

FUNCTIONAL RESPONSE - Sm Amphs.

- ① Assumed to be Type II
- ② Use Random pred eqn.

$$X = N_e$$

$$Y = \ln\left(\frac{N - N_e}{N}\right)$$

$$\text{Slope} = a' \cdot b \cdot p$$

$$\text{Intercept} = -T_t a' \cdot p.$$

	10		20		30		40		60
\bar{y}	N_e	\bar{y}	N_e	\bar{y}	N_e	\bar{y}	N_e	\bar{y}	N_e
0.4	6	0.45	11	0.4	18	0.35	26	0.516	29
0.6	4	0.35	13	0.63	11	0.525	19	0.433	34
0.3	7	0.25	15	0.43	17	0.475	21	0.47	32
0.5	5	0.6	8	0.5	15	0.525	19		

Mean

$$0.45$$

$$-0.0831$$

$$0.298$$

$$5.5$$

$$-0.936$$

$$0.4125$$

$$11.75$$

$$0.49$$

$$15.25$$

$$0.47$$

$$21.25$$

$$0.47$$

$$31.67$$

$$\text{Int} = -0.781$$

$$\text{Slope} = -0.0016$$

$$r = -0.059$$

$$b/a = 0.83$$

$$\text{Slope} = 0.002836$$

$$r = 0.43$$

$$\therefore T_t = 30$$

$$a = 0.028 \text{ min}^{-1}$$

$$T_h = 0.103 \text{ min}$$

$$= 6 \text{ sec.}$$

- ③ Assume $T_t = 30$

$$\therefore a = 0.026 \text{ min}^{-1} \text{ (per 3 fish)}$$

$$T_h = 0.06 \text{ min (per 3 fish)}$$

$$= 3.69 \text{ sec.}$$

$$T_h = (4.98) \text{ S sec.}$$

$$1.23 \text{ or } 2$$

$$(0.582)$$

(from Landman)

10/6/18

15/1/18

23.

2051

24.5

0.21666

$$N_a = N(1 - \exp(-a'(T - N_a T_h)))$$

$$N_a = \frac{a T N}{1 + a T_h N}$$

$$a = 0.026$$

$$T_h = 0.06$$

10 7.68

20 5.12

30

40

60

0.026

0.06

$$y = ax + b$$

$$y' = a'x + b'$$

Test if data curves for lge & small amps significant

	10	20	30	40	60
LGE	2.75	5.25	12.0	15.0	17.5
Sm.	5.5	11.75	15.25	21.25	31.67

$$\chi^2 = 13.84$$

$$\chi^2_{0.05, 4} = 9.488$$

∴ obs values are sig different. $0.01 > P > 0.005$

Test for Goodness of fit of Predator eqns.

SM AMPs

Category	10	20	30	40	60
A_i	5.5	11.75	15.25	21.25	31.67
F_i	5.61	11.09	16.42	21.62	31.62

degrees of freedom = $v = k - 1 = 4$.

$$\chi^2 = 0.1323$$

$$\chi^2_{0.05, 4} = 9.488$$

Accept H_0

$$p > 0.995$$

LGE AMPs

Category	10	20	30	40	60
A_i	2.75	8.25	12.0	15.0	17.5
F_i	2.98	7.69	11.83	15.11	15.39

deg of freedom $v = 4$

$$\chi^2 = 0.979 \quad 0.95 > p > 0.90$$

Accept H_0 .

TEST: SIGNIFICANCE OF TYPE III RESPONSE

	16	20	30	40	60
T Number Eaten	11 (11)	21 (22)	48 (33)	60 (44)	70 (66)
T No Left	29 (29)	59 (58)	72 (87)	100 (116)	170 (174)
Total	40	80	120	160	240

Prop attacked	¹ .275	.2625	.4	.375	.292
	.725				

$$\chi^2 = \sum \sum \frac{(f_{ij} - F_{ij})^2}{F_{ij}}$$

$$= \frac{(11-11)^2}{11} + \frac{(21-22)^2}{22} + \frac{(48-33)^2}{33} + \frac{(60-44)^2}{44} + \frac{(70-66)^2}{66} + \frac{(29-29)^2}{29} + \frac{(59-58)^2}{58} + \frac{(72-87)^2}{87} + \frac{(100-116)^2}{116} + \frac{(170-174)^2}{174}$$

$$= 0 + 0.045 + 6.82 + 5.82 + 0.24 + 0 + 0.017 + 2.586 + 2.207 + 0.092$$

$$= 17.826$$

$$r = (2-1)(5-1) = 4$$

$$\chi^2_{0.05, 4} = 9.488$$

$$0.005 < p < 0.001$$

∴ Reject H_0 : at no density is the prop attacked greater than that at the lowest density.

ie Results indicate data does not fit Type II response.

