
       break;
    previous=cur;
    cur = cur->next;
```

```
temp->next = cur;
  temp->prev = previous;
  previous->next = temp;
  cur->prev=temp;
  return first;
//Function to create a Copy List
NODE createcopy(NODE first, NODE copy)
  NODE cur=first;
  while(cur!=NULL)
     copy=insertrear(copy,cur->item);
     cur=cur->next;
  return copy;
//Main Function
void main()
{
  NODE first = NULL; //Pointer to first node of list
  NODE copy = NULL; //Poiner to first node of copied list
  int choice:
  int key.val.pos:
  printf("\nMain Menu\n1.Insert Front\n2.Insert Rear\n3.Delete Front\n4.Delete Rear\n5.Insert By
Pos\n6.Delete by Pos\n7.Search\n8.Delete By Key\n9.Display\n10.Reverse\n11.Ordered List\n12.Create
Copy\n13.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("\nEnter your Choice :");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             first = insertfront(first,val);
             break:
       case 2 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             first = insertrear(first,val);
             break;
       case 3 : first = deletefront(first);
             printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
             break:
       case 4 : first = deleterear(first);
             printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
             break;
       case 5 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
```

```
printf("Enter the position : ");
     scanf("%d",&pos);
     first = insertpos(first,val,pos);
     printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
     break;
case 6 : printf("Enter the position : ");
     scanf("%d",&pos);
     first = deletepos(first,pos);
     printf("Deletion Succesfull\n");
     break;
case 7 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
     scanf("%d",&key);
     pos = search(first,key);
     if(pos!=0)
     printf("The Key found at %d pos\n",pos);
     printf("Element not found\n");
     break;
case 8 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
     scanf("%d",&key);
     first = deletebykey(first,key);
     printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
     break;
case 9 : display(first);
     break;
case 10 : first = reverse(first);
     break;
case 11 : printf("Enter the value : ");
     scanf("%d",&val);
      first = orderlist(first,val);
      break;
case 12 : printf("Copied List : ");
      copy = createcopy(first,copy);
      display(copy);
      break;
case 13 : printf("!!THANK YOU!!\n");
     exit(0);
default : printf("Invalid Choice\n Enter again\n");
```

Main Menu 1.Insert Front

- 2.Insert Rear
- 3.Delete Front
- 4.Delete Rear
- 5.Insert By Pos
- 6.Delete by Pos
- 7.Search
- 8.Delete By Key
- 9.Display
- 10.Reverse
- 11.Ordered List
- 12.Create Copy
- 13.Exit

Enter your Choice :1 Enter the value : 10

Enter your Choice :2 Enter the value : 20

Enter your Choice :2 Enter the value : 40

Enter your Choice :5 Enter the value : 30 Enter the position : 3

Enter your Choice :9 10 20 30 40

Enter your Choice :3 Deletion Successful

Enter your Choice :4 Deletion Successful

Enter your Choice :1 Enter the value : 5

Enter your Choice :2 Enter the value : 35

Enter your Choice :9

5 20 30 35

Enter your Choice:7
Enter the Key: 20
The Key found at 2 pos
Enter your Choice:11
Enter the value: 10

Enter your Choice :9 5 10 20 30 35 Enter your Choice :12 Copied List: 5 10 20 30 35 Enter your Choice :10 35 30 20 10 5 Enter your Choice:13 !!THANK YOU!! 7.) Develop a menu driven program to implement Circular Double linked list with Header node to perform various operations such as a. Insertion and Deletion at front/rear 45

- b. Insertion and Deletion at the specified position
- c. Delete by Key
- d. Search by key
- e. Create an ordered list
- f. Reverse a list
- g. Creating a copy of the list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
//Structure for a single Node
struct node
  int item:
  struct node * next; //Pointer to next Node
  struct node * prev; //Pointer to Previous Node
//struct node * type defined as NODE
typedef struct node * NODE;
//Function to create a Node
NODE getnode(int val)
{
  NODE temp; //Pointer to newly created node
  temp = (NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  temp->item=val;
  temp->next=temp;
  temp->prev=temp;
  return temp;
//Function to insert Node at front
NODE insertfront(NODE head,int val)
  NODE temp; //Pointer to newly created node
  temp = getnode(val):
  NODE first = head->next;
  if(head->next==NULL)
     head->next = head->prev = temp;
     temp->prev = temp->next = head;
     return head:
  else
     temp \rightarrow next = first;
     first->prev = temp;
     temp \rightarrow prev = head;
     head->next=temp;
     return head;
//Function to insert Node at Rear End
```

```
NODE insertrear(NODE head, int val)
  NODE temp,last;
  temp = getnode(val); //Pointer to newly created node
  last = head->prev; //Pointer to Current Node
  if(head->next==NULL)
    head->next = head->prev = temp;
    temp->prev = temp->next = head;
    return head;
  else
    last->next=temp;
    temp->next=head;
    head->prev=temp;
    temp->prev=last;
    return head;
//Function to delete Node at front
NODE deletefront(NODE head)
  NODE first=head->next;
  if(head->next==NULL)
    printf("List is empty\n");
    return head;
  else
    head->next=first->next;
    free(first);
    return head;
//Function to delete Node at Rear End
NODE deleterear(NODE head)
{
  NODE last = head->prev; //Pointer to Current Node
  NODE temp=NULL; //Pointer to Previous Node
  if(head->next==NULL)
    printf("List is empty\n");
    return head;
  else
    head->prev=last->prev;
    free(last);
```

```
return head;
//Function to insert Node at Specified Position
NODE insertpos(NODE head, int val, int pos)
  NODE temp = getnode(val);
  NODE cur = head->next; //Pointer to Current Node
  NODE previous = NULL; //Pointer to Previous Node
  if(pos==1&&head==NULL)
    head = insertfront(head,val);
    return head;
   else if(pos!=1&&head==NULL)
    printf("Invalid Position\n");
    return head;
  else
    while(pos!=1&&cur!=head)
       previous=cur;
       cur = cur->next;
       pos--;
    temp->next = cur;
    temp->prev = previous;
    previous->next = temp;
    cur->prev=temp;
    return head;
//Function to delete a Node at Specified Position
NODE deletepos(NODE head,int pos)
  NODE after = head->next; //Pointer to Next Node
  NODE cur = NULL; //Pointer to Current Node
  NODE previous = NULL; // Pointer to Previous Node
  if(head->next==NULL)
    printf("List is empty\n");
    return head;
  while(pos != 0)
    previous=cur;
    cur = after;
    after = after->next;
```

```
pos--;
  previous->next = after;
  after->prev=previous;
  free(cur); //Deleting the Current Node by Deallocating Memory
  cur = NULL;
  return head;
}
//Function to search a Key element in a list
int search(NODE head, int key)
  int i=1,flag=0,pos=0;
  NODE cur;
  cur = head->next;
  while(cur->next!=head)
     if(cur->item==key)
       flag = 1;
       pos = i;
       break;
     cur = cur - next;
     i++;
  if(flag==1)
  return pos;
  else
  return 0;
//Function to delete a Key element in a list
NODE deletebykey(NODE head,int key)
  int pos = search(head,key); //Position of the found Key
  if(pos!=0)
     head = deletepos(head,pos);
     return head;
  }
  else
     printf("Element not found\n");
     return head;
//Function to display all elements in a list
NODE display(NODE head)
  NODE cur=head->next;
  if(head->next==NULL)
```

```
printf("List is Empty\n");
    return head;
  else
    while (cur!=head)
       printf("%d ",cur->item);
       cur = cur->next;
    return head;
//Function to reverse a linked list
NODE reverse(NODE head)
  NODE temp, cur;
  cur = head->next;
  temp=NULL;
  do
    temp = cur->prev;
    cur->prev = cur->next;
    cur->next = temp;
    cur = cur->prev;
  }while(cur!= head);
  if(temp!=NULL)
  head = temp->prev;
  display(head);
  return head;
//Function to create Ordered List
NODE orderlist(NODE head, int val)
  NODE temp = getnode(val);
  NODE previous = NULL;
  NODE cur = head->next;
  while(cur->next!=head)
    if(cur->item>temp->item)
       break;
    previous=cur;
    cur = cur->next;
  temp->next = cur;
  temp->prev = previous;
  previous->next = temp;
```

```
cur->prev=temp;
  return head;
//Function to create a Copy List
NODE createcopy(NODE head, NODE copy)
  NODE cur=head->next;
  while(cur!=head)
     copy=insertrear(copy,cur->item);
     cur=cur->next;
  return copy;
//Main Function
void main()
  NODE head = getnode(0); //Pointer to header node of list
  NODE copy = getnode(0); //Poiner to header node of copied list
  int choice:
  int key, val, pos;
  printf("\nMain Menu\n1.Insert Front\n2.Insert Rear\n3.Delete Front\n4.Delete Rear\n5.Insert By
Pos\n6.Delete by Pos\n7.Search\n8.Delete By Key\n9.Display\n10.Reverse\n11.Ordered List\n12.Create
Copy\n13.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("\nEnter your Choice :");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the value : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
            head = insertfront(head.val):
       case 2 : printf("Enter the value : ");
            scanf("%d",&val);
            head = insertrear(head,val);
            break:
       case 3 : head = deletefront(head);
            printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
            break;
       case 4 : head = deleterear(head);
            printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
            break;
       case 5 : printf("Enter the value : ");
            scanf("%d",&val);
            printf("Enter the position : ");
            scanf("%d",&pos);
            head = insertpos(head,val,pos);
            printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
```

```
break;
       case 6 : printf("Enter the position : ");
            scanf("%d",&pos);
            head = deletepos(head,pos);
            printf("Deletion Succesfull\n");
            break:
       case 7 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
            scanf("%d",&key);
            pos = search(head,key);
            if(pos!=0)
            printf("The Key found at %d pos\n",pos);
            printf("Element not found\n");
            break;
       case 8 : printf("Enter the Key : ");
            scanf("%d",&key);
            head = deletebykey(head,key);
            printf("Deletion Successfull\n");
            break;
       case 9 : display(head);
            break;
       case 10 : head = reverse(head);
             break;
       case 11 : printf("Enter the value : ");
            scanf("%d",&val);
             head = orderlist(head,val);
             break;
       case 12 : printf("Copied List : ");
             copy = createcopy(head,copy);
             display(copy);
             break;
       case 13 : printf("!!THANK YOU!!\n");
            exit(0):
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\n Enter again\n");
}
```

