

Figure 1: Comparison of solutions with 16384 cells for the normally-incident absorber test problem using FE time discretization, showing threshold violations: *blue* indicates solution values greater than the incoming flux value, and *red* indicates negative solution values.

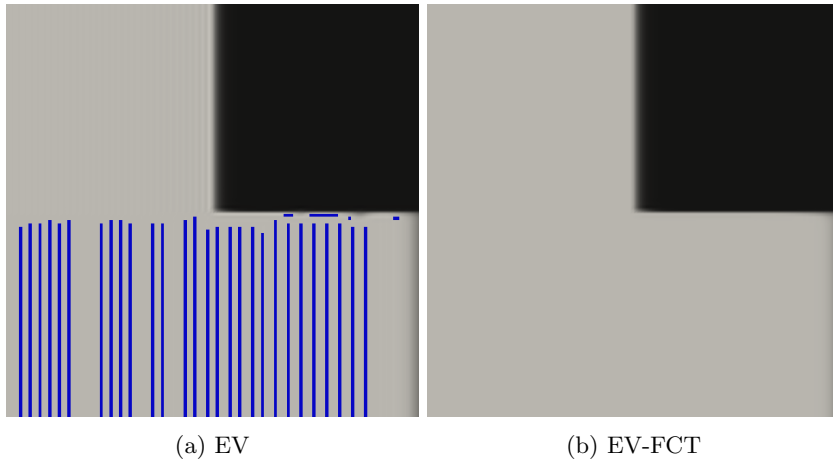


Figure 2: Comparison of solutions with 16384 cells for the normally-incident absorber test problem using SSPRK33 time discretization, showing threshold violations: *blue* indicates solution values greater than the incoming flux value, and *red* indicates negative solution values.