Jaypee Institute of Information and Technology Department of Mathematics

Course: Matrix Computations (16B1NMA533)

Tutorial Sheet 4 [C301-3.2]

(**Topics covered:** LU decomposition by elementary matrices, Cholesky method, Gauss Seidel method, and Gauss Jacobi method)

1. Decompose A into L and U using elementary matrices method

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Convert the following system of linear equations into matrix form and decompose A into L and U using elementary matrices method, hence obtain the value of x, y, and z

$$2x + y + z = 5$$

 $3x + 5y + 2z = 15$
 $2x + y + 4z = 8$

Solution. x = 1, y = 2, z = 1.

3. Using Cholesky's method solve the following system of linear equations

$$2x + y + z = 6$$

 $x + 3y + z = 6$
 $x + y + 2z = 5$

Solution. x = 2, y = 1, z = 1.

4. Perform **four** iterations of Jacobi's iterative method to solve the following system of linear equations $(P_0 = (x_0, y_0, z_0) = (0, 0, 0))$

$$20x + y - 2z = 17$$

$$3x + 20y - z = -18$$

$$2x - 3y + 20z = 25$$

Solution. Exact Answer: x = 1, y = -1, z = 1.

5. Perform **Three** iterations of Gauss Seidel method to solve the following system of linear equations $(P_0 = (x_0, y_0, z_0) = (0, 0, 0))$

$$20x + y - 2z = 17$$

$$3x + 20y - z = -18$$

$$2x - 3y + 20z = 25$$

Solution. Exact Answer: x = 1, y = -1, z = 1.