



**RAJALAKSHMI
ENGINEERING COLLEGE**
An AUTONOMOUS Institution
Affiliated to ANNA UNIVERSITY, Chennai

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE &
ENGINEERING ACADEMIC YEAR 2024-2025**

EVEN SEMESTER



CS23432 SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

LAB MANUAL

SECOND YEAR

FOURTH SEMESTER

2024- 2025

EVEN SEMESTER

Ex No	List of Experiments
1	Study of Azure DevOps
2	Designing Project using AGILE-SCRUM Methodology.
3	Agile Planning
4	User stories – Creation
5	Architecture Diagram Using AZURE
6	Designing Usecase and Class Diagram
7	Designing Interaction Diagrams
8	Design Interface
9	Implementation – Design a Web Page based on Scrum Methodology
10	Testing using Azure.
11	Deployment

Requirements	
Hardware	Intel i3, CPU @ 1.20GHz 1.19 GHz, 4 GB RAM, 32 Bit Operating System
Software	StarUML , Azure

LAB PLAN

CS19442-SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

Ex No	Date	Topic	Page No	Sign
1		Study of Azure DevOps		
2		Writing Problem Statement		
3		Designing Project using AGILE-SCRUM Methodology by using Azure.		
4		Agile Planning		
5		User stories – Creation		
6		Architecture Diagram Using AZURE		
7		Designing Usecase Diagram using StarUML		
8		Designing Activity Diagrams using StarUML		
9		Designing Sequence Diagrams using StarUML		
10		Design Class Diagram		
10		Design User Interface		
11		Implementation – Design a Web Page based on Scrum Methodology		
12		Testing		
13		Deployment		

Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Name: Software Engineering

Course Code: CS23432

CO 1	Understand the software development process models.
CO 2	Determine the requirements to develop software
CO 3	Apply modeling and modeling languages to design software products
CO 4	Apply various testing techniques and to build a robust software products
CO 5	Manage Software Projects and to understand advanced engineering concepts

CO - PO – PSO matrices of course

PO/PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CS23432.1	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	3	-
CS23432.2	2	3	1	2	2	1	-	1	1	1	2	-	1	2	-
CS23432.3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CS23432.4	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	0	2	2	2	1	1	2	1
CS23432.5	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	2	1	1	1	2	1	-
Average	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.4	2.0	1.0

Correlation levels 1, 2 or 3 are as defined below:

1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High) No correlation: “-”

Study of Azure DevOps

AIM:

To study how to create an agile project in Azure DevOps environment.

STUDY:

Azure DevOps is a cloud-based platform by Microsoft that provides tools for DevOps practices, including CI/CD pipelines, version control, agile planning, testing, and monitoring. It supports teams in automating software development and deployment.

1. Understanding Azure DevOps

Azure DevOps consists of five key services:

1.1 Azure Repos (Version Control)

Supports Git repositories and Team Foundation Version Control (TFVC).

Provides features like branching, pull requests, and code reviews.

1.2 Azure Pipelines (CI/CD)

Automates build, test, and deployment processes.

Supports multi-platform builds (Windows, Linux, macOS).

Works with Docker, Kubernetes, Terraform, and cloud providers (Azure, AWS, GCP).

1.3 Azure Boards (Agile Project Management)

Manages work using Kanban boards, Scrum boards, and dashboards.

Tracks user stories, tasks, bugs, sprints, and releases.

1.4 Azure Test Plans (Testing)

Provides manual, exploratory, and automated testing.

Supports test case management and tracking.

1.5 Azure Artifacts (Package Management)

Stores and manages NuGet, npm, Maven, and Python packages.

Enables versioning and secure access to dependencies.

Getting Started with Azure DevOps

Step 1: Create an Azure DevOps Account

Visit Azure DevOps.

Sign in with a Microsoft Account.

Create an Organization and a Project.

Step 2: Set Up a Repository (Azure Repos)

Navigate to Repos.

Choose Git or TFVC for version control.

Clone the repository and push your code.

Step 3: Configure a CI/CD Pipeline (Azure Pipelines)

Go to Pipelines → New Pipeline.

Select a source code repository (Azure Repos, GitHub, etc.).

Define the pipeline using YAML or the Classic Editor.

Run the pipeline to build and deploy the application.

Step 4: Manage Work with Azure Boards

Navigate to Boards.

Create work items, user stories, and tasks.

Organize sprints and track progress.

Step 5: Implement Testing (Azure Test Plans)

Go to Test Plans.

Create and run test cases

View test results and track bugs.

RESULT:

The study was successfully completed.

EX NO: 2

PROBLEM STATEMENT

AIM:

To prepare PROBLEM STATEMENT for your given project.

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

E-CHALLAN GENERATION

Manual enforcement of illegal parking is inefficient, error-prone, and limited in scale, leading to traffic congestion, safety hazards, and enforcement challenges. There is a need for an automated, AI-driven system to detect, verify, and issue fines accurately, ensuring transparency, efficiency, and better urban traffic management.

RESULT:

The problem statement was written successfully.

AIM:

To prepare an Agile Plan.

THEORY

Agile planning is a part of the Agile methodology, which is a project management style with an incremental, iterative approach. Instead of using an in-depth plan from the start of the project—which is typically product-related—Agile leaves room for requirement changes throughout and relies on constant feedback from end users.

With Agile planning, a project is broken down into smaller, more manageable tasks with the ultimate goal of having a defined image of a project's vision. Agile planning involves looking at different aspects of a project's tasks and how they'll be achieved, for example:

- Roadmaps to guide a product's release ad schedule
- Sprints to work on one specific group of tasks at a time
- A feedback plan to allow teams to stay flexible and easily adapt to change

User stories, or the tasks in a project, capture user requirements from the end user's perspective Essentially, with Agile planning, a team would decide on a set of user stories to action at any given time, using them as a guide to implement new features or functionalities in a tool. Looking at tasks as user stories is a helpful way to imagine how a customer may use a feature and helps teams prioritize work and focus on delivering value first.

- Steps in Agile planning process
 1. Define vision
 2. Set clear expectations on goals
 3. Define and break down the product roadmap
 4. Create tasks based on user stories
 5. Populate product backlog
 6. Plan iterations and estimate effort
 7. Conduct daily stand-ups
 8. Monitor and adapt

RESULT:

Thus, the Agile plan was completed successfully.

CREATE USER STORIES**AIM:**

To create User Stories

THEORY

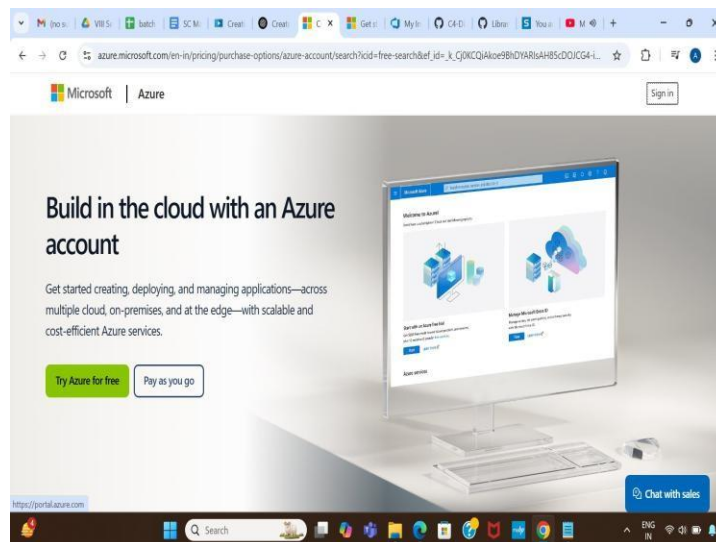
A user story is an informal, general explanation of a software feature written from the perspective of the end user. Its purpose is to articulate how a software feature will provide value to the customer.

User story template

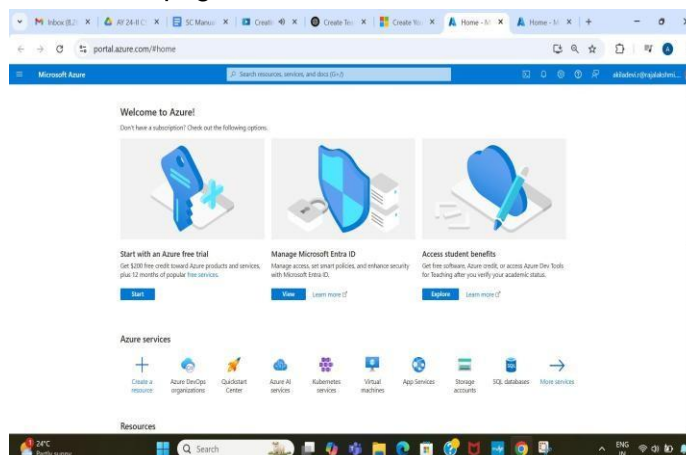
"As a [role], I [want to], [so that]."

