

## PA-3

**Name:** Raghunandan Gajanan Bhat

**SUNetID:** [rgbhat@syr.edu](mailto:rgbhat@syr.edu)

### Task-1: Nachos Pre-emptive Multi-programming

#### Task-1.1

★ [R-1]: The function - void RunUserProg(void \*filename) in threads/main.cc creates the address space to run a user program.

★ [R-2]:

1. The first argument to the Fork() is a pointer to a function which we have to run concurrently. It tells us which function has to be run by allocating the stack.
2. If we use a pointer to RunUserProg() as an argument to Fork(), it will work just fine. The first argument to Fork(), which is of type VoidFunctionPtr is defined as a pointer to a function which takes an arbitrary pointer argument and returns nothing. The RunUserProgram() exactly matches with the description of the VoidFunctionPtr – it takes a pointer as an argument and returns nothing. If we try to run a single user program, it will work just fine. The main thread will run the user program. But if there are multiple user programs, Fork() will not be able to run all of them. It simply runs the first user program using the main thread and exits.

★ [R-3]:

Before

```
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/userprog$ ls -l
total 60
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rgbhat rgbhat 10743 Oct  8 15:50 addrspace.cc
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rgbhat rgbhat 1697 Oct  8 15:50 addrspace.h
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rgbhat rgbhat 4341 Oct  8 15:50 oppo.h
```

After replacing the files

```
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/extra$ cp -f addrspace.h ../nachos/code/userprog/addrspace.h
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/extra$ cp -f addrspace.cc ../nachos/code/userprog/addrspace.cc
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/extra$ cd ../nachos/code/userprog/
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/userprog$ ls -l
total 60
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rgbhat rgbhat 10743 Mar 24 18:02 addrspace.cc
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rgbhat rgbhat 1697 Mar 24 18:02 addrspace.h
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rgbhat rgbhat 4341 Oct  8 15:50 oppo.h
```

addrspace.h :

```
50 static int mark;
51 // jcohen
```

addrspace.cc:

```
23
24 int AddrSpace::mark = 0;
25

136
137 pageTable = new TranslationEntry[numPages];
138 for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
139     pageTable[i].virtualPage = i;    // for now, virt page # = phys page #
140     pageTable[i].physicalPage = i + mark;
141     // printf("[219136295 Ben Nichols-Farquhar] Page frame %d contains Page %d of Program %s\n", (i+mark), i, fileName);
142     pageTable[i].valid = TRUE;
143     pageTable[i].use = FALSE;
144     pageTable[i].dirty = FALSE;
145     pageTable[i].readOnly = FALSE;
146 }
147
148 // zero out the entire address space
149 bzero(&kernel->machine->mainMemory[mark * PageSize], size);
150
```

```
159
160     DEBUG(dbgAddr, "Initializing code segment.");
161     DEBUG(dbgAddr, noffH.code.virtualAddr << " ", " << noffH.code.size);
162     executable->ReadAt(
163         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.code.virtualAddr + mark * PageSize]),
164         noffH.code.size, noffH.code.inFileAddr);
165 }
166 if (noffH.initData.size > 0) {
167     DEBUG(dbgAddr, "Initializing data segment.");
168     DEBUG(dbgAddr, noffH.initData.virtualAddr << " ", " << noffH.initData.size);
169     executable->ReadAt(
170         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.initData.virtualAddr + mark * PageSize]),
171         noffH.initData.size, noffH.initData.inFileAddr);
172 }
173
174 #ifdef RDATA
175 if (noffH.readonlyData.size > 0) {
176     DEBUG(dbgAddr, "Initializing read only data segment.");
177     DEBUG(dbgAddr, noffH.readonlyData.virtualAddr << " ", " << noffH.readonlyData.size);
178     executable->ReadAt(
179         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.readonlyData.virtualAddr + mark * PageSize]),
180         noffH.readonlyData.size, noffH.readonlyData.inFileAddr);
181 }
182 #endif
183
184 mark += numPages;
185 delete executable;           // close file
186 return TRUE;                // success
187 }
```

Using diff command:

addrspace.h:

```
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/testdir/student/extra$ diff ../nachos/code/userprog/addrspace.h addrspace.h
49a50
>     static int mark;           // jcoh
```

addrspace.cc:

```

rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/testdir/student/extra$ diff ../nachos/code/userprog/addrspace.cc addrspace.cc
23a24,25
> int AddrSpace::mark = 0;
>
70,81c72
<     pageTable = new TranslationEntry[NumPhysPages];
<     for (int i = 0; i < NumPhysPages; i++) {
<         pageTable[i].virtualPage = i;    // for now, virt page # = phys page #
<         pageTable[i].physicalPage = i;
<         pageTable[i].valid = TRUE;
<         pageTable[i].use = FALSE;
<         pageTable[i].dirty = FALSE;
<         pageTable[i].readOnly = FALSE;
<     }
<
<     // zero out the entire address space
<     bzero(kernel->machine->mainMemory, MemorySize);
---
>     pageTable = NULL;
90a82
>     if (pageTable)
143c135,149
<     DEBUG(dbgAddr, "Initializing address space: " << numPages << ", " << size);
---
>     DEBUG(dbgAddr, "Initializing 2 " << numPages << ", " << size);
>
>     pageTable = new TranslationEntry[numPages];
>     for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
>         pageTable[i].virtualPage = i;    // for now, virt page # = phys page #
>         pageTable[i].physicalPage = i + mark;
>         // printf("[219136295 Ben Nichols-Farquhar] Page frame %d contains Page %d of Program %s\n", (i+mark), i, fileName);
>         pageTable[i].valid = TRUE;
>         pageTable[i].use = FALSE;
>         pageTable[i].dirty = FALSE;
>         pageTable[i].readOnly = FALSE;
>     }
>
>     // zero out the entire address space
>     bzero(&kernel->machine->mainMemory[mark * PageSize], size);
147a154,159

