EX Un bersalo d Liz B4 07

masse relective 169.11 g/mol

9 = 2.4 g/am3 d = 10 mm

irraggat car faiso de protoni car E=675 keV

e potens P= \$ 6.75. pW

pe produre p+ "B -> "C + 3 "He

Un welntre cope il 30% dell'augob soldo e oven 24000 renson in un unint

(a) Nomes et potons de avrier el bersagles rell'unitur de temps

 $\phi = \frac{\rho}{E} = \frac{6.75 \, \mu \text{W}}{675 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 1.6 \cdot 10^{-19}} = 6.25 \cdot 10^7 \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ 

(b) Nume de berseyl "B pa miti de volume "grad sore i beseyl?"

in guarde  $n = \frac{N_A}{A}$ 

$$[n] = 60 \text{ cm}^{-3} = \frac{[NA]}{[A]} [g] = \frac{[NA]}{[A]}$$

$$= \frac{mol^{-1}}{g/mol} g/an^{3} = cm^{-3} ok$$

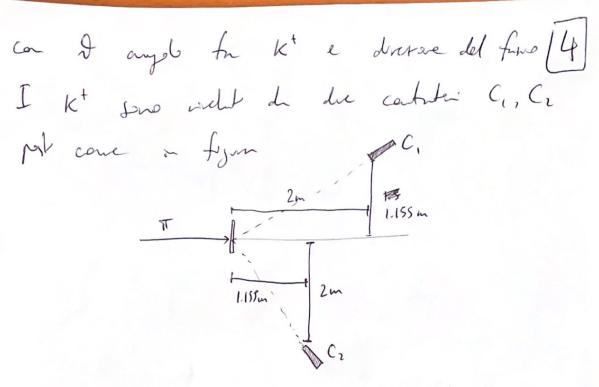
un coin st encolante?

gret muser der enen noltplent pa (4) (B4, grate atom B per st) 2 pa (8) (allowant isotpin)

$$n("B) = 4.0.8 \cdot \frac{N_A}{A} g = 4.0.8 \cdot \frac{6.021 \cdot 10^{23}}{169.11} \cdot 2.4 = 2.7 \cdot 10^{22} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

Suppiume de la rute e 
$$N_r = \frac{27000}{60} s^{-1}$$
  
=  $450 s^{-1}$ 

ed Nr = 5. p. ns. V. (E) qui E=301. No No No de No no de No no de V= ds  $\phi = N_{P/S}$ 2 superfice, serve del Fries 6 6.25 · 10<sup>7</sup> · 2.7 · 10<sup>22</sup> · 10 · 10 · 10 · 0 · 3 8 · 9 · 10<sup>-25</sup> cm<sup>2</sup> = 0.89 burn EX/2 Fino d poni I= 1 nA a bersaglo d grafte: C, ge= 2 g/am3, te=6, Ac=12 de sperse d=1 cm S. impage de la sisone d'est de podrae dikt rell'interessie de Tt can miche de C alter to form  $\frac{d6}{d\Omega} = 60 (1+x\cos\theta)$ > #+ C > K+ (+ X)



I die vielster to se ubudic e hum serore order d rygo r= 5 au

(a) x=? Superlo de il rapporto fin i castegii  $R=\frac{N_1}{N_2}=0.756$ 

Allen, entrond i vielet som alle stesen detouch

L= V 1.1552+ 22 = 2.31 m

e hume stern aren => softule 6 stern angolidable  $\Delta\Omega = \frac{\pi r^2}{L^2} = 0.00147 \text{ sr}$ 

$$R = \frac{N_1}{N_2} = \frac{1 + \alpha \cos \theta_1}{1 + \alpha \cos \theta_2}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1-R}{R \cos \theta_2 - \cos \theta_1} = -0.5$$

$$\cos \theta_2 = \frac{1.155 \, \text{m}}{L} = 0.5$$

$$\cos \theta_1 = \frac{2 \, \text{m}}{L} = 0.866$$

Serve d'ut mtyrit sil C,  $6, = \frac{d6}{d\Omega} \Lambda\Omega = 60 (1+0000, ) \Delta\Omega$ per  $\Delta\Omega (1)$ 

$$= \frac{N_{\pi}}{A_{c}} \frac{N_{A}}{A_{c}} \rho_{c} \cdot 6, \quad d = \frac{I_{\pi}}{e} \frac{N_{A}}{A_{c}} \rho_{c} \cdot 6, \quad (1+a\cos\theta, ) \Delta\Omega_{d}$$

grad sore i

$$\dot{N}_{tt} = \frac{I_{t}}{e}$$

$$\frac{I_{\overline{v}}}{e} \cdot \frac{N_{A}}{A_{c}} \int_{C}^{\infty} \left(1 + \alpha \cos \theta_{1}\right) \Delta \Omega d$$

$$= \frac{1.10^{-9}}{1.6\cdot10^{-12}} \cdot \frac{6.021\cdot10^{23}}{12} \left(1 - 0.5\cdot0.5\right) \cdot 0.00147 \cdot 1400$$

Arrowende de la server d'est son la sourme d'server d'est per nucleure (n=p) => quale i le spensere d' per avance sterne unte de grafte?