PROCEDURE:

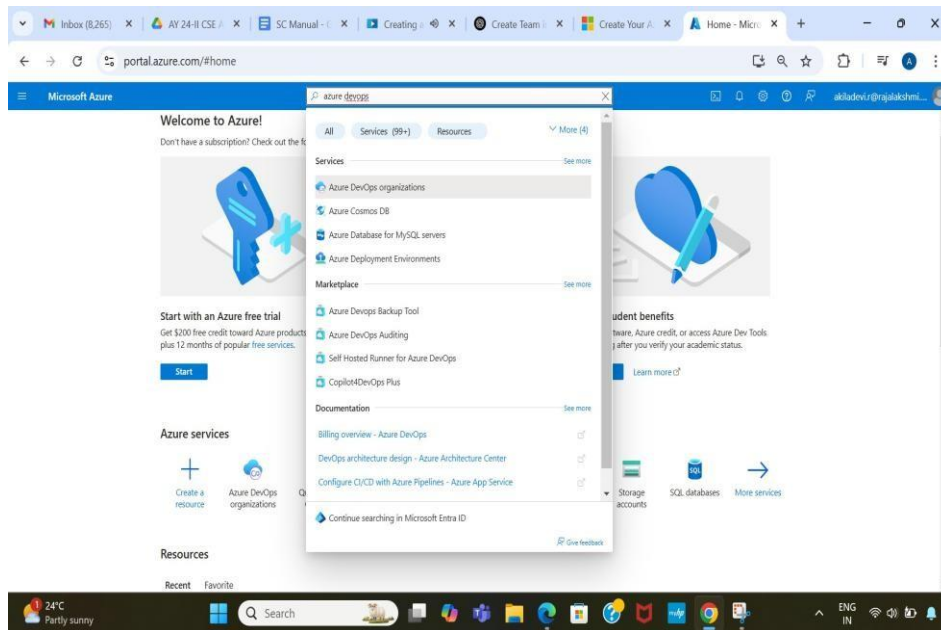
1. Open your web browser and go to the Azure website:
<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-in> Sign in using your Microsoft account credentials. If you don't have an account, you'll need to create one.
2. If you don't have a Microsoft account, you can sign up for
<https://signup.live.com/?lic=1>



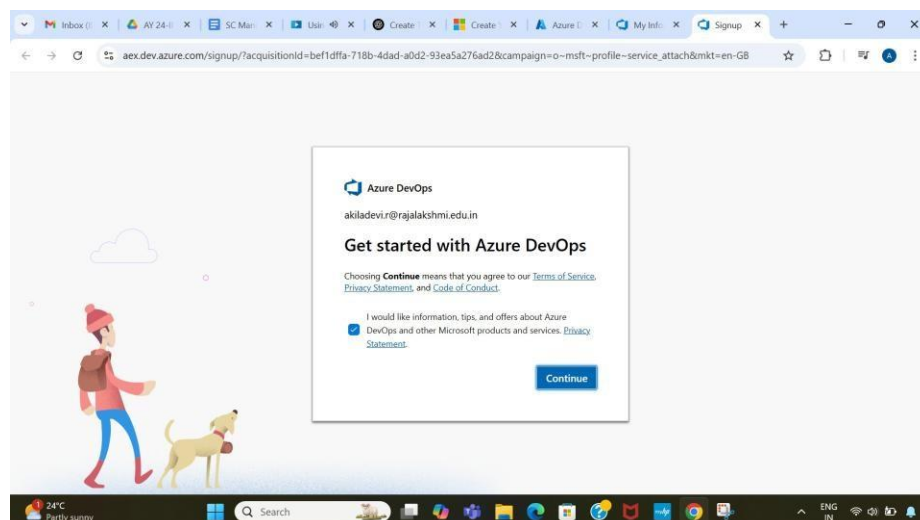
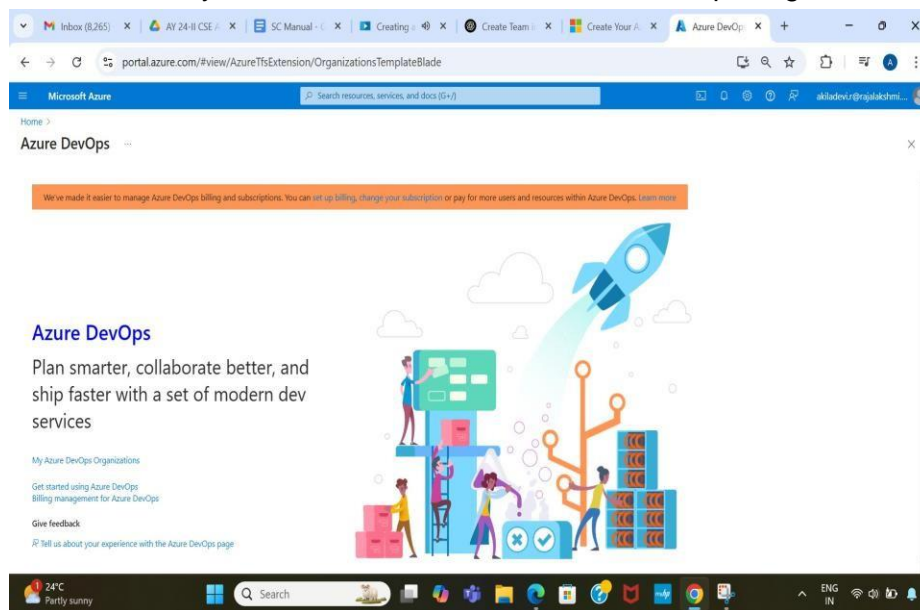
3. Azure home page

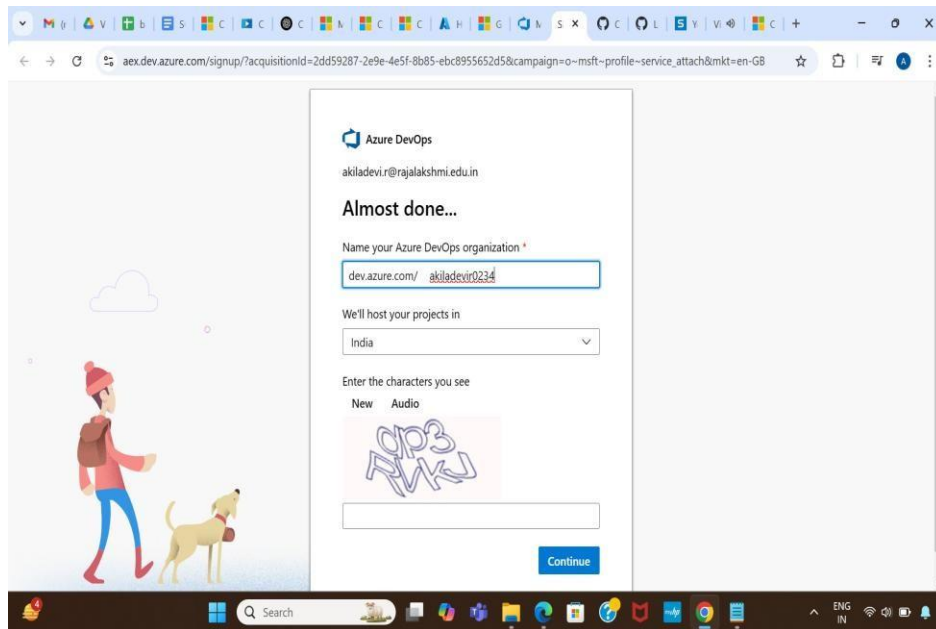


4. Open DevOps environment in the Azure platform by typing Azure DevOps Organizations in the search bar.



5. Click on the My Azure DevOps Organization link and create an organization and you should be taken to the Azure DevOps Organization Home page.



