# S LISTS

- ▶ Numbered lists
- ► Bullet lists
- ▶ Definition lists

There are lots of occasions when we need to use lists. HTML provides us with three different types:

- Ordered lists are lists where each item in the list is numbered. For example, the list might be a set of steps for a recipe that must be performed in order, or a legal contract where each point needs to be identified by a section number.
- Unordered lists are lists that begin with a bullet point (rather than characters that indicate order).
- **Definition lists** are made up of a set of terms along with the definitions for each of those terms.



### ORDERED LISTS

<01>

The ordered list is created with the <o1> element.

<1i>>

Each item in the list is placed between an opening <1i> tag and a closing tag. (The li stands for list item.)

Browsers indent lists by default.

Sometimes you may see a type attribute used with the <o1> element to specify the type of numbering (numbers, letters, roman numerals and so on). It is better to use the CSS liststyle-type property covered on pages 333-335.

```
chapter-03/ordered-lists.html
                                         HTML
 <01>
   Chop potatoes into quarters
   Simmer in salted water for 15-20
      minutes until tender
   Heat milk. butter and nutmeg
   Drain potatoes and mash
   Mix in the milk mixture
 </01>
```

RESULT

- 1. Chop potatoes into quarters
- 2. Simmer in salted water for 15-20 minutes until tender
- 3. Heat milk, butter and nutmeg
- 4. Drain potatoes and mash
- 5. Mix in the milk mixture

### **UNORDERED LISTS**

#### HTML

#### chapter-03/unordered-lists.html

<u1>

<u1> 1i>1kg King Edward potatoes <1i>100ml milk</1i> <1i>50g salted butter</1i> Freshly grated nutmeg Salt and pepper to taste 

The unordered list is created with the <u1> element.

<1i>>

Each item in the list is placed between an opening <1i> tag and a closing tag. (The li stands for list item.)

Browsers indent lists by default.

Sometimes you may see a type attribute used with the <u1> element to specify the type of bullet point (circles, squares, diamonds and so on). It is better to use the CSS list-styletype property covered on pages 333-335.

#### RESULT

- 1kg King Edward potatoes
- 100ml milk
- 50g salted butter
- Freshly grated nutmeg
- Salt and pepper to taste

### **DEFINITION LISTS**

### <d1>

The definition list is created with the <d1> element and usually consists of a series of terms and their definitions

Inside the <d1> element you will usually see pairs of <dt> and <dd> elements.

### <dt>

This is used to contain the term being defined (the definition term).

### <dd>>

This is used to contain the definition.

Sometimes you might see a list where there are two terms used for the same definition or two different definitions for the same term.

#### HTML chapter-03/definition-lists.html <d1> <dt>Sashimi</dt> <dd>Sliced raw fish that is served with condiments such as shredded daikon radish or ginger root, wasabi and soy sauce</dd> <dt>Scale</dt> <dd>A device used to accurately measure the weight of ingredients</dd> <dd>A technique by which the scales are removed from the skin of a fish</dd> <dt>Scamorze</dt> <dt>Scamorzo</dt> <dd>An Italian cheese usually made from whole cow's milk (although it was traditionally made from buffalo milk)</dd> </d1>

#### Sashimi

Sliced raw fish that is served with condiments such as shredded daikon radish or ginger root, wasabi and soy sauce

RESULT

#### Scale

A device used to accurately measure the weight of ingredients

A technique by which the scales are removed from the skin of a fish

#### Scamorze

#### Scamorzo

An Italian cheese usually made from whole cow's milk (although it was traditionally made from buffalo milk)

### **NESTED LISTS**

#### HTML

#### chapter-03/nested-lists.html

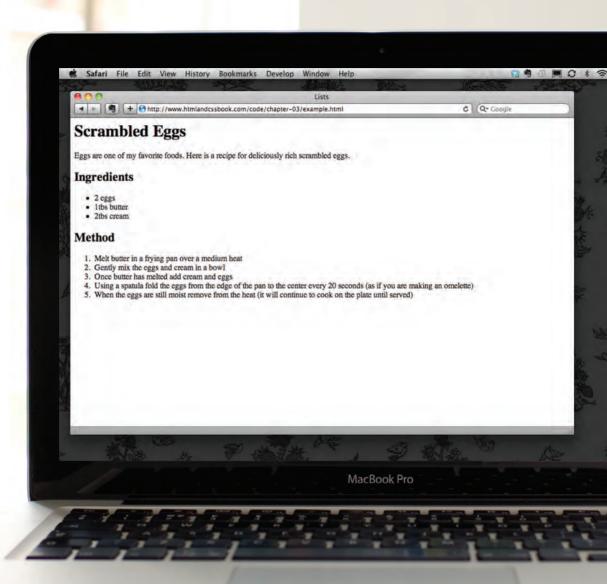
```
<u1>
 Mousses
 <1i>Pastries
  <u1>
   Croissant
   Mille-feuille
   <1i>Palmier</1i>
   Profiterole
  </1i>
 Tarts
```

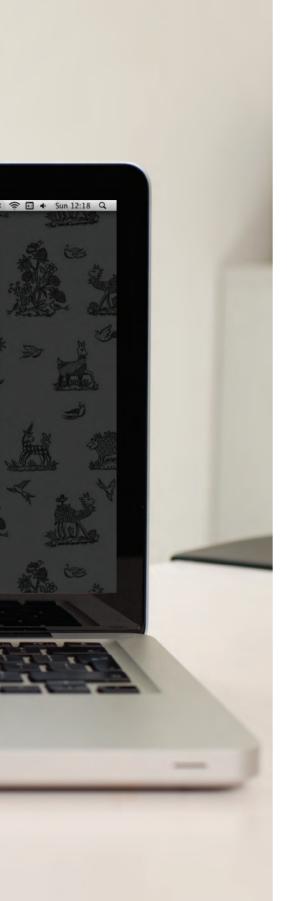
You can put a second list inside an <1i> element to create a sublist or nested list.

Browsers display nested lists indented further than the parent list. In nested unordered lists. the browser will usually change the style of the bullet point too.

#### RESULT

- Mousses
- Pastries
  - o Croissant
  - o Mille-feuille
  - Palmier
    - o Profiterole
- Tarts





# EXAMPLE

Here you can see a main heading followed by an introductory paragraph. An unordered list is used to outline the ingredients and an ordered list is used to describe the steps.

```
<ht.ml>
 <head>
   <title>Lists</title>
  </head>
 <body>
   <h1>Scrambled Eggs</h1>
   Eggs are one of my favourite foods. Here is a
      recipe for deliciously rich scrambled eggs.
   <h2>Ingredients</h2>
   <u1>
     <1i>2 eggs</1i>
     <1i>1tbs butter</1i>
     <1i>2tbs cream</1i>
   <h2>Method</h2>
     Melt butter in a frying pan over a medium
         heat</1i>
     Gently mix the eggs and cream in a bowl
     Once butter has melted add cream and eggs
     Using a spatula fold the eggs from the edge of
         the pan to the center every 20 seconds (as if
         you are making an omelette)
     When the eggs are still moist remove from the
         heat (it will continue to cook on the plate
         until served)
   </01>
  </body>
</html>
```

# SUMMARY

- There are three types of HTML lists: ordered, unordered, and definition.
- Ordered lists use numbers.
- Unordered lists use bullets.
- Definition lists are used to define terminology.
- Lists can be nested inside one another.