Main Menu 1.Insert Front 2.Insert Rear

3.Delete Front

4.Delete Rear

5.Insert By Pos

6.Delete by Pos

7.Search

8.Delete By Key

9.Display

10.Reverse

11.Ordered List

12.Create Copy

13.Exit

Enter your Choice :1 Enter the value : 5

Enter your Choice :2 Enter the value : 15

Enter your Choice :2 Enter the value : 35

Enter your Choice :5 Enter the value : 25 Enter the position : 3

Enter your Choice :9 5 15 25 35

Enter your Choice :3 Deletion Successful

Enter your Choice :4 Deletion Successful

Enter your Choice :1 Enter the value : 5

Enter your Choice :2 Enter the value : 35

Enter your Choice :9

5 15 25 35

Enter your Choice:7
Enter the Key: 15
The Key found at 2 pos
Enter your Choice:11
Enter the value: 10

Enter your Choice :9 5 10 15 25 35
Enter your Choice :12 Copied List : 5 10 15 25 35
Enter your Choice :10 35 25 15 10 5
Enter your Choice :13 !!THANK YOU!!
8.) Develop a menu driven program to implement Stack with static and dynamic memory allocation mechanisms using array storage representation. (Represent Stack using structure)
54

```
a) Static Allocation :-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define size 10
struct Stack{
  int stk[size]; // Array to Implement Stack
  int top; // Index Of Top Of Stack
//Function to Push an Element into Stack
void push(int X)
  //Checking if Stack is Full
  if(S.top==size-1)
     printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  else
     S.stk[++S.top] = X;
//Function to Pop an Element from Stack
void pop()
  //Checking if Stack is Empty
  if(S.top==-1)
     printf("Stack UnderFlow\n");
  else
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",S.stk[S.top]);
     S.top--;
//Function to Display the top Element of Stack
void peek()
{
  //Checking if Stack is Empty
  if(S.top==-1)
     printf("Stack UnderFlow\n");
  else
     printf("%d\n",S.stk[S.top]);
//Function to Display all Elements of Stack
void display()
{
  //Checking if Stack is Empty
  if(S.top==-1)
     printf("Stack UnderFlow\n");
  else
     printf("The Stack is :\n");
     for(int i=S.top;i>=0;i--)
       printf("%d\n",S.stk[i]);
```

```
//Main Function
void main()
  int choice,X;
  S.top=-1; //Initailizing Empty Stack
  for(;;)
  {
     printf("Menu\n1.Push\n2.Pop\n3.Peek\n4.Display\n5.Exit\n");
     printf("Enter Your Choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the value to be pushed : ");
            scanf("%d",&X);
            push(X);
            break;
       case 2 : pop();
            break;
       case 3 : peek();
            break;
       case 4 : display();
            break;
       case 5 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
            exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\n");
Output:
Menu
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peek
4.Display
5.Exit
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 10
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 20
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 30
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 40
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 50
```

```
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 60
Stack Overflow
Enter Your Choice: 3
50
Enter Your Choice: 4
The Stack is:
50
40
30
20
10
Enter Your Choice: 2
Deleted Element: 50
Enter Your Choice: 2
Deleted Element: 40
Enter Your Choice: 5
!! THANK YOU !!
b) Dynamic Allocation :-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int size;
struct Stack{
  int *stk; //Pointer to Array storing Stack
  int top; //Index of Top of Stack
}S:
//Function to Push an Element into Stack
void push(int X)
{
  //Checking if Stack is Full
  if(S.top==size-1)
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    printf("Reallocating Memory\n");
    size++;
    //Reallocating Memory
    S.stk=(int *)realloc(S.stk,size*sizeof(int));
  S.top++;
  *(S.stk+S.top)=X;
//Function to Pop an Element from Stack
void pop()
{
```

```
//Checking if Stack is Empty
  if(S.top==-1)
     printf("Stack UnderFlow\n");
  else
  {
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",*(S.stk+S.top));
     S.top--;
//Function to Display the top Element of Stack
void peek()
{
  //Checking if Stack is Empty
  if(S.top==-1)
     printf("Stack UnderFlow\n");
  else
     printf("%d\n",*(S.stk+S.top));
//Function to Display all Elements of Stack
void display()
{
  //Checking if Stack is Empty
  if(S.top==-1)
     printf("Stack UnderFlow\n");
  else
  {
     printf("The Stack is :\n");
     for(int i=S.top;i>=0;i--)
       printf("%d\n",*(S.stk+i));
}
void main()
{
  int choice,X;
  printf("Enter the size of Stack : ");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  //Allocating Memory for the Stack Array
  S.stk = (int *)calloc(size,sizeof(int));
  S.top=-1; //Initializing Empty Stack
  for(;;)
  {
     printf("Menu\n1.Push\n2.Pop\n3.Peek\n4.Display\n5.Exit\n");
     printf("Enter Your Choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the value to be pushed : ");
             scanf("%d",&X);
             push(X);
             break;
```

```
case 2 : pop();
            break:
       case 3 : peek();
            break;
       case 4 : display();
            break;
       case 5 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
            exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\n");
Output:
Enter the size of Stack: 3
Menu
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Peek
4.Display
5.Exit
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 10
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 20
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 30
Enter Your Choice: 1
Enter the value to be pushed: 40
Stack Overflow
Reallocating Memory
Enter Your Choice: 3
40
Enter Your Choice: 4
The Stack is:
40
30
20
10
Enter Your Choice: 2
Deleted Element: 40
Enter Your Choice: 4
The Stack is:
30
20
10
Enter Your Choice: 5
!! THANK YOU!!
```

9. a) Develop a menu driven program to convert infix expressions to postfix expression and evaluate the postfix expression.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
//Function to check Stack Precedence
int stackprec(char symbol)
  switch(symbol)
     case '+':
     case '-': return 2;
     case '*':
     case '/' :
     case '%': return 4;
     case '^':
     case '$': return 5;
     case '(': return 0;
     case '#': return -1;
     default : return 8;
//Function to check Input Precedence
int inprec(char symbol)
  switch(symbol)
     case '+':
     case '-': return 1;
     case '*':
     case '/' :
     case '%': return 3;
     case '^':
     case '$': return 6;
     case '(': return 9;
     case ')': return 0;
     default : return 7;
//Function to convert Infix to Postfix Expression
void infixtopostfix(char infix[], char postfix[])
{
  char S[30]; //Stack to store the Expression
  int i=0; //Index for Infix Expression
  int j=0; //Index for Postfix Expression
  int top=-1; //Initializing Empty Stack
  S[++top] = '#';
  char symbol;
  for(i=0;i<strlen(infix);i++)
     symbol = infix[i];
```

```
while(stackprec(S[top])>inprec(symbol))
       postfix[j++]=S[top--];
     if(stackprec(S[top])!=inprec(symbol))
       S[++top] = symbol;
     else
       top--;
  while(S[top]!='#')
     postfix[j]=S[top--];
     j++;
  postfix[j]='\0';
//Function to Evaluate Postfix Expression
void postfixevaluate(char postfix[])
  int i,op1,op2,res;
  int Stack[10]; //Stack to store Operands
  int top=-1; //Initializing Empty Stack
  char ch;
  for(i=0;i<strlen(postfix);i++)
     ch = postfix[i];
     if(isdigit(ch))
       Stack[++top]=ch-'0'; //Pushing Operand into Stack
     }
     else
       if(top<1)
          printf("Not enough operands\n");
       else
          op2=Stack[top--]; //Popping Operand-2
          op1=Stack[top--]; //Popping Operand-1
          switch (ch)
          case '+': res = op1 + op2;
                 break;
          case '-' : res = op1 - op2;
                 break;
          case '/': res = op1 / op2;
                 break;
```