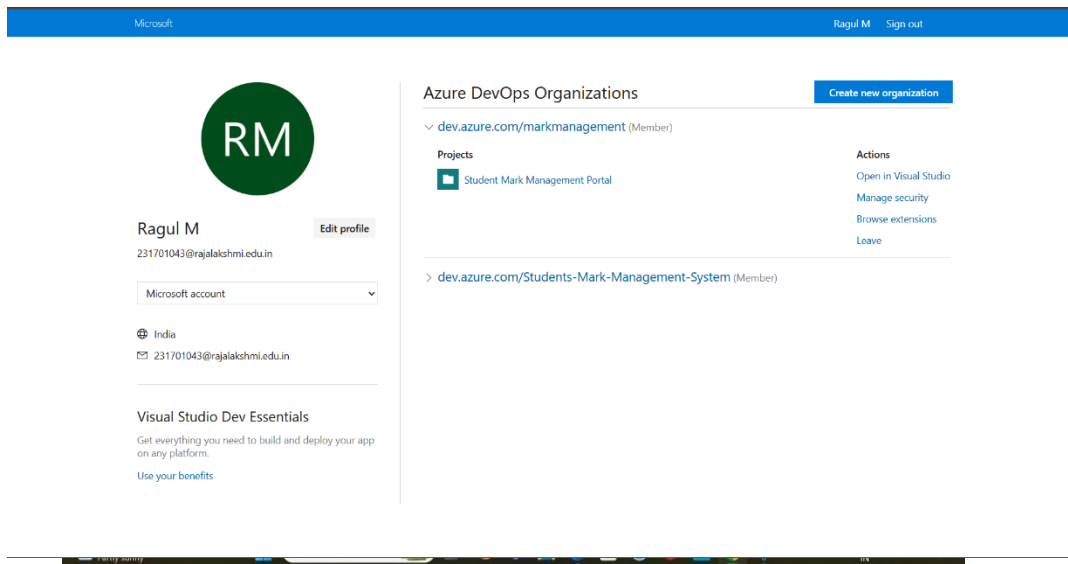


6. Create the First Project in Your Organization

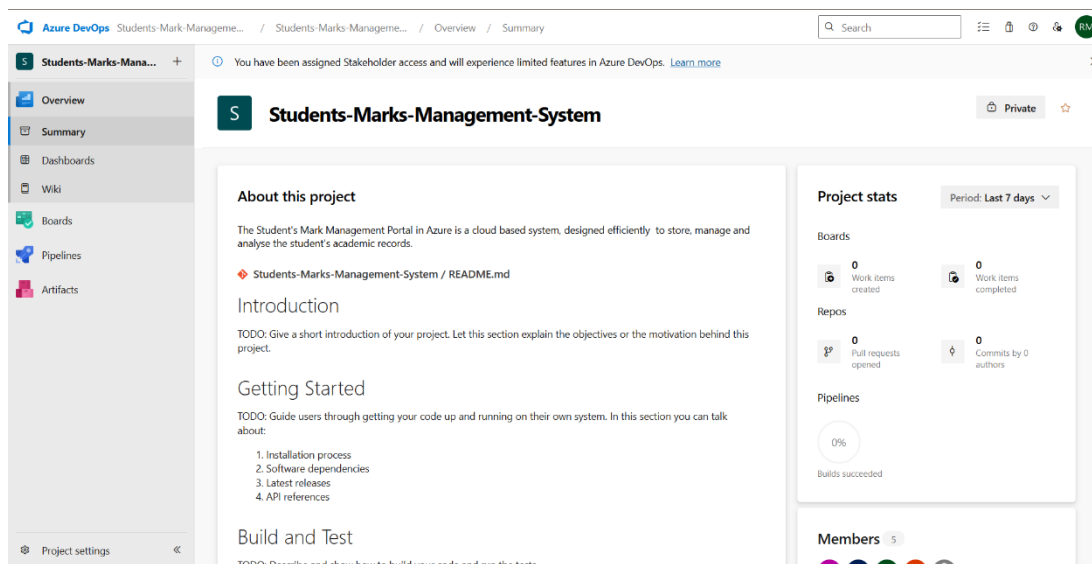
After the organization is set up, you'll need to create your first **project**. This is where you'll begin to manage code, pipelines, work items, and more.

- i. On the organization's **Home page**, click on the **New Project** button.
- ii. Enter the project name, description, and visibility options:
 - o **Name:** Choose a name for the project (e.g., **LMS**).
 - o **Description:** Optionally, add a description to provide more context about the project.
 - o **Visibility:** Choose whether you want the project to be **Private** (accessible only to those invited) or **Public** (accessible to anyone).
- iii. Once you've filled out the details, click **Create** to set up your first project.

7. Once logged in, ensure you are in the correct organization. If you're part of multiple organizations, you can switch between them from the top left corner (next to your user profile). Click on the Organization name, and you should be taken to the Azure DevOps Organization Home page.

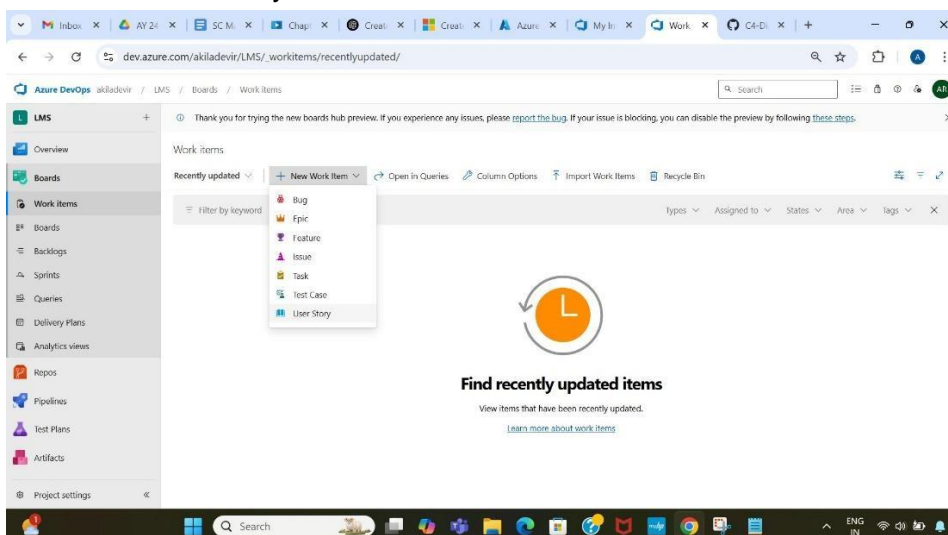


8. Project dashboard



9. To manage user stories

- From the **left-hand navigation menu**, click on **Boards**. This will take you to the main **Boards** page, where you can manage work items, backlogs, and sprints.
- On the **work items** page, you'll see the option to **Add a work item** at the top. Alternatively, you can find a **+** button or **Add New Work Item** depending on the view you're in. From the **Add a work item** dropdown, select **User Story**. This will open a form to enter details for the new User Story.



10. Fill in User Story Details

The screenshot shows the Azure DevOps interface for a project named 'Expert System'. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Overview, Boards, Work items, Backlogs, Sprints, Queries, Delivery Plans, Analytics views, Repos, Pipelines, Test Plans, and Artifacts. The main area displays the details of 'USER STORY 17' titled 'Login', created by 'Akiladevi Ruthirappasamy'. The story is in 'New' state, with 'Area' set to 'Expert System' and 'Reason' set to 'New'. The 'Iteration' is 'Expert System\Sprint 1'. The 'Description' field contains the text: 'As a registered user, I want to log into my account so that I can access my personal dashboard and features.' The 'Acceptance Criteria' section lists nine requirements for the login functionality. The 'Planning' section shows 'Story Points' as 3, 'Priority' as 2, and 'Risk' as '2 - Medium'. The 'Classification' section shows 'Value area' as 'Business'. The 'Deployment' section includes a note about tracking releases and a link to 'Learn more about deployment status reporting'. The 'Development' section includes a note about linking an Azure Repos commit, pull request, or branch to see the status of development. The 'Related Work' section is currently empty.

User Story 17: Login

Description: As a registered user, I want to log into my account so that I can access my personal dashboard and features.

Acceptance Criteria:

1. The user should be able to access the login page from the homepage or a direct URL.
2. The login form must have fields for email/username and password.
3. If the user submits an empty field, they should see a validation error.
4. If the email format is invalid, an error message should be displayed.
5. If valid credentials are provided, the user should be redirected to their dashboard.
6. If incorrect credentials are entered, an appropriate error message should be displayed.
7. If the user enters incorrect credentials more than 5 times, their account should be temporarily locked for 10 minutes.
8. The password input field should be masked by default but allow users to toggle visibility.
9. Users should have an option to reset their password via a "Forgot Password?" link.

Planning: Story Points: 3, Priority: 2, Risk: 2 - Medium

Classification: Value area: Business

Deployment: To track releases associated with this work item, go to [Releases](#) and turn on deployment status reporting for Boards in your pipeline's Options menu. [Learn more about deployment status reporting](#)

Development: Add link: Link an Azure Repos [commit](#), [pull request](#) or [branch](#) to see the status of your development. You can also [create a branch](#) to get started.

OUTPUT

The screenshot shows the Azure DevOps interface for a project named 'Students-Marks-Management'. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Overview, Boards, Work items, Backlogs, Sprints, Queries, Delivery Plans, Pipelines, and Artifacts. The main area displays a list of work items. The table has columns for ID, Title, Assigned To, State, Area Path, and Tags. The work items are listed in descending order of ID.

