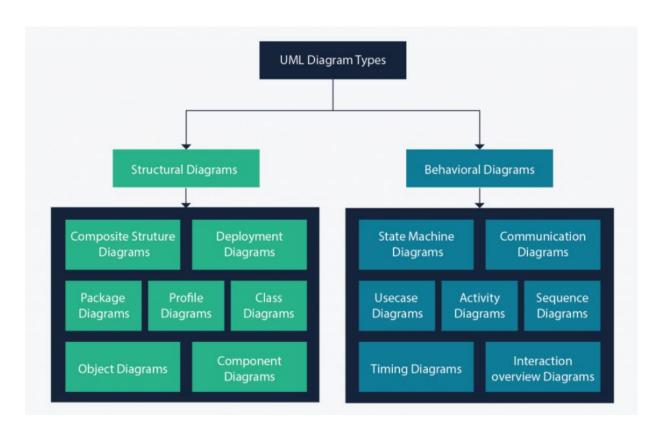
GROUP 10

INVENTION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

- The Invention Management System Database is made to store,
 - Invention details
 - Inventor details
 - Awards Received etc.

UML DIAGRAM:



Structural diagrams:

- Structural diagrams show the things in the modeled system.
- In a more technical term, they show different objects in a system.

Behavioral diagrams:

- Behavioral Diagrams show what should happen in a system.
- They describe how the objects interact with each other to create a functioning system.

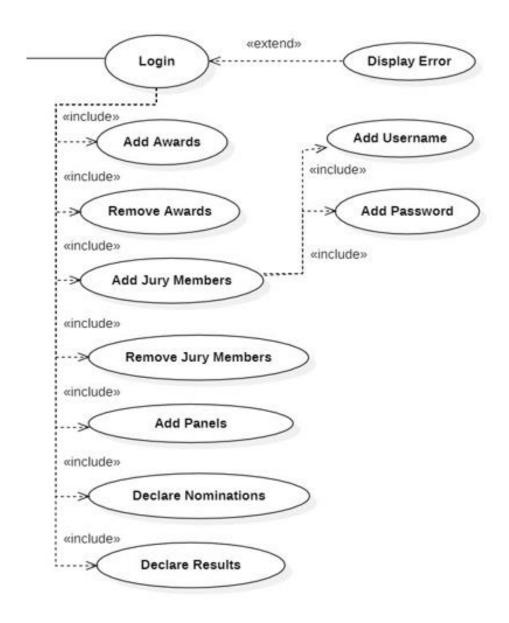
Use Case Diagram:

- Use case diagrams give a graphic overview of the actors involved in a system, different functions needed by those actors and how these different functions interact.
- It's a great starting point for any project discussion because you can easily identify the main actors involved and the main processes of the system.
- This Use Case Diagram depicts the High-level view of the Invention Management system.
- It also provides the scenarios in which the application interacts with,
 - Inventor
 - Jury
 - Admin

Actor Category	Actor
Primary Actor	Jury, Admin
Secondary Actor	Inventor

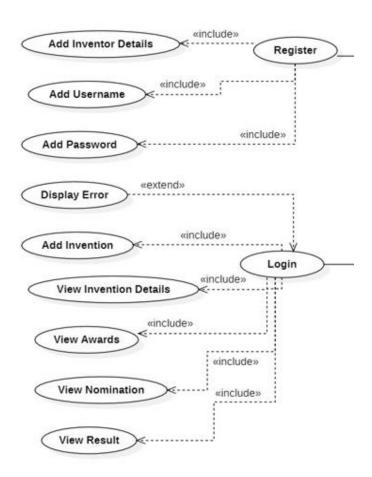
There are total of Twenty-Six use cases that represent the specific functionality of Invention Management System.

Each actor interacts with a particular use case.



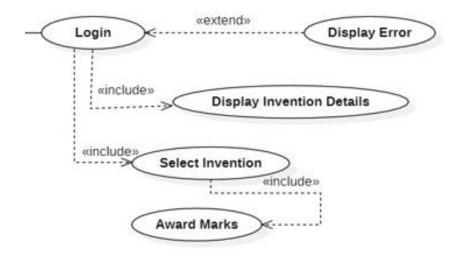
Functionality of Admin:

- Login to take the overall Control of the Data Base
- Add or Remove Awards
- Add or Remove Panel
- Add or Remove Jury
- Declare Nominations
- Declare Results
- Admin takes the overall control of the database or in other words say one of the primary Actors.
- Admin have to just login inside the database and gets the overall control.



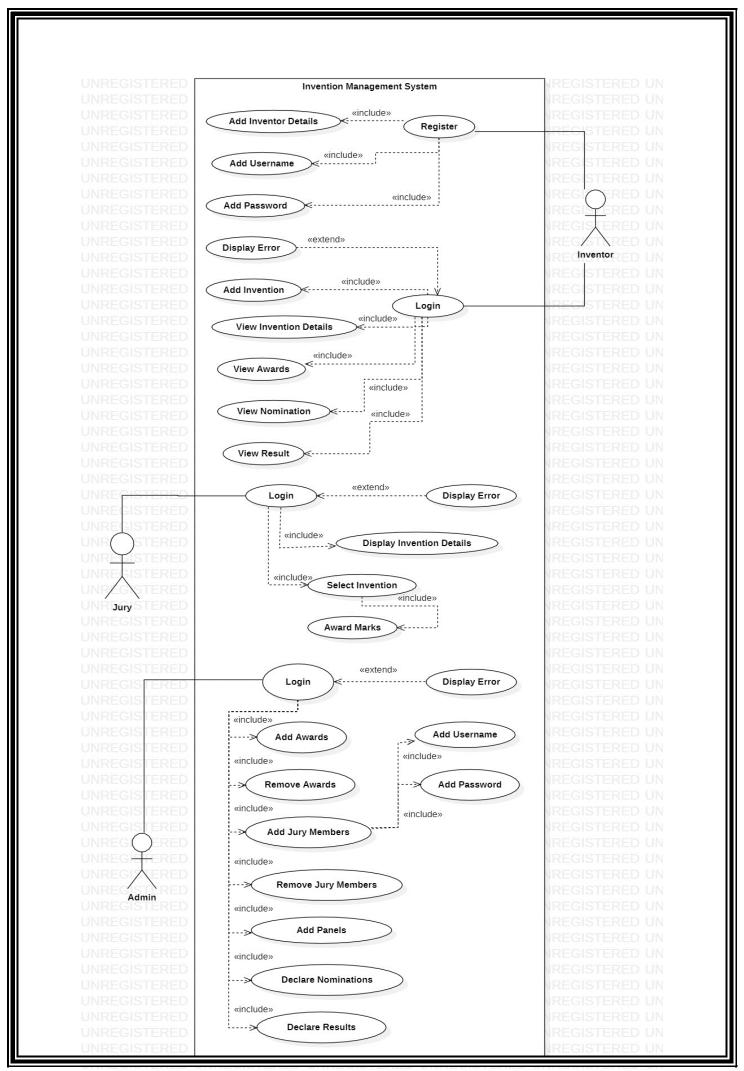
Functionality of Inventor Actor:

- Register in the database to create Account
- Register for New Username and Password
- Login using his/her credentials
- Add the details of his/her invention
- View the Invention details
- View Awards
- View Nominations
- View Results
- Inventor can create the account in the database to register his/her invention.
- Once registered Inventor needs to set the username and password to login into the database next time.
- Once Inventor Actor successfully logins, gets option to add the invention to the database.
- If Inventor is not able to login successfully then, they will get the Error message.
- Inventor can also view the invention details that he/she have enclosed while registering in the database.
- Inventor can view the results of the invention.