```
case '*': res = op1 * op2;
                 break;
          case '%' : res = op1 % op2;
                 break;
          default: printf("Invalid Operator\n");
          Stack[++top] = res; //Pushing Result into Stack
     }
  printf("Final Result = %d\n",Stack[top]);
void main()
  char infix[30]; //Array to store Infix Expression
  char postfix[30]; //Array to store Postfix Expression
  int choice;
  printf("Menu\n1.Enter Infix Expression\n2.Convert to Postfix\n3.Evaluate Postfix\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your Choice: ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch (choice)
     case 1 : printf("Enter the Infix Expression : ");
          scanf("%s",infix);
          break;
     case 2 : infixtopostfix(infix,postfix);
          printf("The Postfix Expression is : ");
          printf("%s\n",postfix);
          break;
     case 3 : postfixevaluate(postfix);
          break:
     case 4 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
          exit(0);
     default: printf("Invalid Choice\n");
```

9. b) Develop a menu driven program to convert infix expression to prefix and evaluate the prefix expression.

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
//Function to check Stack Precedence
int stackprec(char symbol)
  switch(symbol)
     case '+':
     case '-': return 1;
     case '*':
     case '/' :
     case '%': return 3;
     case '^':
     case '$': return 6;
     case ')': return 0;
     case '#': return -1;
     default : return 8;
//Function to check Input Precedence
int inprec(char symbol)
  switch(symbol)
     case '+':
     case '-': return 2;
     case '*':
     case '/' :
     case '%': return 4;
     case '^':
     case '$': return 5;
     case '(': return 0;
     case ')': return 9;
     default : return 7:
//Function to convert Infix to Prefix Expression
void infixtoprefix(char infix[], char prefix[])
  char S[30]; //Stack to store the Expression
  int i=0; //Index for Infix Expression
  int j=0; //Index for Postfix Expression
  int top=-1; //Initializing Empty Stack
  S[++top] = '#';
  char symbol;
  strrev(infix);
  for(i=0;i<strlen(infix);i++)
     symbol = infix[i];
```

```
while(stackprec(S[top])>inprec(symbol))
       prefix[j++]=S[top--];
     if(stackprec(S[top])!=inprec(symbol))
       S[++top] = symbol;
     else
       top--;
  while(S[top]!='#')
     prefix[j]=S[top--];
     j++;
  prefix[j]='\0';
  strrev(prefix);
//Function to Evaluate Prefix Expression
void prefixevaluate(char prefix[])
  int i,op1,op2,res;
  strrev(prefix);
  int Stack[10]; //Stack to store Operands
  int top=-1; //Initializing Empty Stack
  char ch;
  for(i=0;i<strlen(prefix);i++)</pre>
     ch = prefix[i];
     if(isdigit(ch))
       Stack[++top]=ch-'0'; //Pushing Operand into Stack
     }
     else
       if(top<1)
          printf("Not enough operands\n");
       else
          op1=Stack[top--]; //Popping Operand-1
          op2=Stack[top--]; //Popping Operand-2
          switch (ch)
          case '+': res = op1 + op2;
                 break;
          case '-' : res = op1 - op2;
                 break;
```

```
case '/': res = op1 / op2;
                 break;
          case '*' : res = op1 * op2;
                 break;
          case '%' : res = op1 % op2;
                 break:
          default: printf("Invalid Operator\n");
          Stack[++top] = res; //Pushing Result into Stack
  printf("Final Result = %d\n",Stack[top]);
void main()
{
  char infix[30]; //Array to store Infix Expression
  char prefix[30]; //Array to store Prefix Expression
  int choice;
  printf("Menu\n1.Enter Infix Expression\n2.Convert to Prefix\n3.Evaluate prefix\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your Choice: ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch (choice)
     {
     case 1 : printf("Enter the Infix Expression : ");
          scanf("%s",infix);
          break;
     case 2 : infixtoprefix(infix,prefix);
          printf("The Prefix Expression is : ");
          printf("%s\n",prefix);
          break:
     case 3 : prefixevaluate(prefix);
          break:
     case 4 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
          exit(0);
     default: printf("Invalid Choice\n");
```

Menu

1.Enter Infix Expression

2.Convert to Postfix
3.Evaluate Postfix

4.Exit

Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter the Infix Expression: (5+6)*(7-2)

Enter Your Choice: 2

The Postfix Expression is: 56+72-*

Enter Your Choice: 3 Final Result = 55

Enter Your Choice: 4 !! THANK YOU !!

Output:

Menu

- 1.Enter Infix Expression
- 2.Convert to Prefix
- 3.Evaluate prefix
- 4.Exit

Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter the Infix Expression: (8-5)*(7+3)

Enter Your Choice: 2

The Prefix Expression is: *-85+73

Enter Your Choice: 3 Final Result = 30

Enter Your Choice: 4 !! THANK YOU !!

10.a) Develop a menu driven program to implement ordinary Queue with static and dynamic memory allocation mechanisms using array storage representation. (Represent Queue using structure).

```
//Simple Queue Static
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define size 5
struct Queue{
  int front; //Index Of front element in Queue
  int rear; //Index of rear element in Queue
  int queue[size]; //Array to store Queue
}Q;
//Function to insert an element to rear of Queue
void insert(int val)
{
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.rear==size-1)
    printf("Queue is Full\n");
     return;
  if(Q.front==-1)
     Q.front = 0; //Initializing First element
  O.rear++;
  Q.queue[Q.rear] = val;
  printf("Insertion Successful\n");
//Function to delete the front element of Queue
void delete()
{
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty");
  else
    //Deleting Element from front
    printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",Q.queue[Q.front]);
     Q.front++;
  if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
//Function Display all elements of Queue
void display()
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.rear==-1)
```

```
printf("Queue is Empty");
  else
  {
     for(int i=Q.front;i<=Q.rear;i++)</pre>
     printf("%d\n",Q.queue[i]);
void main()
  int choice, val;
  Q.front=Q.rear=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  printf("Main Menu\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             insert(val);
             break;
       case 2 : delete();
            break;
       case 3 : display();
            break;
       case 4 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
             exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
}
```

Main Menu 1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 10 Insertion Successful Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 20 Insertion Successful Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 30 Insertion Successful Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 40 Insertion Successful Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 50 **Insertion Successful** Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 60 Queue is Full Enter Your choice: 3 10 20 30 40 50 Enter Your choice: 2 Deleted Element: 10 Enter Your choice: 2 Deleted Element: 20 Enter Your choice: 3 30 40 50 Enter Your choice: 4 !! THANK YOU !!

