732A62 Lab 2

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Assignment 1

a)

```
library(astsa)
library(kernlab)
library(TSA)
library(forecast)
set.seed(12345)
AR3 \leftarrow arima.sim(1000, model = list(order = c(3,0,0),
                                      ar = c(0.8, -0.2, 0.1))
## The theoretical
AR3.pacf <- pacf(AR3, plot=F)
AR3.data <- ts.intersect(xt = AR3, x1 = lag(AR3, 1), x2 = lag(AR3, 2), x3 = lag(AR3, 3))
AR.lm \leftarrow resid(lm(xt \sim x1 + x2, data = AR3.data))
AR.lm.lag3 \leftarrow resid(lm(x3 \sim x1 + x2 , data = AR3.data))
AR3.pacf[3]
##
## Partial autocorrelations of series 'AR3', by lag
       3
##
## 0.117
cor(AR.lm, AR.lm.lag3)
## [1] 0.1146076
```

b)

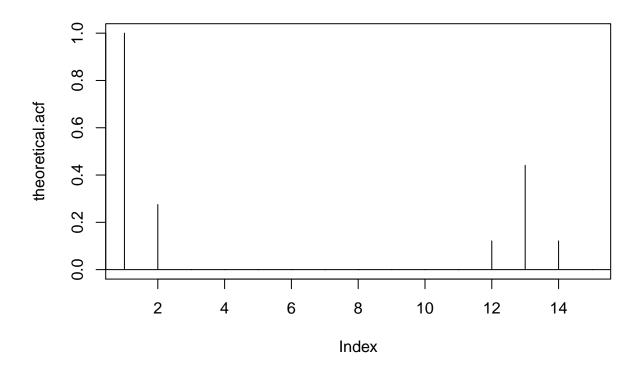
```
##
## Call:
## ar(x = AR2, aic = FALSE, order.max = 2, method = "yw")
## Coefficients:
##
       1
## 0.8029 0.1037
##
## Order selected 2 sigma^2 estimated as 1.267
ar2.ols
##
## Call:
## ar(x = AR2, aic = FALSE, order.max = 2, method = "ols")
## Coefficients:
##
        1
## 0.8067 0.1205
##
## Intercept: -0.04401 (0.1074)
## Order selected 2 sigma^2 estimated as 1.129
ar2.mle
##
## arima(x = AR2, order = c(2, 0, 0), method = "ML")
## Coefficients:
##
                  ar2 intercept
            ar1
         0.7967 0.1189
##
                            0.8290
## s.e. 0.0992 0.1000
                            1.1385
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.126: log likelihood = -148.71, aic = 303.41
Yes, the theoretical value for
is inside the confidence-intervall for the ML estimate.
```

c)

```
set.seed(12345)
ma.coef <- c(0.3, rep(0, 10), 0.6)
ts4 <- arima.sim(n=200, model=list(order=c(0, 0, 12), ma = ma.coef))
theoretical.acf <- ARMAacf(ma=c(ma.coef, 0.3 * 0.6))
theoretical.pacf <- ARMAacf(ma=c(ma.coef, 0.3 * 0.6), pacf=TRUE)

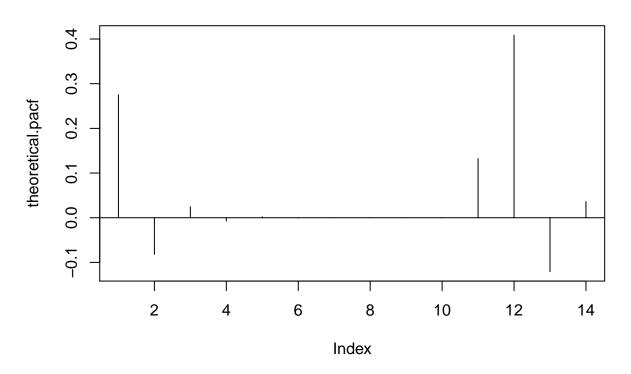
plot(theoretical.acf, type="h", main="Theoretical ACF")
abline(h=0)</pre>
```

Theoretical ACF



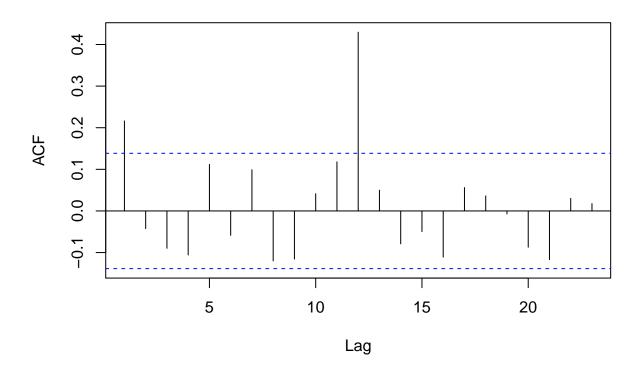
plot(theoretical.pacf, type="h", main="Theoretical PACF")
abline(h=0)