Correlation bet $\frac{1}{2}$ no eat / no present.

Test of goodness of fit for large samples at
density 20.

	4.16	8.32	12.48	16.64
O	2.25	3.5	5.25	9.0
E	0.62	2.06	3.86	5.7

$$v = 3.$$

$$\chi^2 = 7.5078$$

$$\chi^2_{0.05, 3} = 7.815$$

$$0.10 > p > 0.05$$

\therefore do not reject H_0 .

SM: L4

A T H T.

	10	20	30	40	50	60
.2	2 8	4 16	6 24	8 32	10 40	12 48
	1.08 2.08 ✓	1.93 5.70 4 6	2.54 9.23 2.58 9.34	2.94 12.21 2.99 12.41	3.17 14.50 3.25 14.89	
	1.14 2.22	2.19 5.85	1.31 9.41 1.23	4.50 12.45 1.08	5.61 14.51 2.07	6.72 16.84
.4	4 6	8 12	12 18	16 24	20 30	24 36
	2.19 1.25 ✓	4.06 3.88 4.10 3.86	5.56 6.57 5.61 6.64	6.70 9.48 6.78 9.26	7.52 11.37 7.61 11.52	8.04 13.19 8.23 13.50
	2.26 1.31	4.50 4.34	6.38 6.76 6.38	8.52 9.41	11.09 11.75	13.25 13.75
.6	6 4	12 8	18 12	24 16	30 20	36 24
	3.33 0.63 ✓	6.38 2.08 6.40 2.06	9.04 3.77 9.08 3.60	11.31 5.57 11.39 5.12	13.60 7.28 13.30 7.37	14.68 8.88 14.87 9.02
	3.39 0.63	6.72 2.05	10.01 4.34	13.25 5.83	16.44 7.68	19.85 9.41
.8	8 2	16 4	24 6	32 8	40 10	48 12
	4.48 0.17 ✓	6.78 0.62 6.79	12.84 1.25 12.85 1.25	16.61 1.99 16.64 1.99	20.09 2.79 20.13 2.60	23.28 3.62 23.36 3.64
	4.50 -	6.92 0.63	13.25 1.31	17.49 2.05	21.65 3.00	25.73 4.34

Proportion of prey eaten predicted from predator-prey eqns.

Using

SM

$$T_s = 30 \quad a = 0.028 \quad T_h = 0.103$$

L4

$$T_s = 30 \quad b = 0.00163 \quad c = 0.0242 \quad T_h = 1.042$$

READ 10

~~NAI~~ ~~NAI2~~

T1 T2

TH1 TH2

A1

C2

B2

ENERGY RETURN = 30m, 3ksh L₄ & sm C₄ph₄. SM: L₄

10	20	30	40	50	60	SM
BOTH SM L ₄	BOTH SM L ₄	BOTH SM L ₄	BOTH SM L ₄	BOTH SM L ₄	BOTH SM L ₄	
5.66 5.98 53.53	10.13 11.49 147.22	13.33 6.87 237.63	15.43 23.62 314.4	16.64 29.44 376.52		.2
52.52	143.9	233.09	308.34	366.17		
58.18	154.03	246.42	323.77	382.81		
11.49 11.86 33.08	21.41 23.62 109.6	29.18 33.48 170.71	35.16 46.81 237.63	39.46 58.20 298.72	42.19 69.54 347.23	.4
32.38	99.24	165.91	230.88	287.13	333.09	
44.07	120.65	195.09	265.72	326.59	375.28	
17.47 17.79 15.91	33.48 35.27 51.77	47.44 52.53 109.60	59.35 69.53 147.22	71.37 86.28 193.94	77.04 102.75 237.63	.6
15.91	51.77	95.20	140.66	183.84	224.25	
33.38	85.25	142.64	200.01	255.21	301.29	
23.51 23.62 4.29	46.08 46.81 15.91	67.38 69.53 33.08	87.16 91.79 51.77	105.43 113.62 75.76	122.17 135.03 109.59	.8
4.29	15.66	31.56	50.25	70.46	91.42	
27.8	61.74	98.94	137.41	175.83	213.59	