//Simple Queue Dynamic

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

```
int size;
struct Oueue{
  int front; //Index Of front element in Queue
  int rear; //Index of rear element in Queue
  int *queue; //Base address of array to store Queue
}O;
//Function to insert an element to rear of Queue
void insert(int val)
{
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.rear==size-1)
     printf("Queue is Full\n");
     printf("Reallocating Memory\n");
     size++;
     Q.queue = (int *)realloc(Q.queue,size*sizeof(int)); //Reallocating Array for Queue
  if(Q.front==-1)
     Q.front = 0; //Initializing First element
  Q.rear++;
  *(O.queue+O.rear) = val;
  printf("Insertion Successful\n");
//Function to delete the front element of Queue
void delete()
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty");
  else
     //Deleting Element from front
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",*(Q.queue+Q.front));
     Q.front++;
  if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
//Function Display all elements of Queue
void display()
{
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.rear==-1)
```

```
printf("Queue is Empty");
  else
     for(int i=Q.front;i<=Q.rear;i++)</pre>
     printf("%d\n",*(Q.queue+i));
}
void main()
  int choice, val;
  Q.front=Q.rear=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  printf("Enter the Size : ");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  O.queue=(int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int)); //Dynamically Allocating Array for Queue
  printf("Main Menu\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
  {
     printf("Enter Your choice : ");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             insert(val);
            break:
       case 2 : delete();
            break;
       case 3 : display();
             break;
       case 4 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
             exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
}
```

Enter the Size: 3

1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 10
Insertion Successful
Enter Your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 20
Insertion Successful
Enter Your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 30
Insertion Successful
Enter Your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 40
Queue is Full
Reallocating Memory
Insertion Successful
Enter Your choice: 3
10
20
30
40
Enter Your choice: 2
Deleted Element: 10
Enter Your choice: 3
20
30
40
Enter Your choice: 4
!! THANK YOU !!
10.b) Develop a menu driven program to implement Circular Queue with static and dynamic memory
allocation mechanisms using array storage representation.(Represent Queue using structure)

Main Menu

//Circular Queue Static

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define size 3
struct Queue{
  int front; //Index Of front element in Queue
  int rear; //Index of rear element in Queue
  int queue[size]; //Array to store Queue
//Function to insert an element to rear of Queue
void insert()
  int val;
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.front==0&&Q.rear==size-1)
     printf("Queue is Full\n");
     return;
  if(Q.front==-1&Q.rear==-1)
     O.front=0; //Initializing First element
  printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
  scanf("%d",&val);
  O.rear=(O.rear+1)% size;
  Q.queue[Q.rear] = val;
  printf("Insertion Successful\n");
//Function to delete the front element of Queue
void delete()
{
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty\n");
  else if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",Q.queue[Q.front]);
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
  }
  else
    //Deleting Element from front
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",Q.queue[Q.front]);
     Q.front=(Q.front+1)% size;
//Function Display all elements of Queue
void display()
  int i;
```

```
//Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty\n");
  else
    if(Q.front<Q.rear)</pre>
     for(i=Q.front;i<=Q.rear;i++)
       printf("%d\n",Q.queue[i]);
     else
       for(i=Q.front;i<=size-1;i++)
         printf("%d\n",Q.queue[i]);
       for(i=0;i\leq=Q.rear;i++)
          printf("%d\n",Q.queue[i]);
void main()
  int choice, val;
  Q.front=Q.rear=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  printf("Main Menu\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your choice : ");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : insert();
            break;
       case 2 : delete();
            break;
       case 3 : display();
             break;
       case 4 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
             exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
}
```

Output:

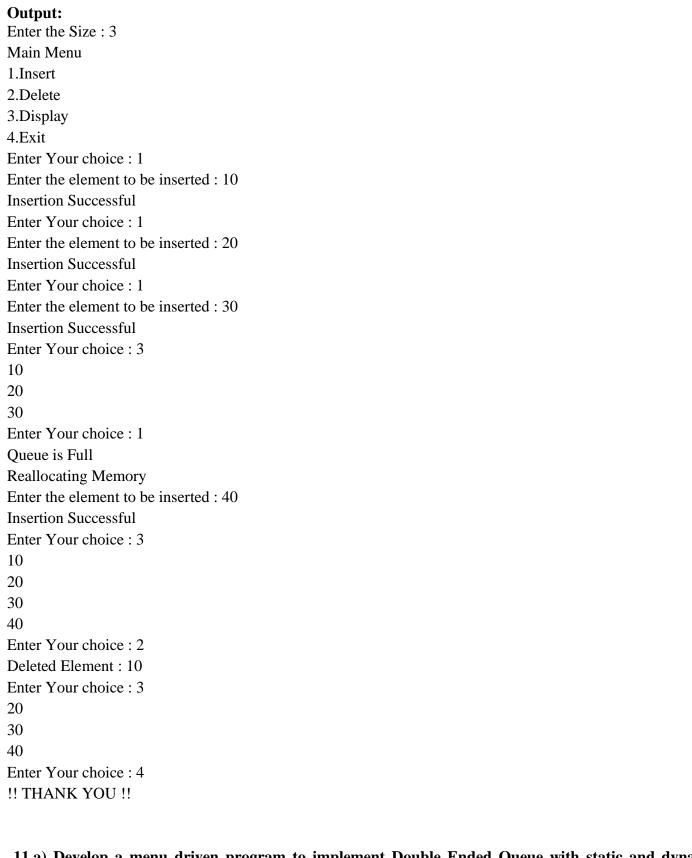
Main Menu

1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 10 Insertion Successful Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 20 Insertion Successful Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 30 Insertion Successful Enter Your choice: 3 10 20 30 Enter Your choice: 1 Queue is Full Enter Your choice: 2 Deleted Element: 10 Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 40 Insertion Successful Enter Your choice: 3 20 30 40 Enter Your choice: 4 !! THANK YOU !!

//Circular Queue Dynamic #include <stdio.h> #include <stdlib.h> int size;

