

# Green University of Bangladesh Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

Faculty of Sciences and Engineering Semester: (Summer, Year:2023), B.Sc. in CSE (Day)

# Lab Report NO #4

Course Title: Computer Networking Lab
Course Code: CSE 312 Section: 212-D3

**Lab Experiment Name:** Implementation of TCP Congestion Control Mechanism: TCP Tahoe and TCP Reno.

# **Student Details**

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Lab Report Status	
Marks:	Signature:
Comments:	Date:

**1. TITLE OF THE LAB REPORT EXPERIMENT:** Implementations of Flow and Congestion Controls could be demonstrated, using the same programming code of JAVA.

#### 2. OBJECTIVES/AIM

The objective of this laboratory experiment is to study and demonstrate the implementations of both Flow Control and Congestion Control mechanisms in the context of TCP (Transmission Control Protocol). The implementation is carried out using Java programming language to simulate a simple data transmission scenario.

#### 3. PROCEDURE

#### i) Programming Code:

The implementation is based on the provided Java code for TCP Congestion Control. The code simulates a basic data transmission scenario and incorporates both Flow Control and Congestion Control mechanisms. The simulation is conducted in a controlled environment, allowing us to observe the behavior of the system.

#### ii) Environment:

- Operating System: Windows/Linux/macOS
- Java Development Kit (JDK): Version 8 or higher
- Text Editor or Integrated Development Environment (IDE)

#### iii) Implementation Details:

#### 1. Flow Control:

Flow Control in TCP is implemented through the concept of a sliding window. The cwnd (congestion window) variable represents the size of the window. In the code, the program implements Slow Start and Congestion Avoidance phases to control the flow of data based on the congestion window size.

#### 2. Congestion Control:

Congestion Control is simulated by introducing randomness in acknowledgment reception and congestion detection. The code handles congestion through Timeout and Three Duplicate Acknowledgment mechanisms. The ssthresh variable represents the slow start threshold.

#### 4. IMPLEMENTATION

```
package pkg456;
                                                   Random ack = new
                                                                                     detected using timeout.
                                              Random():
import java.util.*;
                                                   return ack.nextBoolean();
                                                                                          Random rttRandom = new
                                                                                     Random();
public class
                                                                                          return rttRandom.nextBoolean();
TCPFlowAndCongestionControl {
                                                private boolean timeout() {
  private int cwnd;
                         // Congestion
                                                                                       private void
                                                                                     handleTimeoutCongestion() {
window size
                                              }
  private int ssthresh;
                          // Slow start
                                                     } else {
                                                                                          System.out.println("\n\nTimeout
threshold
                                                        congestion = false;
                                                                                     occurred. Handling Timeout based
  private int rtt;
                      // Round-trip time
                                                                                     congestion: cwnd value will become 1.");
  private boolean congestion; //
Congestion flag
                                                      dataSeqNum += cwnd;
                                                                                          ssthresh = cwnd / 2;
                                                                                          if (ssthresh == 0) ssthresh = 1; //
  public
                                                                                     Making ssthresh 1 if it comes as zero.
TCPFlowAndCongestionControl(int
                                                   System.out.println("\n\nYour
                                                                                          cwnd = 1;
init_ssthresh) {
                                              data sending is completed. No
    cwnd = 1;
                                              more data to send."
                                                                                          retransmitPacket();
    ssthresh = init_ssthresh;
                                                        + "\nCongestion Control
    congestion = false;
                                              mechanism concludes.\nlt took " +
    rtt = 0;
                                              this.rtt + " transmission rounds to
                                                                                       private void
                                              send the whole data.");
                                                                                     handle3DupAckCongestion() {
                                                                                          System.out.println("\n\nHandling
                                                }
  public void run(int dataLength) {
                                                                                     Triple Dup Ack based congestion: cwnd
    System.out.println("Connected to the
                                                private void flowControl() {
                                                                                     value will be halved.");
Server... ...");
                                                   System.out.println("previous
                                                                                          ssthresh = cwnd / 2;
    System.out.println("Your data is
                                              cwnd size: " + cwnd);
                                                                                          if (ssthresh == 0) ssthresh = 1; //
started to be sent ... ");
                                                   System.out.println("updated
                                                                                     Making ssthresh 1 if it comes as zero.
                                              ssthresh value: " + ssthresh);
                                                                                          cwnd = ssthresh;
    int dataSeqNum = 0;
                                                   if (!congestion) {
                                                                                          retransmitPacket();
    while (dataSeqNum < dataLength) {
                                                     if (cwnd < ssthresh) {
                                                        // Slow Start Phase
       this.rtt++;
       System.out.println();
                                                        // Exponentially increase
                                                                                       private void retransmitPacket() {
       System.out.println("Data sending
                                              of cwnd
                                                                                          congestion = false;
in RTT number " + this.rtt);
                                                        cwnd = cwnd * 2;
                                                                                          System.out.println("\nRetransmitting
                                                                                     the lost packet now after handling.\n");
                                                        System.out.println("...SS
System.out.println("-
                                              phase running...");
                                                     } else if (cwnd >= ssthresh)
                                                                                       public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                          Scanner scn = new
       // Flow Control
                                                        // Congestion Avoidance
                                                                                     Scanner(System.in);
       flowControl();
                                              Phase
                                                                                          System.out.println("Please input the
                                                        // Linearly increase of
                                                                                     initial ssthresh value: ");
       System.out.println("Data from " +
                                              cwnd
                                                                                          int ssthresh = scn.nextInt();
(dataSeqNum + 1) + " - " + (dataSeqNum
                                                        cwnd = cwnd + 1;
+ cwnd) + " is being sent now... ...\n\n");
                                                        System.out.println("...CA
                                                                                          System.out.println("Enter the length
                                              phase running...");
                                                                                     of your data: ");
       // Congestion Control
                                                                                          int dataLength = scn.nextInt();
                                                     }
       if (!receiveAcknowledgment()) {
         congestion = true;
                                                                                          TCPFlowAndCongestionControl
                                                   System.out.println("updated
         System.out.println("... but wait!
                                                                                     simulation = new
                                                                                     TCPFlowAndCongestionControl(ssthresh)
Congestion has been detected!");
                                              cwnd size: " + cwnd);
         if (timeout()) {
                                                }
            handleTimeoutCongestion():
                                                                                          simulation.run(dataLength);
         } else {
                                                private boolean
                                                                                       }
                                              receiveAcknowledgment() {
handle3DupAckCongestion();
                                                                                     }
```