$$\lambda_i = a_i N_i$$

* per 30 min
time period

$$sm = \lambda_i = 0.028 \times N \times 30$$

$$Qg \quad \lambda_i = \frac{0.00163 N}{1 + 0.0242 N} \times N \times 30$$

	λ_i	$\lambda_i E_i$	$\lambda_i h_i$	$\frac{E_i}{T}$	λ_i	$\lambda_i E_i$	$\lambda_i h_i$	$\frac{E_i}{T}$
sm	3.36	176.33	0.35	130.61	8.4	440.83	0.87	235.74
lg	9.02	2277.82	9.38	228.72	39.75	10038.07	41.34	242.81
sm	6.72	352.67	0.69	208.68	16.8	881.66	1.73	322.95
lg	5.46	1378.81	5.68	234.84	25.5	6462.24	26.61	288.30
sm	10.08	528.99	1.04	259.31	25.2	1322.49	2.60	367.36
lg	2.62	661.63	2.72	250.13	13.18	3328.34	13.71	268.67
sm	13.44	765.33	1.38	296.36	33.6	1763.33	3.46	395.36
lg	0.71	179.30	0.74	283.53	3.94	994.96	4.10	322.23

$$h_{sm} = 0.103 \text{ min}$$

$$h_{lg} = 1.04$$

$$W_{t_{sm}} = 52.48 \text{ } \mu\text{gm}$$

$$W_{t_{lg}} = 252.53$$

$$\frac{E_i}{T} = \frac{\sum \lambda_i E_i^*}{1 + \sum \lambda_i h_i}$$

$$\frac{E_i}{h_i}$$

$$sm = 509.51 \text{ } \mu\text{gm/min}$$

$$Qg = 242.81 \text{ } \mu\text{gm/min}$$

$$2.058$$

Estimation of handling time
FOR TYPE III

for Reg ampls from portion of
curve above inflection

using random pred model.

<u>20</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>60</u>
8	16	18
11	16	23
17	17	15
12	11	14

$$Y = \ln \left(\frac{\text{prop host surv}}{N - N_e} \right) \quad X = N_e$$

$$\frac{N - N_e}{N}$$

<u>30</u>		<u>40</u>		<u>60</u>	
<u>Y</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>X</u>
-0.310	8	-0.511	16	-0.357	18
-0.456	11	-0.511	16	-0.483	23
-0.836	17	-0.553	17	-0.288	15
-0.511	12	-0.322	11	-0.266	14

\bar{X} -0.528	12	-0.474	15	-0.348	17.5
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Regression

ALL DATA

MEANS

USE THIS
ONE

r
Intercept
slope
 T_h
 a
 T_s

-0.37
 -0.232
 -0.0147
 -1.901104
 0.0071377
 30

0.96
 -0.9282527
 0.0322418
 $T_h = 1.042013$
 $a = 0.0309418$
 $T_s = 30$



Estimation of constants b & c for attack rate in sigmoid curve for large amphipods

Using means of raw data with $T_n = 1.0$ min

N	$X(a)$	$Y(a/N)$
10	0.013	0.0013
20	0.0128	0.00064
30	0.0327	0.00109
40	0.0331	0.000828
60	0.0337	0.0005608

$$a = \frac{bN}{1 + cN}$$

Regression eqⁿ

$$\frac{a}{N} = b - ca$$

$$\therefore \text{Intercept} = b$$

$$\text{Slope} = -c$$

ALL POINTS

EXCLUDING 20

r -0.27

Slope (c) 0.0073613

Intercept (b) 0.0010697

-0.77

0.0242

0.00163

USE THIS
ONE

$$i.e. \quad a = \frac{0.00163 N}{1 + 0.0242 N}$$

Constants

TYPE II (sm amps) $T_s = 30$ $a = 0.028$ $T_h = 0.103$

TYPE III (lg amps) $T_s = 30$ $b = 0.00163$ $c = 0.0242$ $T_h = 1.042$

SM

FOR II-DAT = A, H, T

N	Ne	pred					
10	5.5	5.61					
20	11.75	11.09					
30	15.25	16.42					
40	21.25	21.62					
50	—	26.69					
60	31.67	31.62					