Serve d'et par single nicleure  $\frac{d\sigma_n}{dx} = \frac{1}{A_c} \frac{d\sigma}{dx} = \frac{1}{12dx}$ 

$$N_{H} = N_{\pi} \cdot \frac{N_{4}}{A_{H}} \cdot \beta_{H2} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{A_{c}} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \cdot d'$$

voylande gresh en he stime de pen i- C.

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$ 

Un finos de potri e partielle à con E=6 GeV parse in spethometro con B=2T

B#O

Granderaum

d 3 th S,

D S2

e poi panar à due sontllater de Na I spessi 2 cm e post a D=5 m l'ins dall'altre

$$N_{n}I$$
:  $\frac{2}{A} = 0.45$   $\rho = 3.67 \frac{9}{am^3}$   $cI_7 = 452 \text{ eV}$ 

$$X_0 = 2.59 \text{ am}$$

mp = 0.938 GeV mx = 3.727 GeV

a Contrace i de fixi

on p=qRB

le de partielle farans triettere ducce per de

1) hums t yrde un u doesen

2) hour une dresa (e + 2e)

 $p = qRB \Rightarrow R = \frac{f}{qB}$ 

on  $\rho_{e} = \sqrt{E^{2} - m_{\rho}^{2}} = \sqrt{6^{2} - 0.938^{2}} = 5.93 \text{ GeV}$   $\rho_{x} = \sqrt{E^{2} - m_{\rho}^{2}} = \sqrt{6^{2} - 3.717^{2}} = 4.70 \text{ GeV}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  Rp[m] =  $\frac{P_p [GeV]}{G.3 \cdot B[T]} = \frac{5.93}{G.3 \cdot 2} = 9.88 GeV$ 

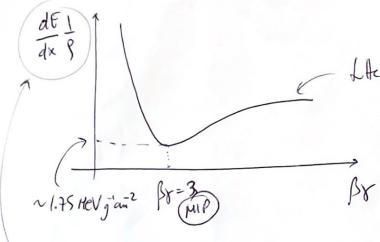
 $R_{\alpha}[m] = \frac{\rho_{\alpha}[6eV]}{0.6 \cdot B[t]} = \frac{4.70}{0.6 \cdot 2} = 3.92 \text{ GeV}$ 

(3) Colcolare energa deposition rel primo scintillate

dt = (dt) + (dt) prom C = 0.307 MeV g' cm² = depende du materale

O : de partielle

PARENTESI



the core pa dues ( Se 9=1 => 7=1

k g=2 => 7 =4!)

dt 1 ? Penle :

8, 7, (I) dependes de unterde

MA 7 0.5 per unteral stubil

Ir ~ 7 mm sh dent a log

and de 1 drule 200 du untwale

Paragram 
$$\beta_{Y}=3$$
 HIP

 $\beta_{Y}>3 \Rightarrow \frac{d\xi}{dx}\frac{1}{5} \sim \frac{1}{\beta^{2}}$ 
 $\beta_{Y}>3 \Rightarrow \frac{d\xi}{dx}\frac{1}{5} \sim \frac{1}{6}$ 

And  $\beta_{Y}>3 \Rightarrow \frac{d\xi}{dx}\frac{1}{6} \sim \frac{1}{6}$ 

And  $\beta_{Y}>3 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \sim \frac{1}{6} \sim \frac{1}{6}$ 

And  $\beta_{Y}>3 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{6} \sim \frac{1}{6} \sim \frac{1}{6} \sim$ 

$$\left(\frac{d\theta}{dx}\right)_{d} = 6.307 \cdot 3.67 \cdot 0.47 \cdot \frac{4}{6.783^{2}} \cdot \left[\ln\left(\frac{2-0.511\cdot10^{6} \cdot 0.783^{2}\cdot1.61}{452}\right) - 0.783^{2}\right]$$

$$= 25 \text{ MeV/cm}$$

$$\Delta E_{\rho} = \left(\frac{dE}{dx}\right)_{\rho} \cdot d = 5.4 \cdot 2 = 10.8 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Delta E_{\alpha} = \left(\frac{dE}{dx}\right)_{\alpha} \cdot d = 25 \cdot 2 = 50 \text{ MeV}$$

A les force le cox per bore brignerelle vicalcolare le every depe ou perso every in Si, man oute & de pendro 50 Mer conta perso (50 Mer <6 GeV)

anyolo quadrateo medo de scattery [12]
scattery (alombas (elasteo)

anyolo de defense d

x=d (51)

 $(\sqrt{2}) = \sqrt{2} \text{ MeV} \sim (21 \text{ MeV}) \frac{t}{c\beta \rho} \sqrt{\frac{x}{x_0}}$   $\sqrt{\frac{t}{x_0}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{x_0}}$