Functionality of Jury Actor:

- Login to Invention Management System
- View Invention Details that are Displayed when logged In.
- Select the Invention
- Award Marks for the Selected Invention.
- Jury can login to the Invention management system using the credentials provided by the Admin.
- Once they successfully login inside the Portal they get access to all invention.
- If they are not able to login successfully then they will get the Error message.
- From the list of inventions given they can select the allotted invention.
- They can look into the inventions and award marks to the selected Invention.



Class Diagram:

- Class diagrams are the main building block of any objectoriented solution.
- It shows the classes in a system, attributes, and operations of each class and the relationship between each class.
- In most modeling tools, a class has three parts.
- Name at the top, attributes in the middle and operations or methods at the bottom.
- In a large system with many related classes, classes are grouped together to create class diagrams.
- Different relationships between classes are shown by different types of arrows.

Public (+):

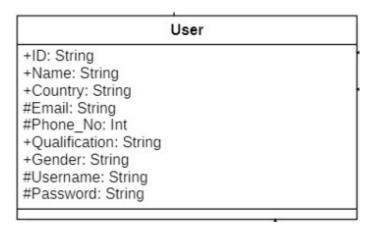
- Public members are visible to all other classes.
- This means that any other class can access a public field or method.
- Further, other classes can modify public fields unless the field is declared as final.

Protected (#):

 The protected keyword is an access modifier used for attributes, methods and constructors, making them accessible in the same package and subclasses.

Private (-):

- The methods or data members declared as private are accessible only within the class in which they are declared.
- The access level of a private modifier is only within the class. It cannot be accessed from outside the class.
- Any other class of the same package will not be able to access these members.



• **User** is Implemented from the Interface **Login Details**.

+ ID:

- Unique ID to identify the User.
- It is of type String.

+ Name:

- Name of the User.
- It is of type String.

+ Country:

- Country in which the user resides.
- It is of type String.

+ Qualification:

- An experience that makes the user suitable for a particular job or activity.
- It is of type String.

+ Gender:

- To specify the Gender of the User.
- It is of type String.

Email:

- Email of the User.
- It is of type String.

Phone_No:

- Phone Number of the User.
- It is of type Integer.

Username:

- Unique Username that each user has to login to his/her account.
- It is of type String.

Password:

- Password that each user has to login to his/her account.
- It is of type String.

-Add_Awards(): void -Remove_Awards(): void -Add_Jury_Members(): void -Remove_Jury_members(): void -Add_Panel(): void -Declare_Finalists(): void -Declare_Results(): void

Admin class is Inherited from the Parent Class User.

It Inherits all properties of the User and it has its own Methods.

- Add_Awards():

- This Method is used to add the available Awards to the DataBase.
- These Awards will be given to the Inventor based on their Invention.
- It doesn't take any parameter and doesn't return anything.
- It just asks for the name of the Award that has to added when it is called.

- Remove_Awards():

- This method is used to remove the Awards from the DataBase.
- It doesn't take any parameter and doesn't return anything.

- Add_Jury_Members():

- This Method is used to add the details of the Jury Members to the DataBase.
- It doesn't take any parameter and doesn't return anything.
- It just asks for the details of the Jury that has to added when it is called.

- Remove_Jury_Members():

- This method is used to remove the details of the Jury
 Members from the DataBase.
- It doesn't take any parameter and doesn't return anything.

- Add_Panel():

- This Method is used to add the Panel to the DataBase.
- It doesn't take any parameter and doesn't return anything.
- It just asks for the details of the Panel that has to added when it is called.

- Declare_Finalists():

 This method is used to declare the names of the Inventors who have been selected to the Finals.

- Declare_Results():

• This method is used to declare Finale results.

Invention +Invention_ID: String +Invention_Name: String +Category: String +Year_Of_Invention: Int +Story_Behind: String #Marks: Float

+ Invention_ID:

- Unique ID to identify the Invention.
- It is of type String.

+ Invention_Name:

- Name of the Invention.
- It is of type String.

+ Category:

- This attribute defines the category In which the Invention belongs to.
- It is of type String.

+ Year_Of_Invention:

- Year in which the invention has been invented.
- It is of type Integer.

+ Story_Behind:

- This defines the motive and the reason behind Inventing the particular Invention.
- It is of type String.

Marks:

 Marks that has been awarded for the particular invention by the Jury.

Inventor	
+Job_Type: String +Specialization: String +Year_Of_Experience: Int	
+Add_Invention(): void ~View_Nomination(): void ~View_Result(): void +Add_Inventor_Details(): void	

+ Job_Type:

- This attribute stores the current job of the Inventor
- This is of type String.

+ Specialization:

- This stores the academic specialization of the inventor.
- This is of type String.

+ Year_Of_Experience

- This attribute stores the years of experience of the inventor.
- It is of type integer(int).

- Add_Invention()

• Using this method, we add the inventions of the inventor which has been nominated to the database.

- View_Nomination()

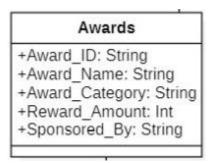
• This method displays the inventions of the inventor which have been nominated.

- View_Result()

• This method displays the inventions which has been shortlisted as winners.

- Add_Inventor_Details()

• This method is used to add the details of the invention into the database.



+ Award_ID

- This attribute is used to store the id of the award.
- This is of type String.

+ Award Name

- This attribute is used to store the name of the award.
- This is of type String.

+ Award_Category

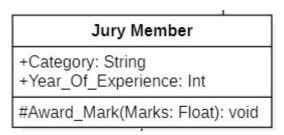
- The invention category is stored in this attribute.
- This is of type String.

+ Reward_Amount

- The prize money given to the winner in this category is stored in this attribute.
- This is of type integer(int).

+ Sponsored_By

- The sponsor for the prize money is stored in this attribute.
- This is of type String.



