In [162]: pip install scikit-plot

Requirement already satisfied: scikit-plot in c:\programdata\anaconda3 \lib\site-packages (0.3.7)

Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.10 in c:\programdata\anaconda3 \lib\site-packages (from scikit-plot) (0.13.2)

Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.18 in c:\programdata\ana conda3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-plot) (0.21.2)

Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=1.4.0 in c:\programdata\anac onda3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-plot) (3.1.0)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.9 in c:\programdata\anaconda3\l ib\site-packages (from scikit-plot) (1.2.1)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11.0 in c:\programdata\anaconda 3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.18->scikit-plot) (1.16.4)

Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\programdata\anaconda3 \lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (0.10.0)

Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in c:\programdata\anac onda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.1.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->

scikit-plot) (2.4.0)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in c:\programdata\a naconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (2.8. 0)

Requirement already satisfied: six in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site -packages (from cycler>=0.10->matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.12.0) Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from kiwisolver>=1.0.1->matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (41.0.1)

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [163]: pip install wordcloud

Requirement already satisfied: wordcloud in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (1.5.0)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.6.1 in c:\programdata\anaconda3

```
\lib\site-packages (from wordcloud) (1.16.4)
          Requirement already satisfied: pillow in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\s
          ite-packages (from wordcloud) (6.1.0)
          Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
In [164]: pip install xgboost
          Requirement already satisfied: xgboost in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib
          \site-packages (0.90)
          Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\si
          te-packages (from xgboost) (1.2.1)
          Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\programdata\anaconda3\lib\si
          te-packages (from xgboost) (1.16.4)
          Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
In [165]: # Import general useful packages
          import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import re
          # Counter elements
          from collections import Counter
          # Matplot
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          %matplotlib inline
          # nltk
          import nltk
          from nltk.corpus import stopwords
          from nltk.stem import SnowballStemmer
          from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer #word stemmer class
          lemma = WordNetLemmatizer()
          from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS
          from nltk import FreqDist
          # Import matplotlib for visualisations
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import matplotlib.cm as cm
```

```
import seaborn as sns
          import scikitplot as skplt
          # Import all machine learning algorithms
          from sklearn.svm import SVC
          from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
          from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
          from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
          from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
          from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
          from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
          import xgboost as xgb
          # Import other useful subpackage
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score, classific
          ation report
In [166]: # Required if Uploading data directly into google colab
          # from google.colab import files
          # df = files.upload()
In [167]: # Calling the Generic Tweets dataset
          # import io
          # df2 = pd.read csv(io.BytesIO(df['generic tweets.txt']))
          # df2.head(n=5)
          Data Import & Cleaning - Generic Tweets
In [168]: # Importing Generic Tweets to test models.
          df2 = pd.read csv('generic tweets.txt')
          df2.head(n=5)
Out[168]:
             class
                         id
                                       date
                                                query
                                                              user
                                                                               text
```

	cla	SS	id	date	query	user	text
	0	0	1467810369	Mon Apr 06 22:19:45 PDT 2009	NO_QUERY	_TheSpecialOne_	@switchfoot http://twitpic.com/2y1zl - Awww, t
	1	0	1467810672	Mon Apr 06 22:19:49 PDT 2009	NO_QUERY	scotthamilton	is upset that he can't update his Facebook by
	2	0	1467810917	Mon Apr 06 22:19:53 PDT 2009	NO_QUERY	mattycus	@Kenichan I dived many times for the ball. Man
	3	0	1467811184	Mon Apr 06 22:19:57 PDT 2009	NO_QUERY	ElleCTF	my whole body feels itchy and like its on fire
	4	0	1467811193	Mon Apr 06 22:19:57 PDT 2009	NO_QUERY	Karoli	@nationwideclass no, it's not behaving at all
	<pre># Data cleaning and pre-process dataset nltk.download('stopwords') # TEXT CLEANING TEXT_CLEANING_RE = "@\S+ https?:\S+ http?:\S [^A-Za-z0-9]+" # A stop word is a commonly used word (such as "the", "a", "an", "in") that a search engine has been programmed to ignore, both when indexing entries for searching and when retrieving them as the result of a sear ch query. stop_words = stopwords.words("english") # To reduce words to their root form stemmer = SnowballStemmer("english")</pre>						
	<pre>[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to [nltk_data]</pre>						ta
[170]:	def p	re Re ex	orocess(te emove link	ta cleaning fro xt, stem= False) ,user and speci (TEXT_CLEANING_	: al charact		er()).strip()

In

In

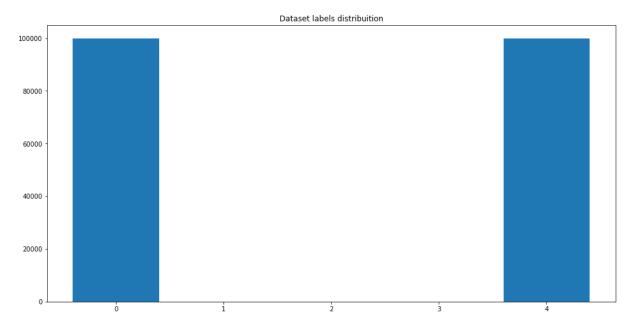
```
for token in text.split():
    if token not in stop_words:
        if stem:
            tokens.append(stemmer.stem(token))
        else:
            tokens.append(token)
    return " ".join(tokens)
df2.text = df2.text.apply(lambda x: preprocess(x))
```

Exporatory Analysis - Generic Tweets

```
In [171]: # check the data frame info
          print(df2.info())
          df2.rename(columns={"class": "sentiment"}, inplace=True)
          # Get uniques values of sentiment column
          df2['sentiment'].unique()
          # Find count of individual sentiment and create a bar plot for better v
          isualization
          sen cnt = Counter(df2.sentiment)
          plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
          plt.bar(sen cnt.keys(), sen cnt.values())
          plt.title("Dataset labels distribuition")
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 200000 entries, 0 to 199999
          Data columns (total 6 columns):
          class
                   200000 non-null int64
          id
                   200000 non-null int64
          date
                   200000 non-null object
                   200000 non-null object
          query
                   200000 non-null object
          user
                   200000 non-null object
          text
          dtypes: int64(2), object(4)
          memory usage: 9.2+ MB
```

None

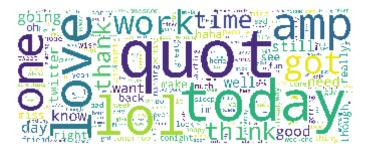
Out[171]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Dataset labels distribuition')



There is a perfect balance in target variable class in the dataset. This is very suitable for any ML model, as overfitting by the dominant class is avoided, irrespective of the ML model being implemented

```
In [172]: # all tweets
    all_words = " ".join(df2.text)

# Wordcloud of tweets
    wordcloud = WordCloud(height=4000, width=10000, stopwords=STOPWORDS, ba
    ckground_color='white')
    wordcloud = wordcloud.generate(all_words)
    plt.imshow(wordcloud)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```



Model Preparation (Bag of Words and TFIDF) - Generic Tweets

For both TFIDF and Bag of Words, max_features=1000 will be used for the interest of computation speed. Otherwise, the models could take days to run if not run on big data platforms with shared cluster space.

```
In [174]: # tokenize all the cleaned tweets in our dataset. Tokens are individual
           terms or words,
          # and tokenization is the process of splitting a string of text into to
          tokenized tweet = df2['text'].apply(lambda x: x.split())
          tokenized tweet.head()
Out[174]: 0
               [awww, bummer, shoulda, got, david, carr, thir...
               [upset, update, facebook, texting, might, cry,...
               [dived, many, times, ball, managed, save, 50, ...
                         [whole, body, feels, itchy, like, fire]
                                            [behaving, mad, see]
          Name: text, dtype: object
In [175]: # Stemming is a rule-based process of stripping the suffixes ("ing", "l
          y", "es", "s" etc) from a word
          from nltk.stem.porter import *
          stemmer = PorterStemmer()
          tokenized_tweet = tokenized tweet.apply(lambda x: [stemmer.stem(i) for
```

