$$K_{soylu} = \frac{(m_n + m_p + m_{\pi})^2 - 4m_p^2}{2m_p} = 235 \text{ MeV}$$

$$E_{1}^{2} = E_{1}^{2} + M_{\overline{q}}^{2} + 2E_{1}M_{\overline{q}}$$

$$M_{p}^{2} + \rho_{p}^{2} = M_{1}^{2} + \rho_{1}^{2} + M_{\overline{q}}^{2} + 2E_{1}M_{\overline{q}}$$

$$E_{1} = \frac{M_{p}^{2} - M_{1}^{2} - M_{2}^{2}}{2M_{\overline{q}}} < 0$$

© assumans on
$$K_1M_p = 1.25$$
 GeV
e de $(\pi^+ p) = \Delta^{++}$ $M_{\Delta} = 1232$ MeV
 $pp \rightarrow n \Delta^{++}$
 $L \rightarrow p\pi^+$

$$E_{p} = K_{p} + m_{p} = 2.188 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|S| = |S| = \sqrt{|E_{p} + m_{p}|^{2} - P_{p}^{2}} = \sqrt{|E_{p}^{2} + m_{p}|^{2} + 2E_{p}m_{p} - P_{p}^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{2m_{p}^{2} + 2E_{p}m_{p}} = 2422 \text{ MeV}$$

(5 rello si. vol LAB e' form » il problem er equivalente a un partiella et mann
$$M = 55$$
 de decade in 2 corpi $X \to D^{++}n$

Il CAM & invove con:

$$\sqrt[3]{cn} = \frac{E_{ror}}{\sqrt[3]{5}} = \frac{E_{p} + m_{p}}{\sqrt[3]{5}} = 1.29$$

pono viare the le fruite del decabrato a de cop per venne En we CAM (M2205) -> e' monocountre od Cdu! 4 En = S + mn - ms = 1080 MeV p" = \(\varepsilon_n^2 = 532 MeV \) rective i qual on = T Veneya un del n dr Can n p Eu = Vcm (Eu - Pcm Pu) = 960 MeV augolo um for u e DIA M LAB May Nel Cam: $\beta_n^* = \frac{\rho_n^*}{E_n^*} = 0.492$ $\beta_{\Delta}^{*} = \frac{\rho_{\Delta}^{*}}{E_{\Delta}^{*}} = \frac{\rho_{\alpha}^{*}}{\sqrt{\rho_{\alpha}^{*2} + m_{\Delta}^{2}}} = 0.396$ vist de Boc fam e Buc fam grant 2 = 180° -> &=0 =) anyole minus e' 0

EXAME 2017 WOUD
EX S viole minue le 6 bille dell'interiore [4]
$(\pi \circ)$
I wonde un frico de pour re lengho
il burgle pro ence o de policiblere:
(CH2, 8cm2 0.89 9/am , CH2)
$(C = 2-21 g/cm^3, Ac = 12)$
a la spense del bersylo di C e de l'amo di Si determina la spense dana tra il momo di sordei di C pa la strua rei die bersylo rardei di C pa la strua rei die bersylo
in general Nacles = TVATPV = A
Habrico Habrico S A Marine Marine
e so sare con pele: spen S & semplifier (non were more dute)
(non were church ditt)

deurhod [5] gent nel moto como Nc = NA Sc Sdc e deuxhi de nolecde CH2 Non = Na Benz Sden noi veytime de il numer d'ales d'a son 6 MA NO CHE CO ON PG C in op CH2 so see see notyline NA Pc Sde = NA Son Sdour denz = de Pc Acre = 2.9 cm meno un wiehler des il benglo Sungle Mulder So were de al from morch e 94%. de galle in enten vianto il berigho de