ID	Title	Assigned To	State	Area Path	Tags
1	Azure DevOps Setup	PUGAZHENDHI B	Done	Students-Marks-Management...	
2	Database Design	Reuben George	Doing	Students-Marks-Management...	
3	User Authentication	231701041@rajalakshmi.e...	Doing	Students-Marks-Management...	
4	Basic UI Setup	Reuben George	Doing	Students-Marks-Management...	
5	CI/CD Pipeline	Ragul M	Done	Students-Marks-Management...	
8	Data Validation	Unassigned	To Do	Students-Marks-Management...	
9	Role-Based Access Control	Unassigned	To Do	Students-Marks-Management...	
10	Unit Testing for APIs	Unassigned	Active	Students-Marks-Management...	
12	Student Performance Reports	Unassigned	To Do	Students-Marks-Management...	
13	Dashboard with Charts	Unassigned	To Do	Students-Marks-Management...	
14	API Optimization & Security Enhancements	Unassigned	To Do	Students-Marks-Management...	
15	Testing & Bug Fixing	Unassigned	To Do	Students-Marks-Management...	
16	Integration Testing	Unassigned	To Do	Students-Marks-Management...	

RESULT:

The user story was written successfully.

SEQUENCE DIAGRAM**AIM:**

To design a Sequence Diagram by using Mermaid.js

THEORY:

A Sequence Diagram is a key component of Unified Modelling Language (UML) used to visualize the interaction between objects in a sequential order. It focuses on how objects communicate with each other over time, making it an essential tool for modelling dynamic behaviour in a system.

PROCEDURE:

1. Open a project in Azure DevOps Organisations.
2. To design select wiki from menu
3. Write code for drawing sequence diagram and save the code.

```

::: mermaid
sequenceDiagram
    CUSTOMER ->> BOOK-LOAN : borrows
    CUSTOMER ->> LIBRARY-MEMBER : registers
    CUSTOMER ->>{ FINE : incurs
    BOOK-LOAN ->> BOOK : contains
    BOOK-LOAN ->> LIBRARY-MEMBER : issued-to
    BOOK ->> BOOK-LOAN : "borrowed in"
    LIBRARY-MEMBER ->> BOOK-LOAN : "issued in"
    LIBRARY-MEMBER ->> LIBRARY-STAFF : manages
    BOOK-CATEGORY ->> BOOK : belongs-to
:::
```

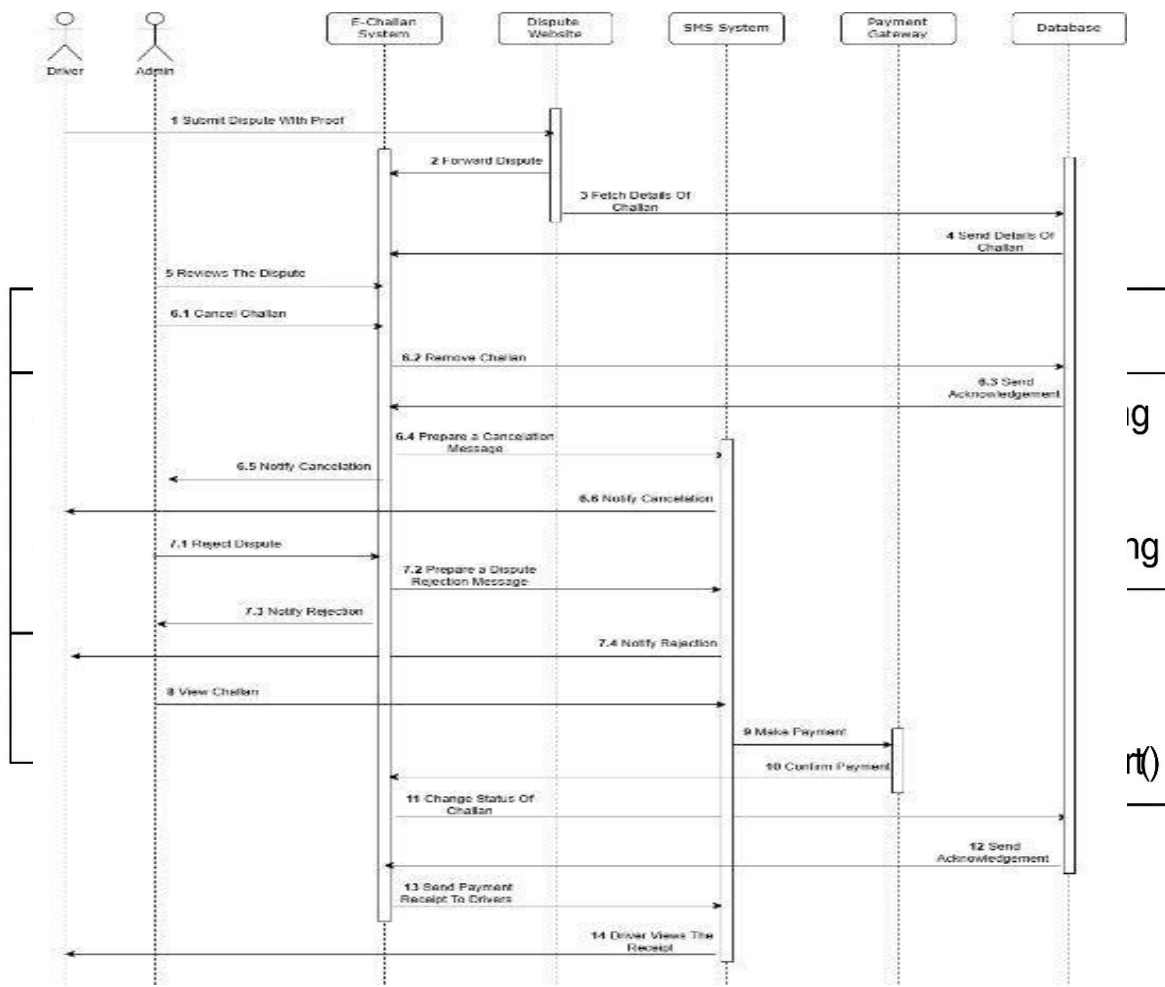
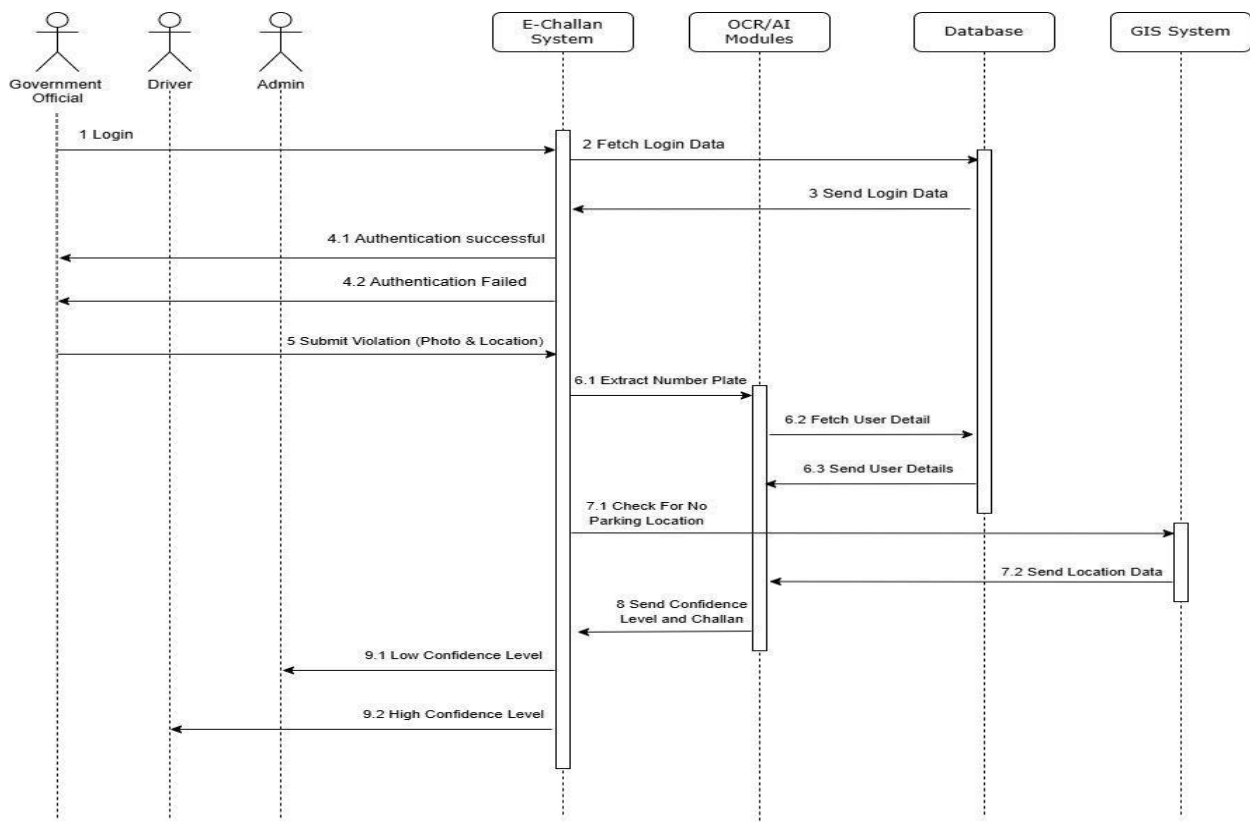
EXPLANATION:

participant defines the entities involved.
->> represents a direct message.
-->> represents a response message.
+ after ->> activates a participant.
- after -->> deactivates a participant.
alt / else for conditional flows.
loop can be used for repeated actions.