```
i in x]) # stemming
          tokenized tweet.head()
Out[175]: 0
               [awww, bummer, shoulda, got, david, carr, thir...
               [upset, updat, facebook, text, might, cri, res...
               [dive, mani, time, ball, manag, save, 50, rest...
                          [whole, bodi, feel, itchi, like, fire]
                                               [behav, mad, see]
          Name: text, dtype: object
In [176]: # let's stitch these tokens back together
          for i in range(len(tokenized tweet)):
              tokenized tweet[i] = ' '.join(tokenized tweet[i])
          df2['text'] = tokenized tweet
          print(df2)
                  sentiment
                                    id
                                                                date
                                                                         query
                          0 1467810369 Mon Apr 06 22:19:45 PDT 2009
          0
                                                                      NO QUERY
          1
                          0 1467810672 Mon Apr 06 22:19:49 PDT 2009
                                                                      NO QUERY
                          0 1467810917 Mon Apr 06 22:19:53 PDT 2009
                                                                      NO QUERY
          2
                          0 1467811184 Mon Apr 06 22:19:57 PDT 2009
          3
                                                                      NO QUERY
                          0 1467811193 Mon Apr 06 22:19:57 PDT 2009
                                                                      NO QUERY
                          0 1467811372 Mon Apr 06 22:20:00 PDT 2009
                                                                      NO QUERY
          5
          6
                          0 1467811592 Mon Apr 06 22:20:03 PDT 2009
                                                                      NO QUERY
                          0 1467811594 Mon Apr 06 22:20:03 PDT 2009
                                                                      NO QUERY
          7
          8
                          0 1467811795 Mon Apr 06 22:20:05 PDT 2009
                                                                      NO QUERY
          9
                          0 1467812025 Mon Apr 06 22:20:09 PDT 2009 NO QUERY
```

10	0	1467812416	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:16	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
11	0	1467812579	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:17	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
12	0	1467812723	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:19	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
13	0	1467812771	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:19	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
14	0	1467812784	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:20	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
15	0	1467812799	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:20	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
16	0	1467812964	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:22	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
17	0	1467813137	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:25	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
18	0	1467813579	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:31	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
19	0	1467813782	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:34	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
20	0	1467813985	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:37	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
21	0	1467813992	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:38	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
22	0	1467814119	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:40	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
23	0	1467814180	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:40	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
24	0	1467814192	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:41	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
25	0	1467814438	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:44	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
26	0	1467814783	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:50	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
27	0	1467814883	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:52	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
28	0	1467815199	Mon	Apr	06	22:20:56	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY
29	0	1467815753	Mon	Apr	06	22:21:04	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY

199970	4	1693954825	Mon May	04	00:26:55	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199971	4	1693954864	Mon May	04	00:26:55	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199972	4	1693954878	Mon May	04	00:26:55	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199973	4	1693954978	Mon May	04	00:26:57	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199974	4	1693954980	Mon May	04	00:26:57	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199975	4	1693955032	Mon May	04	00:26:58	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199976	4	1693955058	Mon May	04	00:26:58	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199977	4	1693955124	Mon May	04	00:26:59	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199978	4	1693955159	Mon May	04	00:27:00	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199979	4	1693955172	Mon May	04	00:27:00	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199980	4	1693955181	Mon May	04	00:27:00	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199981	4	1693955229	Mon May	04	00:27:01	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199982	4	1693955239	Mon May	04	00:27:01	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199983	4	1693955259	Mon May	04	00:27:01	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199984	4	1693955313	Mon May	04	00:27:02	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199985	4	1693955318	Mon May	04	00:27:02	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199986	4	1693955346	Mon May	04	00:27:02	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY
199987	4	1693955449	Mon May	04	00:27:04	PDT 2009	NO_QUERY

199988	4	1693955535	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:05	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199989	4	1693955558	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:05	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199990	4	1693955710	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:07	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199991	4	1693955809	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:09	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199992	4	1693955837	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:10	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199993	4	1693956028	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:13	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199994	4	1693956082	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:13	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199995	4	1693956088	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:13	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199996	4	1693956096	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:14	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199997	4	1693956099	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:14	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199998	4	1693956134	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:14	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
199999	4	1693956160	Mon Ma	y 04	00:27:14	PDT	2009	NO_QUERY	
ext	The Connection	user	I		-h1 d-		ال کید دا		t
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2 und	mat	tycus div	e mani	time	ball mana	ag sa	ave 50	rest go b	00
3	El	leCTF			whole bo	odi [.]	feel i	tchi like	f
ire 4	K	aroli						behav mad	t
see 5 rew	joy	_wolf						whole	С

6	mybirch	need
hug 7	coZZ	hey long time see ye rain bit bit lol fine th
ank 8	2Hood4Hollywood	n
ope 9	mimismo	que mu
era 10	erinx3leannexo	spring break plain citi s
now 11	pardonlauren	pierc
ear 12	TLeC	bear watch thought ua loss embarr
ass 13	robrobbierobert	count idk either never talk any
mor 14	bayofwolves	would first gun realli though zac snyder douc
h 15 ier	HairByJess	wish got watch miss iamlilnicki prem
16 i	lovesongwriter	holli death scene hurt sever watch film wri d
17 tax	armotley	file
18 ack	starkissed	ahh ive alway want see rent love soundtr
19 ink	gi_gi_bee	oh dear drink forgotten tabl dr
20 one	quanvu	day get much d
21 e	swinspeedx	one friend call ask meet mid valley today tim
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25	ChicagoCubbie	hate call wake pe

opl		
26	KatieAngell	go cri sleep watch mar
ley 27	gagoo	im sad miss li
lli	gagoo	III 344 III 35 CI
28	abel209	ooooh lol lesli ok lesli get
mad	D	
29 r	BaptisteTheFool	meh almost lover except track get depress eve
r		
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i	Cimplymalany	*hank
199971 yu	Simplymelony	thank
199972	hiChristiana	updat twitter middl night piss everyon link ph
one		
199973	communicating	almost done sunday task includ open sourc cod
e 199974	vanessaveasley	ovez
1999/4 tli	vallessaveastey	exca
199975	zoealice	go len shop want macro resea
rch		
199976 fan	sepiaverse	hai naa also refer obssess impli
199977	FollanPhoto	upload imag web yep listya amp hendik long
go	r o c cam no co	aptoda Imag web yep cistya amp henaik tong
199978	RockstarAtHeart	newbi malakai thanh li stir troubl last night
 199979	benjaminbeckett	suck cock to
nit		
199980 ist	michaeljek	red symond prime min
199981	courtneyyy3	oh
say		
199982	freocookster	lushi tee interview md sexpo friday nice engl
i	Da. wb 0.4 -	consi tugot mood tugot might first time
199983	Barb04s	sorri tweet read tweet right first time would

```
199984
           Hetty4Christ
                                                 pre 2nd brain surgeri s
ong
           deadstockric
                                  awwwwww thank yeah real dope flick c
199985
ome
              xtiiiiine
199986
                                                         wanna laugh sum
mer
199987
               pinkpebs video arch yesterday taken briankerrphoto bai
l...
199988
                 CWhyte
                               wow twitter get seriou traffic googl go
buy
199989
        sdhawkins sfasu
                                      destin e harmoni user sometim won
der
199990
           BossTycoonLZ
                                                               u doinn s
exc
           KingNick1100 3 ur name anyway hi post someth page empti ok
199991
. . .
                                            haha sorri lol btw nice mee
199992
               ssoun126
t u
199993
             jchavarria
                                                                ok way w
ork
199994
           shervonstone
                                                          got kid ladypn
ok
199995
             FelineBred
                                         haha remark matern leav fire li
ttl
            softthistle
199996
              elysion32 oki doke time escap north massa back turn get
199997
             fancyjessy
                                                       finish lesson hoo
199998
ray
                          ppl fuck kp0 cb stop ask laa love boyfriend t
199999
               noraezan
hat
[200000 rows x 6 columns]
```

```
In [177]: # BAG OF WORDS: Counting number of words per entry/document
          # Bag-of-Words features can be easily created using sklearn's CountVect
          orizer function.
          # We will set the parameter max features = 1000 to select only top 1000
```

```
terms ordered by term frequency across the corpus
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
bow vectorizer = CountVectorizer(max df=0.90, min df=2, max features=10
00, stop_words='english')
# bag-of-words feature matrix
bow = bow vectorizer.fit transform(df2['text'])
print(bow)
  (0, 225)
                1
  (0, 224)
                1
  (0, 373)
  (0, 74)
  (1, 105)
  (1, 877)
  (1, 735)
  (1, 708)
  (1, 208)
  (1, 860)
  (1, 296)
  (1, 915)
  (1, 917)
  (2, 707)
  (2, 12)
  (2, 730)
  (2, 539)
  (2, 79)
  (2, 874)
  (2, 540)
  (3, 507)
  (3, 313)
  (3, 112)
  (4, 535)
  (6, 434)
  (199992, 387) 1
  (199992, 594) 1
  (199992, 803) 1
  (199992, 552) 1
  (199992, 517) 1
  (199993, 943) 1
```

```
(199993, 970) 1
            (199993, 612) 1
            (199994, 477) 1
            (199994, 612) 1
            (199994, 373) 1
            (199995, 513) 1
            (199995, 387) 1
            (199995, 498) 1
            (199997, 422) 1
            (199997, 900) 1
            (199997, 874) 1
            (199998, 501) 1
            (199998, 323) 1
            (199999, 121) 1
            (199999, 347) 1
            (199999, 822) 1
            (199999, 662) 1
            (199999, 61) 1
            (199999, 526) 1
In [178]: # TF-IDF: It works by penalizing the common words by assigning them low
          er weights while giving
          # importance to words which are rare in the entire corpus but appear in
           good numbers
          from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
          tfidf vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max df=0.90, min df=2, max features=
          1000, stop words='english')
          # TF-IDF feature matrix
          tfidf = tfidf vectorizer.fit transform(df2['text'])
In [179]: print(tfidf)
            (0, 74)
                           0.5914496287582646
            (0, 373)
                           0.37475504299386675
            (0, 224)
                           0.635836307151928
            (0, 225)
                           0.3247432599759005
            (1, 917)
                           0.36795372005829907
            (1, 915)
                           0.31387866812306936
```

```
(1, 296)
              0.34352598128170037
(1, 860)
              0.3429473275559573
(1, 208)
              0.3220421724688195
(1, 708)
              0.3920093534271115
(1, 735)
              0.2626550551630971
(1, 877)
              0.20855732210382913
(1, 105)
              0.40075047557125837
(2, 540)
              0.34331986038588624
(2, 874)
              0.2330009288788982
(2, 79)
              0.43036810124905645
(2, 539)
              0.4115062679365704
(2, 730)
              0.39080546940759253
(2, 12)
              0.4337805386200754
(2, 707)
              0.3638591195476241
(3, 112)
              0.7753958305415023
(3, 313)
              0.4715532953157644
(3, 507)
              0.4199985662543353
(4, 535)
              1.0
              0.5590683007766692
(6, 590)
(199992, 552) 0.45383016217641314
(199992, 803) 0.384742436274447
(199992, 594) 0.3792503913801654
(199992, 387) 0.37604527314221436
(199992, 130) 0.5024969127917983
(199993, 612) 0.6580489612219965
(199993, 970) 0.4516419056009819
(199993, 943) 0.6024874718529549
(199994, 373) 0.45933883758831506
(199994, 612) 0.6002770235014732
(199994, 477) 0.6547330198937789
(199995, 498) 0.6132792456414257
(199995, 387) 0.5310623407511952
(199995, 513) 0.5846891114954555
(199997, 874) 0.46626338159418673
(199997, 900) 0.713926148242243
(199997, 422) 0.5224058899365022
(199998, 323) 0.5892661201316681
(199998, 501) 0.8079390073916287
```

```
(199999, 526) 0.2597076173842374
(199999, 61) 0.41394399381823177
(199999, 662) 0.4631981492718444
(199999, 822) 0.39141855690213634
(199999, 347) 0.4008531032801404
(199999, 121) 0.48245010194721943
In [180]: # Spliting Data form above reduction dataset for bag of words
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(bow, df2['sentimen t'], test_size = 0.3, random_state = 3)
```

Model Implementation & Results (Bag of Words and TFIDF) - Generic Tweets

