732A62 Lab 2

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Assignment 1

a)

```
library(astsa)
library(kernlab)
set.seed(12345)
AR3 \leftarrow arima.sim(1000, model = list(order = c(3,0,0),
                                      ar = c(0.8, -0.2, 0.1))
## The theoretical
AR3.pacf <- pacf(AR3, plot=F)
AR3.data <- ts.intersect(xt = AR3, x1 = lag(AR3, 1), x2 = lag(AR3, 2), x3= lag(AR3, 3))
AR.lm \leftarrow resid(lm(xt \sim x1 + x2, data = AR3.data))
AR.lm.lag3 \leftarrow resid(lm(x3 \sim x1 + x2 , data = AR3.data))
AR3.pacf[3]
## Partial autocorrelations of series 'AR3', by lag
##
##
## 0.117
cor(AR.lm, AR.lm.lag3)
## [1] 0.1146076
```

b)

```
## ar(x = AR2, aic = FALSE, order.max = 2, method = "yw")
##
## Coefficients:
##
       1
## 0.8029 0.1037
##
## Order selected 2 sigma^2 estimated as 1.267
ar2.ols
##
## Call:
## ar(x = AR2, aic = FALSE, order.max = 2, method = "ols")
## Coefficients:
##
       1
## 0.8067 0.1205
##
## Intercept: -0.04401 (0.1074)
## Order selected 2 sigma^2 estimated as 1.129
ar2.mle
##
## Call:
## arima(x = AR2, order = c(2, 0, 0), method = "ML")
## Coefficients:
            ar1
                    ar2 intercept
         0.7967 0.1189
##
                            0.8290
## s.e. 0.0992 0.1000
                            1.1385
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.126: log likelihood = -148.71, aic = 305.41
Yes, the theoretical value for
```

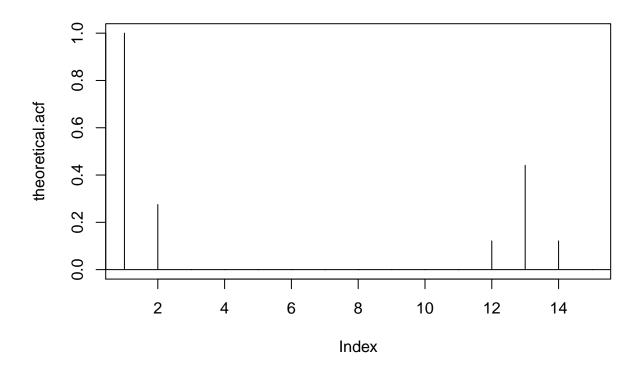
is inside the confidence-intervall for the ML estimate.

c)

```
set.seed(12345)
ma.coef <- c(0.3, rep(0, 10), 0.6)
ts4 <- arima.sim(n=200, model=list(order=c(0, 0, 12), ma = ma.coef))
theoretical.acf <- ARMAacf(ma=c(ma.coef, 0.3 * 0.6))
theoretical.pacf <- ARMAacf(ma=c(ma.coef, 0.3 * 0.6), pacf=TRUE)

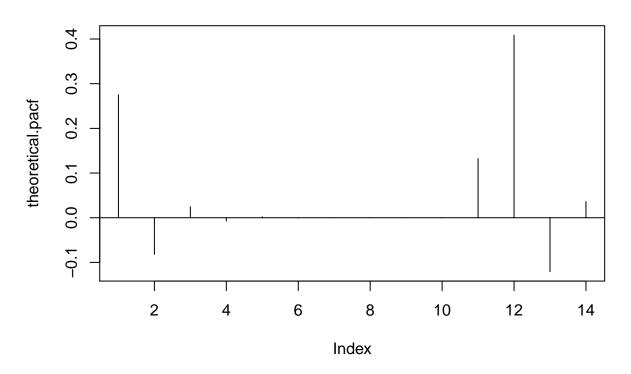
plot(theoretical.acf, type="h", main="Theoretical ACF")
abline(h=0)</pre>
```

Theoretical ACF



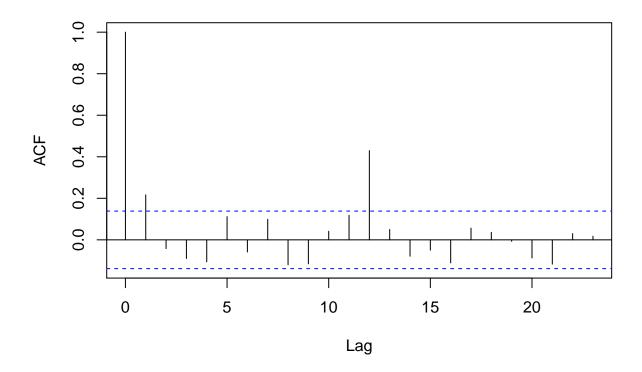
plot(theoretical.pacf, type="h", main="Theoretical PACF")
abline(h=0)