Theoretical PACF



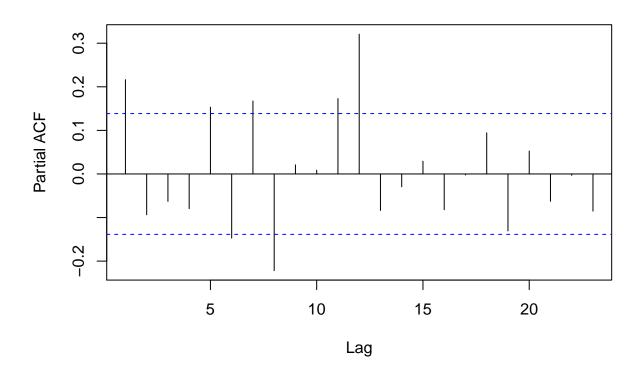
empirical.acf <- acf(ts4)</pre>

Series ts4



empirical.pacf <- pacf(ts4)</pre>

Series ts4

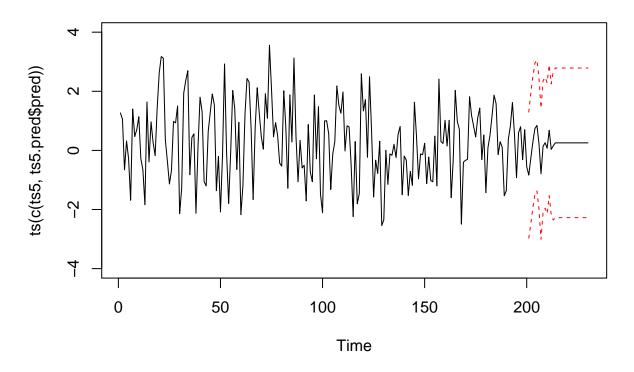


d)

```
set.seed(12345)
ma.coef <- c(0.3, rep(0, 10), 0.6)
ts5 <- arima.sim(n=200, model=list(order=c(0, 0, 12), ma = ma.coef))

ts5.fit <- arima(ts5, order=c(0, 0, 1), seasonal=list(order=c(0, 0, 1), period=12))
ts5.pred <- predict(ts5.fit, n.ahead=30, se.fit=TRUE)

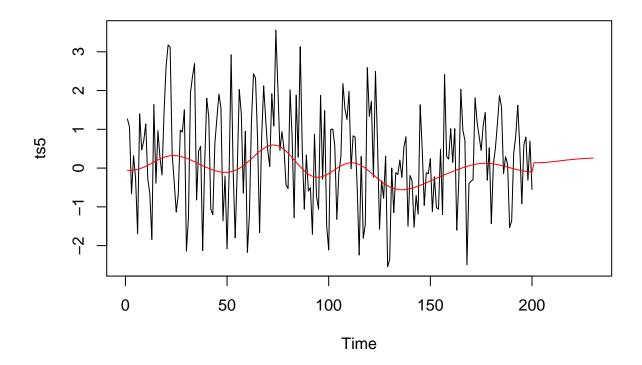
plot(ts(c(ts5, ts5.pred$pred)), ylim=c(-4, 4))
lines(200 + 1:length(ts5.pred$pred), ts5.pred$pred + 1.96 * ts5.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")
lines(200 + 1:length(ts5.pred$pred), ts5.pred$pred - 1.96 * ts5.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")</pre>
```



```
gausspr.data <- data.frame(y=ts5, x=1:200)
gausspr.fit <- gausspr(y ~ x, gausspr.data)

## Using automatic sigma estimation (sigest) for RBF or laplace kernel
gausspr.pred <- predict(gfit, data.frame(x=201:230))

plot(ts5, xlim=c(0, 230))
lines(c(fitted(gausspr.fit), gausspr.pred), , col="red")</pre>
```



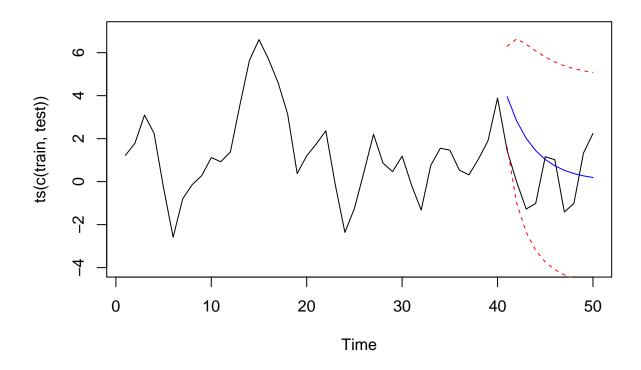
e)

```
set.seed(12345)
ts6 <- arima.sim(model=list(ma=c(0.5), ar=c(0.7)), n=50)

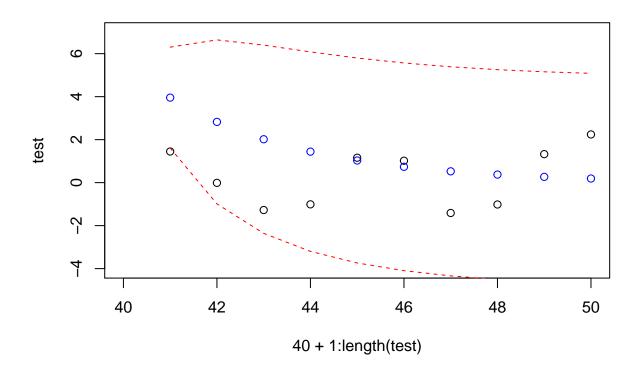
train <- ts(ts6[1:40])
test <- ts(ts6[41:50])

ts6.fit <- arima(train, order=c(1, 0, 1), include.mean = F)
ts6.pred <- predict(ts6.fit, n.ahead=10)

plot(ts(c(train, test)), ylim=c(-4, 7), type="1")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred, col="blue")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred + 1.96 * ts6.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred - 1.96 * ts6.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")</pre>
```



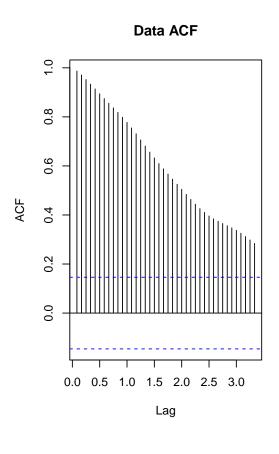
```
plot(40 + 1:length(test), test, ylim=c(-4, 7), xlim=c(40, 50), type="p")
points(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred, col="blue")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred + 1.96 * ts6.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred - 1.96 * ts6.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")
```

