

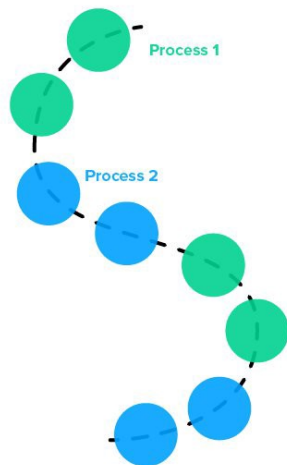
# Concurrency is not Parallelism - Wahome - Medium

Wahome

3 minutes

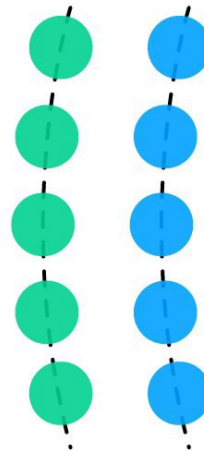
---

Concurrency



vs

Parallelism



concurrency vs parallelism

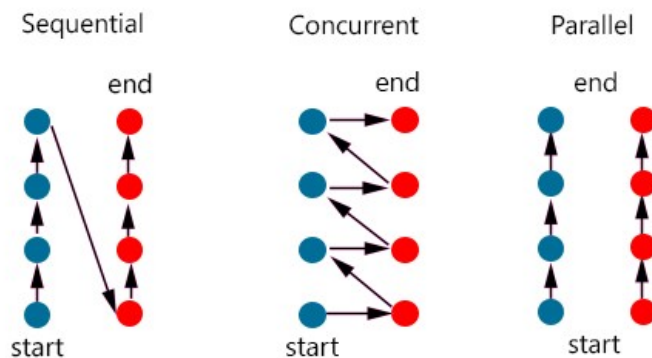
“Concurrency is about dealing with lots of things at once.  
Parallelism is about doing lots of things at once.” — Rob Pike

In programming, concurrency is the composition of independently executing processes, while parallelism is the simultaneous execution of (possibly related) computations.

A concurrent program has multiple logical threads of control. These threads may or may not run in parallel.

A parallel program potentially runs more quickly than a sequential program by executing different parts of the computation simultaneously; in parallel. It may or may not have more than one logical thread of control.

## Concurrency enables Parallelism.



sequential vs concurrent vs parallel

“Concurrency is about structure, parallelism is about execution.”

Concurrency provides a way to structure a solution to solve a problem that may (but not necessarily) be parallelizable.

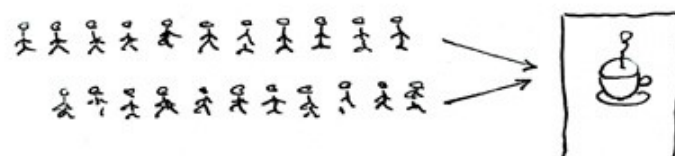
The modern world is parallel. It has:

- Multicores
- Networks
- Clouds of CPUs
- Loads of users

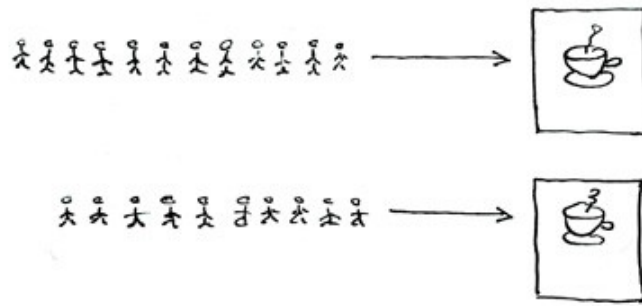
Concurrency makes parallelism easy.

## An analogy

Concurrent = Two Queues One Coffee Machine



Parallel = Two Queues Two Coffee Machines

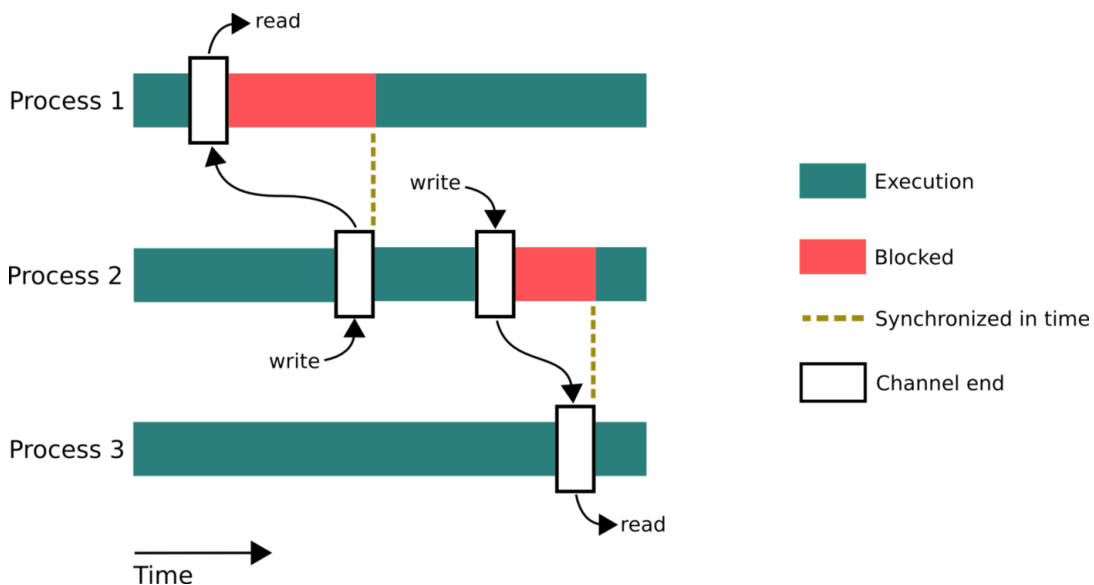


© Joe Armstrong 2013

**Concurrent:** Two queues to one coffee machine

**Parallel:** Two queues to two coffee machines

## Communicating Sequential Processes



CSP illustration

Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP) is a mathematical notation for describing patterns of interaction.

C. A. R. Hoare in his [1978 paper](#), suggests that input and output are basic primitives of programming and that parallel composition of communicating sequential processes is a fundamental program structuring method. When combined with a development of

Dijkstra's guarded command, these concepts become surprisingly versatile.

Communication is the means to coordinate the independent executions and should be favoured as a collaboration mechanism over shared state. CSP is the model on which Go concurrency (and others like Erlang) is based on.

## Summary

Concurrency is about structure, parallelism is about execution.

Concurrency enables parallelism.

Communication is the means to coordinate independent executions and should be favoured as a collaboration mechanism over shared state.

Thank you for reading. I sincerely hope it was a nice read.

You can catch me at:

**GitHub:** [kwahome](#)

**Twitter:** [@kwahome](#)

## References

1. <https://talks.golang.org/2012/waza.slide#10>
2. <https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~crary/819-f09/Hoare78.pdf>
3. <https://wiki.tcl-lang.org/page/Dijkstra%27s+guarded+commands>
4. <https://vimeo.com/49718712>