

# Edge Intelligence

## Lab 1

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### Audio Dataset

#### Error :-

```
[2] 6s
# ---- STEP 8: PLOT SPECTROGRAM ----
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))
img = librosa.display.specshow(S_db, x_axis='time', y_axis='log', ax=ax)
ax.set_title('Spectrogram Example', fontsize=20)
fig.colorbar(img, ax=ax, format=f'%0.2f')
plt.show()

...
ModuleNotFoundError: Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipython-input-3254073883.py in <cell line: 0>()
      1 import kagglehub
-> 2 import pandas as pd
      3 import numpy as np
      4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      5 import seaborn as sns

      ▾ 4 frames
/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/numpy/__init__.py in __getattr__(attr)
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'numpy.random'

NOTE: If your import is failing due to a missing package, you can
manually install dependencies using either !pip or !apt.

To view examples of installing some common dependencies, click the
"Open Examples" button below.

OPEN EXAMPLES

Next steps: Explain error
```

#### Corrected Code :-

```
[3] 6s
pip install librosa kaggle

...
Requirement already satisfied: librosa in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (0.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kaggle in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (1.7.4.5)
Requirement already satisfied: audioread<=2.1.9 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (3.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: numba<=0.51.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (0.60.0)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy<=1.22.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy<=1.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (1.16.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn<=1.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (1.6.1)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib<=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (1.5.2)
Requirement already satisfied: decorator<=4.3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (4.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: soundfile<=0.12.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (0.13.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pooch<=1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (1.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: soxr<=0.3.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (1.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: typing_extensions<=4.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (4.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: lazy_loader<=0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: msgpack<=1.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (1.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: requests<=2.25.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (6.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi<=14.05.14 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2025.11.12)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (3.4.4)
Requirement already satisfied: idna in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (3.11)
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (5.29.5)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil<=2.5.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-slugify in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (8.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2.32.4)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools<=21.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (75.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six<=1.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (1.17.0)
Requirement already satisfied: text-unidecode in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (4.67.1)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<=1.15.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: webencodings in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (0.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: werkzeug<=2.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2.1.1->librosa) (25.0)
Requirement already satisfied: lvmlite<0.44.0->0.43.0dev in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (0.43.0)
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs<=2.5.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from librosa) (4.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl<=3.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from scikit-learn<=1.1.0->librosa) (3.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cffi<=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from soundfile<=0.12.1->librosa) (2.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pycparser in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from cffi<=1.0->soundfile<=0.12.1->librosa) (2.23)
```

```
# kagglehub.dataset_download() → Downloads dataset from Kaggle automatically.

# glob() → Searches and returns all file paths matching a pattern (e.g., all .wav files).

# librosa.load() → Loads an audio file and returns:
#     y = waveform (audio samples)
#     sr = sample rate (samples per second)

# pd.Series().plot() → Plots the audio waveform as a graph.

# librosa.effects.trim() → Removes silence from start and end of the audio clip.

# librosa.stft() → Short-Time Fourier Transform:
#     Converts audio from time domain to frequency domain (for spectrogram).

# librosa.amplitude_to_db() → Converts amplitude values into decibels (makes spectrogram readable).

# librosa.display.specshow() → Displays the spectrogram as an image.

# plt.show() → Shows the plot/graph.

# MFCCs → Capture voice tone and speech shape (most important for speech/emotion recognition).

# Chroma → Represents harmonic and pitch information of the voice.

# Mel Spectrogram → Shows energy in different frequency bands (used in deep learning).

# Zero Crossing Rate (ZCR) → Measures noisiness or sharpness of the voice.

# Spectral Centroid → Indicates brightness of the sound (higher = sharper tone).
```

```
[4]    import kagglehub
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        from glob import glob
        import librosa
        import librosa.display
        from itertools import cycle

# --- STEP 1: SETUP AND STYLE ---
# Set the aesthetic style for the plots
sns.set_theme(style="white", palette=None)
color_pal = plt.rcParams["axes.prop_cycle"].by_key()["color"]
color_cycle = cycle(plt.rcParams["axes.prop_cycle"].by_key()["color"])
```

```
[5] 11s
▶ # ---- STEP 2: DOWNLOAD AND LOCATE DATA ----
# Download the dataset
path = kagglehub.dataset_download("uwrkfkaggle/ravdess-emotional-speech-audio")
print("Path to dataset files:", path)

# Find all .wav files in the downloaded directory (Recursive search)
audio_files = glob(f"{path}/**/*.{wav}", recursive=True)

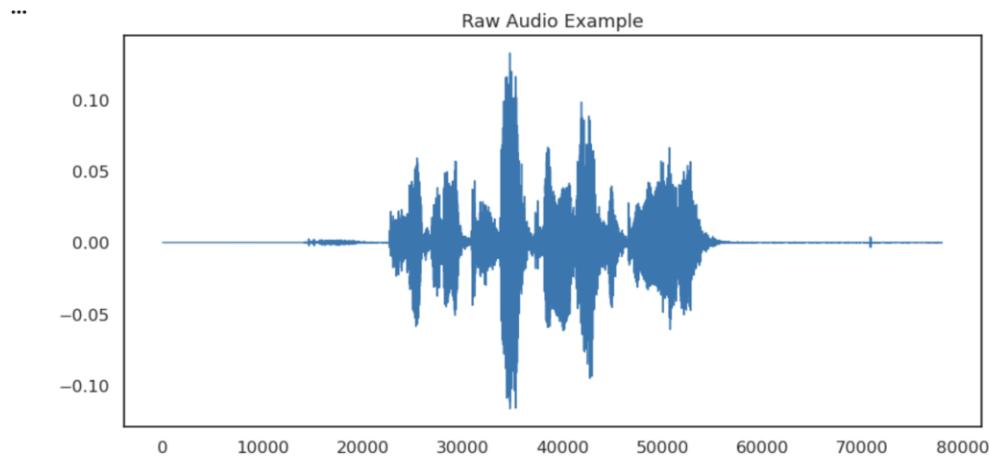
...
Using Colab cache for faster access to the 'ravdess-emotional-speech-audio' dataset.
Path to dataset files: /kaggle/input/ravdess-emotional-speech-audio
```

```
[7] ⏎ # --- STEP 3: LOAD AUDIO ---
# Load the first audio file found
# y = raw audio data (waveform), sr = sample rate
y, sr = librosa.load(audio_files[0])

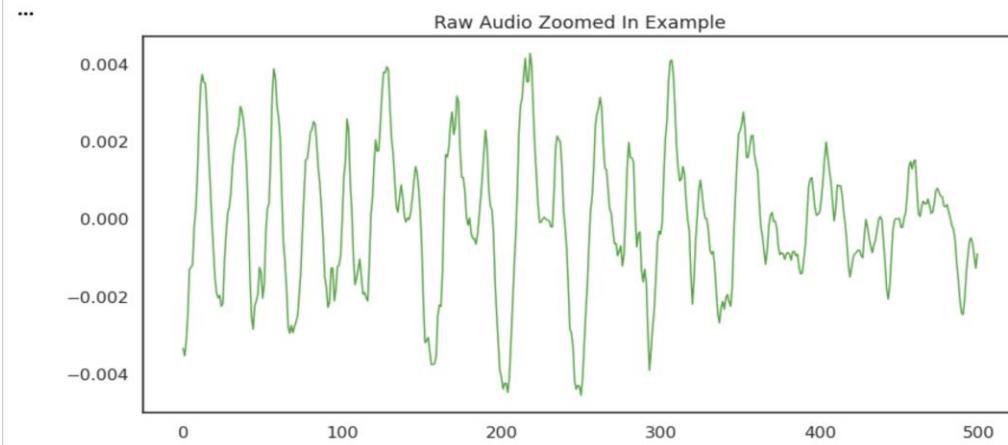
print(f'y: {y[:10]}')      # Print first 10 numbers of the audio data
print(f'shape y: {y.shape}') # Print the total number of data points
print(f'sr: {sr}')          # Print the sample rate (Hz)

▼ ...
... y: [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
shape y: (77988,)
sr: 22050
```

```
[8] ✓ 0s # --- STEP 4: PLOT RAW AUDIO ---
pd.Series(y).plot(figsize=(10, 5), lw=1, title='Raw Audio Example', color=color_pal[0])
plt.show()
```

