

Probability and Random Processes (15B11MA301)

Tutorial Sheet: 1 [C201.1]

(Approaches to Probability, Conditional Probability)

1. Three unbiased coins are tossed. What is the probability of getting at most two heads?
[Ans: 7/8]
2. If $P(A) = 0.4$, $P(B) = 0.7$ and $P(A \cap B) = 0.3$, find $P(\bar{A} \cap \bar{B})$.
[Ans: 0.2]
3. A card is taken from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. What is the probability of getting (i) either a black card or an ace or both, (ii) either an ace of diamond or an ace of hearts, (iii) either a diamond card or an ace or both?
[Ans: (i) 7/13 (ii) 1/26 (iii) 4/13]
4. A and B are two events associated with an experiment. If $P(A) = 0.4$ and $P(A \cup B) = 0.7$, find $P(B)$ if (i) A and B are mutually exclusive, (ii) A and B are independent.
[Ans: (i) 0.3 (ii) 0.5]
5. For any three events A , B and C , show that
$$P(A \cup B / C) = P(A / C) + P(B / C) - P(A \cap B / C).$$
6. If A , B and C are random events in a sample space and if A , B and C are pairwise independent and A is independent of $(B \cup C)$, then A , B and C are mutually independent.
7. In a random experiment, $P(A) = 1/12$, $P(B) = 5/12$ and $P(B / A) = 1/15$, find $P(A \cup B)$.
[Ans: 89/180]
8. One integer is chosen at random from the numbers 1, 2, 3, ..., 100. What is the probability that the chosen number is divisible by
(i) 6 or 8, and
(ii) 6 or 8 or both.
[Ans: 1/5, 6/25]
9. Let w be a complex cube root of unity with $w \neq 1$. a fair die is thrown three times. If x, y, z are the numbers obtained on the die, find the probability that $w^x + w^y + w^z = 0$.
[Ans: 2/9]
10. If $A \subset B$, $P(A) = 1/4$ and $P(B) = 1/3$, find $P(A / B)$ and $P(B / A)$.
[Ans: $P(A / B) = 3/4$ and $P(B / A) = 1$.]