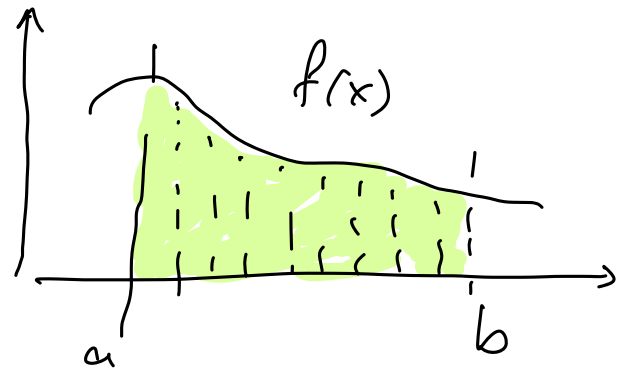


# Integrazione Con Metodo Monte Carlo

$$I = \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

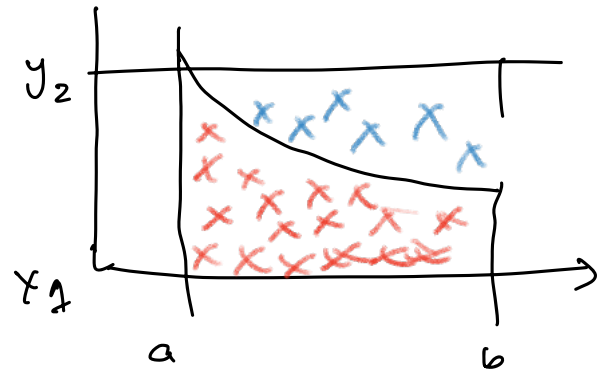
$$f(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F(x)$$

$$I = F(b) - F(a)$$



Metodo hit & miss:

$$I = (y_2 - y_1) \times (b - a) \times \frac{N_{dentro}}{N_{totale}}$$

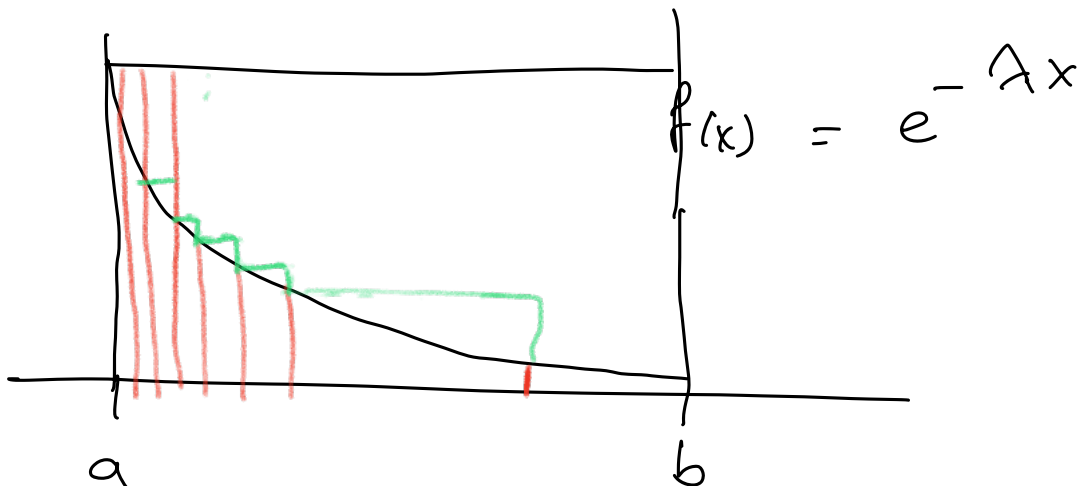


$N_{dentro}$ : punti rossi: sotto la curva.

$N_{totale}$ : punti generati nel rettangolo.

genero  $(x_i, y_i)$  2 num. casuali.

$y_i < f(x_i)$  punto dentro



# Metodo Monte Carlo

$$I = \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b \underbrace{\frac{f(x)}{p(x)}}_{S(x)} p(x) dx$$

$p(x)$ : funzione a scelta  $S(x) = \frac{f(x)}{p(x)}$

$$\int_a^b p(x) dx = 1$$

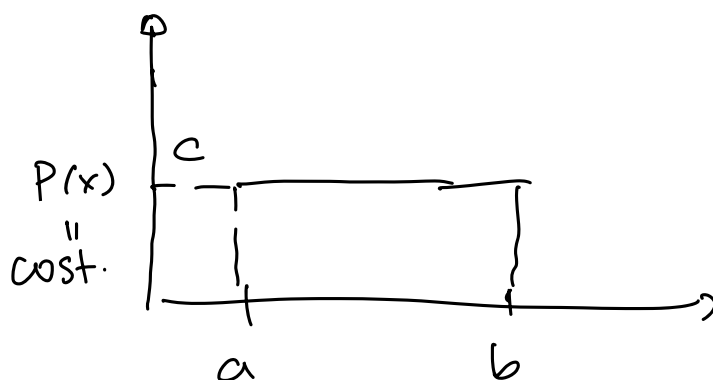
$$I = \int_a^b S(x) p(x) dx \quad \text{con} \quad \int_a^b p(x) dx = 1$$

Valore medio di  $S(x)$  con distrib. di prob.  $p(x)$

$$I = \langle S(x) \rangle = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N S(x_i)$$

$x_i$ : numeri estratti casualmente  
secondo distribuzione  $p(x)$ .  
 $x_i \in [a, b]$

$$S(x_i) = \frac{f(x_i)}{p(x_i)}$$



$$\int_a^b p(x) dx = 1 = c \times (b-a)$$

$$\Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{b-a}$$

$$p(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & x \in [a, b] \\ 0 & \text{fuori} \end{cases}$$



$$x \in [a, b) \quad x = a + (b-a) * \text{rand48}() / \text{RAND\_MAX}$$

$$\sum_i S(x_i)$$

sum = 0;

for(i=0; i < npunti; i++) {

    x = a + (b-a) \* —

    sum += f(x) \* (b-a)

}

sum = sum / npunti;

$$S(x) = \frac{f(x)}{p(x)} = \frac{f(x)}{\frac{1}{b-a}} = (b-a) f(x)$$

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

double myf(double);

int main() {
    double sum = 0;
    double a=0., b=3;

    int npt;
    for(npt=10; npt<=1e6; npt*=10) {
        sum = 0;
        for(int i=0; i<npt; i++) {
            double x = a + (b-a)*rand48()/RAND_MAX;
            sum += myf(x);
        }
        sum = (b-a)*sum/npt;

        printf("#punti: %8d \t Integral: %.5f\n", npt, sum);
    }

    return 0;
}

double myf(double x) {
    return x*x;
}
```

$$\sum_i a x_i = a \sum_i x_i$$

$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$\int_0^3 x^2 dx$$

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{3} x^3$$

$$\int_0^3 x^2 dx = \left. \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right|_0^3$$

$$= 9$$

#punti:	10	Integral:	6.99096
#punti:	100	Integral:	9.49756
#punti:	1000	Integral:	8.83431
#punti:	10000	Integral:	9.00245
#punti:	100000	Integral:	8.98946
#punti:	1000000	Integral:	9.01072