```
struct Queue{
  int front; //Index Of front element in Queue
  int rear; //Index of rear element in Queue
  int *queue; //Base address of array to store Queue
}Q;
//Function to insert an element to rear of Queue
void insert()
  int val;
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.front==0&&Q.rear==size-1)
     printf("Queue is Full\n");
     printf("Reallocating Memory\n");
     size++;
     O.queue = (int *)realloc(O.queue,size*sizeof(int));
  if(Q.front==-1&Q.rear==-1)
     Q.front=0; //Initializing First element
  printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
  scanf("%d",&val);
  Q.rear=(Q.rear+1)% size;
  *(O.queue+O.rear) = val;
  printf("Insertion Successful\n");
//Function to delete the front element of Queue
void delete()
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty\n");
  else if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",*(Q.queue+Q.front));
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
  else
     //Deleting Element from front
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",*(Q.queue+Q.front));
     Q.front=(Q.front+1)% size;
  }
//Function Display all elements of Queue
void display()
{
  int i:
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
```

```
if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty\n");
  else
     if(Q.front<Q.rear)</pre>
     for(i=Q.front;i<=Q.rear;i++)</pre>
       printf("%d\n",*(Q.queue+i));
     else
       for(i=Q.front;i<=size-1;i++)</pre>
          printf("%d\n",*(Q.queue+i));
       for(i=0;i \le Q.rear;i++)
          printf("%d\n",*(Q.queue+i));
void main()
{
  int choice, val;
  Q.front=Q.rear=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  printf("Enter the Size : ");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  Q.queue=(int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int)); //Dynamically Allocating Array for Queue
  printf("Main Menu\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : insert();
             break;
       case 2 : delete();
             break;
       case 3 : display();
             break;
       case 4 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
}
```



11.a) Develop a menu driven program to implement Double Ended Queue with static and dynamic memory allocation mechanisms using array storage representation. (Represent Queue using structure)

//Double Ended Queue Static

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#define size 5
struct Queue
  int queue[size]; //Array to store Queue
  int front; //Index Of front element in Queue
  int rear; //Index of rear element in Queue
//Function to insert an element to rear of Queue
void pushrear(int val)
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.rear==size-1&&Q.front==0||Q.front>Q.rear)
     printf("Queue is FUll\n");
     return;
  if(Q.front==-1)
    Q.front=Q.rear=0;
  if(Q.rear==size-1)
     Q.rear = 0;
  else
     Q.rear++;
  Q.queue[Q.rear] = val;
  printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
//Function to insert an element to front of Queue
void pushfront(int val)
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.rear==size-1&&Q.front==0||Q.front>Q.rear)
     printf("Queue is FUll\n");
  if(Q.front==-1)
     Q.front=Q.rear=0;
  else if(Q.front==0)
     Q.front = size-1;
  else
```

```
Q.front--;
  Q.queue[Q.front]=val;
  printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
//Function to delete the front element of Queue
void popfront()
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty");
  else
    //Deleting Element from front
    printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",Q.queue[Q.front]);
  if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
  else if (Q.front==size-1)
     Q.front=0;
  else
     Q.front++;
//Function to delete the rear element of Queue
void poprear()
if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty");
  else
    //Deleting Element from rear
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",Q.queue[Q.rear]);
  if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
  else if(Q.rear == 0)
     Q.rear = size-1;
```

```
else
     Q.rear--;
//Function Display all elements of Queue
void display()
  int i,fpos=Q.front,rpos=Q.rear;
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty");
  if (fpos<=rpos)</pre>
     for(i=fpos;i<=rpos;i++)
     printf("%d ",Q.queue[i]);
  else
     for(i=fpos;i<=size-1;i++)
     printf("%d ",Q.queue[i]);
     fpos=0;
     for(i=fpos;i<=rpos;i++)</pre>
     printf("%d ",Q.queue[i]);
  printf("\n");
void main()
{
  O.front=O.rear=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  int val, choice;
  printf("Main Menu\n1.Push-Front\n2.Pop-Front\n3.Push-Rear\n4.Pop-Rear\n5.Display\n6.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             pushfront(val);
             break;
       case 2 : popfront();
             break;
       case 3 : printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             pushrear(val);
                                                       81
```

```
break;
       case 4 : poprear();
            break;
       case 5 : printf("Queue : ");
            display();
            break;
       case 6 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
Output:
 Main Menu
 1.Push-Front
 2.Pop-Front
 3.Push-Rear
 4.Pop-Rear
 5.Display
 6.Exit
 Enter Your choice: 1
 Enter the element to be inserted: 10
 Insertion Successful
 Enter Your choice: 3
 Enter the element to be inserted: 20
 Insertion Successful
 Enter Your choice: 3
 Enter the element to be inserted: 30
 Insertion Successful
 Enter Your choice: 3
 Enter the element to be inserted: 40
 Insertion Successful
 Enter Your choice: 3
 Enter the element to be inserted: 50
 Insertion Successful
 Enter Your choice: 3
 Enter the element to be inserted: 60
 Oueue is Full
 Enter Your choice: 5
 Queue: 10 20 30 40 50
 Enter Your choice: 2
 Deleted Element: 10
 Enter Your choice: 4
 Deleted Element: 50
 Enter Your choice: 6
!! THANK YOU !!
//Double Ended Queue Dynamic
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int size;