```
In [181]: # Applying various Classification algorithms without doing variable red
          uctions using bag of words
          accuracy scores = np.zeros(7)
          # Support Vector Classifier
          svm = SVC().fit(X train, y train)
          prediction1 = svm.predict(X test)
          accuracy scores[0] = accuracy score(y test, prediction1)*100
          print('Support Vector Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[
          0]))
          # Logistic Regression
          logis = LogisticRegression().fit(X train, y train)
          prediction2 = logis.predict(X test)
          accuracy scores[1] = accuracy score(y test, prediction2)*100
          print('Logistic Regression accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[1]))
          # K Nearest Neighbors
          knn = KNeighborsClassifier().fit(X_train, y_train)
          prediction3 = knn.predict(X test)
          accuracy scores[2] = accuracy score(y test, prediction3)*100
          print('K Nearest Neighbors Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy sc
```

```
ores[2]))
# Gaussian Naive Bayes
#clf = GaussianNB().fit(X train, y train)
#prediction4 = clf.predict(X test)
#accuracy scores[3] = accuracy score(y test, prediction4)*100
#print('Gaussian Naive Bayes Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy
scores[31))
# Decision Tree
#decision = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X train, y train)
#prediction4 = decision.predict(X test)
#accuracy scores[3] = accuracy score(y test, prediction4)*100
#print('Decision Tree Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores
[3]))
# Random Forest
random = RandomForestClassifier().fit(X train, y train)
prediction5 = random.predict(X test)
accuracy scores[4] = accuracy score(y test, prediction5)*100
print('Random Forest Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[4
1))
# Gradient Boosting
GB = GradientBoostingClassifier().fit(X train, y train)
prediction6 = GB.predict(X test)
accuracy scores[5] = accuracy score(y test, prediction6)*100
print('Gradient Boosting Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scor
es[5]))
#XGBoosting
xgb model = xgb.XGBClassifier()
xgb model.fit(X train, y train)
prediction7 = xgb model.predict(X test)
accuracy scores[6] = accuracy score(y test, prediction7)*100
print('XGBoost Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[6]))
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\svm\base.py:193: Fut
ureWarning: The default value of gamma will change from 'auto' to 'scal
```

```
e' in version 0.22 to account better for unscaled features. Set gamma e xplicitly to 'auto' or 'scale' to avoid this warning.
"avoid this warning.", FutureWarning)
```

Support Vector Classifier accuracy: 71.7400000000001%

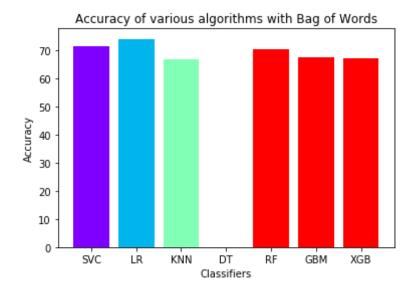
```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\logisti
c.py:432: FutureWarning: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in
0.22. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
   FutureWarning)
```

Logistic Regression accuracy: 74.1933333333333338 K Nearest Neighbors Classifier accuracy: 66.84833333333333

```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\forest.py:2
45: FutureWarning: The default value of n_estimators will change from 1
0 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.
   "10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.", FutureWarning)
```

Random Forest Classifier accuracy: 70.5200000000001% Gradient Boosting Classifier accuracy: 67.76333333333334% XGBoost Classifier accuracy: 67.396666666668%

Out[182]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Accuracy of various algorithms with Bag of Words')



```
In [183]: # Spliting Data form above reduction dataset for tfidf
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(tfidf, df2['sentime nt'], test_size = 0.3, random_state = 3)
```

```
In [184]: # Applying various Classification algorithms without doing variable red
uctions using tfidf
accuracy_scores = np.zeros(7)

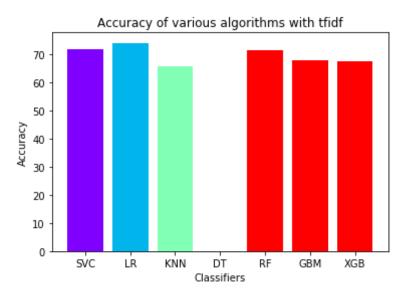
# Support Vector Classifier
svm = SVC().fit(X_train, y_train)
prediction1 = svm.predict(X_test)
accuracy_scores[0] = accuracy_score(y_test, prediction1)*100
print('Support Vector Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy_scores[0]))

# Logistic Regression
logis = LogisticRegression().fit(X_train, y_train)
prediction2 = logis.predict(X_test)
accuracy_scores[1] = accuracy_score(y_test, prediction2)*100
print('Logistic Regression accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy_scores[1]))
```

```
# K Nearest Neighbors
knn = KNeighborsClassifier().fit(X train, y train)
prediction3 = knn.predict(X test)
accuracy scores[2] = accuracy score(y test, prediction3)*100
print('K Nearest Neighbors Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy sc
ores[2]))
# Gaussian Naive Bayes
#clf = GaussianNB().fit(X train, y train)
#prediction4 = clf.predict(X test)
#accuracy scores[3] = accuracy score(y test, prediction4)*100
#print('Gaussian Naive Bayes Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy
scores[31))
# Decision Tree
#decision = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(X train, y train)
#prediction4 = decision.predict(X test)
#accuracy scores[3] = accuracy score(y test, prediction4)*100
#print('Decision Tree Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores
[31))
# Random Forest
random = RandomForestClassifier().fit(X train, y train)
prediction5 = random.predict(X test)
accuracy scores[4] = accuracy score(y test, prediction5)*100
print('Random Forest Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[4
1))
# Gradient Boosting
GB = GradientBoostingClassifier().fit(X train, y train)
prediction6 = GB.predict(X test)
accuracy scores[5] = accuracy score(y test, prediction6)*100
print('Gradient Boosting Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scor
es[5]))
#XGBoosting
xgb model = xgb.XGBClassifier()
```

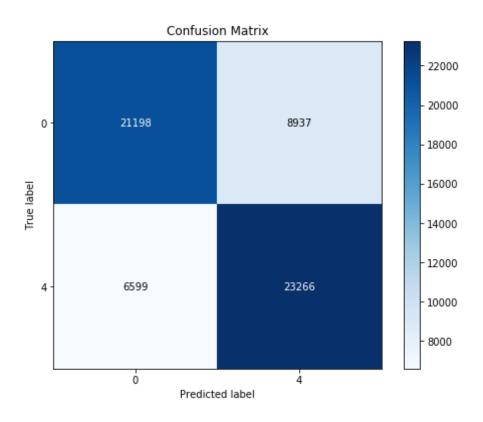
```
xqb model.fit(X train, y train)
          prediction7 = xqb model.predict(X test)
          accuracy scores[6] = accuracy score(y test, prediction7)*100
          print('XGBoost Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[6]))
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\svm\base.py:193: Fut
          ureWarning: The default value of gamma will change from 'auto' to 'scal
          e' in version 0.22 to account better for unscaled features. Set gamma e
          xplicitly to 'auto' or 'scale' to avoid this warning.
            "avoid this warning.", FutureWarning)
          Support Vector Classifier accuracy: 71.8766666666667%
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear model\logisti
          c.py:432: FutureWarning: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in
          0.22. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
            FutureWarning)
          Logistic Regression accuracy: 74.1066666666667%
          K Nearest Neighbors Classifier accuracy: 65.688333333333333333
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\forest.py:2
          45: FutureWarning: The default value of n estimators will change from 1
          0 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.
            "10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.", FutureWarning)
          Random Forest Classifier accuracy: 71.513333333333334%
          Gradient Boosting Classifier accuracy: 68.0616666666667%
          XGBoost Classifier accuracy: 67.4266666666666668
In [185]: # Accuracy comparison of various algorithms for bag of words
          colors = cm.rainbow(np.linspace(0, 2, 9))
          labels = ['SVC', 'LR', 'KNN', 'DT', 'RF', 'GBM', 'XGB']
          plt.bar(labels,
                  accuracy scores,
                  color = colors)
          plt.xlabel('Classifiers')
          plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
          plt.title('Accuracy of various algorithms with tfidf')
```

Out[185]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Accuracy of various algorithms with tfidf')

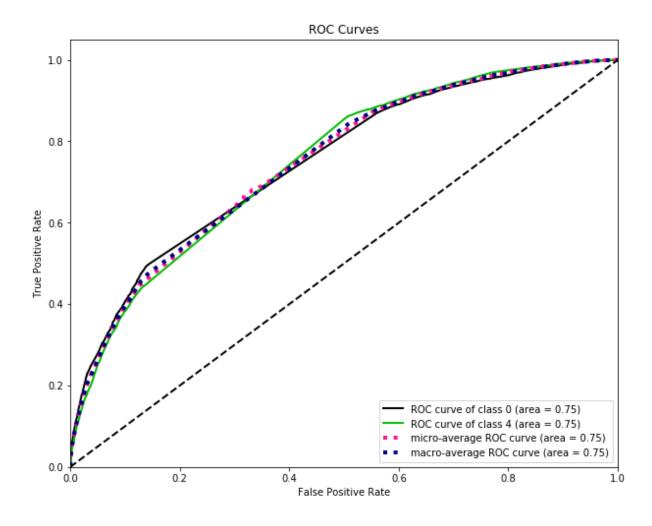


In [186]: # check validation statistics (Classification Summary)
 print(classification_report(y_test, prediction2)) # from confusion matr
 ix Logistics Regression perform well
 # Plot confusion Matrix
 skplt.metrics.plot_confusion_matrix(y_test, prediction2, figsize=(8, 6
))
 plt.show()

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0 4	0.76 0.72	0.70 0.78	0.73 0.75	30135 29865
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.74 0.74	0.74 0.74	0.74 0.74 0.74	60000 60000 60000



```
In [187]: # ROC Curves
    y_probas = xgb_model.predict_proba(X_test)
    skplt.metrics.plot_roc(y_test, y_probas, figsize=(10, 8)) # Plot ROC Cu
    rve
    plt.show()
```



Based on the above, for both bag of words and tfidf, it is evident that the top 3 performing models are Logistic Regression, SVC and Random Forest. Between bag of words and tfidf, tfidf performs marginally better. Logistic Regression performs the best, with one of its strengths being good for binary classification models such as this problem. These three models will be used for the Canadian Elections csv and the top performing model for that will be picked for further hyperparameter tuning.

Data Import & Cleaning - Canadian Elections