LC

FOR II-DAT = C, B, TH, T

N	Ne	pred.					
10	2.75	2.98					
20	5.25	7.69					
30	12.0	11.83					
40	15.0	15.11					
50	17.5	17.54					
60	17.5	19.39					

N	<u>Na 3.12</u>	<u>Na 3.13</u>	<u>NA EXP</u>
10	2.98	2.73	2.75
20	7.69	7.03	6.25
30	11.86	11.05	12.0
40	15.14	14.38	15.0
50	17.62	16.99	-
60	19.48	18.99	17.5

<u>10</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>60</u>
1 0.0035	6 0.0125	8 0.0111	16 0.0196	18 0.0140
5 0.0241	3 0.0056	11 0.0168	16 0.0196	23 0.0200
3 0.0122	7 0.0152	17 0.0325	17 0.0215	15 0.0140
2 0.0076	5 0.0100	12 0.0149	11 0.0118	14 0.0100
		NOT	USED	
\bar{X} 0.01185	0.0108	0.0198	0.0181	0.01375
σ 0.0089	0.00407	0.00906	0.0043	

Attack rate calculated from raw data of Range amplitudes
 with hunting time = 0.25 min $T_h = 30$ min.
 Using random pred eqn.

Attack rate calculated from raw data (Range amplitudes) $T_h = 1.0$ min
 $T_t = 30$ min

<u>10</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>60</u>
1 0.0036	6 0.0149	8 0.0141	16 0.0365	18 0.0297
5 0.0277	3 0.0060	11 0.0240	16 0.0365	23 0.0691
4 0.0132	7 0.0187	17 0.0643	17 0.0426	15 0.0192
2 0.0080	5 0.0115	12 0.0284	11 0.0169	14 0.0166
\bar{X} 0.013	0.012775	0.0327	0.033115	0.03365
σ 0.0105		0.021599		0.0243

Iterative soln to two prey eqns.

<u>VARIABLE LIST</u>	<u>CONST LIST</u>	<u>EQNS</u>
NA1	T1	T II
N1	TH1	T III
NAT1	A1	
NA2	T2	
N2	TH2	
NAT2	C2	
	b2	

- ① Input estimated (or start) values for NAT1 and NAT2.
- ② Input NAT1, NAT2 into TII calc \rightarrow NA1
- ③ Input NAT2, NA1 into TIII calc \rightarrow NA2
- ④ Check DIFF bet NA1 - NAT1 and NA2 - NAT2
- ⑤ IF greater than 0.1 Set NAT1 = NA1 and NAT2 = NA2 and return to ②

PROGRAM FOR ITERATIVE SOLN OF RAND. PRED EQN (T.II)

$$N_a = N(1 - \exp(-a(T - N_a T_h)))$$

REAL N, NA, NAT, TH, T, A

READ(10,*) TH, T, A

DO 30 I = 10, 60, 10

N = I

NAT = 0.2 * N

20 NAT = NAT + 0.05

NA = N * (1 - EXP(-A * (T - NAT * TH)))

DIFF = ABS(NA - NAT

IF (DIFF. GT. 0.5) GO TO 20

WRITE(5, 12) N, NA

12 FORMAT(5X, 2F10.2)

30 CONTINUE

STOP

END

TYPE II . FOR

ITERATIVE PROGRAM TO SOLVE SIGMOID CURVE USING RAND PRED EQN
SUBSTITUTING $A = BN / (1 + CN)$.

```
REAL N, NA, NAT, A, TH, T, B, C
READ (10, *) B, C, TH, T
DO 30 I = 10, 60, 10
  NAT = 1.0
  N = I
  A = -B * N / (1 + C * N)
20  NAT = NAT + 0.05
  NA = N * (1 - EXP(A * (T - NAT * TH)))
  DIFF = ABS(NA - NAT)
  IF (DIFF.GT. 0.1) GO TO 20
  WRITE(5, 12) N, NA, A
12  FORMAT (5X, 3F10.2)
30  CONTINUE
  STOP
  END
```

$$a = \frac{bN}{1 + cN} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$N_e = N \left(1 - \exp(-a (T - T_H N_e)) \right) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

sub (1) into (2)

$$N_e = N \left(1 - \exp \left(- \frac{bN}{1 + cN} (T - T_H N_e) \right) \right) \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