#### 5. TEST RESULT / OUTPUT

# 

```
Handling Triple Dup Ack based congestion: cwnd value will be halved.
Retransmitting the lost packet now after handling.
Data sending in RTT number 4
previous cund size: 1
updated sthresh value: 1
...CA phase running...
updated cund size: 2
Data from 4 - 5 is being sent now.....
Handling Triple Dup Ack based congestion: cwnd value will be halved.
Retransmitting the lost packet now after handling.
Data sending in RTT number 5
previous cwnd size: 1
 updated ssthresh value: 1
   .CA phase running...
updated cwnd size: 2
Data from 5 - 6 is being sent now......
... but wait! Congestion has been detected!
Timeout occurred. Handling Timeout based congestion: cwnd value will become 1.
Retransmitting the lost packet now after handling.
Data sending in RTT number 6
previous cwnd size: 1
updated ssthresh value: 1
...CA phase running...
updated cwnd size: 2
Data from 6 - 7 is being sent now.....
```

### Full Output

```
Data sending in RTT number 7
previous cwnd size: 2
 ... CA phase running..
updated cwnd size: 3
Data from 8 - 10 is being sent now.....
... but wait! Congestion has been detected!
Timeout occurred. Handling Timeout based congestion: cwnd value will become 1.
Retransmitting the lost packet now after handling.
Data sending in RTT number 8
updated ssthresh value: 1
 ...CA phase running...
updated cwnd size: 2
Data from 9 - 10 is being sent now......
... but wait! Congestion has been detected!
Timeout occurred. Handling Timeout based congestion: cwnd value will become 1.
Retransmitting the lost packet now after handling.
Data sending in RTT number 9
previous cwnd size: 1
 ... CA phase running..
updated cwnd size: 2
Data from 10 - 11 is being sent now.....
Data sending in RTT number 10
previous cwnd size: 2
updated ssthresh value: 1 ...CA phase running...
updated cwnd size: 3
Data from 12 - 14 is being sent now......
```

```
Data sending in RTT number 11
previous cwnd size: 3
updated ssthresh value: 1 ...CA phase running...
updated cwnd size: 4
Data from 15 - 18 is being sent now......
Data sending in RTT number 12
updated ssthresh value: 1
  ..CA phase running...
updated cwnd size: 5
Data from 19 - 23 is being sent now......
... but wait! Congestion has been detected!
Timeout occurred. Handling Timeout based congestion: cwnd value will become 1.
Retransmitting the lost packet now after handling.
Data sending in RTT number 13
previous cwnd size: 1
updated ssthresh value: 2
 ...SS phase running..
updated cwnd size: 2
Data from 20 - 21 is being sent now...
Your data sending is completed. No more data to send.
Congestion Control mechanism concludes.
It took 13 transmission rounds to send the whole data.
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 15 seconds)
```

## 6. ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

In this section the following questions should be answered:

- 1. Analysis and discussion of the result / output.
  - Flow control adjusted the window size dynamically.
  - Congestion control mechanisms handled events effectively.
  - Interaction between flow and congestion control was well-represented.
- 2. What went well?
  - Interaction between flow and congestion control.
  - Easy adjustment of initial parameters.
- 3. The main trouble spots were Simulating randomness accurately & TCP.
- 4. Handling randomness for realistic variations.
- 5. Practical understanding of TCP mechanics.