```
In [188]: candf2 = pd.read csv('Canadian elections 2019.csv')
           candf2.head(n=5)
Out[188]:
               sentiment
                                      negative_reason
                                                                                        text
                             Women Reproductive right and
                                                       b"@RosieBarton So instead of your suggestion, ...
                negative
                                              Racism
                                                      b"#AllWomanSpacewalk it's real!\n@Space Statio...
                 positive
                                                NaN
                negative
                                            Economy
                                                        b"#Brantford It's going to cost YOU $94 BILLIO...
                                                        b"#Canada #CanadaElection2019 #CanadaVotes
            3
                 positive
                                                NaN
                                                        b"#Canada #taxpayers are sick & Direction of h...
                negative
                                            Economy
In [189]: # Data cleaning and pre-process dataset
           nltk.download('stopwords')
           # TEXT CLENAING
           TEXT CLEANING RE = "@\S+|https?:\S+|http?:\S|[^A-Za-z0-9]+"
           stop words = stopwords.words("english")
           stemmer = SnowballStemmer("english")
            [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
            [nltk data]
                             C:\Users\rahma\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
            [nltk data]
                           Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
In [190]: def preprocess(text, stem=False):
                # Remove link, user and special characters
                text = re.sub(TEXT CLEANING RE, ' ', str(text).lower()).strip()
                tokens = []
                for token in text.split():
                    if token not in stop words:
                         if stem:
                             tokens.append(stemmer.stem(token))
                         else:
```

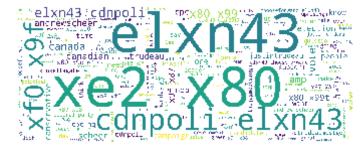
```
tokens.append(token)
return " ".join(tokens)

candf2.text = candf2.text.apply(lambda x: preprocess(x))
```

Exporatory Analysis - Canadian Elections

```
In [191]: # all tweets
    all_words = " ".join(candf2.text)

# Wordcloud of tweets
    wordcloud = WordCloud(height=4000, width=10000, stopwords=STOPWORDS, ba
    ckground_color='white')
    wordcloud = wordcloud.generate(all_words)
    plt.imshow(wordcloud)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```



Below, we will attempt to count the number of times there has been a positive tweet about any of the three major parties (NDP, Liberals or Conservatives) as well as negative tweets to determine if we can obtain any insights into the final results

```
In [192]: print('Number of positive mention for NDP or Jagmeet Singh')
print(candf2[(candf2['text'].str.contains('ndp|singh|jagmeet'))&(candf2
['sentiment'] == 'positive')].shape[0])
```

Number of positive mention for NDP or Jagmeet Singh

```
print('Number of positive mention for Liberals or Trudeau')
In [193]:
           print(candf2[(candf2['text'].str.contains('liberal|trudeau|justin'))&(c
           andf2['sentiment'] == 'positive')].shape[0])
           Number of positive mention for Liberals or Trudeau
           244
In [194]: print('Number of positive mention for Conservatives or Andrew Scheer')
           print(candf2[(candf2['text'].str.contains('conservative|andrew|scheer'
           ))&(candf2['sentiment'] == 'positive')].shape[0])
           Number of positive mention for Conservatives or Andrew Scheer
           192
           Interestingly, the ratio of positive tweets for Liberals: Conservatives (244:192 = 1.27:1) is very
           close to the actual ratio of number of seats won between the two during the 2019 Federal
           Elections (157:121 = 1.3:1). The public opinion on social media correlates incredibly well with the
           actual results of the election.
In [195]:
          print('Number of negative mention for NDP or Jagmeet Singh')
           print(candf2[(candf2['text'].str.contains('ndp|singh|jagmeet'))&(candf2
           ['sentiment'] == 'negative')].shape[0])
           Number of negative mention for NDP or Jagmeet Singh
           100
In [196]:
          print('Number of negative mention for Liberals or Trudeau')
           print(candf2[(candf2['text'].str.contains('liberal|trudeau|justin'))&(c
           andf2['sentiment'] == 'negative')].shape[0])
           Number of negative mention for Liberals or Trudeau
           292
In [197]: print('Number of negative mention for Conservatives or Andrew Scheer')
           print(candf2[(candf2['text'].str.contains('conservative|andrew|scheer'
```

```
))&(candf2['sentiment'] == 'negative')].shape[0])
```

Number of negative mention for Conservatives or Andrew Scheer 381

Interestingly, the ratio of negative tweets between Conservatives/Andrew Scheer and Liberal/Justin Trudeau is also 1.3:1, which is the ratio of seats won by Liberals:Conservatives. The negative public opinions on social media correlates incredibly well with the actual results of the election as well.

Model Preparation - Canadian Elections

```
In [198]: # Replacing the class value to integer
  candf2.sentiment.replace(('positive', 'negative'), (4, 0), inplace=True
  )
  print(candf2)
```

		sentiment	negative_re	ason \
0)	0	Women Reproductive right and Ra	cism
1	L	4		NaN
2	<u>)</u>	0	Ecol	nomy
3	3	4		NaN
4	ļ	0	Ecol	nomy
5		0	0t	hers
6	ò	4		NaN
7		4		NaN
8		0	0t	hers
9)	0	Sca	ndal
1	L O	4		NaN
1	.1	4		NaN
1	.2	4		NaN
1	.3	4		NaN
1	.4	0	0t	hers
1	.5	0	Tell	lies
1	.6	4		NaN
1	L 7	4		NaN
1	.8	4		NaN
-	^	^	^	

19	0				Scandal
20	0				Others
21	0				Others
22	4				NaN
23	4				NaN
24	Θ				Others
25	4				NaN
26	Θ				Scandal
27	0				0thers
28	4				NaN
29	Θ				Tell lies
2103	0				Tell lies
2104	4				NaN
2105	0				Tell lies
2106	0				Economy
2107	4				NaÑ
2108	0				Tell lies
2109	0				Others
2110	4				NaN
2111	4				NaN
2112	0				Tell lies
2113	4				NaN
2114	0				Others
2115	0				Economy
2116	4				NaN
2117	4				NaN
2118	0	Women	Reproductive	right	and Racism
2119	0	Women	Reproductive	right	and Racism
2120	4				NaN
2121	Θ				Others
2122	0				Tell lies
2123	4				NaN
2124	0				Tell lies
2125	0				Others
2126	0			Clima	ate Problem
2127	4				NaN
2128	0				Scandal
2129	0				Scandal
2130	4				NaN

```
2131
                 Women Reproductive right and Racism
2132
                                                  NaN
                                                    text
      b rosiebarton instead suggestion agree canadia...
0
1
      b allwomanspacewalk real n n etobicokenorth ci...
2
      b brantford going cost 94 billion next 4 years...
      b canada canadaelection2019 canadavotes n elxn...
3
      b canada taxpayers sick amp tired hard earned ...
      b canadavotes2019 elxn43 cdnpoli facts blastfr...
5
6
      b cdnmedia elxn43 cdnpoli ppc rocky dong hands...
7
      b cdnpoli elxn43 liberals double promised 2015...
      b chooseforward cdnpoli elxn43 ncanada make am...
8
      b cpckinsellagate nlet see receipts pays warre...
9
      b elxn43 two days away voting e day read prime...
10
11
      b elxn43 prediction justin trudeau lpc loses m...
12
      b icymi analysis ford nation respond renata fo...
      b icymi analysis ford nation respond renata fo...
13
14
      b kinsella runs deep w cpc lyingandy crazed an...
15
      b lyingandy history answering embarrassing que...
      b threadalert nhere study sheet unfit candidat...
16
17
      b uprisingh definitely looking forward asian p...
18
      b uptoyouth cdnpoli elxn43 today youth smart s...
19
      b urgent please watch video david haskell peop...
20
      b policy comment illegal immoral nefarious act...
      b andrewscheer fit hold public office let alon...
21
22
      b yorkuhealth prof mary wiktorowicz weighs hea...
23
      b 222minutes part leftist justinjournos virtue...
24
      b alan poirier alberta saskatchewan ontario pr...
25
      b alanthomasdoyle hi alan wondering could put ...
      b alternatespunky electionscan e electionson c...
26
27
      b althiaraj justintrudeau justintrudeau using ...
      b althiaraj justintrudeau well yeah jam n nask...
28
29
      b althiaraj ask questions hypotheticals n cdnp...
2103
     b wow lot bigger lying insurance broker folks ...
     b wow supposed quick whistle stop turned hundr...
2104
     b wowsers nlooks like cbc globe relied liberal...
2105
2106 b wrong n nyou xe2 x80 x99re one using alberta...
```

```
2107 b wrote intro piece us readers via thenation n...
          2108 b yay cbckatie nice see pushback lies attempts...
          2109 b yes want affordable future justintrudeau can...
          2110 b yes ready xf0 x9f xa7 xa1 xf0 x9f xa7 xa1 el...
          2111 b yes us think votendp like many like minded p...
          2112
                          b yes andrewscheer story elxn43 cdnpoli
          2113
               b yes free tuition key plank platform cant kee...
               b yes doubt busy schedule last minute liberal ...
          2114
          2115 b yes liberals xe2 x80 x99t get majority ndp a...
          2116 b ves xe2 x80 x99s endorsement n nbut importan...
          2117 b yes encouraged one another cast ballots poll...
          2118 b yet andrew scheer maintains expects us belie...
          2119 b yet another example constant danger conserva...
          2120 b absolutely correct priya canadian media unfa...
          2121 b sort betraying memory fought freedom cdnpoli...
          2122 b always tell person good campaigning stupid s...
          2123 b miltonon make cancer sexy lady lraitt embarr...
          2124 b vote dishonest slandering politicians always...
          2125 b xe2 x80 x99t supervillain election failed jo...
          2126 b care limiting climatechange wondering party ...
          2127 b heard first head figure aligns best values v...
          2128 b know good enough job smearing campaign right...
          2129 b missed comment deflecting issue answer best ...
          2130 b daily reminder n endorses strategic voting n...
          2131 b yup going reopen abortion debate xf0 x9f x98...
          2132
                                              b zina n ndp elxn43
          [2133 rows x 3 columns]
In [199]: # tokenize all the cleaned tweets in our dataset. Tokens are individual
           terms or words.
          # and tokenization is the process of splitting a string of text into to
          kens
          tokenized tweet = candf2['text'].apply(lambda x: x.split())
          tokenized tweet.head()
Out[199]: 0
               [b, rosiebarton, instead, suggestion, agree, c...
               [b, allwomanspacewalk, real, n, n, etobicokeno...
          1
               [b. brantford. going. cost. 94. billion. next....
```

```
[b, canada, canadaelection2019, canadavotes, n...
               [b, canada, taxpayers, sick, amp, tired, hard,...
          Name: text, dtype: object
In [200]: # Stemming is a rule-based process of stripping the suffixes ("ing", "l
          y", "es", "s" etc) from a word
          from nltk.stem.porter import *
          stemmer = PorterStemmer()
          tokenized tweet = tokenized tweet.apply(lambda x: [stemmer.stem(i) for
          i in x]) # stemming
          tokenized tweet.head()
Out[200]: 0
               [b, rosiebarton, instead, suggest, agre, canad...
               [b, allwomanspacewalk, real, n, n, etobicokeno...
             [b, brantford, go, cost, 94, billion, next, 4,...
               [b, canada, canadaelection2019, canadavot, n, ...
               [b, canada, taxpay, sick, amp, tire, hard, ear...
          Name: text, dtype: object
In [201]: # let's stitch these tokens back together
          for i in range(len(tokenized tweet)):
              tokenized tweet[i] = ' '.join(tokenized tweet[i])
          candf2['text'] = tokenized tweet
          print(candf2)
                sentiment
                                               negative reason \
                           Women Reproductive right and Racism
          0
          1
                        4
                                                            NaN
          2
                                                        Economy
                                                            NaN
                                                        Economy
                                                         0thers
                                                            NaN
          7
                                                            NaN
                                                         0thers
          9
                        0
                                                        Scandal
```