PREDATOR EQNS FOR PROGRAM TO SOLVE SIMULTANEOUS TWO PREY SITUATION WITH

~~THREE~~
RAND PRED EQN

: HASSEL SIGMOID EQN

REAL NA1, NA2, N1, N2, NAT1, NAT2

READ (10,*) T1, T2, TH1, TH2, A1, C2, B2

READ (5,*) N1, N2

NAT1 = 0.2 * N1

NAT2 = 0.2 * N2

20 NAT1 = NAT1 + 0.05
NAT2 = NAT2 + 0.05

NA1 = N1 * (1 - EXP(-A1 * (T - NAT1 * TH1 - ~~NA2~~^{NAT2} * TH2))))

NA2 = N2 * (N2 - NAT2) * (C2 * ALOG((N2 - NAT2) / N2) -
B2 * TH2 * NAT2 + B2 * T2 - NA1 * TH1)

DIFF1 = ABS (NA1 - NAT1)

DIFF2 = ABS (NA2 - NAT2)

DOES
NOT
WORK

IF (DIFF1. ~~GT~~^{LT}. 0.5. ~~OR~~^{AND}. DIFF2. ~~GT~~^{LT}. 0.5) GO TO 30

NAT1 = NA1

NAT2 = NA2

GO TO 20

30 CONTINUE

STOP

END

←
6 WRITE (5,6) NA1, NA2
FORMAT (2, F10.2)

CHOICE FOR.

$$T1 = 30$$

$$T2 = 30$$

$$TH1 = 0.1$$

$$TH2 = 1.1$$

$$A1 = 0.028$$

$$C2 = 0.0243$$

$$B2 = 0.00163$$

ITERITIVE PROGRAM TO SOLVE SIGMOID CURVE WITH HASSEL'S EQN.

REAL N, NA, NAT, C, B, TH, T

READ (10,*) C, B, TH, T

NAT = 1.0

DO 30 I = 10, 60, 10

N = I

20 NAT = NAT + 0.05

NA = N * (N - NAT) * (C * ALOG((N - NAT) / N) - b * TH * NAT + b * T)

DIFF = ABS(NA - NAT)

IF (DIFF. GT. 0.5) GO TO 20

WRITE (5, 12) N, NA

12 FORMAT (5X, 2F10.2)

30 CONTINUE

STOP

END

SIGMOD. FOR

$$N_{ha} = N(N - N_{ha}) \left[c \log \left(\frac{N - N_{ha}}{N} \right) - b T_h N_{ha} + b T \right]$$

subtract time taken
handling prey type 1.

$$= N'_{ha} T_h'$$

$$N_{ha} = N(N - N_{ha}) \left[c \log \left(\frac{N - N_{ha}}{N} \right) - b T_h N_{ha} - T_h' N'_{ha} + b T \right]$$

$$N'_{ha} = N'(N' - N'_{ha}) \left[c' \log \left(\frac{N' - N'_{ha}}{N'} \right) - b' T_h' N'_{ha} - T_h N_{ha} + b' T' \right]$$

$$a = bN / (1 + cN)$$

$$N_h = N_0 \left[1 - \exp(-a(T - T_h N_h)) \right]$$

$$\frac{N_h}{N_0} = 1 - \exp(-a(T - T_h N_h))$$

$$\left(\frac{N_h}{N_0} - 1 \right) = - \exp(-a(T - T_h N_h))$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{N_h}{N_0} - 1 \right) = -a(T - T_h N_h)$$

$$a = \frac{\ln \left(\frac{N_h}{N_0} - 1 \right) - a T_h N_h}{T}$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{N_h}{N_0} - 1 \right) = a(T - T_h N_h)$$

give -ve no. cannot solve?