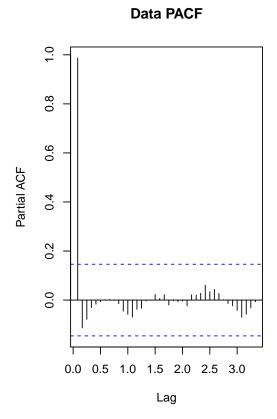


Assignment 2

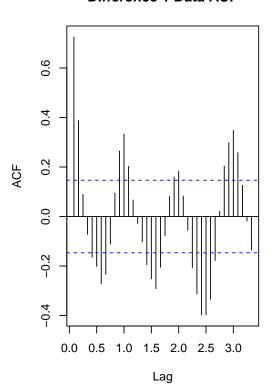
```
assignment2 <- function(data){
   old <- par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
   acf(data, lag.max = 40, main="Data ACF")
   pacf(data, lag.max = 40, main="Data PACF")
   acf(diff(data, lag = 1), lag.max = 40, main="Difference 1 Data ACF")
   pacf(diff(data, lag = 1), lag.max = 40, main="Difference 1 Data PACF")
   par(old)
}</pre>
```

Chicken

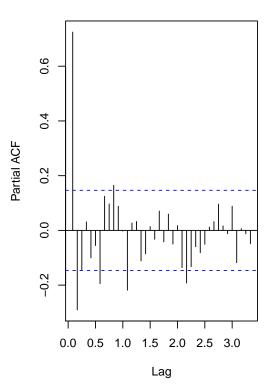




Difference 1 Data ACF



Difference 1 Data PACF



Data ACF

The ACF on the original data suggests an AR or ARMA model since the ACF tails off.

Data PACF

The PACF on the original data cuts off after lag 1 suggesting an AR(1) model.

Difference 1 Data ACF

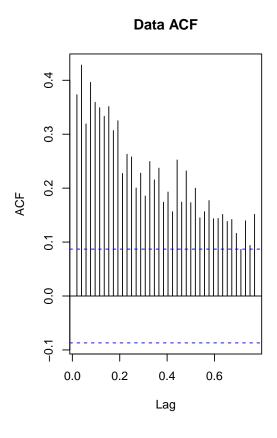
After having performed difference of order 1 we can clearly see that there is a seasonal trend in the data. The ACF suggests a seasonality of 10 but it does not seem to tail off.

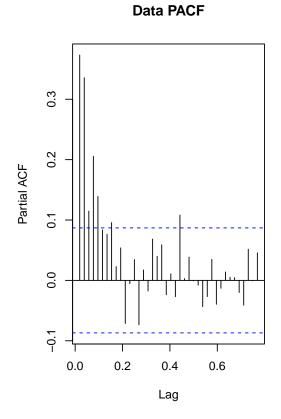
Difference 1 Data PACF

The PACF indicates that \dots

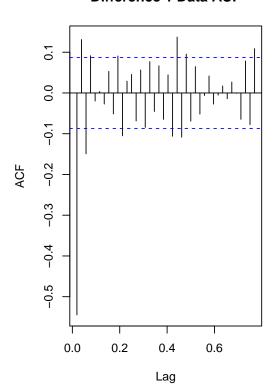
Final Verdict

 $ARIMA(1,\,0,\,0) \ge (_,1,_)_10$

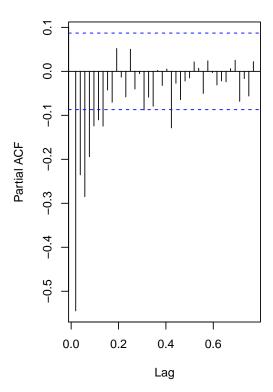




Difference 1 Data ACF



Difference 1 Data PACF



Data ACF

The ACF tails off suggesting either an AR or ARMA model.

Data PACF

The PACF tails off as well suggesting an ARMA model.

Difference 1 Data ACF

The ACF after difference cuts off after lag 1 suggesting a MA(1) model.

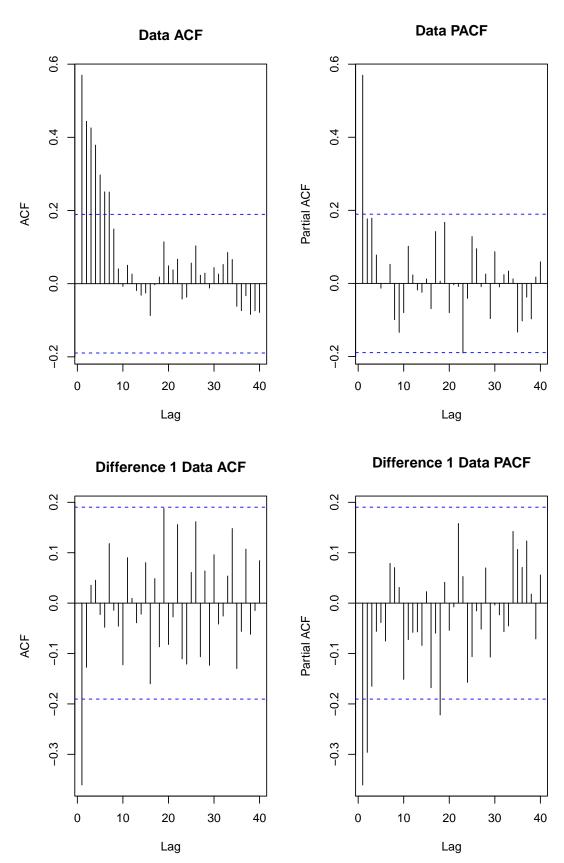
Difference 1 Data PACF

The PACF after difference tails off further suggesting a MA(1) model.

Final Verdict

ARIMA(0, 1, 1)

EQcount



Data ACF

The ACF tails off suggesting an AR or ARMA model.

Data PACF

The PACF cuts off after lag 1 suggesting AR(1) model.