->	Solid line without arrow
-->	Dotted line without arrow
->>	Solid line with arrowhead
-->>	Dotted line with arrowhead
<<->>	Solid line with bidirectional arrowheads (v11.0.0+)
<<--->>	Dotted line with bidirectional arrowheads (v11.0.0+)
-x	Solid line with a cross at the end
--x	Dotted line with a cross at the end
-)	Solid line with an open arrow at the end (async)
--)	Dotted line with an open arrow at the end (async)

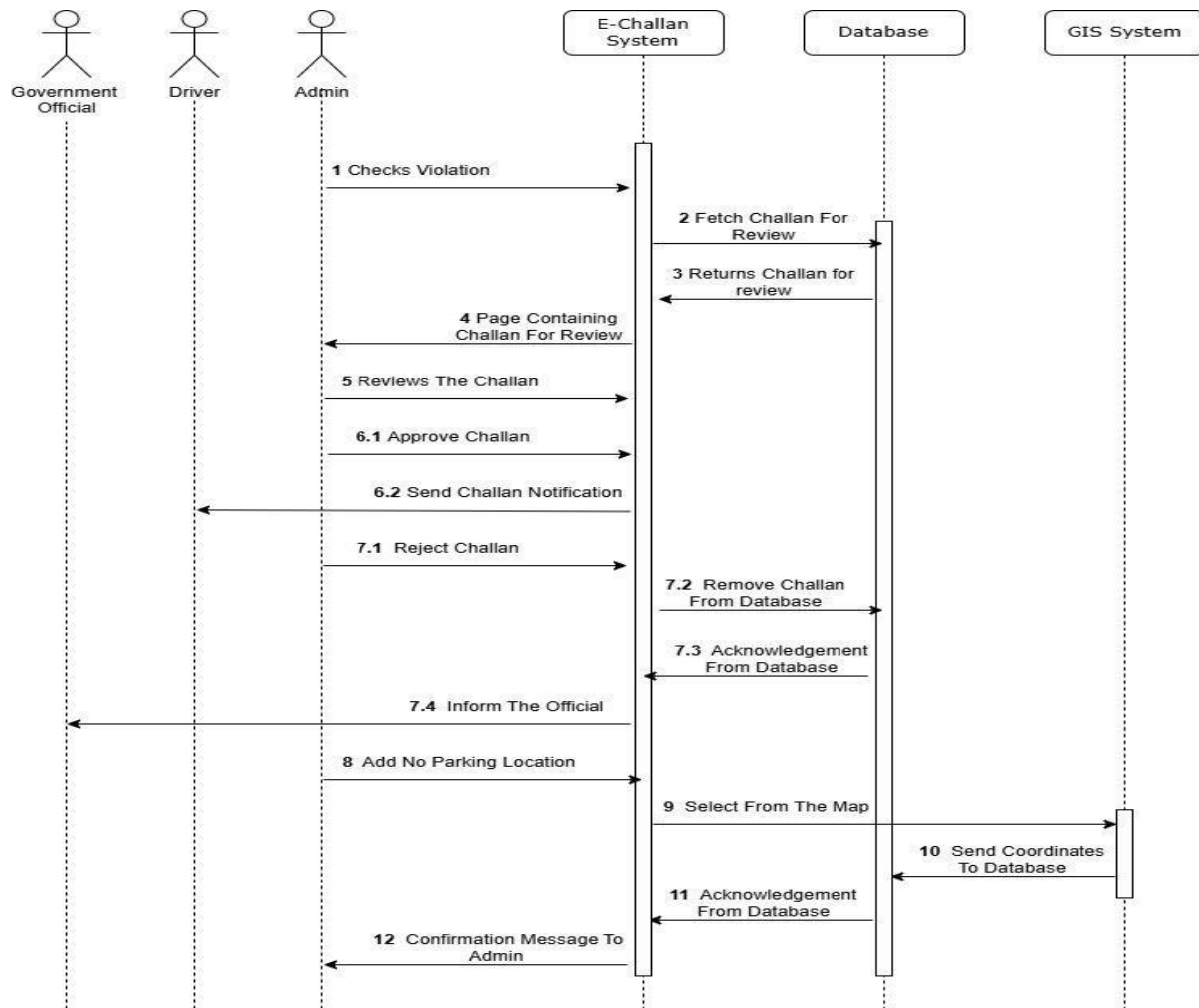
4. click wiki menu and select the page

OUTPUT:
SEQUENCE DIAGRAM (VIOLATION REPORTING):



SEQUENCE DIAGRAM (PAYMENT AND DISPUTE):

SEQUENCE DIAGRAM (ADMIN):



RESULT:

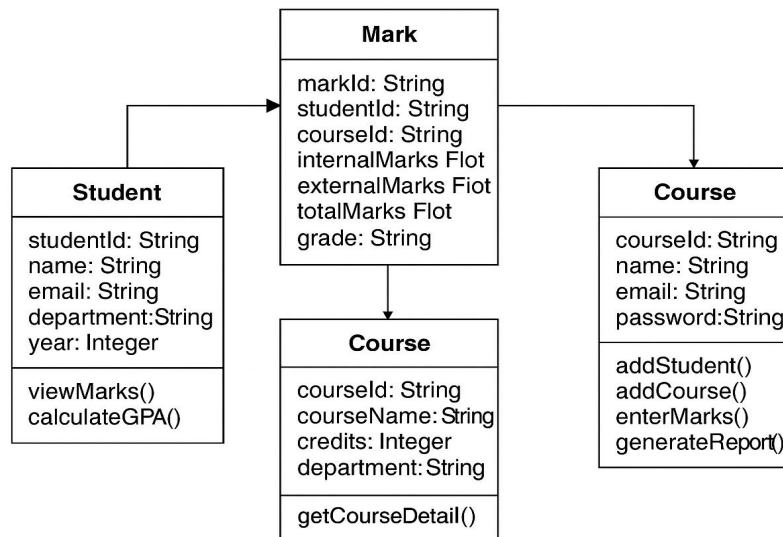
The Sequence diagram was designed successfully.

CLASS DIAGRAM**AIM :-**

To draw a sample class diagram for your project or system.

THEORY

A UML class diagram is a visual tool that represents the structure of a system by showing its classes, attributes, methods, and the relationships between them.



Notations in class diagram

PROCEDURE:

1. Open a project in Azure DevOps Organisations.
2. To design select wiki from menu
3. Write code for drawing class diagram and save the code

```

classDiagram
class Person {
    +String name
    +int age
    +walk()
    +talk()
}

class Employee {
    +String company
    +double salary
    +work()
}

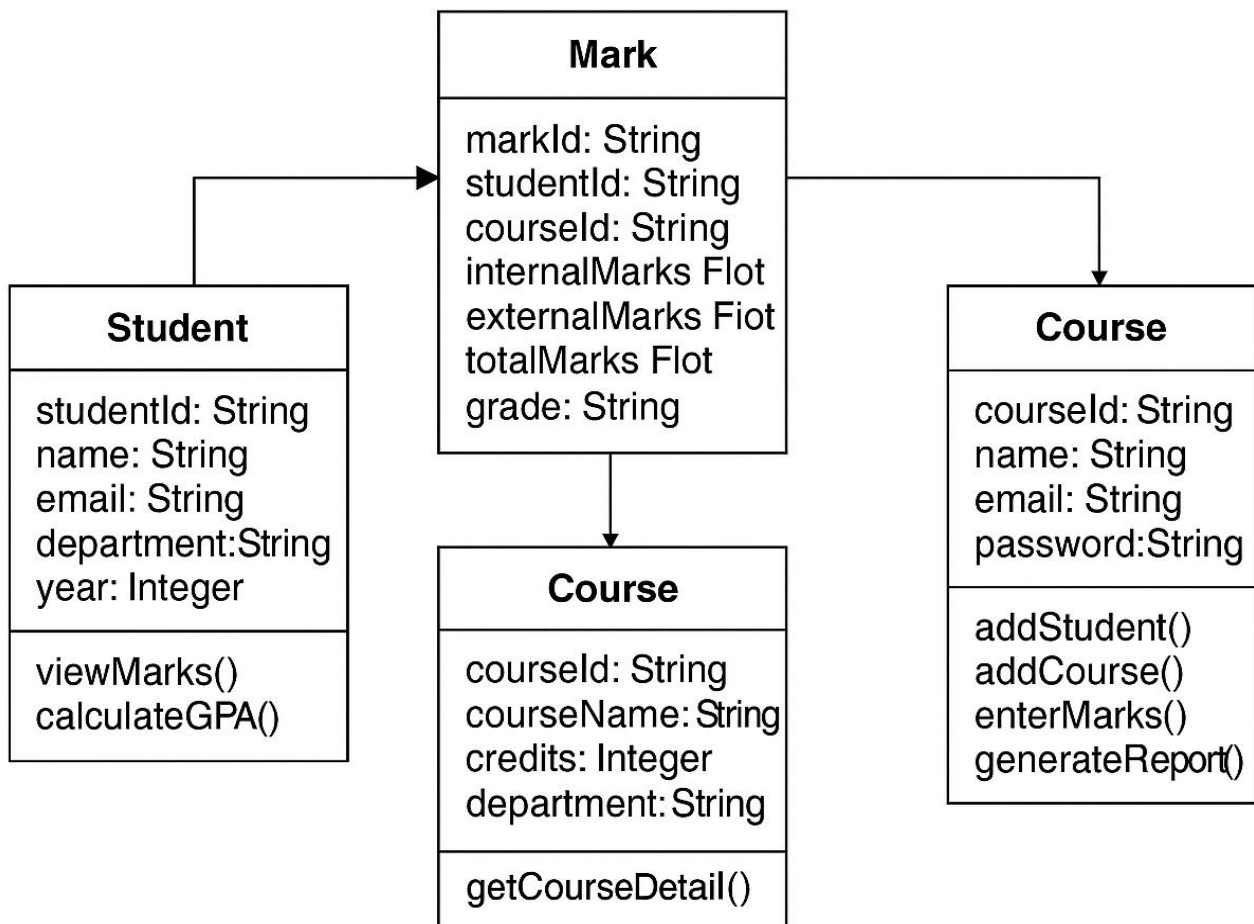
class Manager {
    +String department
    +manageTeam()
}

Person <|-- Employee // Inheritance
Employee <|-- Manager // Inheritance
Person --> Employee : "has a" // Association
Manager --* Employee : "manages" // Composition
  
```

Relationship Types

Type	Description
<	Inheritance
*	Composition
o	Aggregation
>	Association
<	Association
>	Realization

CLASS DIAGRAM:



RESULT:

The Class diagram was designed successfully.

USECASE DIAGRAM

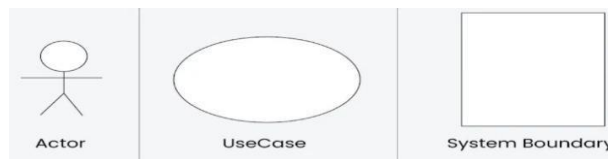
AIM:

Steps to draw the Use Case Diagram using draw.io

THEORY:

• UCD shows the relationships among actors and use cases within a system which Provide an overview of all or part of the usage requirements for a system or organization in the form of an essential model or a business model and communicate the scope of a development project

- Use Cases
- Actors
- Relationships
- System Boundary Boxes



PROCEDURE:

Step 1: Create the Use Case Diagram in Draw.io

- Open Draw.io (diagrams.net).
- Click "Create New Diagram" and select "Blank" or "UML Use Case" template.
- Add Actors (Users, Admins, External Systems) from the UML section.
- Add Use Cases (Functionalities) using ellipses.
- Connect Actors to Use Cases with lines (solid for direct interaction, dashed for <<include>> and <<extend>>).
- Save the diagram as .drawio or export as PNG/JPG/SVG.

Step 2: Upload the Diagram to Azure DevOps

Option 1: Add to Azure DevOps Wiki

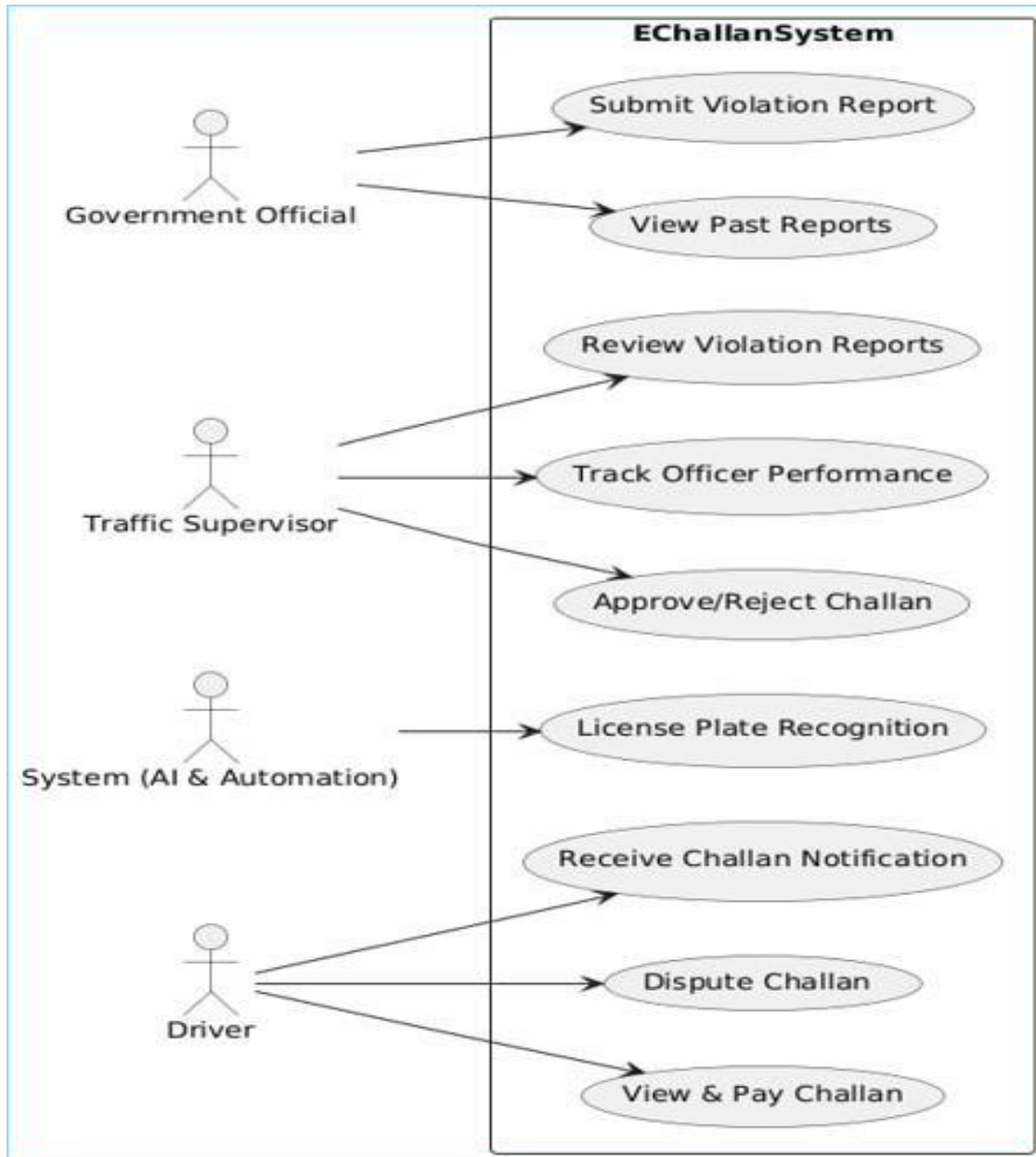
- Open Azure DevOps and go to your project.
- Navigate to Wiki (Project > Wiki).
- Click "Edit Page" or create a new page.
- Drag & Drop the exported PNG/JPG image.
- Use Markdown to embed the diagram:
• ![Use Case Diagram](attachments/use_case_diagram.png)

Option 2: Attach to Work Items in Azure Boards

- Open Azure DevOps → Navigate to Boards (Project > Boards).
- Select a User Story, Task, or Feature.

- Click "Attachments" → Upload your Use Case Diagram.
- Add comments or descriptions to explain the use case.

USE CASE DIAGRAM:



RESULT:

The use case diagram was designed successfully

EX NO. 8



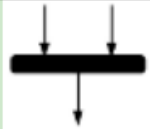








ACTIVITY DIAGRAM

AIM :-

To draw a sample activity diagram for your project or system.