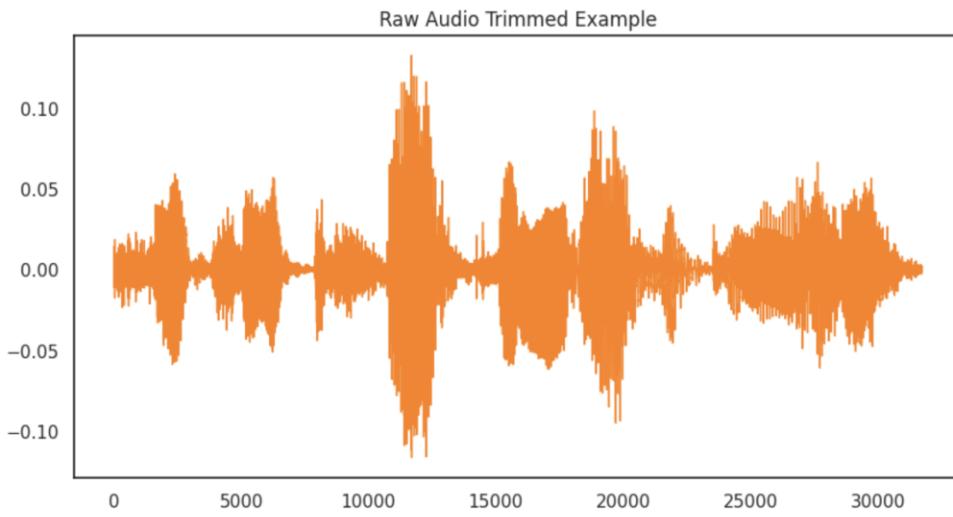


```
[9] ✓ 0s # --- STEP 5: PLOT ZOOMED AUDIO ---
# Looking at a specific small slice of time
pd.Series(y[30000:30500]).plot(figsize=(10, 5), lw=1, title='Raw Audio Zoomed In Example', color=color_pal[2])
plt.show()
```



```
[10] # --- STEP 6: TRIM SILENCE ---
# Remove silence from the beginning and end of the clip
y_trimmed, _ = librosa.effects.trim(y, top_db=20)
pd.Series(y_trimmed).plot(figsize=(10, 5), lw=1, title='Raw Audio Trimmed Example', color=color_pal[1])
plt.show()
```