10 11	4 4	NaN NaN
12	4	NaN
13	4	NaN
14	0	Others
15	0	Tell lies
16	4	NaN
17	4	NaN
18	4	NaN
19	0	Scandal
20	0	Others
21	0	Others
22	4	NaN
23	4	NaN
24	0	Others
25	4	NaN
26	0	Scandal
27	0	Others
28	4	NaN
29	0	Tell lies
2102		T-11 14
2103	0	Tell lies
2104	4	NaN
2105	0	Tell lies
2106	0	Economy
2107	4	NaN Tell lies
2108	0 0	Others
2109 2110	4	NaN
2110	4	NaN
2111	9	Tell lies
2112	4	NaN
2113	9	0thers
2114	0	Economy
2115	4	NaN
2110	4	NaN
2117		n Reproductive right and Racism
2119		n Reproductive right and Racism
2119	4	NaN
2120	7	IVAIN

```
2121
                                               Others
2122
              0
                                            Tell lies
2123
              4
                                                  NaN
2124
              0
                                            Tell lies
2125
                                               0thers
2126
              0
                                      Climate Problem
2127
                                                  NaN
2128
                                              Scandal
2129
              0
                                              Scandal
2130
                                                  NaN
2131
                 Women Reproductive right and Racism
2132
                                                  NaN
                                                    text
      b rosiebarton instead suggest agre canadian wo...
0
      b allwomanspacewalk real n n etobicokenorth ci...
1
2
      b brantford go cost 94 billion next 4 year ask...
3
      b canada canadaelection2019 canadavot n elxn43...
4
      b canada taxpay sick amp tire hard earn donat ...
5
      b canadavotes2019 elxn43 cdnpoli fact blastfro...
      b cdnmedia elxn43 cdnpoli ppc rocki dong hand ...
7
      b cdnpoli elxn43 liber doubl promis 2015 natio...
8
      b chooseforward cdnpoli elxn43 ncanada make am...
9
      b cpckinsellag nlet see receipt pay warren kin...
10
      b elxn43 two day away vote e day read primer l...
11
      b elxn43 predict justin trudeau lpc lose monda...
      b icvmi analysi ford nation respond renata for...
12
13
      b icymi analysi ford nation respond renata for...
      b kinsella run deep w cpc lyingandi craze anti...
14
      b lyingandi histori answer embarrass question ...
15
16
      b threadalert nhere studi sheet unfit candid n...
17
      b uprisingh definit look forward asian paramil...
18
      b uptoyouth cdnpoli elxn43 today youth smart s...
      b urgent pleas watch video david haskel peopl ...
19
20
      b polici comment illeg immor nefari activ cpc ...
21
      b andrewsch fit hold public offic let alon pm ...
22
      b yorkuhealth prof mari wiktorowicz weigh heal...
23
      b 222minut part leftist justinjourno virtu sig...
24
      b alan poirier alberta saskatchewan ontario pr...
```

```
25
      b alanthomasdoyl hi alan wonder could put quic...
26
      b alternatespunki electionscan e electionson c...
27
     b althiaraj justintrudeau justintrudeau use 5 ...
      b althiaraj justintrudeau well yeah jam n nask...
28
29
      b althiaraj ask question hypothet n cdnpoli el...
. . .
     b wow lot bigger lie insur broker folk elxn201...
2103
2104
     b wow suppos quick whistl stop turn hundr show...
     b wowser nlook like cbc globe reli liber oper ...
2105
2106 b wrong n nyou xe2 x80 x99re one use alberta p...
2107
     b wrote intro piec us reader via thenat nabout...
2108 b yay cbckati nice see pushback lie attempt an...
2109 b ye want afford futur justintrudeau canada be...
     b ye readi xf0 x9f xa7 xa1 xf0 x9f xa7 xa1 elx...
2110
2111 b ye us think votendp like mani like mind peop...
                    b ye andrewsch stori elxn43 cdnpoli
2112
2113 b ye free tuition key plank platform cant keep...
2114 b ye doubt busi schedul last minut liber troll...
2115 b ye liber xe2 x80 x99t get major ndp ask pipe...
2116 b ye xe2 x80 x99 endors n nbut import thing ex...
2117 b ye encourag one anoth cast ballot poll close...
2118 b yet andrew scheer maintain expect us believ ...
2119 b yet anoth exampl constant danger conserv pos...
2120 b absolut correct priva canadian media unfairl...
2121 b sort betray memori fought freedom cdnpoli el...
2122 b alway tell person good campaign stupid state...
2123 b miltonon make cancer sexi ladi lraitt embarr...
2124 b vote dishonest slander politician alway choo...
2125 b xe2 x80 x99t supervillain elect fail job n n...
2126 b care limit climatechang wonder parti vote el...
2127 b heard first head figur align best valu vote ...
2128 b know good enough job smear campaign right an...
2129 b miss comment deflect issu answer best respon...
2130 b daili remind n endors strateg vote n elxn43 ...
2131 b yup go reopen abort debat xf0 x9f x98 x8f n ...
2132
                                    b zing n ndp elxn43
[2133 rows x 3 columns]
```

```
In [202]: # Bag-of-Words features can be easily created using sklearn's CountVect
          orizer function.
          # We will set the parameter max features = 1000 to select only top 1000
           terms ordered by term frequency across the corpus
          from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
          bow vectorizer = CountVectorizer(max df=0.90, min df=2, max features=10
          00, stop_words='english')
          # bag-of-words feature matrix
          bow = bow vectorizer.fit transform(candf2['text'])
          print(bow)
            (0, 18)
                           1
            (0, 107)
                           1
            (0, 131)
            (0, 453)
            (0, 723)
            (0, 918)
            (0, 664)
            (0, 348)
            (0, 176)
            (0, 56)
            (0, 867)
            (0, 919)
            (0, 111)
            (0, 40)
            (0, 812)
            (0, 408)
            (0, 725)
            (1, 591)
            (1, 691)
            (1, 131)
            (2, 428)
            (2, 66)
            (2, 992)
            (2, 87)
            (2, 188)
                           1
            (2129, 390)
            (2129, 59)
                           1
            (2129, 194)
```

```
(2129, 83)
                            1
             (2129, 109)
                            1
             (2129, 66)
                            1
             (2129, 131)
             (2130, 350)
             (2130, 801)
                            1
             (2130, 269)
             (2130, 706)
                            1
             (2130, 266)
                            1
             (2130, 479)
                            1
             (2130, 892)
                            1
             (2130, 538)
                            1
             (2130, 131)
                            1
             (2131, 214)
                            1
             (2131, 951)
                            1
             (2131, 736)
                            1
             (2131, 735)
                            1
             (2131, 944)
             (2131, 963)
                            1
             (2131, 988)
                            1
             (2131, 18)
                            1
             (2132, 538)
                            1
In [203]: # TF-IDF works by penalizing the common words by assigning them lower w
           eights while giving
           # importance to words which are rare in the entire corpus but appear in
            good numbers
           from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
           tfidf vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max df=0.90, min df=2, max features=
           1000, stop words='english')
           # TF-IDF feature matrix
           tfidf = tfidf vectorizer.fit transform(candf2['text'])
           As we saw from the Genric Tweets analysis, TFIDF performed marginally better than Bag of
           Words. Therefore, in the interest of processing time, TFIDF will be used for Canadian Elections.
```

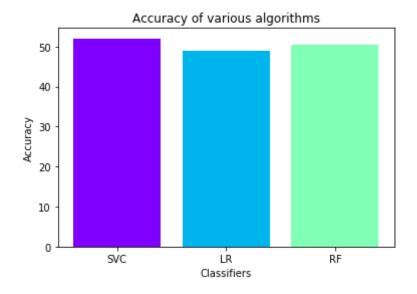
In [204]: # Spliting Data form above reduction dataset

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_valid, y_train, y_valid = train_test_split(tfidf, candf2['se
ntiment'], test_size = 0.3, random_state = 3)
```

Model Implementation & Results - Canadian Elections

```
In [205]: #predicting various Classification algorithms
           accuracy scores = np.zeros(3)
           # Support Vector Classifier
           prediction svm = svm.predict(X valid)
           accuracy scores[0] = accuracy score(y valid, prediction svm)*100
           print('Support Vector Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[
          0]))
           # Logistic Regression
           prediction logit = logis.predict(X valid)
           accuracy scores[1] = accuracy score(y valid, prediction logit)*100
           print('Logistic Regression accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[1]))
           # Random Forest
           prediction random = random.predict(X valid)
           accuracy_scores[2] = accuracy score(y valid, prediction random)*100
           print('Random Forest Classifier accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores[2
           ]))
          Support Vector Classifier accuracy: 52.03124999999999%
          Logistic Regression accuracy: 48.90625%
          Random Forest Classifier accuracy: 50.4687499999999998
          Similar to the Generic Tweets file, Logistic Regression appears to perform slightly better for
          Canadian Elections as well. This model will be selected going forward for further hyperparameter
          tuning in order to improve the accuracy.
In [206]: # Accuracy comparison of various algorithms
           colors = cm.rainbow(np.linspace(0, 2, 9))
```

Out[206]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Accuracy of various algorithms')