```

```

>     bzero(&kernel->machine->mainMemory[mark * PageSize], size);
147a154,159
>
>     int start, end;
>     start = noffH.code.virtualAddr + mark;
>     end = start + divRoundUp(noffH.code.size, PageSize);
>     // printf("Program %s code segment is loaded from pageFrame %d to page frame %d\n", fileName, start, end);
>
149c161
<     DEBUG(dbgAddr, noffH.code.virtualAddr << ", " << noffH.code.size);
---
>     DEBUG(dbgAddr, noffH.code.virtualAddr << ", " << noffH.code.size);
151c163
<         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.code.virtualAddr]),
---
>         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.code.virtualAddr + mark * PageSize]),
158c170
<         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.initData.virtualAddr]),
---
>         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.initData.virtualAddr + mark * PageSize]),
167c179
<         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.readonlyData.virtualAddr]),
---
>         &(kernel->machine->mainMemory[noffH.readonlyData.virtualAddr + mark * PageSize]),
171a184
>     mark += numPages;
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/testdir/student/extra$ |

```

#### ★ [R-4]:

1. List<char\*> userProgNames
2. List<char\*> - List of character pointers

### 3. Iteration of userProgNames

```
305
306 // Iterate through the userProgNames and spawn a thread for
307 // each program
308 //int prog_count = 0;
309 //
310 while(!userProgNames.IsEmpty()){
311     char *progName = userProgNames.RemoveFront();
312     ASSERT (progName != NULL); // progName can't be NULL or else ABORT.
313
314     // print progNames (For PA-2)
315     // cout << "Program [" << prog_count++ << "] = " << progName << endl;
316
317     /** <YOUR CODE GOES HERE>
318     * Think about spawning a user-level thread
319     * and run each user program. It's name is stored progName variable.
320     */
321
322 }
323
324
```

4. Variable name: progName, Type: char\* - character pointer

5. Line 317

```
313
314 // print progNames (For PA-2)
315 // cout << "Program [" << prog_count++ << "] = " << progName << endl;
316
317 /** <YOUR CODE GOES HERE>
318 * Think about spawning a user-level thread
319 * and run each user program. It's name is stored progName variable.
320 */
321
322
```

✪ [R-5]: Modified main.cc

```
309 //
310 while(!userProgNames.IsEmpty()){
311     char *progName = userProgNames.RemoveFront();
312     ASSERT (progName != NULL); // progName can't be NULL or else ABORT.
313
314     // print progNames (For PA-2)
315     // cout << "Program [" << prog_count++ << "] = " << progName << endl;
316
317     /** <YOUR CODE GOES HERE>
318     * Think about spawning a user-level thread
319     * and run each user program. It's name is stored progName variable.
320     */
321     Thread *thread = new Thread(progName);
322     thread->Fork((VoidFunctionPtr) RunUserProg, (void*) progName);
323 }
324
```

★ [R-6]: ./nachos -K

```
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/build.linux$ ./nachos -K
*** thread 0 looped 0 times
*** thread 1 looped 0 times
*** thread 0 looped 1 times
*** thread 1 looped 1 times
*** thread 0 looped 2 times
*** thread 1 looped 2 times
*** thread 0 looped 3 times
*** thread 1 looped 3 times
*** thread 1 looped 4 times
*** thread 0 looped 4 times
^C
Cleaning up after signal 2
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/build.linux$ |
```

★ [R-7]: Build programs in test-pa/

```
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/test-pa$ ls
add          exit-test1  file-test1.c halt      matmult.c  prog3      prog4.c  read-write  shell  write
add.c        exit-test1.c file-test2  halt.c    prog1      prog3b    prog5      read-write.c shell.c write.c
build        file-test0  file-test2.c Makefile  prog1.c    prog3b.c  prog5.c    script      sort
exit-test0   file-test0.c file-test3  Makefile.dep prog2      prog3.c   read       segments   sort.c
exit-test0.c file-test1  file-test3.c matmult   prog2.c    prog4     read.c     segments.c start.S
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/test-pa$ |
```

★ [R-8]: In prog1.c, Write() function is called 5 times and Exit() is called only once. These functions are system calls – Write() system call writes certain number bytes from buffer to the open file and Exit() system call returns exit status of the user program when it is done.

★ [R-9]: ./nachos -x ../test-pa/prog1

```
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/build.linux$ ./nachos -x ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Exit system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
^C
Cleaning up after signal 2
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/build.linux$ |
```

★ [R-10]: ./nachos -x ../test-pa/prog1 -x ../test-pa/prog2

```
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/build.linux$ ./nachos -x ../test-pa/prog1 -x ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Exit system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Exit system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
^C
Cleaning up after signal 2
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/build.linux$ |
```

★ [R-11]: ./nachos -x ../test-pa/write -x ../test-pa/prog1 -x ../test-pa/prog2

```
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/build.linux$ ./nachos -x ../test-pa/write -x ../test-pa/prog1 -x ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/write
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/write
Write system call made by ../test-pa/write
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/write
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/write
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
Write system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Write system call made by ../test-pa/write
Exit system call made by ../test-pa/write
Exit system call made by ../test-pa/prog2
Exit system call made by ../test-pa/prog1
^C
Cleaning up after signal 2
rgbhat@lcs-vc-cis486-2:~/PA/pa3/student/nachos/code/build.linux$ |
```