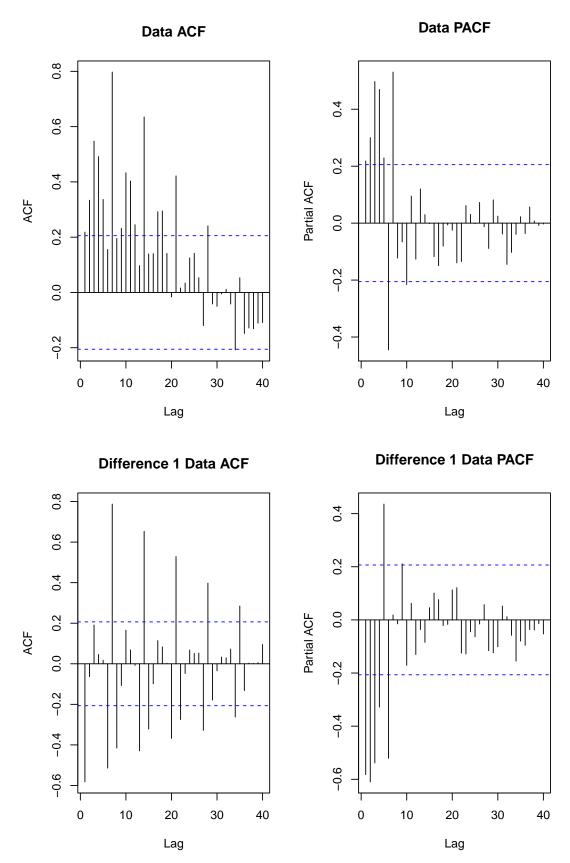
Difference 1 Data ACF

The ACF after difference cuts off after lag 1 suggesting a MA(1) model.

Difference 1 Data PACF

Final Verdict

HCT



Data ACF

The ACF tails off suggesting either an AR or ARMA model.

Data PACF

The PACF cuts off after lag 7 suggesting an AR(7) model.

Difference 1 Data ACF

The ACF suggests seasonality that tails off after lag 7 suggesting an seasonality of 7.

Difference 1 Data PACF

The PACF cuts off after 6 lags suggesting an AR(6) seasonality model.

Final Verdict

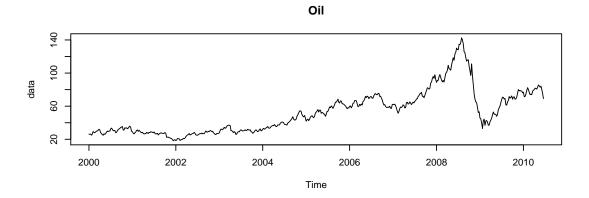
 $ARIMA(7, 0, 0) \times (6, 1, 0)_7$

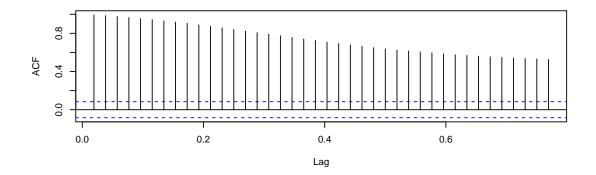
Assignment 3

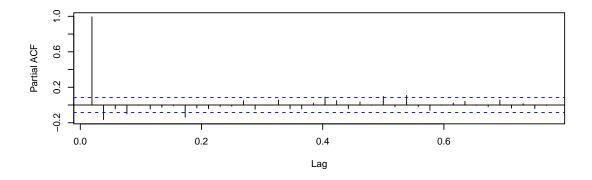
```
plot_helper <- function(data, title) {</pre>
    old <- par(mfrow=c(4, 1))</pre>
    plot(data, main=title)
    acf(data, lag.max=40, main="")
    pacf(data, lag.max=40, main="")
    qqnorm(data, main="", las=1)
    qqline(data)
    par(old)
}
test_helper <- function(data) {</pre>
    print(Box.test(data, lag = 1, type = "Ljung-Box"))
    print(suppressWarnings(adf.test(data)))
    e <- eacf(data)
}
fit_plot <- function(model) {</pre>
    pred <- predict(model, n.ahead=20, se.fit=TRUE)</pre>
    upper_band <- pred$pred + 1.96 * pred$se
    lower_band <- pred$pred - 1.96 * pred$se</pre>
    plot(c(model$x, pred$pred), type="1", xlim=c(500, length(oil) + 20), ylim=c(min(lower_band), max(up)
    lines(length(oil) + 1:20, upper_band, lty=2, col="red")
    lines(length(oil) + 1:20, lower_band, lty=2, col="red")
```

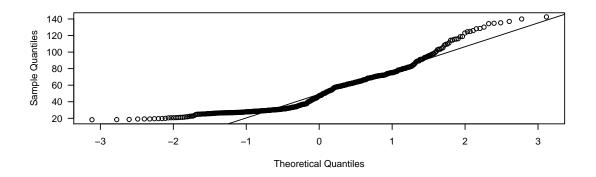
a)

```
loil <- log(oil)
doil <- diff(oil)
ddoil <- diff(oil, 2)
dloil <- diff(loil)
ddloil <- diff(loil, 2)</pre>
```

