

The phrase tags have been desicolgned for specific purposes, though they are displayed in a similar way as other basic tags like , <i>, <pre> and <tt> you have seen in previous chapter.

This chapter will take you through all the important phrase tags, so let's start seeing them one by one.

➤ **Emphasized Text**

Anything that appears within ... element is displayed as emphasized text.

It is same like <i>... </i> tag.

For Ex.

<p>The following word uses a emphasized typeface.</p>

➤ **Marked Text**

Anything that appears with-in <mark>...</mark> element, is displayed as marked with yellow ink.

For Ex.

<p>The following word has been <mark>marked</mark> with yellow.</p>

➤ **Strong Text**

Anything that appears within ... element is displayed as important text.

It is same like ... tag.

For Ex.

<p>The following word uses a strong typeface.</p>

➤ **Text Abbreviation**

You can abbreviate a text by putting it inside opening <abbr> and closing </abbr> tags. If present, the title attribute must contain this full description and nothing else.

For Ex.

<p>My best friend's name is <abbr title="It's Original name is Akash.">Jignesh</abbr>.</p>

➤ Acronym Element

The <acronym> element allows you to indicate that the text between <acronym> and </acronym> tags is an acronym.

At present, the major browsers do not change the appearance of the content of the <acronym> element.

For Ex.

```
<p>This chapter covers marking up text in <acronym> XHTML </acronym>.</p>
```

➤ Text Direction

The <bdo>...</bdo> element stands for Bi-Directional Override and it is used to override the current text direction.

For Ex.

```
<p>This text will go left to right.</p>
```

```
<p><bdo dir="rtl">This text will go right to left.</bdo></p>
```

➤ Special Terms

The <dfn>...</dfn> element (or HTML Definition Element) allows you to specify that you are introducing a special term. It's usage is similar to italic words in the midst of a paragraph.

Typically, you would use the <dfn> element the first time you introduce a key term. Most recent browsers render the content of a <dfn> element in an italic font.

For Ex.

```
<p>The following word is a <dfn>special</dfn> term.</p>
```

➤ Quoting Text

When you want to quote a passage from another source, you should put it in between `<blockquote>...</blockquote>` tags.

Text inside a `<blockquote>` element is usually indented from the left and right edges of the surrounding text, and sometimes uses an italicized font.

For Ex.

```
<p>The following description of XHTML is taken from the W3C Web site :</p>
```

```
<blockquote>XHTML 1.0 is the W3C's first Recommendation for XHTML, following on from earlier work on HTML 4.01, HTML 4.0, HTML 3.2 and HTML 2.0.</blockquote>
```

➤ Short Quotations

The `<q>...</q>` element is used when you want to add a double quote within a sentence.

For Ex.

```
<p>Amit is in Spain, <q>I think I am wrong</q>.</p>
```

➤ Text Citations

If you are quoting a text, you can indicate the source placing it between an opening `<cite>` tag and closing `</cite>` tag

As you would expect in a print publication, the content of the `<cite>` element is rendered in italicized text by default.

For Ex.

```
<p>This HTML tutorial is derived from <cite>W3 Standard for HTML</cite>.</p>
```

➤ Computer Code

Any programming code to appear on a Web page should be placed inside `<code>...</code>` tags. Usually the content of the `<code>` element is presented in a monospaced font, just like the code in most programming books.

For Ex.

```
<p>Regular text. <code>This is code.</code> Regular text.</p>
```

➤ Keyboard Text

When you are talking about computers, if you want to tell a reader to enter some text, you can use the `<kbd>...</kbd>` element to indicate what should be typed in, as in this example.

For Ex.

```
<p>Regular text. <kbd>This is inside kbd element</kbd> Regular text.</p>
```

➤ Programming Variables

This element is usually used in conjunction with the `<pre>` and `<code>` elements to indicate that the content of that element is a variable.

For Ex.

```
<p><code> document.write("<var>user-name</var>") </code></p>
```

➤ Program Output

The `<samp>...</samp>` element indicates sample output from a program, and script etc. Again, it is mainly used when documenting programming or coding concepts.

For Ex.

```
<p>Result produced by the program is <samp> Hello World ! </samp> </p>
```

➤ Address Text

The <address>...</address> element is used to contain any address.

For Ex.

```
<address> A-388, Road No 22 , Jubilee Hills - Hyderabad. </address>
```

