Natural-Disasters-Intensity-Analysis-And-Classification-Using-Ai

Natural disasters not only disturb the human ecological system but also destroy the properties and critical infrastructures of human societies and even lead to permanent change in the ecosystem. Disaster can be caused by naturally occurring events such as earthquakes, cyclones, floods, and wildfires. Many deep learning techniques have been applied by various researchers to detect and classify natural disasters to overcome losses in ecosystems, but detection of natural disasters still faces issues due to the complex and imbalanced structures of images. To tackle this problem, we developed a multilayered deep convolutional neural network model that classifies the natural disaster and tells the intensity of disaster of natural The model uses an integrated webcam to capture the video frame and the video frame is compared with the Pretrained model and the type of disaster is identified and showcased on the OpenCV window.

Dataset Link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/11-FdbTaJVrpwQmaCLV5gYYDQlfTeD0uz/view?usp=sharing

```
import tensorflow
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Flatten
from keras.lavers import Conv2D, MaxPool2D
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from keras.layers import Dropout
from keras.models import load_model
import numpy as np
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,shear_range=0.2,zoom_range=0.2,horizontal_flip=True)
test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
!unzip /content/drive/MyDrive/dataset.zip
     Archive: /content/drive/MyDrive/dataset.zip
     \label{lem:condition} \mbox{replace dataset/readme.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename:} \\
train_ds = train_datagen.flow_from_directory('/content/dataset/train_set', target_size=(64, 64), class_mode='categorical', batch_size=5
test_ds = train_datagen.flow_from_directory('/content/dataset/test_set', target_size=(64, 64), class_mode='categorical', batch_size=5, (
     Found 742 images belonging to 4 classes.
     Found 198 images belonging to 4 classes.
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32,(3,3), input_shape=(64, 64, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(2,2))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Conv2D(32,(3,3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(2,2))
model.add(Dropout(0.3))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(4, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()
     Model: "sequential"
      Layer (type)
                                   Output Shape
                                                              Param #
      conv2d (Conv2D)
                                   (None, 62, 62, 32)
      max pooling2d (MaxPooling2D (None, 31, 31, 32)
                                                              a
      dropout (Dropout)
                                   (None, 31, 31, 32)
                                                              0
      conv2d_1 (Conv2D)
                                   (None, 29, 29, 32)
                                                              9248
```

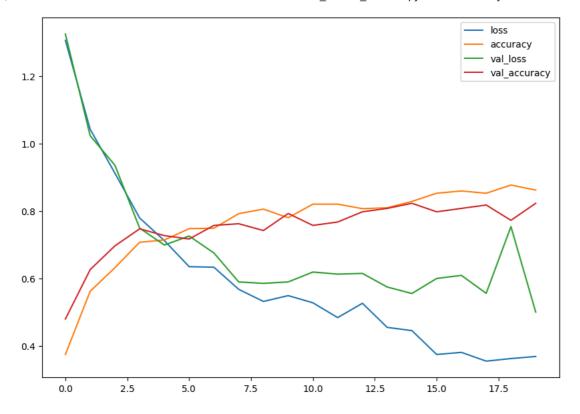
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling (None, 14, 14, 32)

```
2D)
```

dropout 1 (Dropout)

(None, 14, 14, 32)

```
flatten (Flatten)
            (None, 6272)
  dense (Dense)
            (None, 128)
                      802944
  dropout_2 (Dropout)
            (None, 128)
  dense 1 (Dense)
            (None, 4)
                      516
 Total params: 813,604
 Trainable params: 813,604
 Non-trainable params: 0
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model.fit(train_ds,
       steps_per_epoch = len(train_ds),
       epochs = 20,
       validation_data = test_ds,
       validation_steps = len(test_ds))
 Epoch 1/20
 Fnoch 2/20
 Epoch 3/20
 Epoch 4/20
 Epoch 5/20
 Epoch 6/20
 Epoch 7/20
 Epoch 8/20
 Epoch 9/20
 149/149 [====
         ==========] - 29s 193ms/step - loss: 0.5318 - accuracy: 0.8059 - val_loss: 0.5855 - val_accuracy: 0.742
 Epoch 10/20
 Epoch 11/20
 Epoch 12/20
 Epoch 13/20
 149/149 [====
        :============] - 29s 195ms/step - loss: 0.5265 - accuracy: 0.8073 - val_loss: 0.6151 - val_accuracy: 0.798
 Epoch 14/20
 149/149 [===
          Epoch 15/20
 Epoch 16/20
 149/149 [====
       Epoch 17/20
 Enoch 18/20
 149/149 [=====
       Epoch 19/20
 149/149 [==========] - 28s 187ms/step - loss: 0.3623 - accuracy: 0.8774 - val loss: 0.7542 - val accuracy: 0.772
 Epoch 20/20
 149/149 [=====
           =========] - 28s 189ms/step - loss: 0.3686 - accuracy: 0.8625 - val_loss: 0.5004 - val_accuracy: 0.825
model.save('model.h5')
result = model.evaluate(test ds)
 import pandas as pd
pd.DataFrame(history.history).plot(figsize=(10, 7));
```



```
import keras.utils as image

model = load_model('model.h5')

img = image.load_img("/content/dataset/test_set/Flood/1015.jpg", target_size = (64, 64))
img
```



array('Earthquake', dtype='<U10')</pre>