Determine In separe d'its the (
$$\pi$$
-C) $\overline{16}$

$$I(x) = I_0 e$$

$$N_0 = \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{1$$

(C) Con : l berglo d CH2 l'attenuorse 17 l' 931. Considerable de la voite d'interassori tr- € CHz e' la sousse de (N-4C) c (N-4H) e de il numer de atens de C e 6 Sten ici du persol, determare la serve d'ute totale o (TP) & MCHZ I(d) = 0.93 = e Schi NA Genz denz (4) $G_{CH_2} = \frac{-\ln(0.93)}{(n_{CH_2} \cdot d_{CH_2})}$ $N_{CH2} = \frac{N_A S_{CH2}}{A_{CH2}} = \frac{6.021 \cdot 15^{23} \cdot 0.89}{14} = 3.8 \cdot 10^{22}$ $\frac{-h(0.93)}{n_{cm}d_{cm}} = 0.65b$ = 6(T-+ CH2) = 6 (T-+C) + 6(T-+H2) $= 6(\pi^- + c) + 2o(\pi^- + p)$

$$= \frac{6(\pi + cH_{1}) - 6(\pi + cH_{2})}{2}$$

$$= \frac{6382}{2} = \frac{0.63 - 0.56}{2} = 0.035$$

$$= 6.0455 = 45 \text{ mb}$$

PAN UN DATO MATERIANS CON 8, A, Z

NA P deur hi de aucle:

NA P. Z deur hi de protoni

NA S (A-Z) deur hi de realeni

etc.

S show Vy+n -> p-+P would in flore de 1015 nection /m2 su in berglo d 15 towellate d femo (A-56, Z=26) La openne 160 event. 5=? 5 (vm+n → m-+p) S serve del formes del spekine del bersalio beragl $6 = \frac{N_r}{N_r} \frac{1}{n_n d} = \frac{N_r}{N_r} \cdot \frac{S}{n_n d \cdot S} = \frac{N_r}{N_r}$ e nn = Nn /=> nn V= Nn G Nr = Pr - 10 " neutro/m2 c wimen Nn

Nr = 160

$$N_{n} = (n_{0})V = \frac{N_{A} ?}{A} (A-2)V = N_{A} \frac{(A-2)}{A} M$$

$$M = gV$$

$$M_{n} = dunh d \frac{Nevrnon!}{I}$$

$$= 15 tan$$

$$M_{n} = \frac{N_{A} ?}{A} (A-2)$$

$$= \frac{N_{h}(A-t)}{A}M = \frac{6.011.10^{23}(56-26)}{56}$$

$$= \frac{N_{h}(A-t)}{A}M = \frac{$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{N_{r}}{6} = \frac{160}{10^{13} \cdot 4.84 \cdot 10^{3}} = 3.3 \cdot 10^{-44} \text{ m}^{+2}$$

$$= 3.3 \cdot 10^{-16} \text{ b}$$

$$= 3.3 \cdot 10^{-16} \text{ b}$$

$$= 0.33 \text{ fb}$$

I & Browns I vole pedrae en fisce de pe monte en freco de potri a Senglo prp -> #+n+P e poi to spiry @ il fosco d plan he conate Ip = 0.05 mA e an serve S = 10 an2 e il berighe hu P = 0.0193 Kg/cm3 d = 2 am e de 6(pp > totup) = 1.5 mb Culular il anna de prais prodoti rell'uiti de tempo No = 6 0 Ns $N_b = \frac{N_A}{\Delta} \stackrel{\dagger}{Z} \cdot M =$ = 1.5 ml $= \frac{N_A}{A} \frac{2}{9} PV =$ = Na Zp Sd

 $N_{\pi} = 6 \cdot \frac{I_{P}}{eg} \cdot \frac{N_{A}}{A} \approx 8 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1}$ [12] ATTENDONE! meter ping: gras serpe S e' mble (que e' dute sypathie) P = 0.0193 kg/m3 = 19.3 9/cm3 dul yanet in in veyes politi : pour commons a deule T+ > por porton can who wedon To = 2.6.15 Ps & i pai home velochi 0,980 vella dierre del himel, grunde deve errer lugo : 1 Lunel per produce un corente de p d 0.5 p.A Allen No(t) - No e-t/t CA No(x) = No e x/Byct (d) In(x) = Io e x/fret E vist de #+ > pr vm @ In(x) = In- In(x) on In, = Nre = 4.38.101251.1.6.10-19C= = 0.7 MA

For once $J_{\mu}(x) = 0.5 \,\mu A$ $\exists T_{\pi}(x) = 0.7 - 0.5 = 0.2 \,\mu A$ $\exists 0.2 \,\mu A = J_{0}e^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{0.2}{0.7} = e^{-\frac{1}{2}} = e^{-\frac{$