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## SMA\_Labsheet - 7: Detecting communities in large networks using networkx package

### EXERCISSE - 1

1. Import the networkx package and set up the environment to initialise communities

```
In [6]: import networkx as nx
import networkx.algorithms.community as nxcom
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
plt.rcParams.update(plt.rcParamsDefault)
plt.rcParams.update({'figure.figsize': (15, 10)})
```

```
In [7]: import random
from numpy import random as nprand
random.seed(123)
nprand.seed(123)
```

2. Initialise the karate club graph and find the number of communities

```
In [11]: G_karate = nx.karate_club_graph()
communities = sorted(nxcom.greedy_modularity_communities(G_karate), key=len, r
print(f"The karate club has {len(communities)} communities.")
```

The karate club has 3 communities.

3. Define utility functions to assign the communities to nodes and edges

```
In [13]: def set_node_community(G, communities):
        '''Add community to node attributes'''
        for c, v_c in enumerate(communities):
            for v in v_c:
                G.nodes[v]['community'] = c + 1
```

```
In [14]: def set_edge_community(G):
        '''Find internal edges and add their community to their attributes'''
        for v, w, in G.edges:
            if G.nodes[v]['community'] == G.nodes[w]['community']:
                G.edges[v, w]['community'] = G.nodes[v]['community']
            else:
                G.edges[v, w]['community'] = 0
```

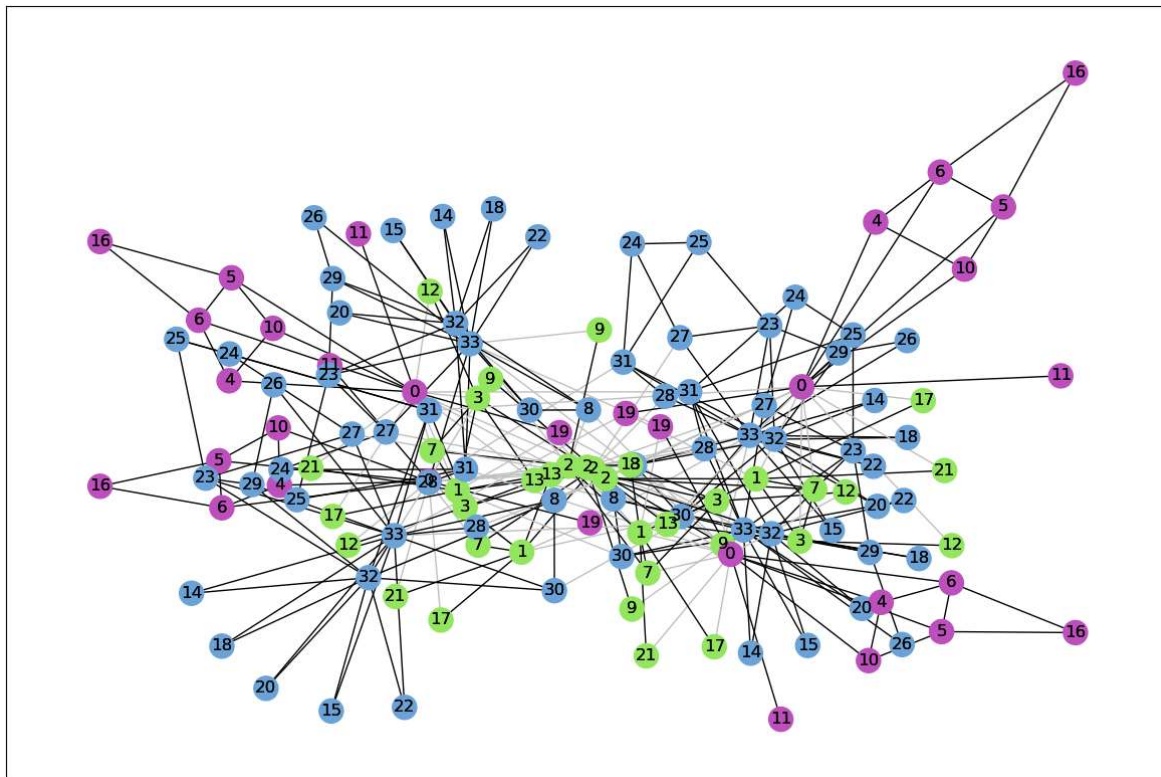
```
In [15]: def get_color(i, r_off=1, g_off=1, b_off=1):
        '''Assign a color to a vertex.'''
        r0, g0, b0 = 0, 0, 0
        n = 16
        low, high = 0.1, 0.9
        span = high - low
        r = low + span * (((i + r_off) * 3) % n) / (n - 1)
        g = low + span * (((i + g_off) * 5) % n) / (n - 1)
        b = low + span * (((i + b_off) * 7) % n) / (n - 1)
        return (r, g, b)
```