THEORY

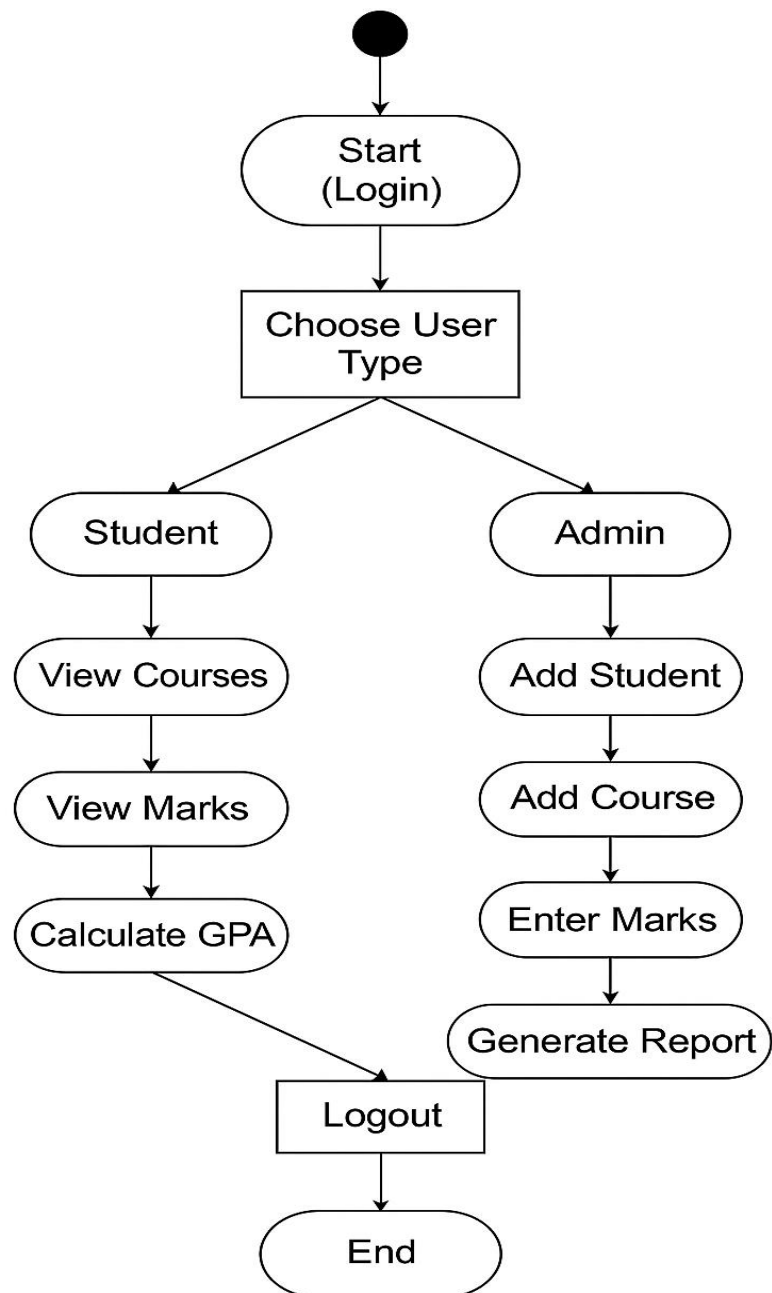
Activity diagrams are an essential part of the Unified Modelling Language (UML) that help visualize workflows, processes, or activities within a system. They depict how different actions are connected and how a system moves from one state to another.

Notations	Symbol	Meaning
Start		Shows the beginning of a process
Connector		Shows the directional flow, or control flow, of the activity
Joint symbol		Combines two concurrent activities and re-introduces them to a flow where one activity occurs at a time
Decision		Represents a decision
Note		Allows the diagram creators to communicate additional messages
Send signal		Show that a signal is being sent to a receiving activity
Receive signal		Demonstrates the acceptance of an event
Flow final symbol		Represents the end of a specific process flow
Option loop		Allows the creator to model a repetitive sequence within the option loop symbol
Shallow history pseudostate		Represents a transition that invokes the last active state.
End		Marks the end state of an activity and represents the completion of all flows of a process

PROCEDURE:

1. Draw diagram in draw.io
2. Upload the diagram in Azure DevOps wiki

ACTIVITY DIAGRAM



RESULT:

The activity diagram was designed successfully

EX NO. 9

ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM

AIM:

Steps to draw the Architecture Diagram using draw.io.

THEORY:

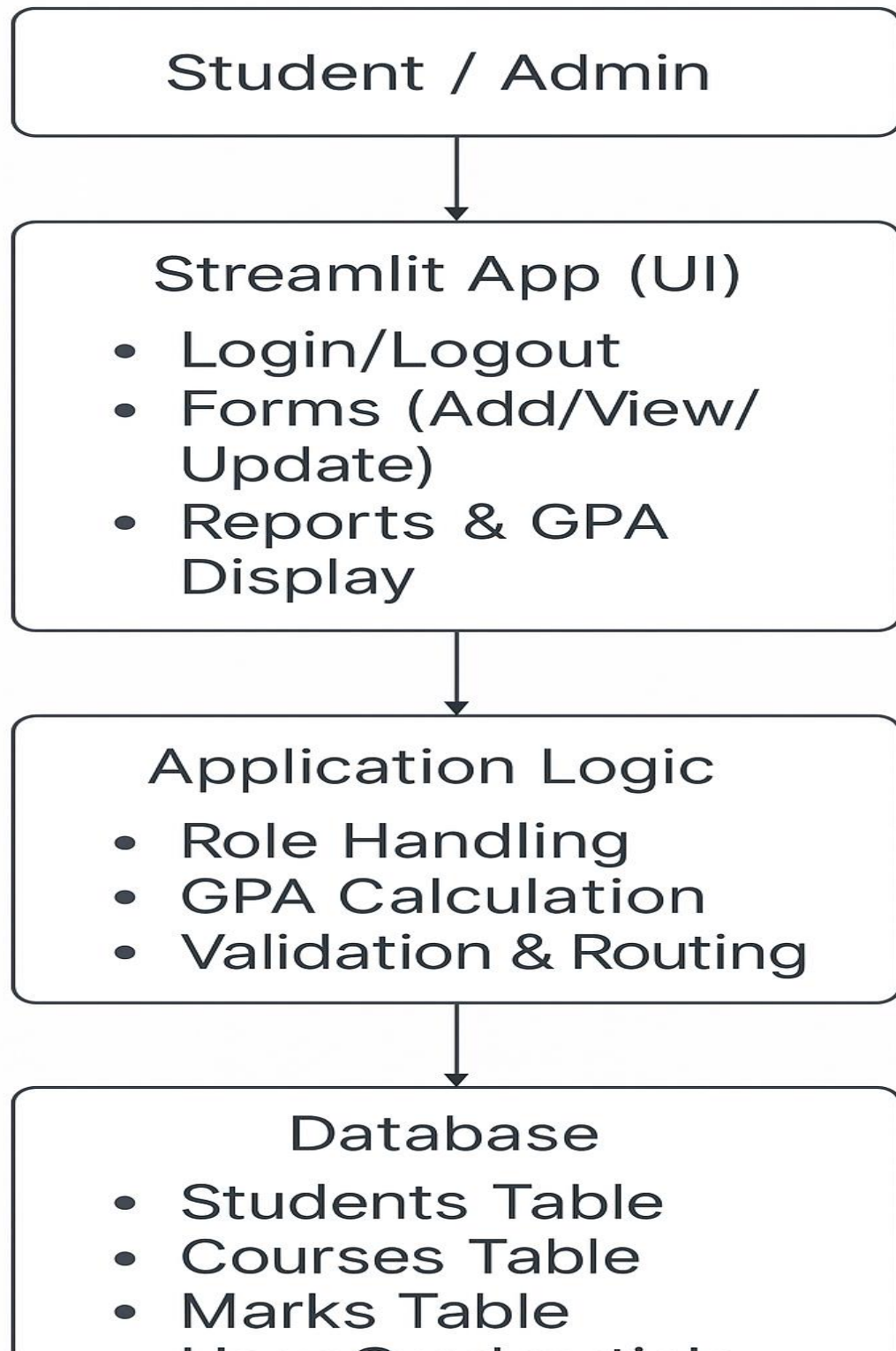
An architectural diagram is a visual representation that maps out the physical implementation for components of a software system. It shows the general structure of the software system and the associations, limitations, and boundaries between each element.