```

```
struct Queue
  int *queue; //Base address of array to store Queue
  int front; //Index Of front element in Queue
  int rear; //Index of rear element in Queue
}O;
//Function to insert an element to rear of Queue
void pushrear(int val)
{
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.rear==size-1&&Q.front==0||Q.front>Q.rear)
     printf("Queue is Full\n");
     printf("Reallocating Memory\n");
     size++;
     Q.queue = (int *)realloc(Q.queue,size*sizeof(int));
  if(Q.front==-1)
    Q.front=Q.rear=0;
  if(Q.rear==size-1)
     Q.rear = 0;
  else
     Q.rear++;
  *(Q.queue+Q.rear) = val;
  printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
//Function to insert an element to front of Queue
void pushfront(int val)
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(O.rear==size-1&&O.front==0||O.front>O.rear)
     printf("Queue is Full\n");
     printf("Reallocating Memory\n");
     Q.queue = (int *)realloc(Q.queue,size*sizeof(int));
  if(Q.front==-1)
     Q.front=Q.rear=0;
  else if(Q.front==0)
     Q.front = size-1;
  else
```

```
Q.front--;
  *(Q.queue+Q.front)=val;
  printf("Insertion Succesfull\n");
//Function to delete the front element of Queue
void popfront()
{
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty");
  else
    //Deleting Element from front
    printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",*(Q.queue+Q.front));
  if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
  else if (Q.front==size-1)
     Q.front=0;
  else
     Q.front++;
//Function to delete the rear element of Queue
void poprear()
if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty");
  else
    //Deleting Element from rear
    printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",*(Q.queue+Q.rear));
  if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
else if(Q.rear == 0)
     Q.rear = size-1;
  else
     Q.rear--;
```

```
//Function Display all elements of Queue
void display()
  int i,fpos=Q.front,rpos=Q.rear;
  //Checking if Queue is Empty
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty");
  if (fpos<=rpos)</pre>
     for(i=fpos;i<=rpos;i++)</pre>
     printf("%d ",*(Q.queue+i));
  else
     for(i=fpos;i<=size-1;i++)
     printf("%d",*(Q.queue+i));
     fpos=0;
     for(i=fpos;i<=rpos;i++)</pre>
     printf("%d",*(Q.queue+i));
  printf("\n");
}
void main()
  O.front=O.rear=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  int val.choice:
  printf("Enter the Size : ");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  O.queue=(int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int)); //Dynamically Allocating Array for Queue
  printf("Main Menu\n1.Push-Front\n2.Pop-Front\n3.Push-Rear\n4.Pop-Rear\n5.Display\n6.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             pushfront(val);
             break;
       case 2 : popfront();
             break;
       case 3 : printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             pushrear(val);
             break;
                                                       85
```

```
case 4 : poprear();
            break;
       case 5 : printf("Queue : ");
            display();
            break;
       case 6 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
            exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
Output:
Enter the Size: 2
Main Menu
1.Push-Front
2.Pop-Front
3.Push-Rear
4.Pop-Rear
5.Display
6.Exit
Enter Your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 10
Insertion Succesfull
Enter Your choice: 3
Enter the element to be inserted: 20
Insertion Successfull
Enter Your choice: 3
Enter the element to be inserted: 30
Queue is Full
Reallocating Memory
Insertion Succesfull
Enter Your choice: 5
Queue: 10 20 30
Enter Your choice: 2
Deleted Element: 10
Enter Your choice: 4
Deleted Element: 30
Enter Your choice: 5
Oueue: 20
Enter Your choice: 6
!! THANK YOU !!
11. b) Develop a menu driven program to implement Priority Queue with static and dynamic memory
allocation mechanisms using array storage representation. (Represent Queue using structure)
//Ascending Priority Queue Static
#include <stdio.h>
                                                    86
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#define size 5
struct Queue
  int a[size]; //Array to store Queue
  int front; //Index Of front element in Queue
  int rear; //Index of rear element in Queue
}Q;
//Function to check Priority
int prioritycheck(int X)
  int i=0;
  while (Q.a[i] < X & i < = Q.rear)
     i++;
  return i;
//Function to insert an element to Queue
void insert(int X)
{
  int i,pos;
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.rear==size-1)
  printf("Queue is Full\n");
  else if(Q.rear==-1&&Q.front==-1)
     Q.rear=Q.front=0; //Initializing First element
     Q.a[Q.rear]=X;
  else
     pos = prioritycheck(X);
     Q.rear++;
     for(i=Q.rear;i>=pos;i--)
       Q.a[i]=Q.a[i-1];
     Q.a[pos]=X;
//Function to delete the front element of Queue
void delete()
{
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty\n");
  else if(Q.front==Q.rear)
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",Q.a[Q.front]);
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
```

```
else
     //Deleting Element from front
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",Q.a[Q.front]);
     Q.front++;
}
//Function Display all elements of Queue
void display()
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty\n");
  else
  {
     for(int i=Q.front;i<=Q.rear;i++)</pre>
     printf("%d ",Q.a[i]);
     printf("\n");
void main()
  int choice, val;
  Q.front=-1;Q.rear=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  printf("Main Menu\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             insert(val);
             break:
       case 2 : delete();
            break;
       case 3 : display();
            break;
       case 4 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
             exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
  }
Output:
Main Menu
1.Insert
2.Delete
```