+ Category

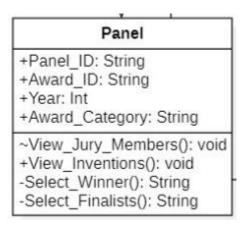
- The category in the award ceremony where the particular person is part of the jury is stored in this attribute.
- This is of type String.

+ Year_Of_Experience

- The years of experience of the Jury Member is stored in this attribute.
- It is of type Integer(int).

Award_Marks

- It stores the marks that has been awarded for the invention.
- This takes marks as the parameter which is of type Float.
- It doesn't return anything.



+ Panel_ID

- This attribute stores the ID of the particular panel.
- It is of type String.

+ Award_ID

- This attribute stores the ID of the award for which the particular panel is judging.
- It is of type String.

+ Year:

- It stores the year of the award ceremony.
- It is of type Integer(int).

+ Award_Category:

- This attribute stores the category of the award for which the panel is judging for.
- It is of type String.

- View_Jury_Members()

• This method displays the jury members present in the particular panel.

- View_Inventions()

 This method displays the inventions which are part of the category the panel is judging over.

- Select_Winner()

- This method is used to determine the winner in the particular category.
- The winner is returned as a String.

- Select_Finalists()

- This method is used to find out the qualifying inventions in the preliminary round.
- The qualifying inventions are returned as a String.



+ Invention_ID

- This attribute stores the invention ID of the particular invention which has been nominated.
- It is of type String.

+ Award_ID

- This attribute stores the award ID of the invention which has been nominated.
- It is of type String.

+ Category

- This attribute stores the category of the invention,
- It is of type String.



+ View_Nominations:

It shows all the nominations of the finalists.

«interface» Login Details

- +Login(Username: String, Password: String): void
- +View_Invention_Details(): void
- +View_Awards(): void

Login:

- This takes the Username and Password as arguments which is of type String.
- It doesn't return anything.
- Using this credential, the user can login to the Portal/System.

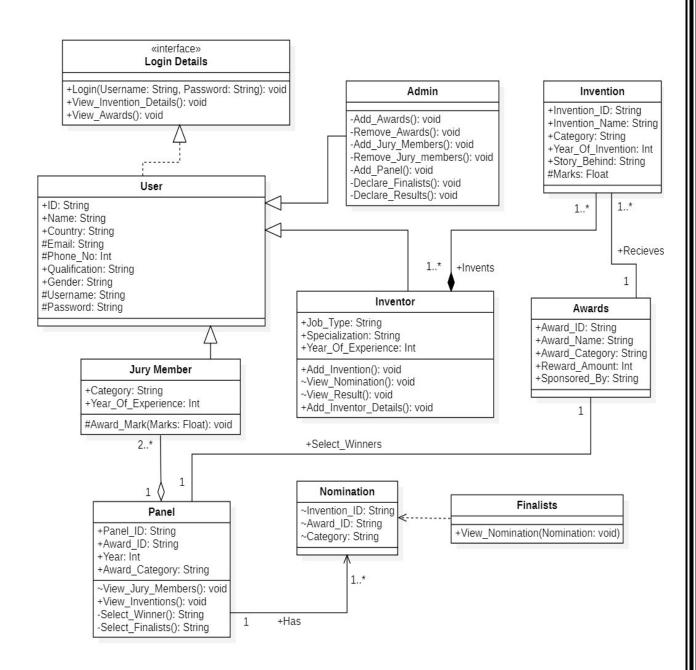
	Invention ← Award Awards ← Panel
ASSOCIATION	 One Award can be given to one or more Invention. Panel selects only one winner for a particular Award. One Award can be selected by only One Panel.

	Login Details ← User
REALIZATION	User implements an interface Login Details, thereby inheriting the abstract methods of the Login details.
	USER ← Admin ← Inventor ← Jury Member
GENERALIZATION	 Admin Inherits the properties of User. Inventor Inherits the properties of User. Jury Member Inherits the properties
	of User. Nominations ← Finalists
DEPENDENCY	 Finalists Dependent on the Nominations since an object of Nominations is being used by the Finalists.
	Jury Member → Panel
AGGREGATION	The Jury Member can exist independently of the Panel.

COMPOSITION

Invention Inventor

 Invention cannot exist without the Inventor.



INHERITANCE

- Here user is the parent class and it has three child class or sub class.
 - Admin
 - Inventor
 - Jury Members
- User have all data members and attributes that are common to all three sub classes.
- Here the basic Details are taken as the common attributes and made the sub classes to inherit from the parent class.
 - ID
 - Name
 - Country
 - Email
 - Phone
 - Qualification
 - Gender
 - Username
 - Password

The common operation for admin, inventor, jury members is that all have to login to the portal before entering into the database.

- So, login operation and it's common attributes are included in the parent class.
- All those three actors can view both the Invention and Award details.

STATIC

- Here we have used static variable to differentiate the ADMIN and the JURY.
- Here we have declared as if the flag is 1 then the admin class will be triggered and all functionalities associated with the admin will be visible.
- If the flag is 0 then the jury class will be triggered and all functionalities associated with the jury will be visible.
- Static holds the same value in all places and thus it is helpful in interacting with different object.

OVER RIDING

- If a subclass provides the specific implementation of the method that has been declared by one of its parent class, it is known as method overriding.
- Here we have used over riding concept in the operations viewnomination() and viewawards() rather than declaring them individually.
- This improves readability and helps in better implementation.

JDBC

- JDBC stands for Java Database Connectivity, which is a standard Java API for database-independent connectivity between the Java programming language and a wide range of databases.
- The JDBC library includes APIs for each of the tasks mentioned below that are commonly associated with database usage.
- Making a connection to a database.
- Creating SQL statements.
- Executing SQL queries in the database.
- Viewing & Modifying the resulting records.

Create a Connection

- Before doing any work, we must create a connection to the database:
- Class.forName("org.postgresql.Driver");
- Connection c = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc: postgresql:DATABASELOCATION");
- Replace DATABASELOCATION with the (preferably relative)
 path to your database file.

