Checking the particle overlaps in LF_DEM simulation data

Minimum Gap (mingap) Calculation

The **mingap** (minimum gap) reported in the data file (data_*.dat) and interactions file (int_*.dat) represents the fraction of the gap between particles with respect to the average particle radius of both particles.

The minimum gap, (g), is calculated as:

$$g=rac{2\delta}{a_1+a_2}=s-2$$

where:

- $s=rac{2r}{a_1+a_2}$
- ullet r : distance between particle centers
- a_1, a_2 : radii of particles
- ullet $\delta=r-(a_1+a_2)$. Gap between particle surfaces (negative for overlapping particles)

We define the **overlap percentage** as:

overlap
$$\% = g \times 100$$

In the interactions file, the minimum gap for each interaction is recorded in every snapshot. In the data file, the minimum gap (g) (or maximum overlap) is reported.

We have verified the following:

- 1. The reported minimum gap is consistent with the actual overlap of particles calculated using particle positions.
- 2. The minimum gap value in the data file is the minimum gap (or maximum overlap) between particles in a snapshot.

The data shown here is at:

- shear rate : $\sigma = 100 \cdot \sigma_0$
- friction coefficient : $\mu = 100$

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import glob
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib
import os
import random
import pandas as pd

def interactionsList(interactionFile):
    This function reads the interaction file and creates a nested-list,
    each list inside contains the array of all interaction parameters for
    that timestep.

Input: interactionFile - the location of the interaction data file
    interFile = open(interactionFile, 'r')
```

```
hashCounter = 0
    temp
    contactList = [] # list with interaction parameters for each element at each time
    fileLines = interFile.readlines()[27:] # skipping the comment lines
    for line in fileLines:
        if not line.split()[0] == '#':
            lineList = [float(value) for value in line.split()]
            temp.append(lineList)
        else:
            hashCounter += 1 # checking if counter reaches 7 (7 lines of comments aft
            if hashCounter == 7:
                contactList.append(np.array(temp))
                          = []
                hashCounter = 0
    interFile.close()
    return contactList
def parametersList(ParametersFile):
    This function reads the parameters file and creates a nested-list,
    each list inside contains the array of all interaction parameters for
    that timestep.
    Input: ParametersFile - the location of the parameters data file
    parFile = open(ParametersFile, 'r')
    hashCounter = 0
              = [] # list with parameters parameters for each element at each times
    parList
    fileLines = parFile.readlines()[22:] # skipping the comment lines
    for line in fileLines:
        if not line.split()[0] == '#':
            lineList = [float(value) for value in line.split()]
            temp.append(lineList)
        else:
            hashCounter += 1 # checking if counter reaches 7 (7 lines of comments aft
            if hashCounter == 7:
                parList.append(np.array(temp))
                          = []
                temp
                hashCounter = 0
    parFile.close()
    return parList
# Matplotlib rc parameters modification
plt.rcParams.update({
  "figure.max_open_warning" : 0,
  "text.usetex"
                    : True,
  "text.latex.preamble" : r"\usepackage{amsmath, bm, typelcm}", # Added \bm for
"figure.autolayout" : True,
"font.family" : "STIXGeneral",
  "font.family"
                          : "STIXGeneral",
                        : "stix",
  "mathtext.fontset"
  "font.size"
                           : 8,
  "xtick.labelsize"
                        : 8,
  "ytick.labelsize"
                          : 8,
  "lines.linewidth"
                          : 1,
  "lines.markersize"
                           : 5,
})
#plt.rcParams['text.latex.preamble']= r"\usepackage{amsmath}"
matplotlib.rc('text', usetex=True)
```

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matplotlib.rcParams['text.latex.preamble'] = r'\boldmath'
         colors = ['#4a91b5', '#e68139', '#5da258', '#87629b', '#1b9e77']
In [18]: # overlap check
         #topDir = '/media/rahul/Rahul 2TB/high bidispersity'
         topDir = '/Volumes/Rahul 2TB/high bidispersity'
         phi
                = [0.70, 0.72, 0.75, 0.79]
               = [1.4, 2.0, 4.0]
         ar
         runs = 4
         off = 100
         for i, phii in enumerate(phi):
             for j, arj in enumerate(ar):
                 delta g = []
                         = '{:.3f}'.format(phii) if len(str(phii).split('.')[1])>2 else '{:.2f
                         = f'{topDir}/NP 1000/phi {phir}/ar {ar[j]}'
                 if not os.path.exists(Dir):
                      continue
                 for l in range(runs):
                     workDir = f'\{topDir\}/NP 1000/phi \{phir\}/ar \{ar[j]\}/Vr 0.5/run \{l+1\}'
                     intFile = glob.glob(f'{workDir}/int *.dat')[0]
                     intList = interactionsList(intFile)
                      parFile = glob.glob(f'{workDir}/par_*.dat')[0]
                      parList = parametersList(parFile)
                     dataFile = glob.glob(f'{workDir}/data *.dat')[0]
                     data = np.loadtxt(dataFile)
                     time, gamma, shearrate = data[:, 0], data[:, 1], data[:, 2]
                     lx = float(open(dataFile).readlines()[3].strip().split()[2])
                     ly = float(open(dataFile).readlines()[5].strip().split()[2])
                      for k, sampleList in enumerate(intList[off:]):
                          for i in range (sampleList.shape[0]):
                              if int(sampleList[i,10]) == 2:
                                  index1, index2 = map(int, sampleList[i, :2])
                                  snapshot = off + k
                                  r1, x1, y1 = parList[snapshot][index1, 1:4]
r2, x2, y2 = parList[snapshot][index2, 1:4]
                                  xdist, ydist = x1-x2, y1-y2
                                                = r1 + r2
                                  rsum
                                  # Lees-Edwards BC
                                  #xdist -= shearrate[snapshot] * ydist * np.round(ydist / ly)
                                  xdist -= gamma[snapshot]%1 * ly * np.round(ydist/ly)
                                  # Periodic BC
                                  ydist -= ly * np.round(ydist/ly)
                                  xdist -= lx * np.round(xdist/lx)
                                  dist = np.sqrt(xdist**2 + ydist**2)
                                  g_calc = (2 * dist/(rsum)) - 2 # Calculated dimensionless gap
                                  g_sim = sampleList[i,5] # Gap listed in the int* file
                                  delg = g_calc - g_sim # difference in calculated and
                                  delta g.append(np.round(delg))
                 bold red = \sqrt{033[1;31m]}
                         = "\033[0m"
                 print(f'phi = {phir}, ar = {arj}: {bold_red}{np.abs(np.max(delta_g))}{reset},
                 del parList, intList, gamma, time, shearrate, delta g
```

```
phi = 0.70, ar = 1.4: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.70, ar = 2.0: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.70, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.72, ar = 1.4: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.72, ar = 2.0: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.72, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.75, ar = 1.4: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.75, ar = 2.0: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.75, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0

phi = 0.75, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0
```