3.Display

4.Exit

Enter Your choice: 1

Enter the element to be inserted: 10

Enter Your choice: 1

Enter the element to be inserted: 5

Enter Your choice: 1

Enter the element to be inserted: 20

Enter Your choice: 1

Enter the element to be inserted: 15

Enter Your choice: 1

Enter the element to be inserted: 25

Enter Your choice: 1

Enter the element to be inserted: 30

Queue is Full

Enter Your choice: 3

5 10 15 20 25

Enter Your choice: 2 Deleted Element: 5 Enter Your choice: 3

10 15 20 25

Enter Your choice : 4 !! THANK YOU !!

//Ascending Priority Queue Dynamic #include <stdio.h> #include <stdlib.h> int size;

```
struct Queue
  int *a; //Base address of array to store Queue
  int front; //Index Of front element in Queue
  int rear; //Index of rear element in Queue
}O;
//Function to check Priority
int prioritycheck(int X)
{
  int i=0;
  while (*(Q.a+i)< X\&\&i <= Q.rear)
     i++;
  return i;
//Function to insert an element to Queue
void insert(int X)
  int i,pos;
  //Checking if Queue is Full
  if(Q.rear==size-1)
     printf("Queue is Full\n");
     printf("Reallocating Memory\n");
     size++;
     Q.a= (int *)realloc(Q.a,size*sizeof(int));//Reallocating Memory for Queue
  if(Q.rear == -1 & Q.front == -1)
     Q.rear=Q.front=0; //Initializing First element
     *(Q.a+Q.rear)=X;
  else
     pos = prioritycheck(X);
     O.rear++;
     for(i=Q.rear;i>=pos;i--)
       *(Q.a+i)=*(Q.a+i-1);
     *(Q.a+pos)=X;
//Function to delete the front element of Queue
void delete()
{
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty\n");
  else if(Q.front==Q.rear)
```

```
printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",*(Q.a+Q.front));
     Q.front=Q.rear=-1;
  else
     //Deleting Element from front
     printf("Deleted Element : %d\n",*(Q.a+Q.front));
     Q.front++;
}
//Function Display all elements of Queue
void display()
  if(Q.front==-1)
     printf("Queue is Empty\n");
  {
     for(int i=Q.front;i<=Q.rear;i++)</pre>
     printf("%d ",*(Q.a+i));
     printf("\n");
}
void main()
  int choice.val:
  Q.front=-1;Q.rear=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  printf("Enter the Size : ");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  Q.a=(int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int)); //Dynamically Allocating Array for Queue
  printf("Main Menu\n1.Insert\n2.Delete\n3.Display\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("Enter Your choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter the element to be inserted : ");
             scanf("%d",&val);
             insert(val);
             break;
       case 2 : delete();
             break:
       case 3 : display();
             break;
       case 4 : printf("!! THANK YOU !!\n");
             exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\nEnter Again\n");
```

} **Output:** Enter the Size: 2 Main Menu 1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 10 Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 5 Enter Your choice: 1 Enter the element to be inserted: 15 Queue is Full Reallocating Memory Enter Your choice: 3 5 10 15 Enter Your choice: 2 Deleted Element: 5 Enter Your choice: 3 10 15 Enter Your choice: 4 !! THANK YOU !!