Close a Connection

After finishing working with the database, we must close its connection:

```
c.close();
```

Using Statements

- Statements can be used to make updates, like this INSERT:
- Statement stmt = c.createStatement();
- String sql = "INSERT INTO employees (name, salary, address) "+ "VALUES ('" + name + "', " + salary + ", '" + address + "')";
- stmt.executeUpdate(sql);

Or queries, like this SELECT:

- Statement stmt = c.createStatement();
- String sql = "SELECT * FROM employees";
- ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(sql);
- When making queries, the results are returned as a Result Set.
- We must always remember to close the Statement:
- stmt.close();

Prepared Statements

- Statements are not recommended for queries, and they can't be used at all for queries that include anything other than INTEGERS, REALS or TEXTS.
- In this situation, and when we're concerned about security, we use **Prepared Statements**.
- Prepared Statements can be used to make updates, like this INSERT:
- String sql = "INSERT INTO employees (name, phone, salary, dob, photo) "+ "VALUES (?,?,?,?,?)";

```
PreparedStatement prep = c.prepareStatement(sql);
prep.setString(1, "Bob");
prep.setInt(2, 666666666);
prep.setDouble(3, 35000.00);
prep.setDate(4, anSqlDateObject);
prep.setBytes(5, aBytesArray);
prep.executeUpdate();
```

Or queries, like this SELECT:

- String sql = "SELECT * FROM employees WHERE name LIKE ?";
- PreparedStatement prep = c.prepareStatement(sql);
- prep.setString(1, "%XYZ%");
- ResultSet rs = prep.executeQuery();
- Again, when making queries, the results are returned as a Result Set.
- As always, rememeber to close the Prepared Statement:
- prep.close();

Processing Result Sets

- When making queries, either with Statements or Prepared Statements, the results are returned as a Result Set.
- We can iterate over a Result Set and access its contents:
- Again, we mustn't forget to close the Result Set:
- rs.close();

```
CREATE TABLE INVENTOR
    (INVENTOR_ID VARCHAR (10) PRIMARY KEY,
    NAME VARCHAR (20),
   GENDER VARCHAR(20),
4
   EMAIL VARCHAR(20),
 6
   PHONE_NO VARCHAR(20),
 7
   COUNTRY VARCHAR (20),
8
   JOB_TITLE VARCHAR (20),
9
   QUALIFICATION VARCHAR (20),
10
   SPECIALIZATION VARCHAR (20),
11
   YEAR_OF_EXPERIENCE VARCHAR(20))
12
                   Messages Notifications
Data Output Explain
CREATE TABLE
Query returned successfully in 83 msec.
```

```
Query Editor
            Query History
    CREATE TABLE INVENTS
 2
    (INVENTOR_ID VARCHAR (10) REFERENCES
 3
    INVENTOR(INVENTOR_ID),
 4
    INVENTION_ID VARCHAR (10) REFERENCES
 5
    INVENTION(INVENTION_ID)
 6
 7
Data Output Explain Messages Notifications
CREATE TABLE
Query returned successfully in 102 msec.
```

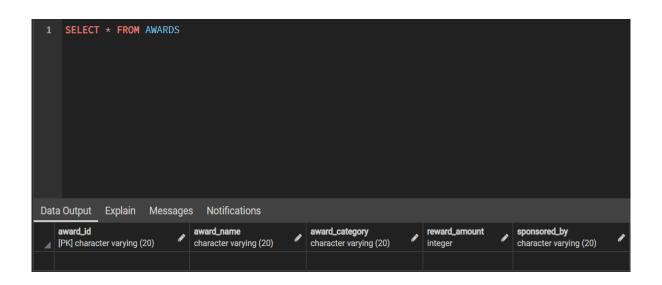
```
Query Editor Query History
    CREATE TABLE PANEL
    (PANEL_ID VARCHAR (10) PRIMARY KEY,
 2
 3
    PANEL_NAME VARCHAR (20),
    AWARD_CATEGORY VARCHAR(20))
 4
Data Output Explain Messages Notifications
CREATE TABLE
Query returned successfully in 228 msec.
    CREATE TABLE JURY_MEMBERS
 1
 2
    (JURY_ID VARCHAR (10) PRIMARY KEY,
    JURY_NAME VARCHAR (20),
 3
    GENDER VARCHAR(20),
 4
 5
    EMAIL VARCHAR(20),
    PHONE_NO VARCHAR(20),
 6
    COUNTRY VARCHAR(20),
    AWARD_CATEGORY VARCHAR(20),
 8
    QUALIFICATION VARCHAR (20),
 9
    SPECIALIZATION VARCHAR (20),
10
    YEAR_OF_EXPERIENCE VARCHAR(20))
11
Data Output Explain Messages
                             Notifications
CREATE TABLE
Query returned successfully in 183 msec.
```

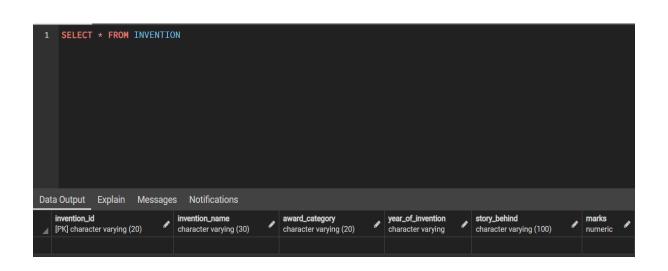
```
1 CREATE TABLE PANEL_JURY
2 (PANEL_ID VARCHAR(20) REFERENCES
3 PANEL(PANEL_ID),
4 JURY_ID VARCHAR (10) REFERENCES
5 JURY_MEMBERS(JURY_ID))

Data Output Explain Messages Notifications

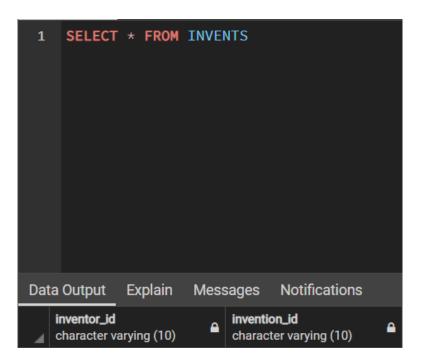
CREATE TABLE

Query returned successfully in 50 msec.
```

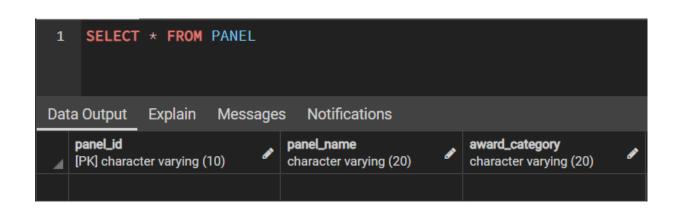


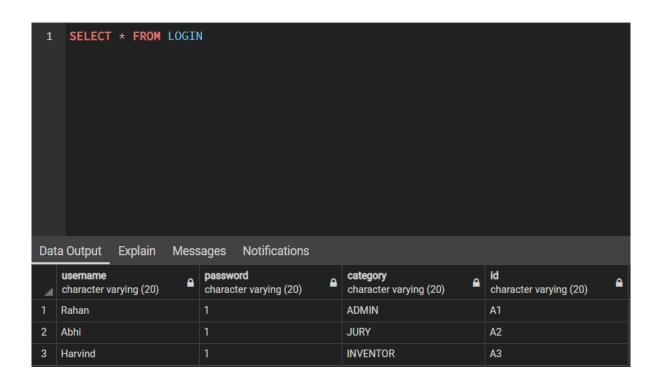


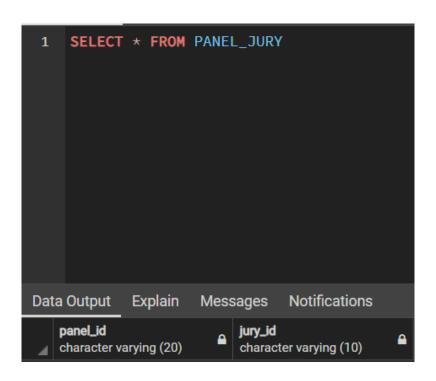












SWING

- A component is an independent visual control and Java
 Swing Framework contains a large set of these components which provide rich functionalities and allow high level of customization.
- They all are derived from JComponent class.
- All these components are lightweight components.
- This class provides some common functionality like pluggable look and feel, support for accessibility, drag and drop, layout, etc.
- A container holds a group of components.
- It provides a space where a component can be managed and displayed. Containers are of two types.