$$\left(\frac{N_h}{N_0} - 1 \right) = - \exp(-a(T - T_h N_h))$$

$$N_h = N \left[1 - \exp(-a(T - T_h N_h)) \right]$$

$$\frac{N_h}{N} = 1 - \exp(-a(T - T_h N_h))$$

$$1 - \frac{N_h}{N} = \exp(-a(T - T_h N_h))$$

$$\log_n \left(1 - \frac{N_h}{N} \right) = -a(T - T_h N_h)$$

$$a = \frac{-\log_n \left(1 - \frac{N_h}{N} \right)}{T - T_h N_h}$$

0.0109

009

APPLICATION OF FUNCTIONAL RESPONSES TO TWO PREY SITUATION

① BASIC EQNS $N_a = N(1 - \exp - a(T - T_h N_a))$ — Type II

$$N_a = N(N - N_a) \left[c \log_n \left((N - N_a / N) - b T_h N_a + b T \right) \right] \text{ — Type III}$$

② Two prey situation : subtract time taken in handling prey items i.e. $T_h N_a$ & $T_h' N_a'$

$$N_a = N(1 - \exp - a(T - T_h N_a - T_h' N_a'))$$

$$* N_a' = N'(N' - N_a') \left[c \log_n \left((N' - N_a' / N') - b T_h' N_a' + b T' - T_h N_a \right) \right]$$

* This eqn does not work in two prey situation. due to $-T_h N_a$.

17
48

$$F_{0.05(2), 29} = \frac{1.04}{0.847} = 1.23 \quad F_{0.05(2)} = 4.43 \quad \text{accept } H_0$$

fish

FEEDING EXPT 1 $\bar{x} 3.375$ } present $\bar{x} 3.086$ } eaten $\bar{x} 23$
 $\sigma 1.04$ $\sigma 0.847$

					total Number	TOT	EAT	SIZ
1.5								
1.6								
-1.7	I	II	2	eaten	3			
1.8	I	I	1	1	2	14		
1.9		I	1	0	1		3	1.7
2.0	I	III II	7	1	8			
2.1	II	III	3	2	5			
2.2		II	3	0	3			
-2.3	I	III	5	1	6	22	5	2.3
2.4	II	III	4	2	6			
2.5		II	2	0	2			
2.6		III	5	0	5			
2.7		I	1	0	1			
-2.8		III	4	0	4	14	1	2.8
2.9		I	1	0	1			
3.0	I	II	2	1	3			
3.1	I	I	1	1	2			
3.2		I	1	0	1			
-3.3			0	0	0	18	7	3.3
3.4	III	III I	6	5	11			
3.5	I	II	3	1	4			
3.6	I	III	5	1	6			
3.7		II	2	0	2			
3.8	I	III	3	1	4	25	4	3.8
3.9	I	III I	6	1	7			
4.0	I	III	5	1	6			

41			3	0	3			
42			3	0	3			
43			4	0	4	16	0	4.3
44			4	0	4			
45			2	0	2			
46			0	2	2			
47			0	0	0			
48			4	0	4	7	2	4.8
49			0	0	1			
50			0	0	0			
51					1			
52					1			
53					2	4	0	5.3
54					1			
55					1			
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99					1			
100					1			

FE2

FE3

	E	R	T	T	E		I	III	4	T	E
18	I	I	2				III	I	1		
19		II	2	12	I			II	6	21	8
20		II III	8				II	II III	10		
21	I	I	2				II	III	6		
22	I	I	2				II	II III	11		
23	II	II	4	10	4		II		2	39	12
24							III	II III	12		
25		II	2				II	II I	8		
26							II	II	7		
27		II	2					=	2		
28	I	I	2	II	I		III	I	4	24	7
29		III	4				II	III	6		
30		III	3					II	5		
31	I		I				I	III	4		
32	I		I				I	II	3		
33				7	3		I	I	2	10	3
34	I	II	3					I	I		
35		II	2								
36		II	2				I	I	2		
37							I		I		
38	I		I	6	I		I	II	3	9	4
39		I	I					I	I		
40		II	2				I	I	2		

41	1	1			11	2		
42	11	1	3		1	1		
43				8	5		3	1
44	11		2					
45	1	1	2					
46		1	1					
47								
48		1	1	4	0	1	1	0
49		11	2					
50								
			58			107		

~~Fish eaten~~

\bar{x} 3.25

σ 0.96

avail

\bar{x} 3.07

0.94

naive

\bar{x} 2.61

σ 0.67

eaten

\bar{x} 2.6

σ 0.68

Fish \bar{x} 26

Fish size \bar{x} 25 mm

TY PRET.FOR

? PRET.FOR (0) file was not found

,TY PREY.FOR

DIMENSION SCLASS(25),PABUN(25),ACCEPT(25)
DIMENSION EATEN(25),SEL(25),PERPAB(25)