...



```
[11] # --- STEP 7: CREATE SPECTROGRAM ---
# Transform audio from Time Domain -> Frequency Domain
D = librosa.stft(y) # Short-time Fourier transform
S_db = librosa.amplitude_to_db(np.abs(D), ref=np.max) # Convert to Decibels
print(f'Spectrogram shape: {S_db.shape}')
```

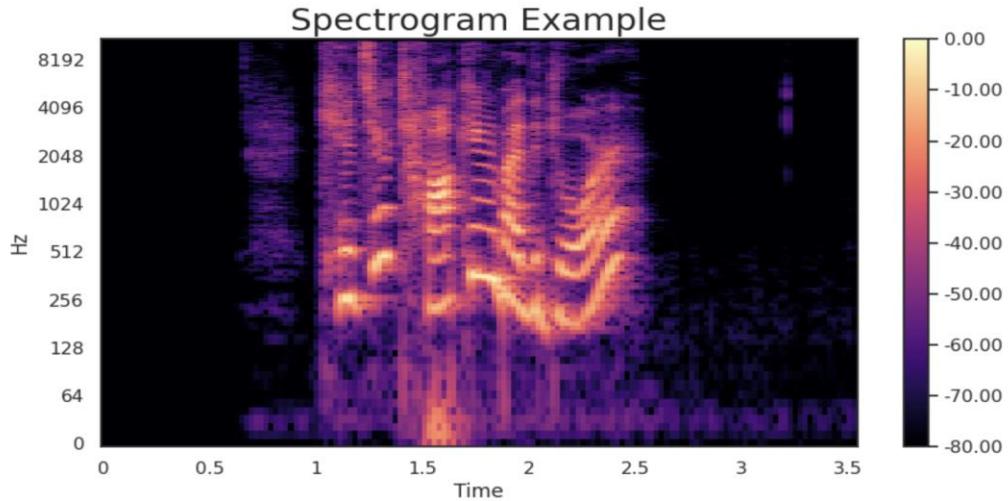
...

Spectrogram shape: (1025, 153)

...

```
[12] # --- STEP 8: PLOT SPECTROGRAM ---
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))
img = librosa.display.specshow(S_db, x_axis='time', y_axis='log', ax=ax)
ax.set_title('Spectrogram Example', fontsize=20)
fig.colorbar(img, ax=ax, format='%0.2f')
plt.show()
```

...



[13]  
✓ Os

```
▶ # ---- EXTRA STEP: Extract useful audio features ----  
  
# MFCCs  
mfccs = librosa.feature.mfcc(y=y, sr=sr, n_mfcc=13)  
print("MFCCs shape:", mfccs.shape)  
  
# Chroma  
chroma = librosa.feature.chroma_stft(y=y, sr=sr)  
print("Chroma shape:", chroma.shape)  
  
# Mel Spectrogram  
mel = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(y=y, sr=sr)  
print("Mel Spectrogram shape:", mel.shape)  
  
# Zero Crossing Rate  
zcr = librosa.feature.zero_crossing_rate(y)  
print("ZCR shape:", zcr.shape)  
  
# Spectral Centroid  
centroid = librosa.feature.spectral_centroid(y=y, sr=sr)  
print("Spectral Centroid shape:", centroid.shape)  
  
...
```

... MFCCs shape: (13, 153)  
Chroma shape: (12, 153)  
Mel Spectrogram shape: (128, 153)  
ZCR shape: (1, 153)  
Spectral Centroid shape: (1, 153)