DATE_FORMAT(): Displays date/time data in different formats.Syntax:

```
DATE_FORMAT(date,format);
```

date is a valid date and format specifies the output format for the date/time. The formats that can be used are:

- %a-Abbreviated weekday name (Sun-Sat)
- %b-Abbreviated month name (Jan-Dec)
- %c-Month, numeric (0-12)
- %D-Day of month with English suffix (0th, 1st, 2nd, 3rd)
- %d-Day of month, numeric (00-31)
- %e-Day of month, numeric (0-31)
- %f-Microseconds (000000-999999)
- %H-Hour (00-23)
- %h-Hour (01-12)
- %I-Hour (01-12)
- %i-Minutes, numeric (00-59)
- %j-Day of year (001-366)
- %k-Hour (0-23)
- %l-Hour (1-12)
- %M-Month name (January-December)
- %m-Month, numeric (00-12)
- %p-AM or PM
- %r-Time, 12-hour (hh:mm:ss followed by AM or PM)
- %S-Seconds (00-59)
- %s-Seconds (00-59)
- %T-Time, 24-hour (hh:mm:ss)
- %U-Week (00-53) where Sunday is the first day of week
- %u-Week (00-53) where Monday is the first day of week
- %V-Week (01-53) where Sunday is the first day of week, used with %X
- %v-Week (01-53) where Monday is the first day of week, used with %x
- %W-Weekday name (Sunday-Saturday)
- %w-Day of the week (0=Sunday, 6=Saturday)
- %X-Year for the week where Sunday is the first day of week, four digits, used with %V
- %x-Year for the week where Monday is the first day of week, four digits, used with %v
- %Y-Year, numeric, four digits
- %y-Year, numeric, two digits

Example:

```
DATE_FORMAT(NOW(),'%d %b %y')
```

Result:

```
13 Jan 17
```