1. Top level Containers

- o It inherits Component and Container of AWT.
- It cannot be contained within other containers.
- Heavyweight.
- Example: JFrame, JDialog.

2. Lightweight Containers

- It inherits JComponent class.
- o It is a general purpose container.
- $_{\circ}$ It can be used to organize related components together.
- Example: JPanel

JFrame:

- new JFrame(String title)make a new frame with optional title
- setVisible(true)make a frame appear on the screen
- add(Component comp) place the given component or container inside the frame
- setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE) make it so that the program exits when the frame is closed
- setSize(int width, int height) gives the frame a fixed size in pixels

JDialog

- new JDialog(Frame parent, String title, boolean modal)make a new JDialog with given parent and title. If modalis set, the parent will be locked until the dialog is closed
- JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(parent, message) static method to pop up a dialog with just a message and OK button
- JOptionPane.showConfirmDialog(parent, message) static method to pop up a dialog with a message and Yes and No buttons
- JOptionPane.showInputDialog(parent, message) static method to pop a dialog with a message and a textfield for entering information

JLabel

- new JLabel(String text)creates a new label with the given text
- getText()returns the text showing on the label
- setText()sets label's text JButton
- new JButton(String text) creates a new button with text
- getText()returns the text showing on the button
- setText(String text)sets button'stext
- new JTextArea(int lines, int columns) create a new text area
 with preferred size for the given number of lines and
 columns JTextField
- new JTextField(int columns)create a new field, the given number of columns wide.

Event:

- Event Object that contains detailed information about the event
- getSource() returns a reference to the object to which the event occurred

ActionEvent:

- getActionCommand() returns the command string associated with this action.
- getWhen()returns a timestamp of when this event occurred.

Listener:

- Listener Object that can be attached to a component to listen for events.
- Contains a method that is automatically called when an event occurs.

Swing JButton

- JButton class provides functionality of a button.
- It is used to create button component.

JTextField

• JTextField is used for taking input of single line of text. It is most widely used text component.

JCheckBox

 The JcheckBox class is used to create checkbox in swing framework.

JRadioButton

- Radio button is a group of related button in which only one can be selected.
- JRadioButton class is used to create a radio button in Frames.

JComboBox

- Combo box is a combination of text fields and drop-down list.
- JComboBox component is used to create a combo box in Swing.

JLabel

- In Java, Swingtoolkit contains a JLabel Class.
- It is under package javax.swing.JLabel class.
- It is used for placing text in a box.
- Only Single line text is allowed and the text cannot be changed directly.

JTextArea

- In Java, Swing toolkit contains a JTextArea Class.
- It is under package javax.swing.JTextArea class.
- It is used for displaying multiple-line text.

JPasswordField

- In Java, Swing toolkit contains a JPasswordField Class.
- It is under package javax.swing.JPasswordField class.
- It is specifically used for password and it can be edited.

JTable

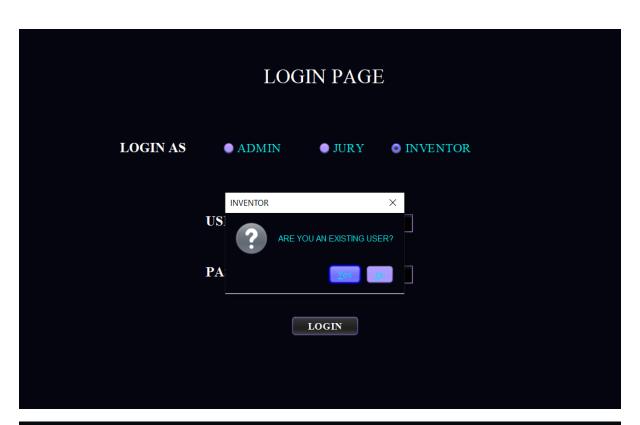
- In Java, Swing toolkit contains a JTable Class.
- It is under package javax.swing.JTable class.
- It used to draw a table to display data.

JList

- In Java, Swing toolkit contains a JList Class.
- It is under package javax.swing.JList class.
- It is used to represent a list of items together.
- One or more than one item can be selected from the list.

	LOC	GIN PAGI	Ξ	
LOGIN AS	ADMIN	• JURY	• INVENTOR	
	USERNAME			
	PASSWORD			
	(LOGIN		

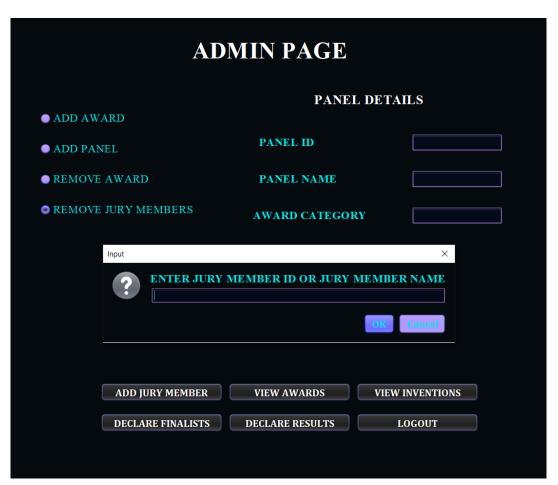
	LOGIN PAGE							
LOGIN AS	• ADMIN	● JURY	• INVENTOR					
	USERNAME	AbhiRah						
	PASSWORD	х						
	(LOGIN						