```
o 5 in version 0.22. Specify it explicitly to silence this warning.
 warnings.warn(CV WARNING, FutureWarning)
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Using backend SequentialBackend with 1 concurrent
workers.
Fitting 3 folds for each of 25 candidates, totalling 75 fits
[CV] C=0.1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=0.1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done  1 out of  1 | elapsed:
                                       0.1s remaining:
   0.0s
[Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 2 out of 2 | elapsed:
                                       0.2s remaining:
   0.0s
[CV] C=0.1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=0.1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=0.1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=0.1, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=0.1, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] ...... C=0.1, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=0.1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=0.1, qamma=0.01, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=0.1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=0.1, qamma=0.01, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=0.1, qamma=0.001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=0.1, qamma=0.001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.3s
```

```
[CV] ..... C=0.1, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf .....
[CV] ...... C=1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.663, total= 0.3s
[CV] C=1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.695, total= 0.3s
[CV] C=1, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=1, qamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.684, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=1, qamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.637, total= 0.3s
[CV] C=1, qamma=0.1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=1, qamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.629, total= 0.3s
[CV] C=1, qamma=0.1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=1, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.644, total= 0.3s
[CV] C=1, qamma=0.01, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] ...... C=1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=1, qamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1, qamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=1, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1, qamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=1, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1, qamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=1, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=10, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.667, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=10, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.663, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=10, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.684, total= 0.2s
```

```
[CV] ..... C=10, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.653, total=
[CV] C=10, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf ...............
[CV] ...... C=10, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.663, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=10, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.668, total= 0.2s
[CV] ...... C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.647, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, qamma=0.01, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.639, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.662, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=10, qamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] \dots C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] ...... C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, qamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ..... C=10, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=10, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=10, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=10, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=100, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.671, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=100, qamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.663, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=100, qamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.684, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=100, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.631, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=100, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.620, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=100, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.662, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=100, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.663, total= 0.1s
[CV] ...... C=100, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.661, total= 0.1s
```

```
[CV] ..... C=100, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.660, total= 0.1s
[CV] ..... C=100, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.645, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=100, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.647, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=100, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.662, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ..... C=100, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ..... C=100, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.524, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=100, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ..... C=100, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.523, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1000, gamma=1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ...... C=1000, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.671, total= 0.2s
[CV] ...... C=1000, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.663, total= 0.2s
[CV] ...... C=1000, gamma=1, kernel=rbf, score=0.684, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1000, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=1000, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.629, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1000, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=1000, qamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.631, total=0.2s
[CV] C=1000, gamma=0.1, kernel=rbf .......
[CV] ...... C=1000, qamma=0.1, kernel=rbf, score=0.668, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1000, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=1000, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.635, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=1000, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.614, total= 0.2s
[CV] C=1000, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf ......
[CV] ..... C=1000, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf, score=0.658, total= 0.2s
[CV] ..... C=1000, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.663, total= 0.1s
[CV] ..... C=1000, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.659, total= 0.1s
[CV] ..... C=1000, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf, score=0.658, total= 0.1s
```

```
[CV] .... C=1000, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.645, total= 0.2s
          [CV] C=1000, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf ............
          [CV] .... C=1000, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.649, total= 0.2s
          [CV] C=1000, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf .......
          [CV] .... C=1000, gamma=0.0001, kernel=rbf, score=0.664, total= 0.2s
          [Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 75 out of 75 | elapsed: 13.7s finished
Out[207]: GridSearchCV(cv='warn', error score='raise-deprecating',
                       estimator=SVC(C=1.0, cache_size=200, class_weight=None, co
          ef0=0.0.
                                      decision function shape='ovr', degree=3,
                                      gamma='auto deprecated', kernel='rbf', max i
          ter=-1,
                                      probability=False, random state=None, shrink
          ing=True,
                                      tol=0.001, verbose=False),
                       iid='warn', n jobs=None,
                       param grid={'C': [0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000],
                                    'gamma': [1, 0.1, 0.01, 0.001, 0.0001],
                                    'kernel': ['rbf']},
                       pre dispatch='2*n jobs', refit=True, return train score=Fa
          lse,
                       scoring=None, verbose=3)
In [208]: print(grid.best params )
          {'C': 1, 'gamma': 1, 'kernel': 'rbf'}
          The tuned hyperparameters for SVC is pretty much its default values. Hence, lets explore
          Logistic Regression instead for hyperparameter tuning and evaluate if there is an imporvement in
          accuracy.
In [209]: # taking logistic regression as the final model (stable and higher accu
          racv)
          dual=[True,False]
          max iter=[100,110,120,130,140]
```

```
C = [1.0,1.5,2.0,2.5]
param_grid = dict(dual=dual,max_iter=max_iter,C=C)
```

In [210]: #Logsitic Regression hyperparameter tuning from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV lr = LogisticRegression(penalty='l2') grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=lr, param_grid=param_grid, cv = 3, n_jobs =-1) #Model after tuning grid_result = grid.fit(X_train, y_train) # Summarize results print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid_result.best_score_, grid_result.best_params_))

Best: 0.687207 using {'C': 1.0, 'dual': True, 'max iter': 100}

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\logisti
c.py:432: FutureWarning: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in
0.22. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
 FutureWarning)

In [211]: # Logistic Regression accuracy after hypertuning prediction_logit_new = grid_result.predict(X_valid) accuracy_scores_logit_new = accuracy_score(y_valid, prediction_logit_ne w)*100 print('Logistic Regression accuracy after hyperparameter tuning: {}%'.f ormat(accuracy_scores_logit_new))

Logistic Regression accuracy after hyperparameter tuning: 73.90625%

In the datasets used in this exercise, the sentiments were binary i.e. either positive or negative. Often times, the sentiment obtained from the tweet is more of a fact than a clear binary choice between positive and negative. In such cases, the sentiment of the tweet assigned is entirely subjective upon the human assigning the sentiment class. For sentiment analysis cases with continuous variables assigned to each sentiment (happiness, sadness, anger, etc.), the mixture of sentiment (i.e. emotion) is much better relayed than a clear binary assignment of a human's emotion, such as in this case. Therefore, a discrete classification of sentiment comes with its

own pitfalls. Therefore, doing a continuous variable sentiment analysis is preferred over discrete binary assignment.

For predicting the class of negative_reasons, oftentimes the reason itself can be a combination of two different reasons. For example, some of the negative sentiments are a combination of "Economy" and "Tell Lies" where the tweet states lies or incorrect statements made by the political party with respect to the economy. Similar cases exist for other pair of negative_reasons as well. Therefore, the assignment of classes in this case as well might not be totally representative of the actual negative_reason if there are multiple reasons. One of the suggestions would be re-classifying these negative_reasons with the options of adding a secondary reason to it as well. This will, however, increase the number of target variable classes.

Classification of Negative Reasons

```
In [243]: candf3 = candf2.dropna(axis=0, subset=['negative_reason'])
candf3.head()
```

Out[243]:

	sentiment	negative_reason	text
0	0	Women Reproductive right and Racism	b rosiebarton instead suggest agre canadian wo
2	0	Economy	b brantford go cost 94 billion next 4 year ask
4	0	Economy	b canada taxpay sick amp tire hard earn donat
5	0	Others	b canadavotes2019 elxn43 cdnpoli fact blastfro
8	0	Others	b chooseforward cdnpoli elxn43 ncanada make am

```
In [244]: # Data cleaning and pre-process dataset
    nltk.download('stopwords')

# TEXT CLENAING
    TEXT_CLEANING_RE = "@\S+|https?:\S+|http?:\S|[^A-Za-z0-9]+"
    stop_words = stopwords.words("english")
    stemmer = SnowballStemmer("english")
```