PROCEDURE:

1. Draw diagram in draw.io
2. Upload the diagram in Azure DevOps wiki

ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM:



RESULT:

The architecture diagram was designed successfully

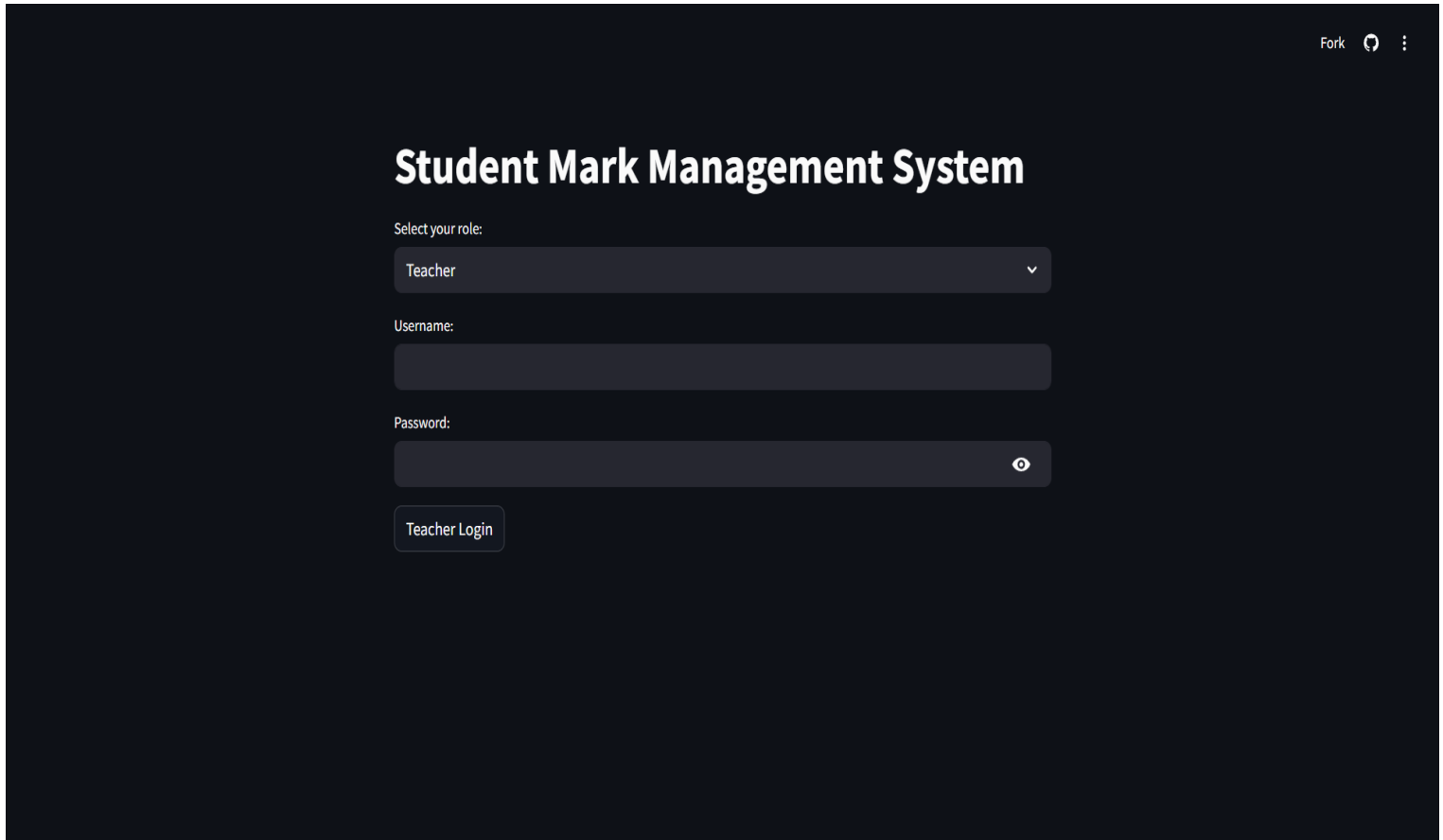
EX NO. 10

USER INTERFACE



AIM:

Design User Interface for the given project

Login Page:




The image shows a dark-themed login page for a 'Student Mark Management System'. The page has a dark blue background. In the top right corner, there are links for 'Fork', a GitHub icon, and a three-dot menu. The main heading 'Student Mark Management System' is centered in a large, bold, white font. Below the heading, there is a form with the following elements: a label 'Select your role:' followed by a dropdown menu showing 'Teacher' with a downward arrow; a label 'Username:' followed by a text input field; a label 'Password:' followed by a password input field with an eye icon for toggling visibility; and a 'Teacher Login' button at the bottom.

Fork  


Student Mark Management System

Select your role:

Teacher 

Username:

Password:



Teacher Login

Teacher Dashboard:

Fork

SC - Enter Marks

Logout

Enter marks for subject: SC

Marks for AADHITH KUMAR S V (231701001):

0

-

+

Marks for AASHISH P (231701002):

0

-

+

Marks for AKASH E (231701003):

0

-

+

Marks for ANISH D (231701004):

0

-

+

Marks for ARJUN V (231701005):

0

-

+

Submit Marks

Fork

Logout

Enter marks for subject: SC

Marks for AADHITH KUMAR S V (231701001):

56

-

+

Marks for AASHISH P (231701002):

76

-

+

Marks for AKASH E (231701003):

22

-

+

Marks for ANISH D (231701004):

54

-

+

Marks for ARJUN V (231701005):

23

-

+

Submit Marks

Marks for SC updated successfully!

Logout

Roll Number: 231701001

Name: AADHITH KUMAR S V

Subject-wise Marks:

POAI

N/A

SC

56

CN

N/A

OOPJ

N/A

Maths

N/A

Total Marks

56

Download Marksheet (PDF)

Fork

Logout

Fork

Add New Student

New Student Roll Number:

1

-

+

New Student Name:

Add Student

Master Mark Table

Roll Number	Name	POAI	SC	CN	OOPJ	Maths	Total
231701001	AADHITH KUMAR S V	None	56	None	None	None	56
231701002	AASHISH P	None	76	None	None	None	76
231701003	AKASH E	None	22	None	None	None	22
231701004	ANISH D	None	54	None	None	None	54
231701005	ARJUN V	None	23	None	None	None	23

Download Options

Download All Marks (XLSX)

Download All Marksheets (ZIP)

Logout

Fork

Add New Student

New Student Roll Number:

231701042

-

+

New Student Name:

Pugazh

Add Student

Student 'Pugazh' with Roll Number 231701042 added successfully!

Master Mark Table

	Name	POAI	SC	CN	OOPJ	Maths	Total
231701001	AADHITH KUMAR S V	None	56	None	None	None	56
231701002	AASHISH P	None	76	None	None	None	76
231701003	AKASH E	None	22	None	None	None	22
231701004	ANISH D	None	54	None	None	None	54
231701005	ARJUN V	None	23	None	None	None	23
231701042	Pugazh	None	None	None	None	None	0

Download Options

RESULT:

The UI was designed successfully.

EX NO. 11

IMPLEMENTATION

AIM:

To implement the given project based on Agile Methodology.

PROCEDURE:

Step 1: Set Up an Azure DevOps Project

- Log in to Azure DevOps.
- Click "New Project" → Enter project name → Click "Create".
- Inside the project, navigate to "Repos" to store the code.

Step 2: Add Your Web Application Code

- Navigate to Repos → Click "Clone" to get the Git URL.
- Open Visual Studio Code / Terminal and run:

```
git clone <repo_url>
cd <repo_folder>
```
- Add web application code (HTML, CSS, JavaScript, React, Angular, or backend like Node.js, .NET, Python, etc.).
- Commit & push:

```
git add .
git commit -m "Initial commit"
git push origin main
```

Step 3: Set Up Build Pipeline (CI/CD - Continuous Integration)

- Navigate to Pipelines → Click "New Pipeline".
- Select Git Repository (Azure Repos, GitHub, or Bitbucket).
- Choose Starter Pipeline or a pre-configured template for your framework.
- Modify the azure-pipelines.yml file (Example for a Node.js app):

```
trigger:
- main

pool:
  vmImage: 'ubuntu-latest'

steps:
- task: UseNode@1
  inputs:
    version: '16.x'

- script: npm install
  displayName: 'Install dependencies'

- script: npm run build
  displayName: 'Build application'

- task: PublishBuildArtifacts@1
  inputs:
    pathToPublish: 'dist'
    artifactName: 'drop'
```

Click "Save and Run" → The pipeline will start building app.

Step 4: Set Up Release Pipeline (CD - Continuous Deployment)

- Go to Releases → Click "New Release Pipeline".
- Select Azure App Service or Virtual Machines (VMs) for deployment.
- Add an artifact (from the build pipeline).
- Configure deployment stages (Dev, QA, Production).
- Click "Deploy" to push your web app to Azure.

RESULT:

Thus the application was successfully implemented.