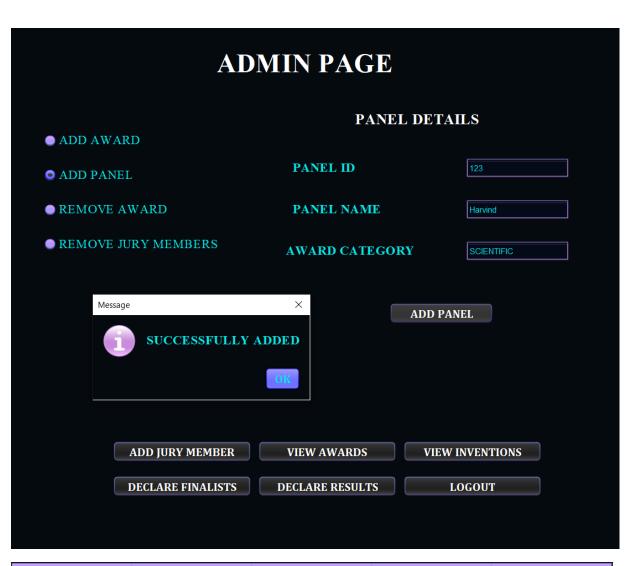
ADMIN PAGE AWARD DETAILS ADD AWARD AWARD ID ADD PANEL REMOVE AWARD AWARD NAME • REMOVE JURY MEMBERS AWARD CATEGORY REWARD AMOUNT SPONSORED BY ADD AWARD ADD JURY MEMBER VIEW AWARDS **VIEW INVENTIONS** DECLARE RESULTS DECLARE FINALISTS LOGOUT

ADMIN PAGE								
PANEL DETAILS								
ADD AWARD								
• ADD PANEL	PANEL ID							
• REMOVE AWARD	PANEL NAME							
• REMOVE JURY MEMBERS	• REMOVE JURY MEMBERS AWARD CATEGORY							
ADD JURY MEMBER DECLARE FINALISTS	VIEW AWARDS DECLARE RESULTS	ADD PANEL VIEW INVENTIONS LOGOUT						

ADMIN PAGE PANEL DETAILS ADD AWARD ADD PANEL PANEL ID REMOVE AWARD PANEL NAME REMOVE JURY M PANEL NAME ENTER AWARD ID OR AWARD NAME ADD JURY MEMBER VIEW AWARDS VIEW INVENTIONS DECLARE FINALISTS DECLARE RESULTS LOGOUT

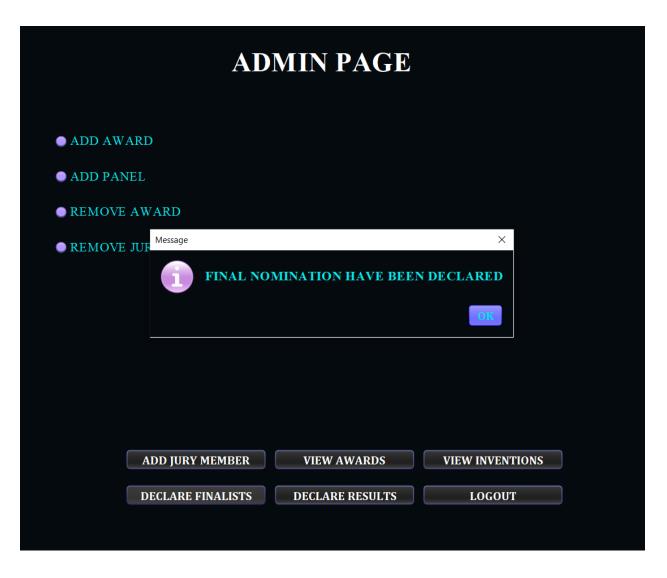


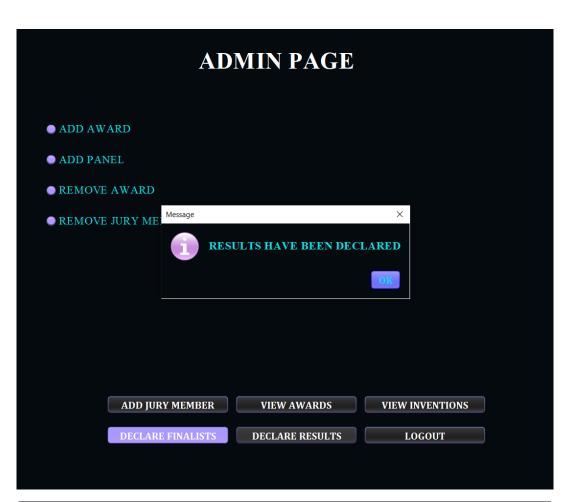
ADMIN PAGE AWARD DETAILS ADD AWARD AWARD ID Arvhar ADD PANEL REMOVE AWARD AWARD NAME ACADEMY • REMOVE JURY MEMBER Message SCIENTIFIC SUCCESSFULLY ADDED 100000 IIFA ADD AWARD ADD JURY MEMBER VIEW AWARDS VIEW INVENTIONS DECLARE RESULTS DECLARE FINALISTS LOGOUT

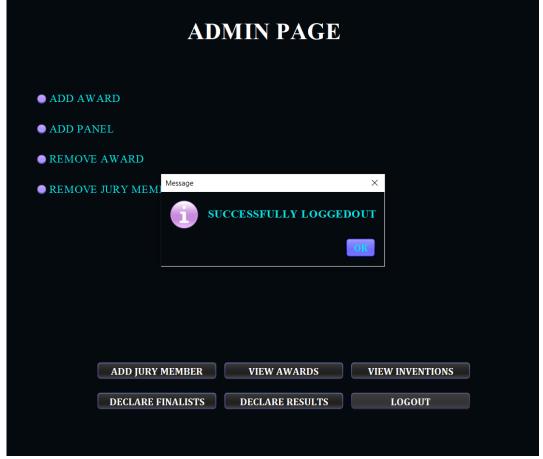


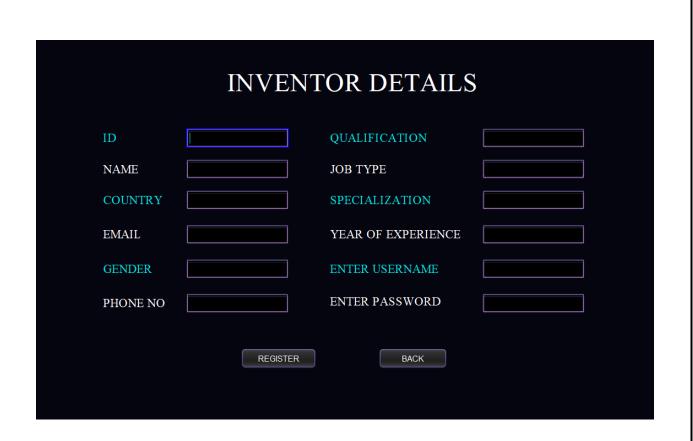
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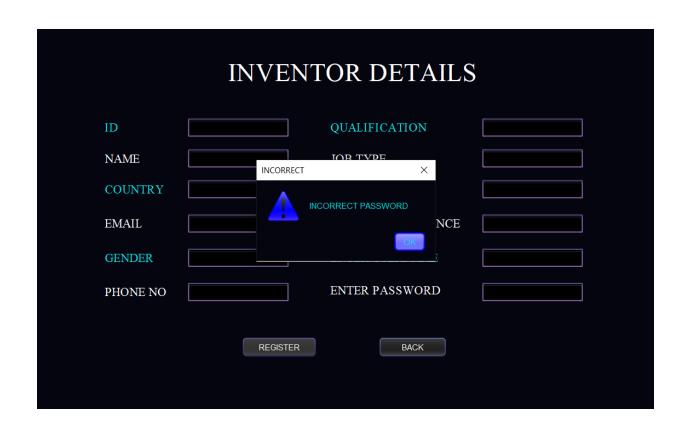