```
In [245]: def preprocess(text, stem=False):
              # Remove link, user and special characters
              text = re.sub(TEXT CLEANING RE, ' ', str(text).lower()).strip()
              tokens = []
              for token in text.split():
                  if token not in stop words:
                      if stem:
                          tokens.append(stemmer.stem(token))
                      else:
                          tokens.append(token)
              return " ".join(tokens)
          candf3.text = candf3.text.apply(lambda x: preprocess(x))
          candf3
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\generic.py:5096:
          SettingWithCopyWarning:
          A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
          Try using .loc[row indexer,col indexer] = value instead
          See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-d
          ocs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy
            self[name] = value
```

Out[245]:

sentiment negative_reason	text
0 Women Reproductive right and Racism	b rosiebarton instead suggest agre canadian wo
2 0 Economy	b brantford go cost 94 billion next 4 year ask
4 0 Economy	b canada taxpay sick amp tire hard earn donat
5 0 Others	b canadavotes2019 elxn43 cdnpoli fact blastfro
8 0 Others	b chooseforward cdnpoli elxn43 ncanada make am

s	sentiment	negative_reason	text
9	0	Scandal	b cpckinsellag nlet see receipt pay warren kin
14	0	Others	b kinsella run deep w cpc lyingandi craze anti
15	0	Tell lies	b lyingandi histori answer embarrass question
19	0	Scandal	b urgent pleas watch video david haskel peopl
20	0	Others	b polici comment illeg immor nefari activ cpc
21	0	Others	b andrewsch fit hold public offic let alon pm
24	0	Others	b alan poirier alberta saskatchewan ontario pr
26	0	Scandal	b alternatespunki electionscan e electionson c
27	0	Others	b althiaraj justintrudeau justintrudeau use 5
29	0	Tell lies	b althiaraj ask question hypothet n cdnpoli el
30	0	Scandal	b althiaraj surpris n justintrudeau answer q y
33	0	Scandal	b andrewsch warren jwr yell us new stori invol
34	0	Privilege	b andrewsch life also gotten expens republican
35	0	Others	b anthonyromo17 phil rack peterdiane01 andrews
36	0	Others	b artonfurnitur fender bender make bc suprem c
37	0	Scandal	b asestritsyn yvan baker justintrudeau liber p
39	0	Scandal	b baldjam cpc hq investig elxn43 donat petrole
40	0	Economy	b barkoh crippledu kennuck start basic legal p
41	0	Tell lies	b bcrealiti ontarioisproud serious west coast
42	0	Others	b ben johnson even n n cdnpoli yyj qcpoli onpo
46	0	Tell lies	b c resist gill godwin name one elect sinc har
47	0	Others	b camrclark natnewswatch one leader give answe
48	0	Scandal	b canadiangreen soniafurstenau campaign hire w

	sentiment	negative_reason	text
49	0	Tell lies	b candicemalcolm heshmatalavi well known rafid
50	0	Climate Problem	b cathmckenna give us greenhous ga reduct stra
2082	0	Tell lies	b would mckenna think chr xc3 xa9tien could sa
2083	0	Others	b would elect night star war trailer elxn43
2084	0	Others	b rosi barton cri air monday night n n elxn43
2088	0	Others	b conserv see get star nand get littl elxn43 c
2089	0	Others	b except peopl deep throe polit derang syndrom
2091	0	Scandal	b woke news appar total ok hire firm slander d
2092	0	Tell lies	b wonder scheer campaign xe2 x80 x99t take que
2096	0	Economy	b would mr scheer ask thought harper decis cut
2097	0	Scandal	b xe2 x80 x99t better polit parti xe2 x80 x9cd
2099	0	Scandal	b wow sheila sound like defam n nimagin think
2100	0	Others	b wow elizabeth may like stupid tweet cdnpoli
2102	0	Scandal	b wow horgan sight wonder long would tri bask
2103	0	Tell lies	b wow lot bigger lie insur broker folk elxn201
2105	0	Tell lies	b wowser nlook like cbc globe reli liber oper
2106	0	Economy	b wrong n nyou xe2 x80 x99re one use alberta p
2108	0	Tell lies	b yay cbckati nice see pushback lie attempt an
2109	0	Others	b ye want afford futur justintrudeau canada be
2112	0	Tell lies	b ye andrewsch stori elxn43 cdnpoli
2114	0	Others	b ye doubt busi schedul last minut liber troll
2115	0	Economy	b ye liber xe2 x80 x99t get major ndp ask pipe
2118	0	Women Reproductive right and Racism	b yet andrew scheer maintain expect us believ

	sentiment	negative_reason	text
2119	0	Women Reproductive right and Racism	b yet anoth exampl constant danger conserv pos
2121	0	Others	b sort betray memori fought freedom cdnpoli el
2122	0	Tell lies	b alway tell person good campaign stupid state
2124	0	Tell lies	b vote dishonest slander politician alway choo
2125	0	Others	b xe2 x80 x99t supervillain elect fail job n n
2126	0	Climate Problem	b care limit climatechang wonder parti vote el
2128	0	Scandal	b know good enough job smear campaign right an
2129	0	Scandal	b miss comment deflect issu answer best respon
2131	0	Women Reproductive right and Racism	b yup go reopen abort debat xf0 x9f x98 x8f n

1007 rows × 3 columns

In [246]: # Combining healthcare and marijuana and healthcare into one candf3['negative reason'] = candf3['negative reason'].str.replace('Heal thcare and Marijuana', 'Healthcare')

> C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:2: Set tingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row indexer,col indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-d ocs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy

In [247]: candf3.drop(candf3.index[candf3['negative reason'] == 'Others'], inplac e = True

> C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\frame.py:3940: S ettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-d ocs/stable/indexing.html#indexing-view-versus-copy errors=errors)

In [248]: candf3

Out[248]:

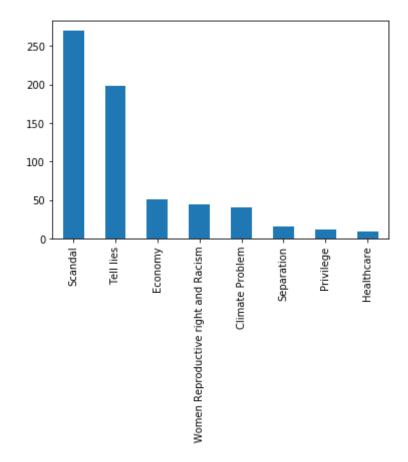
sentiment		negative_reason	text
0	0	Women Reproductive right and Racism	b rosiebarton instead suggest agre canadian wo
2	0	Economy	b brantford go cost 94 billion next 4 year ask
4	0	Economy	b canada taxpay sick amp tire hard earn donat
9	0	Scandal	b cpckinsellag nlet see receipt pay warren kin
15	0	Tell lies	b lyingandi histori answer embarrass question
19	0	Scandal	b urgent pleas watch video david haskel peopl
26	0	Scandal	b alternatespunki electionscan e electionson c
29	0	Tell lies	b althiaraj ask question hypothet n cdnpoli el
30	0	Scandal	b althiaraj surpris n justintrudeau answer q y
33	0	Scandal	b andrewsch warren jwr yell us new stori invol
34	0	Privilege	b andrewsch life also gotten expens republican
37	0	Scandal	b asestritsyn yvan baker justintrudeau liber p
39	0	Scandal	b baldjam cpc hq investig elxn43 donat petrole
40	0	Economy	b barkoh crippledu kennuck start basic legal p
41	0	Tell lies	b bcrealiti ontarioisproud serious west coast
46	0	Tell lies	b c resist gill godwin name one elect sinc har
48	0	Scandal	b canadiangreen soniafurstenau campaign hire w
49	0	Tell lies	b candicemalcolm heshmatalavi well known rafid

sentiment		negative_reason	text
50	0	Climate Problem	b cathmckenna give us greenhous ga reduct stra
52	0	Scandal	b cbcalert andi transpar elect expect transpar
53	0	Healthcare	b cbconthecoast coalit gov might get us evid b
54	0	Tell lies	b charliekuss roy woodhal nunnya16 yukon stron
55	0	Tell lies	b christinainyeg grumpi granni andrewsch began
57	0	Scandal	b costellodaniel1 paola dec1231 zitaastrava ev
59	0	Scandal	b cpc hq candid appar troubl swallow andrewsch
60	0	Scandal	b ctvnew conserv parti spend campaign distanc
63	0	Scandal	b deceitindrug abblib long daze joannecang gla
65	0	Tell lies	b dpalmier sheila copp puglaa janephilpott ref
69	0	Tell lies	b electionscan e heyday big money go defend po
74	0	Tell lies	b gill godwin andrewsch real name lie constitu
2057	0	Tell lies	b even support question honesti integr elxn43
2062	0	Scandal	b jt show sock know feel good bad sign liber t
2063	0	Scandal	b peopl say mainstream media liber bias n n el
2064	0	Scandal	b think kinsella toronto sun keep mind n nthe
2066	0	Scandal	b work opinion columnist report newspap ethic
2073	0	Scandal	b canadian cdnmedia shock andrewsch hire kinse
2074	0	Economy	b canadian pay telfordk pmo spew rubbish amp d
2076	0	Healthcare	b mani peopl want guy pm nhe proven underhand

	sentiment	negative_reason	text
2079	0	Scandal	b thejagmeetsingh next prime minist canada n n
2082	0	Tell lies	b would mckenna think chr xc3 xa9tien could sa
2091	0	Scandal	b woke news appar total ok hire firm slander d
2092	0	Tell lies	b wonder scheer campaign xe2 x80 x99t take que
2096	0	Economy	b would mr scheer ask thought harper decis cut
2097	0	Scandal	b xe2 x80 x99t better polit parti xe2 x80 x9cd
2099	0	Scandal	b wow sheila sound like defam n nimagin think
2102	0	Scandal	b wow horgan sight wonder long would tri bask
2103	0	Tell lies	b wow lot bigger lie insur broker folk elxn201
2105	0	Tell lies	b wowser nlook like cbc globe reli liber oper
2106	0	Economy	b wrong n nyou xe2 x80 x99re one use alberta p
2108	0	Tell lies	b yay cbckati nice see pushback lie attempt an
2112	0	Tell lies	b ye andrewsch stori elxn43 cdnpoli
2115	0	Economy	b ye liber xe2 x80 x99t get major ndp ask pipe
2118	0	Women Reproductive right and Racism	b yet andrew scheer maintain expect us believ
2119	0	Women Reproductive right and Racism	b yet anoth exampl constant danger conserv pos
2122	0	Tell lies	b alway tell person good campaign stupid state
2124	0	Tell lies	b vote dishonest slander politician alway choo
2126	0	Climate Problem	b care limit climatechang wonder parti vote el
2128	0	Scandal	b know good enough job smear campaign right an
2129	0	Scandal	b miss comment deflect issu answer best respon
2131	0	Women Reproductive right and Racism	b yup go reopen abort debat xf0 x9f x98 x8f n

```
In [249]: candf3['negative_reason'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')
```

Out[249]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x201c6f8bc88>



As we can see, the target variable class is heavily imbalanced. Additionally, the two dominant classes "Scandal" and "Tell Lies" are similar type of reasons. However, those will not be combined into one as it will further increase the imbalance of the dataset.

In [232]: # tokenize all the cleaned tweets in our dataset. Tokens are individual

```
terms or words,
          # and tokenization is the process of splitting a string of text into to
          tokenized tweet = candf3['text'].apply(lambda x: x.split())
          tokenized tweet.head()
Out[232]: 0
                [b, rosiebarton, instead, suggest, agre, canad...
                [b, brantford, go, cost, 94, billion, next, 4,...
                [b, canada, taxpay, sick, amp, tire, hard, ear...
                [b, cpckinsellag, nlet, see, receipt, pay, war...
                [b, lyingandi, histori, answer, embarrass, que...
          15
          Name: text, dtype: object
In [233]: # Stemming is a rule-based process of stripping the suffixes ("ing", "l
          y", "es", "s" etc) from a word
          from nltk.stem.porter import *
          stemmer = PorterStemmer()
          tokenized tweet = tokenized tweet.apply(lambda x: [stemmer.stem(i) for
          i in x]) # stemming
          tokenized tweet.head()
Out[233]: 0
                [b, rosiebarton, instead, suggest, agr, canadi...
                [b, brantford, go, cost, 94, billion, next, 4,...
                [b, canada, taxpay, sick, amp, tire, hard, ear...
                [b, cpckinsellag, nlet, see, receipt, pay, war...
          15
                [b, lyingandi, histori, answer, embarrass, que...
          Name: text, dtype: object
In [234]: # Bag-of-Words features can be easily created using sklearn's CountVect
          orizer function.
          # We will set the parameter max features = 1000 to select only top 1000
           terms ordered by term frequency across the corpus
          from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
          bow vectorizer = CountVectorizer(max df=0.90, min df=2, max features=10
          00, stop words='english')
          # bag-of-words feature matrix
          bow = bow vectorizer.fit transform(candf3['text'])
          print(bow)
```