#### 4. Visualise the communities by plotting the graph

```
In [16]: set_node_community(G_karate, communities)
        set_edge_community(G_karate)
        node_color = [get_color(G_karate.nodes[v]['community']) for v in G_karate.nodes]
```

```
In [17]: external = [(v, w) for v, w in G_karate.edges if G_karate.edges[v, w]['community'] != G_karate.nodes[v]['community']]
        internal = [(v, w) for v, w in G_karate.edges if G_karate.edges[v, w]['community'] == G_karate.nodes[v]['community']]
        internal_color = ['black' for e in internal]
```

```
In [23]: karate_pos = nx.spring_layout(G_karate)
plt.rcParams.update({'figure.figsize': (15, 10)})
nx.draw_networkx(G_karate, pos=karate_pos, node_size=0, edgelist=external, edge_co
nx.draw_networkx(G_karate, pos=karate_pos, node_color=node_color, edgelist=intern
plt.show()
```



## Exercise - 2

1. Import the facebook dataset and find the communities using the above steps

```
In [44]: data_path = './facebook_combined.txt'
G_social = nx.read_edgelist(data_path)
```

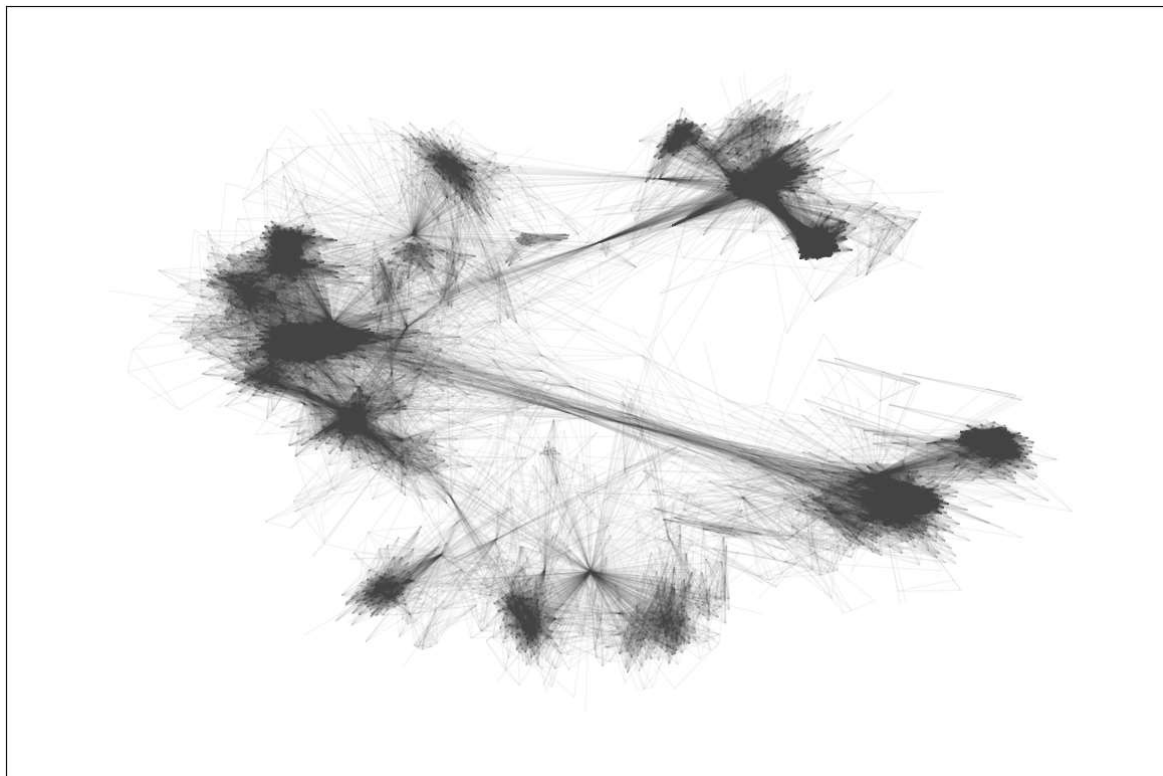
```
In [41]: df = open("facebook_combined.txt", "r")  
print(df.read())
```

```
0 1  
0 2  
0 3  
0 4  
0 5  
0 6  
0 7  
0 8  
0 9  
0 10  
0 11  
0 12  
0 13  
0 14  
0 15  
0 16  
0 17  
0 18  
0 19  
~ ~
```