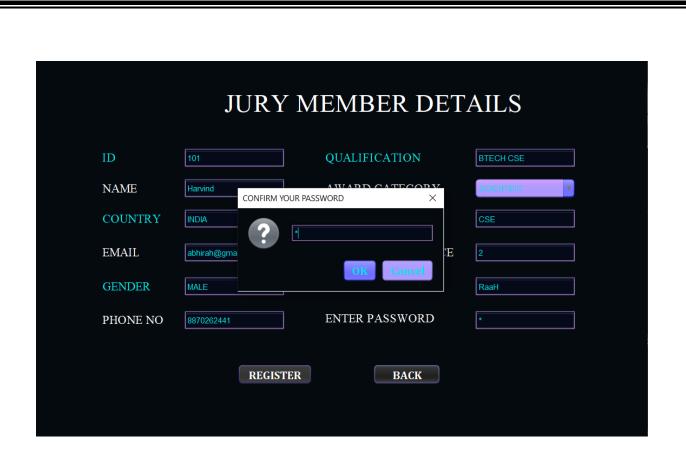




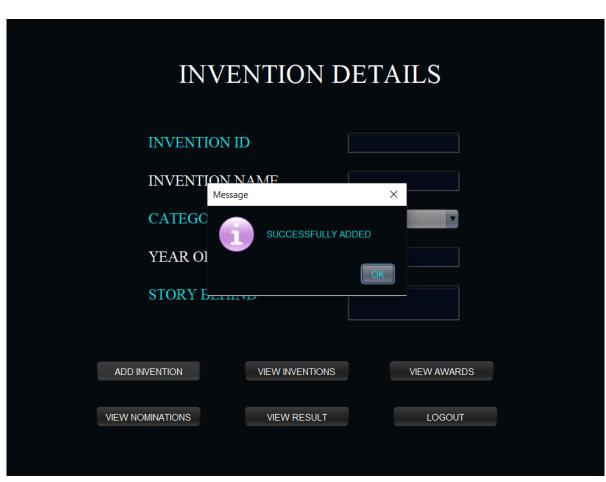


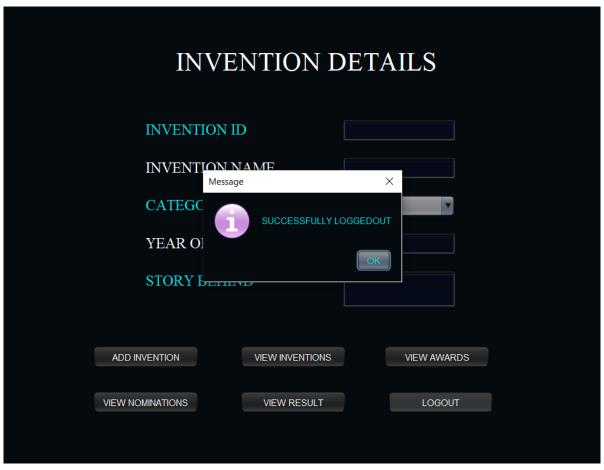






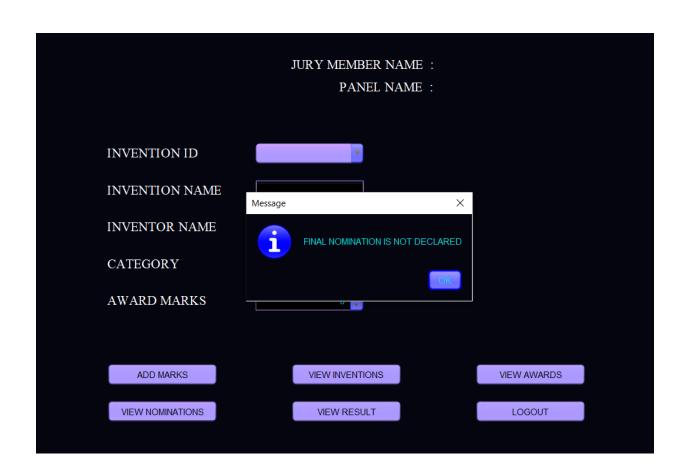


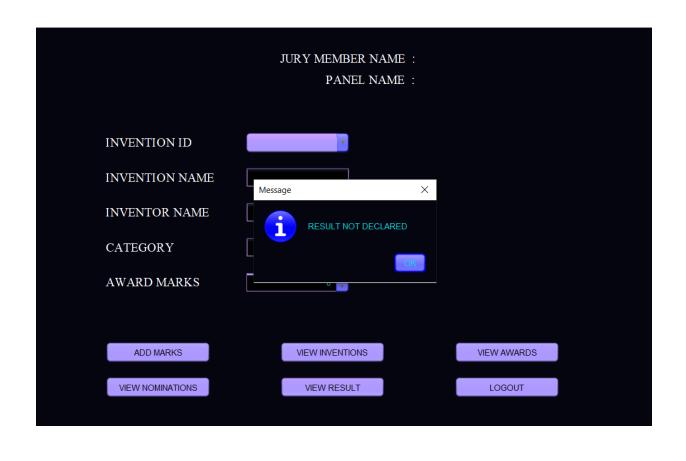




	JURY MEMBER NAME : PANEL NAME :		
INVENTION ID	Y		
INVENTION NAME			
INVENTOR NAME			
CATEGORY			
AWARD MARKS	0 -		
ADD MARKS	VIEW INVENTIONS	VIEW AWARDS	
VIEW NOMINATIONS	VIEW RESULT	LOGOUT	

INVENTION IS	INSTAULON NAME	AND AND CATEGORY	VELO OF INSENSE	CHODY BEHIND
INVENTION ID	PAYPAL ELECTICITY PAYPAL	SCIENTIFIC	2010 2020 2010	MAKING ONLINE PAYMENT LIGHT THE WORLD MAKING ONLINE PAYMENT
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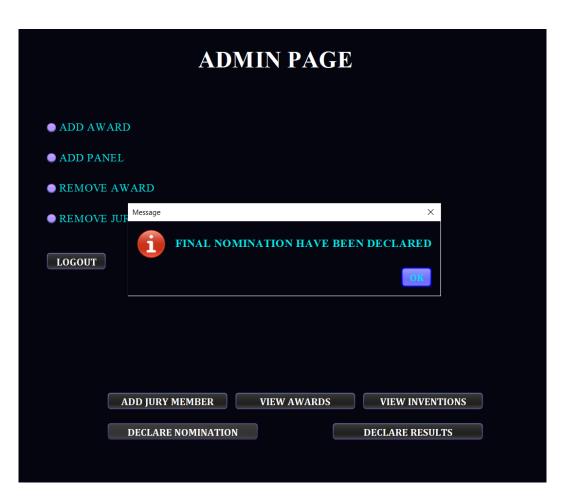