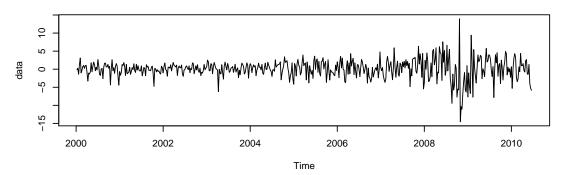


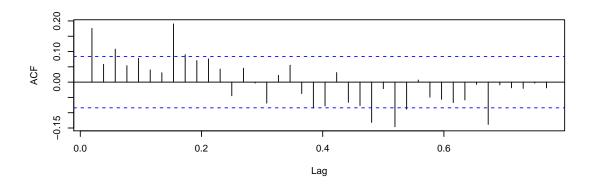


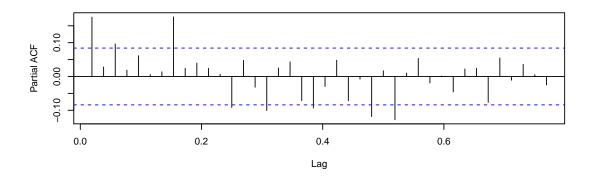


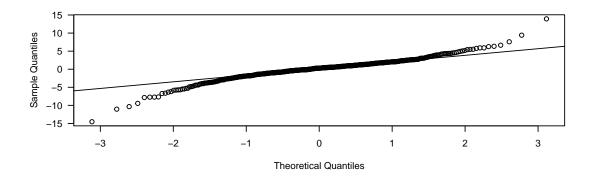


1 Difference Oil

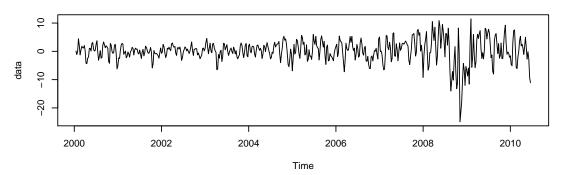


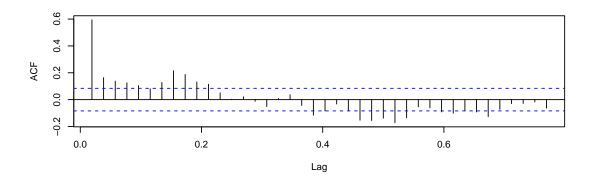


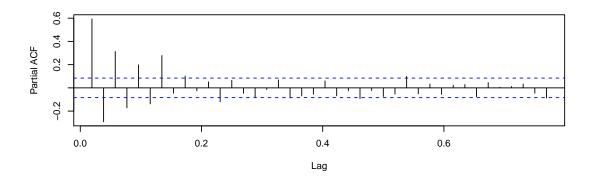


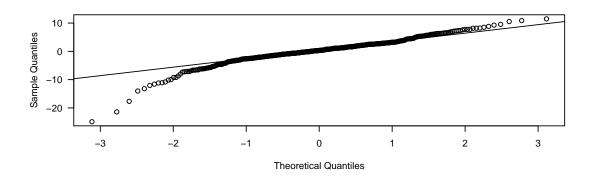


2 Difference Oil

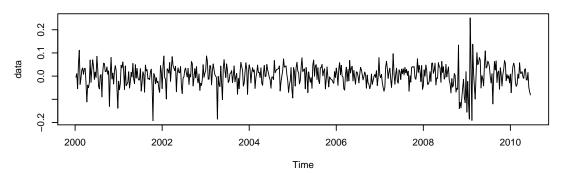


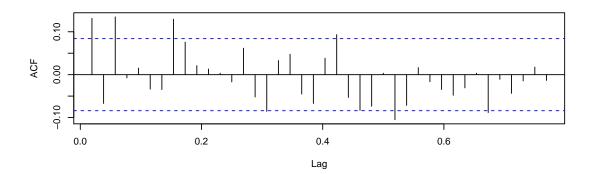


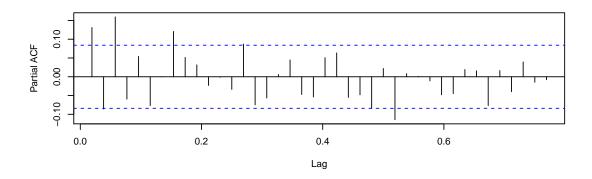


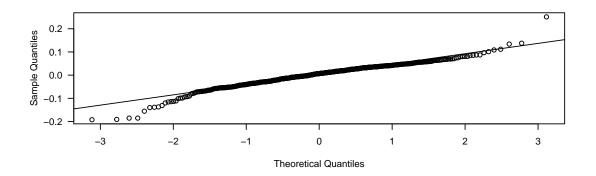


1 Difference log Oil

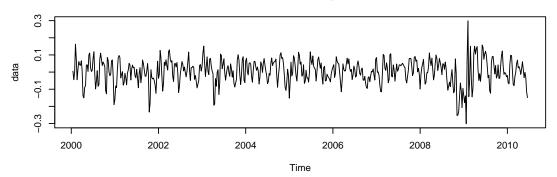


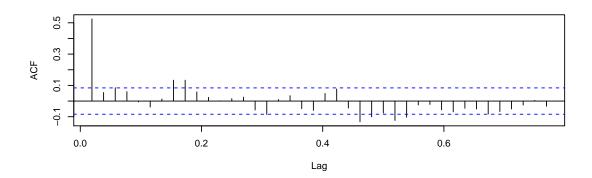


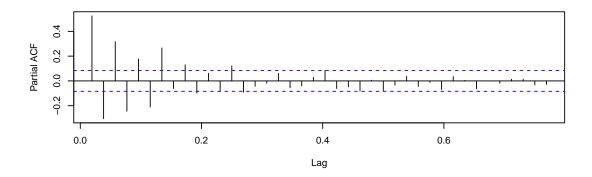


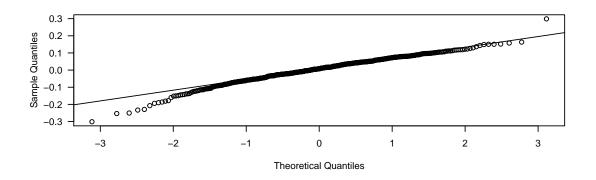


2 Difference log Oil







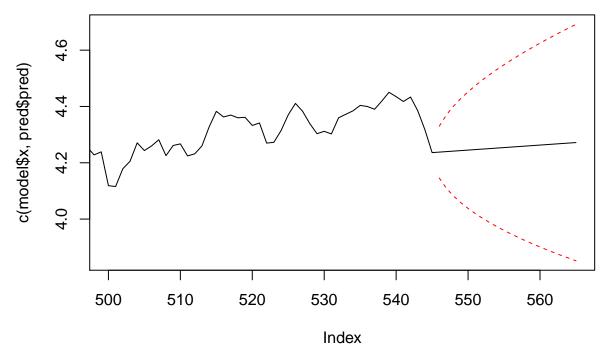


```
test_helper(doil)
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: data
## X-squared = 16.884, df = 1, p-value = 3.974e-05
##
##
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: data
## Dickey-Fuller = -5.3269, Lag order = 8, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
##
## AR/MA
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x o x o o o o x x o o o o
## 1 x o o o o o o x o o o o
## 2 x x o o o o o x o o o o
## 3 x x x o o o o x o o o o
## 4 x x x o o o o x o o o o
## 5 x x o o o o o x o o o o
## 6 x o x o x o o x o o o o
## 7 o o x o x o x x o o o o o
test_helper(ddoil)
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: data
## X-squared = 192.72, df = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: data
## Dickey-Fuller = -4.7773, Lag order = 8, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
##
## AR/MA
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x x x x x o x x x x x o o
## 1 x x o o o o o x o o o o
## 2 x x x o o o o x x o x o o o
## 3 x x x o o o o x o o x o o
## 4 x x o o o o o x x o o o o
## 5 x x o x x x o x o o o o
## 6 x x o x x x x x o o o o o
## 7 x x o x x x o x o x o o o
test_helper(dloil)