Theoretical PACF



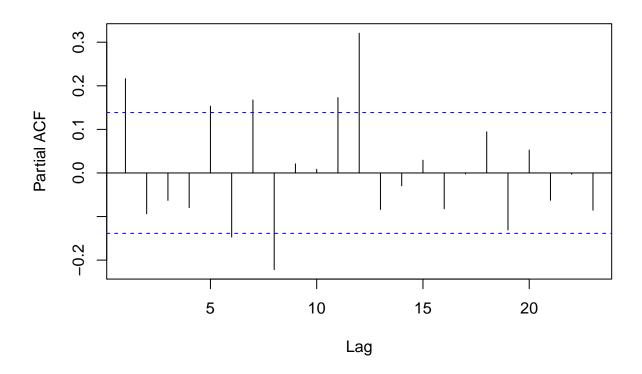
empirical.acf <- acf(ts4)</pre>

Series ts4



empirical.pacf <- pacf(ts4)</pre>

Series ts4

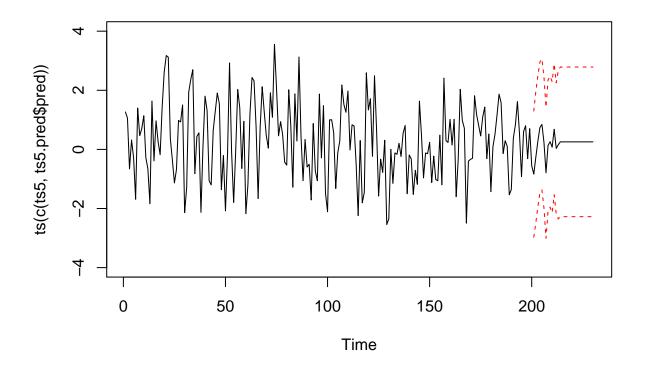


d)

```
set.seed(12345)
ma.coef <- c(0.3, rep(0, 10), 0.6)
ts5 <- arima.sim(n=200, model=list(order=c(0, 0, 12), ma = ma.coef))

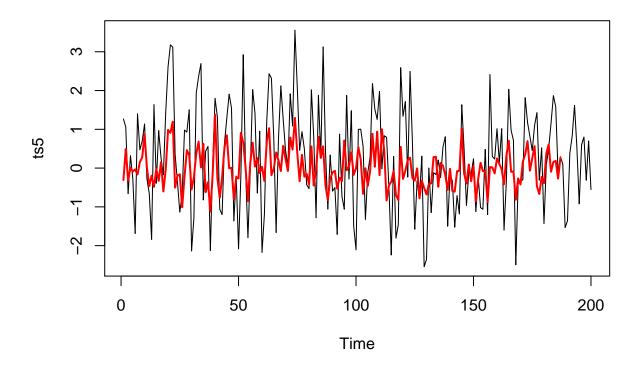
ts5.fit <- arima(ts5, order=c(0, 0, 1), seasonal=list(order=c(0, 0, 1), period=12))
ts5.pred <- predict(ts5.fit, n.ahead=30, se.fit=TRUE)

plot(ts(c(ts5, ts5.pred$pred)), ylim=c(-4, 4))
lines(200 + 1:length(ts5.pred$pred), ts5.pred$pred + 1.96 * ts5.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")
lines(200 + 1:length(ts5.pred$pred), ts5.pred$pred - 1.96 * ts5.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")</pre>
```



```
gausspr.data <- ts.intersect(x=ts5, x1=lag(ts5, 1), x12=lag(ts5, 12), x13=lag(ts5, 13))
gausspr.fit <- gausspr(x ~ ., gausspr.data)

## Using automatic sigma estimation (sigest) for RBF or laplace kernel
plot(ts5)
lines(fitted(gausspr.fit), col="red", lwd=2)</pre>
```



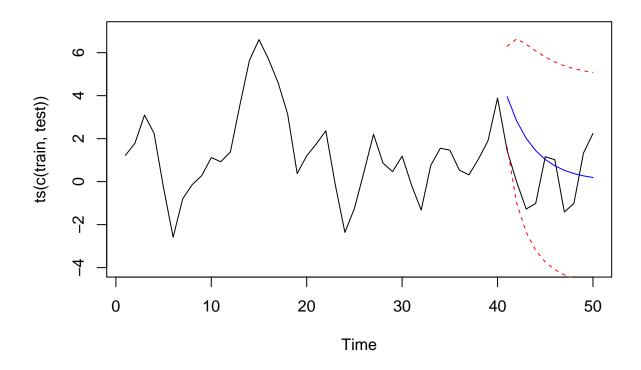
 $\mathbf{e})$

```
set.seed(12345)
ts6 <- arima.sim(model=list(ma=c(0.5), ar=c(0.7)), n=50)

train <- ts(ts6[1:40])
test <- ts(ts6[41:50])

ts6.fit <- arima(train, order=c(1, 0, 1), include.mean = F)
ts6.pred <- predict(ts6.fit, n.ahead=10)

plot(ts(c(train, test)), ylim=c(-4, 7), type="1")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred, col="blue")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred + 1.96 * ts6.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred - 1.96 * ts6.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")</pre>
```



```
plot(40 + 1:length(test), test, ylim=c(-4, 7), xlim=c(40, 50), type="p")
points(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred, col="blue")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred + 1.96 * ts6.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")
lines(40 + 1:length(test), ts6.pred$pred - 1.96 * ts6.pred$se, lty=2, col="red")
```