2. Plot the graph and visualise it

```
In [45]: G_social = nx.read_edgelist(data_path)
```

```
In [46]: pos = nx.spring_layout(G_social, k=0.1)
plt.rcParams.update({'figure.figsize': (15, 10)})
nx.draw_networkx(G_social, pos=pos, node_size=0, edge_color="#444444", alpha=0.05,
plt.show())
```



### 3. Render the graph using the defined utility functions

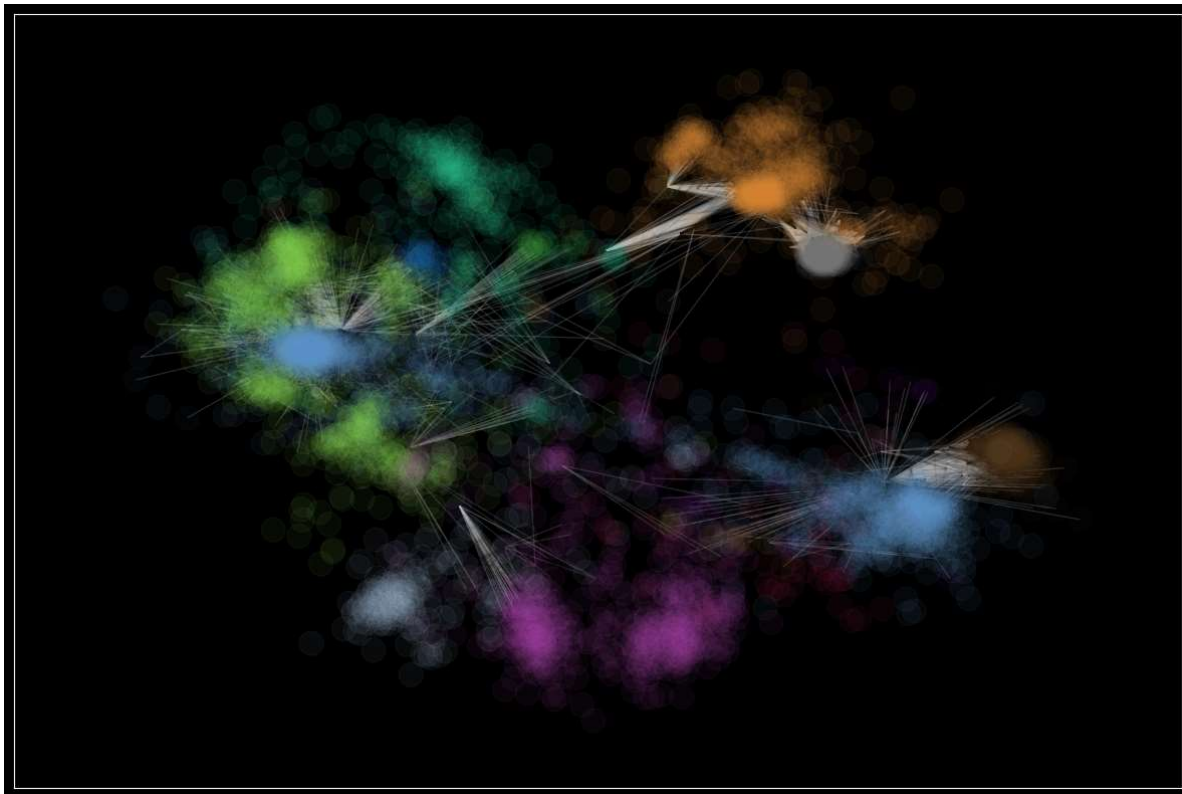
```
In [47]: communities = sorted(nxcom.greedy_modularity_communities(G_social), key=len, r
len(communities))
```

Out[47]: 16

```
In [48]: plt.rcParams.update(plt.rcParamsDefault)
plt.rcParams.update({'figure.figsize': (15, 10)})
plt.style.use('dark_background')
set_node_community(G_social, communities)
set_edge_community(G_social)
```

```
In [49]: external = [(v, w) for v, w in G_social.edges if G_social.edges[v, w]['communi
internal = [(v, w) for v, w in G_social.edges if G_social.edges[v, w]['communi
internal_color = ["black" for e in internal]
node_color = [get_color(G_social.nodes[v]['community']) for v in G_social.node
```

```
In [50]: nx.draw_networkx(G_social,pos=pos,node_size=0,edgelist=external,edge_color="si
nx.draw_networkx(G_social, pos=pos,edgelist=internal,edge_color=internal_color
plt.show()
```