```

##

```
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: data
## X-squared = 9.4307, df = 1, p-value = 0.002134
##
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: data
## Dickey-Fuller = -6.3708, Lag order = 8, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
## AR/MA
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x o x o o o o x o o o o
## 1 x o x o o o o x o o o
## 2 x x x o o o o x o o o o o
## 3 x x x o o o o x o o o o
## 4 x o x o o o o x o o o o
## 5 x x x o x o o x o o o o
## 6 o x x o x x o x o o o o x
## 7 o x x x x x x x o x o o o
test_helper(ddloil)
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: data
## X-squared = 150.51, df = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: data
## Dickey-Fuller = -5.6251, Lag order = 8, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
##
## AR/MA
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x o o o o o o x x o o o o
## 1 x x o o o o o x x o o o o
## 2 x x x o o o o x x o o o o
## 3 x x x x o o o x x o o o o
## 4 x x x x o o o x x o o o o
## 5 x o x x x o o x x o o o o
## 6 x o x x x x x x o x o o o
## 7 x x x x x x x x x o x o o o
```

```
fit1 <- Arima(loil, order=c(0, 2, 1))</pre>
fit1
## Series: loil
## ARIMA(0,2,1)
##
## Coefficients:
##
##
         -1.0000
## s.e.
        0.0061
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.002213: log likelihood=886.63
## AIC=-1769.26
                  AICc=-1769.24
                                 BIC=-1760.67
fit_plot(fit1)
```



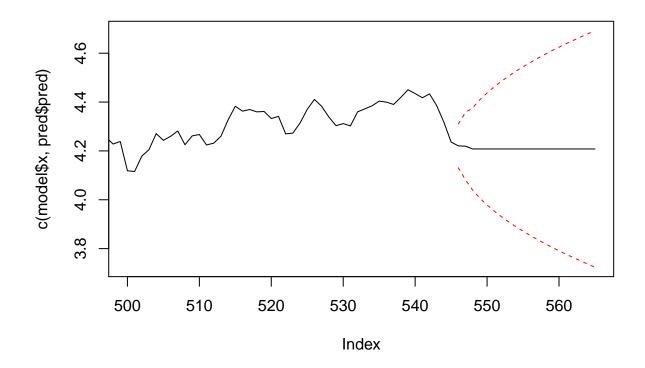
```
fit2 <- Arima(loil, order=c(0, 1, 3))
fit2

## Series: loil
## ARIMA(0,1,3)
##

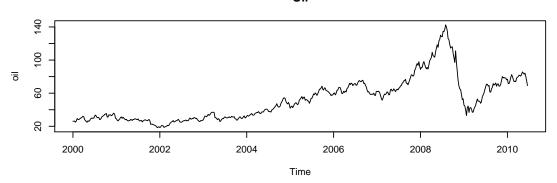
## Coefficients:
## ma1 ma2 ma3
## 0.1696 -0.0886 0.1458
## s.e. 0.0424 0.0424 0.0429
##</pre>
```

```
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.002094: log likelihood=907.41
## AIC=-1806.83 AICc=-1806.75 BIC=-1789.63
```

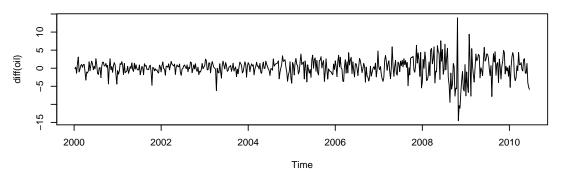
fit_plot(fit2)