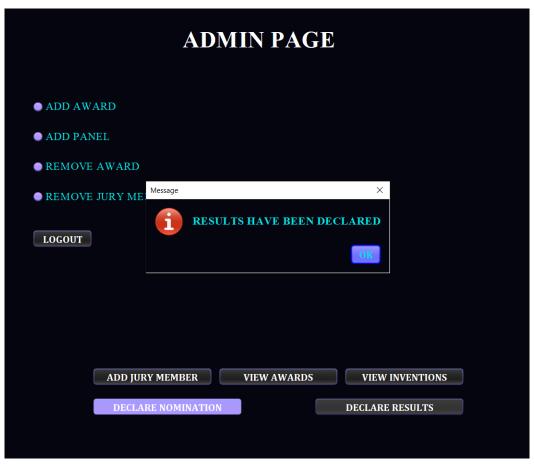
	LOG	IN PAGE	
LOGIN AS	• ADMIN	JURY	• INVENTOR
τ	JSERNAME	J1	
Р	PASSWORD	Å	
		LOGIN	

	JURY MEMBER NAME : JURY1 PANEL NAME : MEDICINE-P2							
INVENTION ID	16							
INVENTION NAME	ARTIFICIAL RETINA							
INVENTOR NAME	INVENTOR3							
CATEGORY	MEDICINE							
AWARD MARKS	10 🔻							
VIEW NOMINATIONS	VIEW INVENTIONS	VIEW AWARDS						
ADD MARKS	VIEW RESULT	LOGOUT						

	JURY MEMBER NAME : JU PANEL NAME : MI	
	FAINEL NAIVIE . IVII	EDICINE-F2
INVENTION ID	Y	
INVENTION NAME Message	MAL DETIMA	×
INVENTOR N FINAL	NOMINATION IS NOT I	DECLARED
CATEGORY		ОК
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VIEW NOMINATIONS	VIEW INVENTIONS	VIEW AWARDS
ADD MARKS	VIEW RESULT	LOGOUT

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LOGIN AS	• ADMIN	• JURY	• INVENTOR
	USERNAME	Abhi	
	PASSWORD	4	
		LOGIN	





INVENTION ID	INVENTION NAME	INVENTOR NAME	AWARD NAME	AWARD CATEGORY	YEAR OF INVENTION
15	ARTIFICIAL RETINA	INVENTOR3	AWARD1	MEDICINE	2020
12	ARTIFICIAL HEART	INVENTOR1	AWARD1	MEDICINE	2020
15	ARTIFICIAL RETINA	INVENTOR3	AWARD5	MEDICINE	2020
12 16	ARTIFICIAL HEART IRON BOX	INVENTOR1 INVENTOR3	AWARD5 AWARD2	MEDICINE SCIENTIFIC	2020 1940
13	ELECTRIC BULB	INVENTOR3	AWARD2	SCIENTIFIC	1920
14	AIR POD	INVENTOR2	AWARD3	TECHNOLOGY	2019
11	APPLE	INVENTOR1	AWARD3	TECHNOLOGY	2002
17	LAPTOP	INVENTOR3	AWARD3	TECHNOLOGY	2000
					2000
		D	A CIV		
		BA	ACK		

INVENTION ID	INVENTION NAME	INVENTOR NAME	AWARD NAME	AWARD CATEGORY	YEAR OF INVENTION
15	ARTIFICIAL RETINA	INVENTOR3	AWARD5	MEDICINE	2020
15	ARTIFICIAL RETINA	INVENTOR3	AWARD1	MEDICINE	2020
16	IRON BOX	INVENTOR3	AWARD2	SCIENTIFIC	1940
13	ELECTRIC BULB	INVENTOR2	AWARD2	SCIENTIFIC	1920
14	AIR POD	INVENTOR2	AWARD3	TECHNOLOGY	2019
11	APPLE	INVENTOR1	AWARD3	TECHNOLOGY	2002
17	LAPTOP	INVENTOR3	AWARD3	TECHNOLOGY	2000
			ACV		
		В	ACK		

INVENTION DETAILS							
INVENTION II	INVENTION ID		и				
INVENTION N	INVENTION NAME		APPLE				
CATEGORY	CATEGORY		TECHNOLOGY				
YEAR OF INV	YEAR OF INVENTION		MEDICINE SCIENTIFIC TECHNOLOGY				
STORY BEHIN	STORY BEHIND		MEDICINE MOBILE COMMUNICATION				
ADD INVENTION	VIEW INVENTI	IONS	VIEW AWARDS				
VIEW NOMINATIONS	VIEW RESULT		LOGOUT				

INVENTION DETAILS INVENTION ID INVENTION NAME APPLE CATEGORY YEAR OF INVENTION STORY BEHIND MOBILE COMMUNICATION ADD INVENTION VIEW NOMINATIONS VIEW NOMINATIONS VIEW RESULT LOGOUT

JURY MEMBER DETAILS							
ID		QUALIFICATION					
NAME		AWARD CATEGORY	MEDICINE				
COUNTRY		SPECIALIZATION	MEDICINE SCIENTIFIC TECHNOLOGY				
EMAIL		YEAR OF EXPERIENCE	MEDICINE				
GENDER		ENTER USERNAME					
PHONE NO		ENTER PASSWORD					
	REGISTER	ВАСК					

	AWARD ID	AWARD NAME	AWARD CATEGORY	REWARD AMOUNT	SPONSORED BY
AT AWARD1 MEDICINE 100000 ACADEMY A2 AWARD2 SICIENTIFIC 200000 EMMY A3 AWARD3 TECHNOLOGY 500000 EDISON A5 AWARD5 MEDICINE 50000 EMISS					
AZ AWARDZ SCIENTIFIC 200000 EMMY A3 AWARD3 TECHNOLOGY 500000 EDISON A5 AWARD5 MEDICINE 50000 EMISS	A1				
AS AWARDS MEDICINE 50000 EDISON AS AWARDS MEDICINE 50000 EMISS	A2				
AS AVVARDS MEDICINE 50000 EMISS	A3				
	A5	AWARD5	MEDICINE	50000	EMISS
DACU			DACK		
BACK			BAUN		

Done By,

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- ✓ Rahan Manoj AM.EN.U4CSE19144
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THANKYOU!!!