4. Apply Girvan Community Detection to find the communities from the 2 datasets - karate club and facebook

```
In [51]: result = nxcom.girvan_newman(G_karate)
communities = next(result)
len(communities)
```

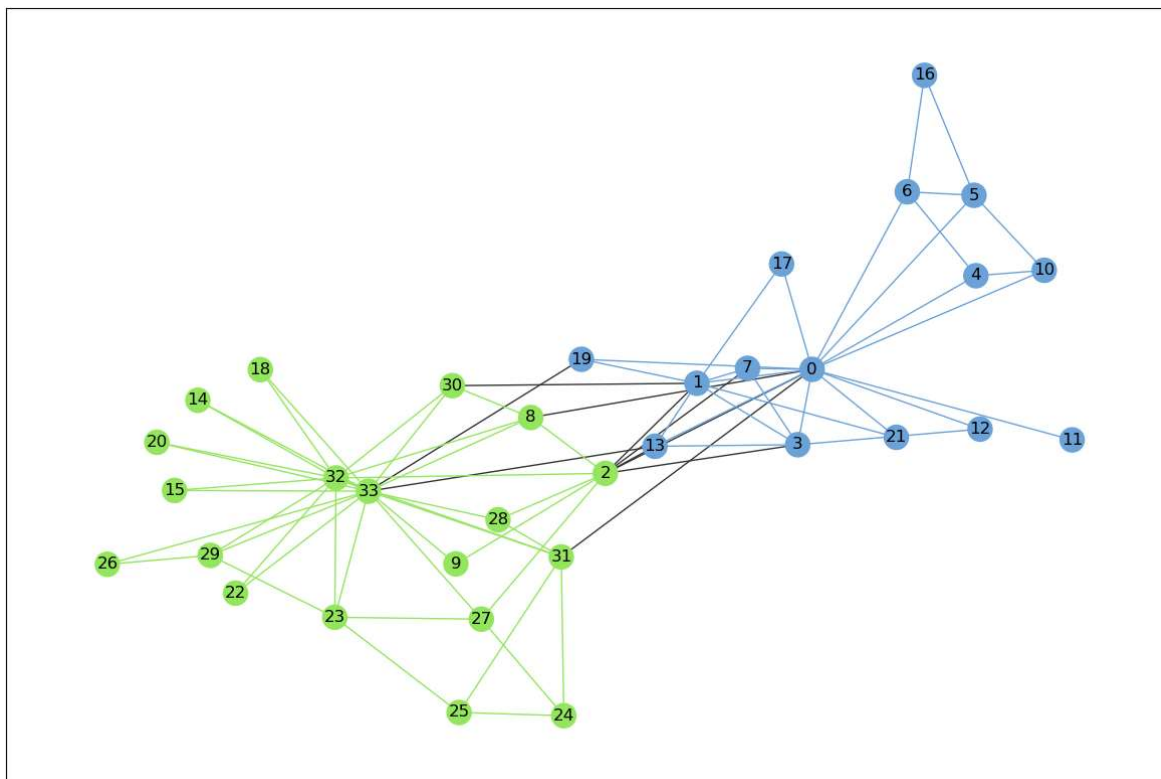
Out[51]: 2

```
In [52]: plt.rcParams.update(plt.rcParamsDefault)
plt.rcParams.update({'figure.figsize': (15, 10)})
```

```
In [53]: set_node_community(G_karate, communities)
set_edge_community(G_karate)
```

```
In [54]: node_color = [get_color(G_karate.nodes[v]['community']) for v in G_karate.nodes]
external = [(v, w) for v, w in G_karate.edges if G_karate.edges[v, w]['community'] == 'external']
internal = [(v, w) for v, w in G_karate.edges if G_karate.edges[v, w]['community'] == 'internal']
internal_color = [get_color(G_karate.edges[e]['community']) for e in internal]
karate_pos = nx.spring_layout(G_karate)
```

