Introduction to AI and ML Matrix Assignment

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Problem Statement

A straight line through the origin O meets the lines

$$(4 \ 3)x = 10 \tag{1}$$

$$(8 \ 6)x + 5 = 0 \tag{2}$$

at A and B respectively. Find the ratio in which O divides AB.



Steps to solve the problem

- Pick a random point and determine the normal and direction vector of line AB passing through origin and this point
- Oetermine the normal and direction vectors of given two lines
- 3 Determine the points of intersecion of this lines with line AB
- Oetermine the ratio in which origin divides AB

Theoretical solution

• Picking random point B and Determining Dir-Vec AB The points are $A = (0 \ 0)$ and $B = (0 \ 10/3)$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc}A & B\end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{cc}0 & 0\\0 & 10/3\end{array}\right)$$

The Direction Vector of AB is

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 10/3 \end{array}\right) \, \left(\begin{array}{c} -1 \\ 1 \end{array}\right) = \, \left(\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 10/3 \end{array}\right)$$

The normal Vector of AB is

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{array}\right) \, \left(\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 10/3 \end{array}\right) = \, \left(\begin{array}{c} 10/3 \\ 0 \end{array}\right)$$

In the similar way Direction Vector and Normal Vector for Lines are

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$

 Now we will find intersection points of line OB with given two lines Equation of line OB and given line are

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0$$
 and $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 10$

This can be written as matrix equation

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} x \\ y \end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 10 \end{array}\right)$$

So point of intersection

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 4 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

So we got

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} x \\ y \end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ -10 \end{array}\right)$$

Similarly we get point of intersection with second line as

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} x' \\ y' \end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} -5/2 \\ 5/2 \end{array}\right)$$

Distance from Origin to this two points are 14.142 and 3.5355 So Ratio is 4.0

Code

▶ Link



Solution Figure-

