

# GENERALIZATION

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## ABSTRACT

Since September 2019, I was reading about Robustness+ Network Compression. The more I am reading, the more I get that there is a strong correlation between robustness/stability, generalization, generalization bounds, and compression. I found some interesting papers and talks regarding this and I will cover them here.

## GENERALIZATION AND COMPRESSION

The whole story starts with figure ?? . While we expect that with more parameters in model we have less generalization, in Deep Neural Network it is not the case.

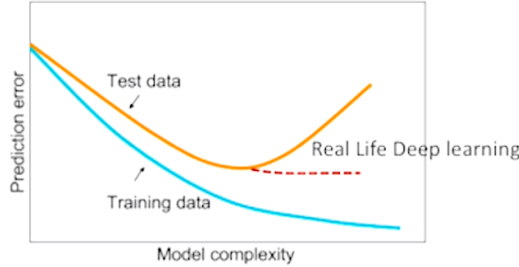


Figure 1: Generalizaion gets better with overparametrized deep neural networks( Arora et al. (2018))

In order to solve this mystery we might have a look on generalization bounds in ML:

$$error_{test} \leq error_{training} + c\sqrt{\frac{capacity}{m}} \quad (1)$$

In which, the capacity roughly corresponds to the number of parameters and  $m$  is the number of training samples. However equation 1 is not working for DL because the number of params are way more than  $m$ (very loose bound). Many other bounds proposed but their common problem is that they are way more than number of params.

### Norm-based Generalization Bounds

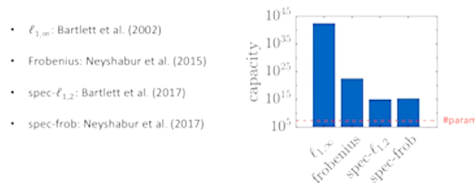


Figure 2: Norm based generalization bounds are way more than number of parameters ( Arora et al. (2018))

Arora et al. (2018) tries to answer this question: What property of network trained on real data can help to sharpen this bound? They defined noise stability of trained neural network: How injected gaussian noise at a layer affects higher layers? *i.e.*, noise propagation in layers.

## REFERENCES

Sanjeev Arora, Rong Ge, Behnam Neyshabur, and Yi Zhang. Stronger generalization bounds for deep nets via a compression approach. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1802.05296*, 2018.

## APPENDIX

You may include other additional sections here.