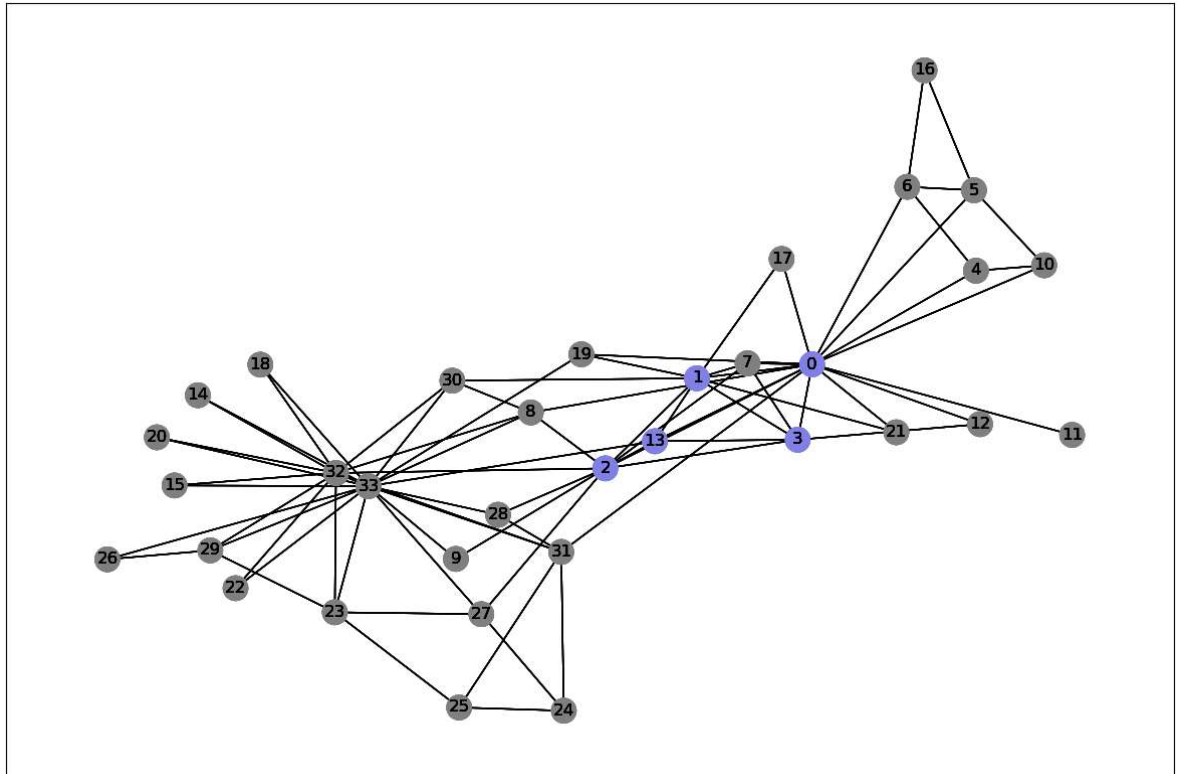
```
In [55]: nx.draw_networkx(G_karate, pos=karate_pos, node_size=0, edgelist=external, edge_color='black')
nx.draw_networkx(G_karate, pos=karate_pos, node_color=node_color, edgelist=internal, edge_color='green')
plt.show()
```



5. Find the Cliques, k-plex and k-core from the graph

In [56]: *#Cliques*

```
plt.rcParams.update(plt.rcParamsDefault)
plt.rcParams.update({'figure.figsize': (15, 10)})
cliques = list(nx.find_cliques(G_karate))
max_clique = max(cliques, key=len)
node_color = [(0.5, 0.5, 0.5) for v in G_karate.nodes()]
for i, v in enumerate(G_karate.nodes()):
    if v in max_clique:
        node_color[i] = (0.5, 0.5, 0.9)
    nx.draw_networkx(G_karate, node_color=node_color, pos=karate_pos)
plt.show()
```



In [58]: *# k-core*

```
G_core_30 = nx.k_core(G_social, 30)
G_core_60 = nx.k_core(G_social, 60)
```



```
In [59]: plt.rcParams.update(plt.rcParamsDefault)
plt.rcParams.update({'figure.figsize': (15, 10)})
plt.style.use('dark_background')
pos = nx.spring_layout(G_social, k=0.1)
nx.draw_networkx(G_social, pos=pos, node_size=0, edge_color="#333333", alpha=0.05)
nx.draw_networkx(G_core_30, pos=pos, node_size=0, edge_color="green", alpha=0.05)
nx.draw_networkx(G_core_60, pos=pos, node_size=0, edge_color="red", alpha=0.05)
plt.show()
```