REAL MEATN,MPABUN,PERPAB

DO 12 I=1,25
 READ(25,*)SCLASS(I),PABUN(I)
12 CONTINUE

DO 99 M=9,30,3
 NFISH=M
 ACMEAN=0.12*NFISH
 ACVAR=1.2
 XAC=ACVAR*SQRT(2*3.14159)
 ZAC=2*ACVAR**2

N=0
NPABUN=0
SPABUN=0.0
SQSPAB=0.0
SEATEN=0.0
SDEATN=0.0

DO 14 I=1,25
 EATEN(I)=0
14 CONTINUE

DO 20 I=1,25
 ACCEPT(I)=EXP(-1*((SCLASS(I)-ACMEAN)**2/ZAC))*(1/XAC)
20 CONTINUE

DO 40 I=1,25
 L=PABUN(I)
 DO 50 K=1,L
 R=РАН(1)
 IF(R.GT.ACCEPT(I))GO TO 50
 EATEN(I)=EATEN(I)+1
 N=N+1

50 CONTINUE
40 CONTINUE

DO 66 I=1,25
 SPABUN=SPABUN+(SCLASS(I)*PABUN(I))
 SQSPAB=SQSPAB+((SCLASS(I)**2)*PABUN(I))
 NPABUN=NPABUN+PABUN(I)

 SEATEN=SEATEN+(SCLASS(I)*EATEN(I))
 SDEATN=SDEATN+((SCLASS(I)**2)*EATEN(I))
66 CONTINUE

MPABUN=SPABUN/NPABUN
SDPABN=SQRT((SQSPAB-SPABUN**2/NPABUN)/(NPABUN-1))

MEATN=SEATEN/N
SDEATN=SQRT((SDEATN-SEATEN**2/N)/(N-1))

WRITE(5,18)NFISH,MEATN,SDEATN
18 FORMAT(/,5X,I3,2X,F5.2,2X,F5.2)

WRITE(16,44)NFISH,ACMEAN,ACVAR,MPABUN,SDPABN,MEATN,SDEATN

```

44      1  FORMAT(////,5X,'FISH SIZE',2X,13,/,5X,
      1  'OPT PREY SIZE',2X,F5.2,/,5X,'ACCEPTANCE VARIANCE',
      1  2X,F5.2,/,5X,'MEAN PREY SIZE',2X,F5.2,/,5X,
      1  'PREY SD',2X,F5.2,/,5X,'MEAN SIZE EATEN',2X,F5.2,/,
      1  5X,'EATEN SD',2X,F5.2,/,3X,'SCLASS ACCEPT PABUN',
      1  2X,'EATEN')

      DO 55 I=1,25
          WRITE(16,45)SCLASS(I),ACCEPT(I),PABUN(I),EATEN(I)
45      FORMAT(4F10.4)
55      CONTINUE

      WRITE(16,47)
47      FORMAT(//,' SCLASS ACCEPT PABUN EATEN SEL')

      DO 65 I=1,25
          EATEN(I)=EATEN(I)/N
          PERPAB(I)=PABUN(I)/NPABUN
          SEL(I)=EATEN(I)-PERPAB(I)

          WRITE(16,46)SCLASS(I),ACCEPT(I),PERPAB(I),EATEN(I),SEL(I)
46      FORMAT(4F10.3,F8.4)
          WRITE(17,22)EATEN(I)
22      FORMAT(F8.4)
65      CONTINUE

99      CONTINUE
      DO 23 I=1,25
          WRITE(17,24)PERPAB(I)
24      FORMAT(F8.4)
23      CONTINUE
          STOP
          END

```

TY FOR25.DAT

```

0.3 3666
0.5 4468
0.7 792
0.9 206
1.1 351
1.3 191
1.5 65
1.7 50
1.9 30
2.1 20
2.3 20
2.5 15
2.7 20
2.9 20
3.1 15
3.1 10
3.3 15
3.5 10
3.7 10
3.9 5
4.1 10
4.5 5
4.7 5
4.9 1
5.1 1

```

.K/F

Job 58, User [2371,25576] Logged off TTY175 1344 18-Oct-83