Software Development Fundamentals-II (15B11CI211) Tutorial-6 [CO2]

Topic: Queue

- 1. The five items: A, B, C, D, and E are pushed in a stack, one after other starting from A. The stack is popped four items and each element is inserted in a queue. The two elements are deleted from the queue and pushed back on the stack. Now one item is popped from the stack. The popped item is?
- 2. How many stacks are needed to implement a queue? Consider the situation where no other data structure like arrays, linked list is available to you.
- 3. How many queues are needed to implement a stack? Consider the situation where no other data structure like arrays, linked list is available to you.
- 4. WAP to reverse the first K elements of a Queue

Example: Input: Q = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100] and k = 5

Output: Q = [50, 40, 30, 20, 10, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100]

5. WAP to reverse a queue using another Queue.

Example: Input: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} Output: 5 4 3 2 1

6. WAP to interleave the first half of the queue with second half.

Examples: Input: 1 2 3 4 Output: 1 3 2 4

Input: 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 Output: 11 16 12 17 13 18 14 19 15 20

- 7. Suppose there is a circle. There are n petrol pumps on that circle. You are given two sets of data;
 - a. The amount of petrol that every petrol pump has.
 - b. Distance from that petrol pump to the next petrol pump.

Calculate the first point from where a truck will be able to complete the circle (The truck will stop at each petrol pump and it has infinite capacity). Assume for 1-litre petrol, the truck can go 1 unit of distance.

Example, let there be 4 petrol pumps with amount of petrol and distance to next petrol pump value pairs as $\{4, 8\}, \{6, 5\}, \{7, 3\}$ and $\{4, 5\}$.

Output: The first point from where the truck can make a circular tour is 2nd petrol pump. Therefore, answer should be "start = 1" (index of 2nd petrol pump).