12. a) Develop a menu driven program to implement binary search tree and traversal techniques.

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

```
struct node
  int item;
  struct node *llink;
  struct node *rlink;
};
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE getnode(int X)
{
  NODE temp;
  temp = (NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node)); //Dynamically Allocating a new Node
  temp->item = X;
  temp->rlink=temp->rlink=NULL;
  return temp;
NODE insert(NODE root, int X)
  NODE temp = getnode(X);
  if(root==NULL)
  return temp;
  if(X<root->item)
  root->llink = insert(root->llink,X);
  else
  root->rlink = insert(root->rlink,X);
  return root:
}
void inorder(NODE root)
  if(root!=NULL)
    inorder(root->llink);
    printf("%d\n",root->item);
    inorder(root->rlink);
void preorder(NODE root)
  if(root!=NULL)
    printf("%d\n",root->item);
    preorder(root->llink);
    preorder(root->rlink);
void postorder(NODE root)
  if(root!=NULL)
    postorder(root->llink);
    postorder(root->rlink);
                                                    93
```

```
printf("%d\n",root->item);
}
void main()
  int choice,X;
  NODE root=NULL;
  printf("Menu\n1.Insert\n2.InOrder\n3.PreOrder\n4.PostOrder\n5.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
    printf("Enter Your Choice : ");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    switch(choice)
       case 1 : printf("Enter an Element : ");
            scanf("%d",&X);
            root = insert(root,X);
            break;
       case 2 : inorder(root);
            break;
       case 3 : preorder(root);
            break;
       case 4 : postorder(root);
            break;
       case 5 : printf("!!THANK YOU!!\n");
            exit(0);
       default : printf("Invalid Choice\n");
```

Output:

Menu

1.Insert

2.InOrder

3.PreOrder 4.PostOrder 5.Exit Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter an Element: 100 Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter an Element: 50 Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter an Element: 75 Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter an Element: 25 Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter an Element: 150 Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter an Element: 125 Enter Your Choice: 1 Enter an Element: 175 Enter Your Choice: 2 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 Enter Your Choice: 3 100 50 25 75 150 125 175 Enter Your Choice: 4 25 75 50 125 175 150 100 Enter Your Choice: 5 !!THANK YOU!!

12.b) Develop a menu driven program to implement Graph traversal techniques.

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

```
int N; //Number of Nodes
//Function for BFS Traversal
void bfs(int a[][N], int visited[], int start)
  int Q[N],rear=-1,front=-1; //Initializing Empty Queue
  int i;
  //Initializing the Visited Array with 0
  for(i=0;i<N;i++)
  visited[i]=0;
  //Inserting the First node into Queue
  Q[++rear]=start;
  ++front;
  visited[start]=1;
  while(rear>=front)
     start = Q[front++];
     printf("%c ",start+65);
     for(i=0;i<N;i++)
       if(a[start][i]&&visited[i]==0)
          Q[++rear] = i; //Inserting the Adjacent nodes into Queue
          visited[i] = 1;
void dfs(int a[][N], int visited[], int start)
  int S[N],top=-1; //Initializing Empty Stack
  int i;
  //Initializing the Visited Array with 0
  for(i=0;i<N;i++)
  visited[i]=0;
  S[++top] = start;
  visited[start]=1;
  while(top!=-1)
  {
     start = S[top--];
     printf("%c ",start+65);
     for(i=0;i<N;i++)
       if(a[start][i]&&visited[i]==0)
          S[++top] = i; //Inserting the Adjacent node into Stack
          visited[i] = 1;
          break;
```

```
void main()
{
  int matrix[10][10]; //Declaring adjacency matrix of Graph
  int visited[10]; //Declaring the Visited Array
  int choice,i,j;
  char node; //The node from where traversal is started
  printf("Menu\n1.Enter the Graph\n2.BFS Traversal\n3.DFS Traversal\n4.Exit\n");
  for(;;)
     printf("\nEnter Your Choice : ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch (choice)
     case 1 : printf("Enter the Number of Nodes : ");
          scanf("%d",&N);
          printf("Enter the Adjacency Matrix :\n");
          for(i=0;i<N;i++)
          for(j=0;j<N;j++)
          scanf("%d",&matrix[i][j]);
          break:
     case 2 : printf("The Nodes are named as A,B,C,D...\n");
          printf("Enter the node to start with : ");
          scanf(" %c",&node);
          printf("BFS Traversal : "):
          bfs(matrix, visited, node-65);
          break;
     case 3 : printf("The Nodes are named as A,B,C,D...\n");
          printf("Enter the node to start with : ");
          scanf(" %c",&node);
          dfs(matrix, visited, node-65);
          break;
     case 4 : printf("!!THANK YOU!!\n");
          exit(0);
     default: printf("Invalid Choice\n");
```

Output:

Menu

1.Enter the Graph

2.BFS Traversal

3.DFS Traversal

4.Exit

Enter Your Choice: 1

Enter the Number of Nodes: 6 Enter the Adjacency Matrix:

011110

100100

100111

111001

101000

001100

Enter Your Choice: 2

The Nodes are named as A,B,C,D...

Enter the node to start with : A BFS Traversal : A B C D E F

Enter Your Choice: 3

The Nodes are named as A,B,C,D...

Enter the node to start with: A

ABDCEF

Enter Your Choice: 4

!!THANK YOU!!