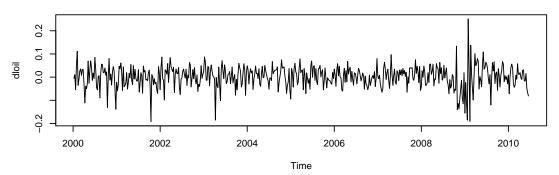




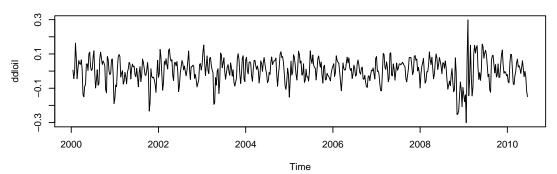
Difference 1 Oil



Difference 1 Log Oil

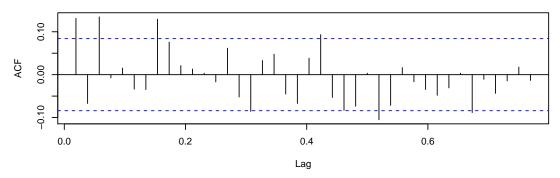


Difference 2 Log Oil

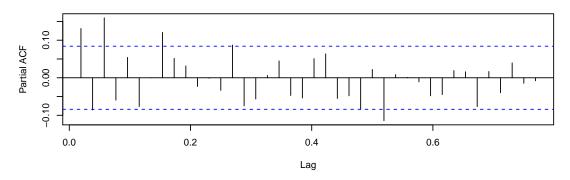


Clearly difference log is the data we should work with. bla, bla, \dots

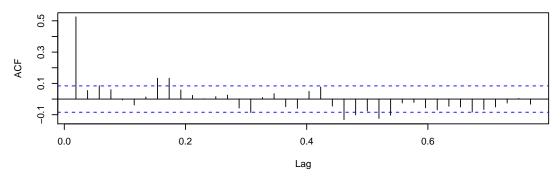
Difference 1 Log Oil ACF



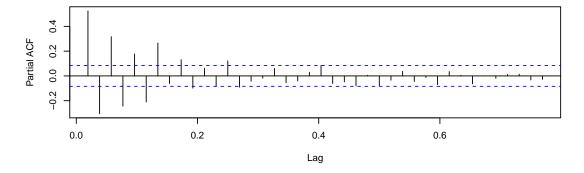
Difference 1 Log Oil PACF



Difference 2 Log Oil ACF



Difference 2 Log Oil PACF

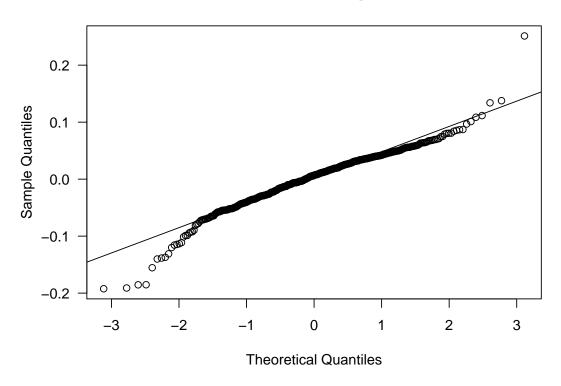


eacf(dloil)

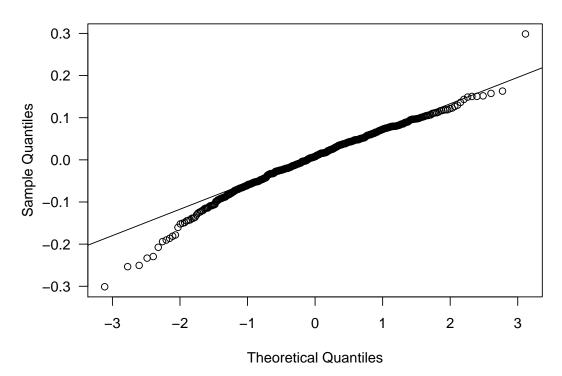
eacf(ddloil)

AR/MA

Difference 1 Log Oil



Difference 2 Log Oil

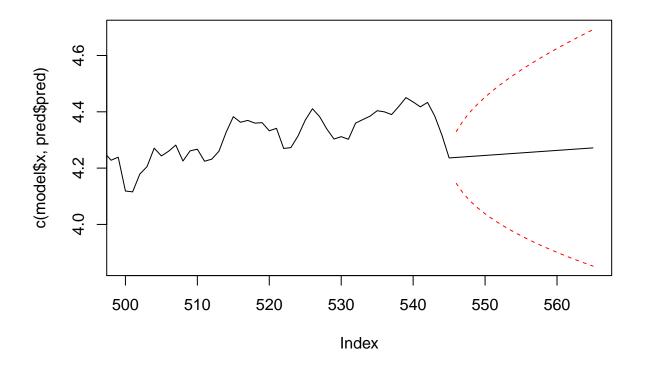


```
fit1 <- Arima(loil, order=c(1, 1, 1))</pre>
fit1
## Series: loil
## ARIMA(1,1,1)
##
## Coefficients:
##
            ar1
##
        -0.5253 0.7142
## s.e. 0.0872 0.0683
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.002112: log likelihood=904.58
## AIC=-1803.15 AICc=-1803.11 BIC=-1790.25
fit2 <- Arima(loil, order=c(0, 1, 3))</pre>
## Series: loil
## ARIMA(0,1,3)
## Coefficients:
                            ma3
           ma1
                ma2
        0.1696 -0.0886 0.1458
##
## s.e. 0.0424 0.0424 0.0429
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.002094: log likelihood=907.41
## AIC=-1806.83 AICc=-1806.75 BIC=-1789.63
fit3 <- Arima(loil, order=c(0, 2, 1))</pre>
fit3
## Series: loil
## ARIMA(0,2,1)
##
## Coefficients:
##
            ma1
##
        -1.0000
## s.e. 0.0061
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.002213: log likelihood=886.63
## AIC=-1769.26 AICc=-1769.24 BIC=-1760.67
```

```
complex_dist <- function(x) {
    sqrt(Re(x)^2 + Im(x)^2)
}
sapply(polyroot(c(1, -2, 1)), complex_dist)

## [1] 1 1
sapply(polyroot(c(1, -1)), complex_dist)

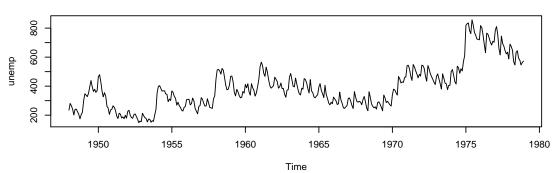
## [1] 1
fit_plot(fit3)</pre>
```