```
(0, 17)
(0, 130)
(0, 153)
(0, 471)
(0, 707)
(0, 934)
(0, 658)
(0, 371)
(0, 193)
(0, 50)
(0, 881)
(0, 935)
(0, 134)
(0, 36)
(0, 827)
(0, 425)
(0, 710)
(1, 445)
(1, 69)
(1, 995)
(1, 99)
(1, 201)
(1, 130)
(1, 153)
(2, 279)
(640, 284)
               1
(640, 940)
               1
(640, 132)
(640, 95)
(640, 695)
(640, 453)
               1
(640, 184)
(640, 478)
(640, 234)
(640, 378)
               1
(640, 398)
(640, 408)
(640, 204)
```

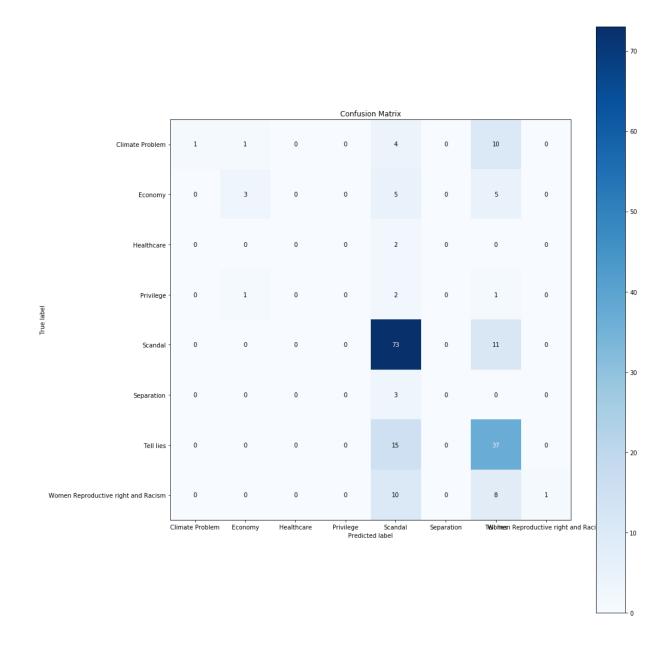
```
(640, 53)
            (640, 69)
            (640, 153)
            (641, 954)
            (641, 689)
            (641, 960)
            (641, 227)
                          1
            (641, 724)
                          1
            (641, 723)
                          1
            (641, 972)
                          1
            (641, 991)
                          1
            (641, 17)
                          1
In [235]: # TF-IDF works by penalizing the common words by assigning them lower w
          eights while giving
          # importance to words which are rare in the entire corpus but appear in
           good numbers
          from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
          tfidf vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max df=0.90, min df=2, max features=
          1000, stop words='english')
          # TF-IDF feature matrix
          tfidf = tfidf vectorizer.fit transform(candf3['text'])
In [236]: # Spliting Data form above reduction dataset
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          X_train, X_valid, y_train, y_valid = train_test_split(tfidf, candf3['ne
          gative reason'], test size = 0.3, random state = 3)
In [237]: from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
          from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score, classific
          ation report
          # taking logistic regression as a final model (stable accuracy on new d
          ata)
          dual=[True,False]
          max iter=[100,110,120,130,140]
```

```
C = [1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5]
          param grid = dict(dual=dual,max iter=max iter,C=C)
          #Model hypertune
          from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
          lr = LogisticRegression(penalty='l2')
          grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=lr, param grid=param grid, cv = 3, n jobs
          =-1)
          #Model after tuning
          grid result = grid.fit(X train, y train)
          # Summarize results
          #print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid result.best score, grid result.best
          params))
          # Logistic Regression accuracy after hypertuning
          prediction logit new = grid result.predict(X valid)
          accuracy scores logit new = accuracy score(y valid, prediction logit ne
          w)*100
          print('Logistic Regression accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores logit
          new))
          Logistic Regression accuracy: 59.58549222797927%
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ sea
          rch.py:813: DeprecationWarning: The default of the `iid` parameter will
          change from True to False in version 0.22 and will be removed in 0.24.
          This will change numeric results when test-set sizes are unequal.
            DeprecationWarning)
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear model\logisti
          c.py:432: FutureWarning: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in
          0.22. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
            FutureWarning)
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear model\logisti
          c.py:469: FutureWarning: Default multi class will be changed to 'auto'
          in 0.22. Specify the multi class option to silence this warning.
            "this warning.", FutureWarning)
In [238]: # check validation statistics (Classification Summary) for TDIDF
          import scikitplot as skplt
```

print(classification_report(y_valid, prediction_logit_new)) # from conf
usion matrix Logistics Regression perform well
Plot confusion Matrix
skplt.metrics.plot_confusion_matrix(y_valid, prediction_logit_new, figs
ize=(15, 18))
plt.show()

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\classificati
on.py:1437: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defin
ed and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples.
 'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)

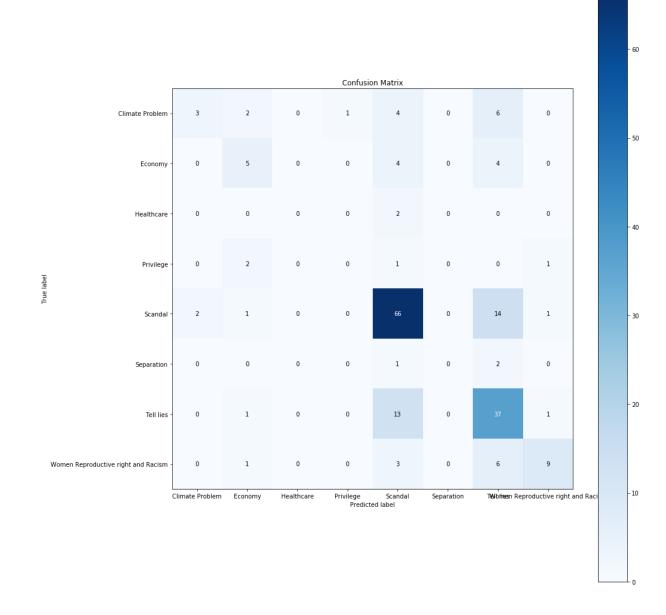
		precision	recall	f1-score	su
pport					
16	Climate Problem	1.00	0.06	0.12	
16	Economy	0.60	0.23	0.33	
13	Healthcare	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2	Privilege	0.00	0.00	0.00	
4					
84	Scandal	0.64	0.87	0.74	
	Separation	0.00	0.00	0.00	
3	Tell lies	0.51	0.71	0.60	
52 Women 19	Reproductive right and Racism	1.00	0.05	0.10	
	accuracy			0.60	
193	macro avg	0.47	0.24	0.24	
193	macro avg	0.47	0.24	0.24	
193	weighted avg	0.64	0.60	0.52	



```
In [239]: # Spliting Data form above reduction dataset
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          X train, X valid, y train, y valid = train test split(bow, candf3['nega
          tive reason'], test size = 0.3, random state = 3)
In [240]: from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
          from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score, classific
          ation report
          # taking logistic regression as a final model (stable accuracy on new d
          ata)
          dual=[True,False]
          max iter=[100,110,120,130,140]
          C = [1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5]
          param grid = dict(dual=dual,max iter=max iter,C=C)
          #Model hypertune
          from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
          lr = LogisticRegression(penalty='l2')
          grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=lr, param grid=param grid, cv = 3, n jobs
          =-1)
          #Model after tuning
          grid result = grid.fit(X train, y train)
          # Summarize results
          #print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid result.best score, grid result.best
          params))
          # Logistic Regression accuracy after hypertuning
```

```
prediction logit new = grid result.predict(X valid)
          accuracy scores logit new = accuracy score(y valid, prediction logit ne
          w)*100
          print('Logistic Regression accuracy: {}%'.format(accuracy scores logit
          new))
          Logistic Regression accuracy: 62.17616580310881%
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ sea
          rch.py:813: DeprecationWarning: The default of the `iid` parameter will
          change from True to False in version 0.22 and will be removed in 0.24.
          This will change numeric results when test-set sizes are unequal.
            DeprecationWarning)
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear model\logisti
          c.py:432: FutureWarning: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in
          0.22. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
            FutureWarning)
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear model\logisti
          c.py:469: FutureWarning: Default multi class will be changed to 'auto'
          in 0.22. Specify the multi class option to silence this warning.
            "this warning.", FutureWarning)
In [241]: # check validation statistics (Classification Summary) for Bag of Words
          import scikitplot as skplt
          print(classification report(y valid, prediction logit new)) # from conf
          usion matrix Logistics Regression perform well
          # Plot confusion Matrix
          skplt.metrics.plot confusion matrix(y valid, prediction logit new, figs
          ize=(15, 18)
          plt.show()
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\classificati
          on.py:1437: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-defin
          ed and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples.
            'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
                                               precision
                                                            recall f1-score
                                                                               su
          pport
                              Climate Problem
                                                    0.60
                                                              0.19
                                                                        0.29
```

Tρ				
13	Economy	0.42	0.38	0.40
	Healthcare	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	Privilege	0.00	0.00	0.00
4	Scandal	0.70	0.79	0.74
84	Scanda c	0.70	0.73	0.74
_	Separation	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	Tell lies	0.54	0.71	0.61
52 Women 19	Reproductive right and Racism	0.75	0.47	0.58
100	accuracy			0.62
193	macro avg	0.38	0.32	0.33
193	_		0.60	
193	weighted avg	0.60	0.62	0.60



As aforementioned, sentiment analysis is best used when there is one or multiple moods that can be assignmed as part of the sentiment rather than just binary assignment of positive or negative. Most real life election sentiment analysis of social media involves these mood labels which helps better understand the depth of sentiment of the voter and reduces the subjectivity of the human assigning the binary sentiment reading the tweet.

Therefore, it is critical that the training model is well balanced and the negative_reason cateogires are carefully determined to minimize any potential overlap in their meaning. As we can see from the confusion matrix above, "Scandal" is often confused with "Tell Lies" as we predicted earlier and causes the highest degree of error. If we were to combine these two into one target variable, it will definitely improve the accuracy of the model but will lead to a heavily imbalanced data set.