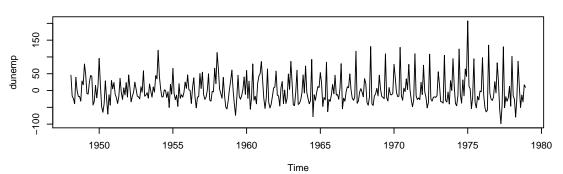
b)

```
lunemp <- log(unemp)
dunemp <- diff(unemp)
ddunemp <- diff(dunemp, 2)
dlunemp <- diff(lunemp)
ddlunemp <- diff(lunemp, 2)</pre>
```

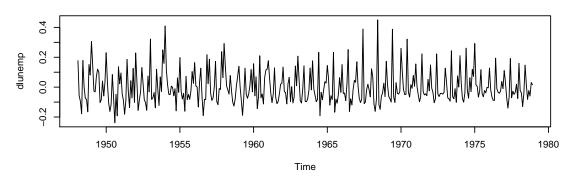




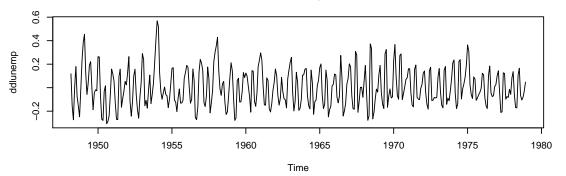
Difference 1 Unemp



Difference 1 Log Unemp

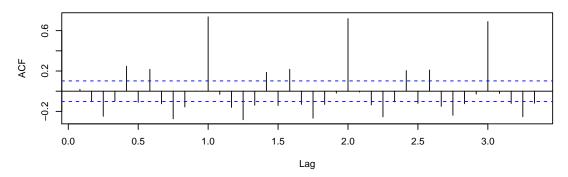


Difference 2 Log Unemp

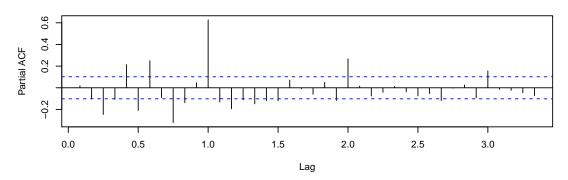


Clearly difference log is the data we should work with. bla, bla, \dots

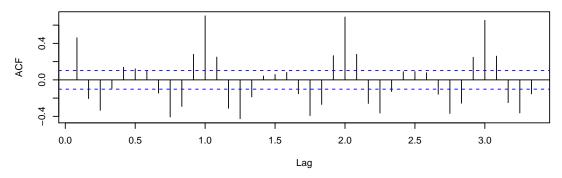
Difference 1 Log Unemp ACF



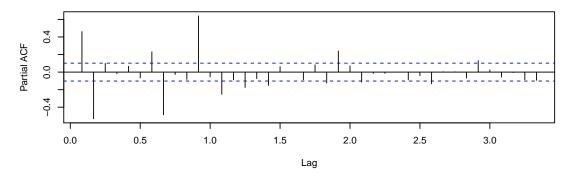
Difference 1 Log Unemp PACF



Difference 2 Log Unemp ACF



Difference 2 Log Unemp PACF

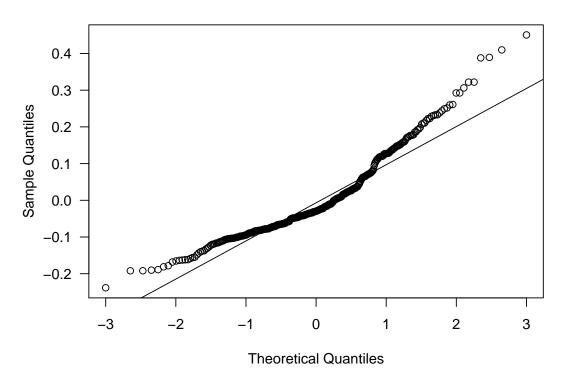


eacf(dlunemp)

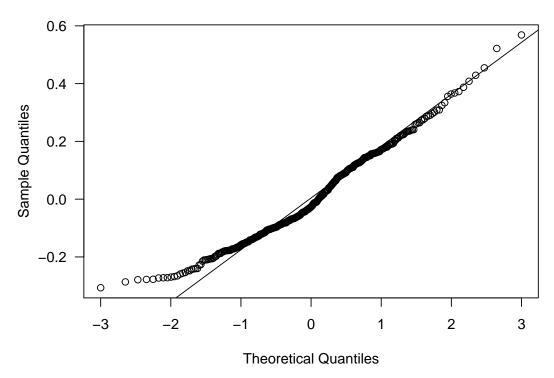
eacf(ddlunemp)

7 x o o o x x o x o o o x o x

Difference 1 Log Unemp



Difference 2 Log Unemp



```
fit1 <- Arima(lunemp, order=c(1, 1, 1))</pre>
## Series: lunemp
## ARIMA(1,1,1)
##
## Coefficients:
##
##
        -0.7592 0.8157
## s.e. 0.0952 0.0796
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.01289: log likelihood=281.71
## AIC=-557.42 AICc=-557.35 BIC=-545.67
fit2 <- Arima(lunemp, order=c(0, 1, 3))</pre>
## Series: lunemp
## ARIMA(0,1,3)
## Coefficients:
           ma1
                  ma2
                             ma3
        -0.0079 0.0277 -0.3629
##
## s.e. 0.0470 0.0506 0.0481
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.01177: log likelihood=298.85
## AIC=-589.7 AICc=-589.59 BIC=-574.03
fit3 <- Arima(lunemp, order=c(0, 2, 1))</pre>
fit3
## Series: lunemp
## ARIMA(0,2,1)
##
## Coefficients:
##
           ma1
##
        -1.000
## s.e. 0.007
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.01298: log likelihood=276.19
## AIC=-548.39 AICc=-548.36 BIC=-540.56
```