The results above show the the min and max from the delta_g list which is the difference of calculated g and g reported in the interactions file. We see that, for the cases studied the max and min of the difference is zero, hence verifying our first objective:

1. The reported dimensionaless gap is the fraction of gap between contacting particles and is consistent with the actual overlap calculated from particle position

```
In [ ]:
In [23]: # 2nd objective
         topDir = '/media/rahul/Rahul 2TB/high bidispersity'
                = [0.70, 0.72, 0.75, 0.79]
         phi
         ar
                = [1.4, 2.0, 4.0]
                = 4
         runs
         off
                = 100
         for i, phii in enumerate(phi):
             for j, arj in enumerate(ar):
                  mingap_delta = []
                  phir = '{:.3f}'.format(phii) if len(str(phii).split('.')[1])>2 else '{:.2f}'.
                 Dir = f'{topDir}/NP 1000/phi {phir}/ar {ar[j]}'
                  if not os.path.exists(Dir):
                      continue
                  for l in range(runs):
                     workDir = f'\{topDir\}/NP_1000/phi_\{phir\}/ar_\{ar[j]\}/Vr_0.5/run_\{l+1\}'
                                  = glob.glob(f'{workDir}/int *.dat')[0]
                      intFile
                      intList
                                  = interactionsList(intFile)
                      dataFile
                                  = glob.glob(f'{workDir}/data_*.dat')[0]
                      data
                                  = np.loadtxt(dataFile)
                     mingap data = data[off:, 13]
                     mingap_int = []
                      for k, sampleList in enumerate(intList[off:]):
                          g_sim = sampleList[:,5] # Gap listed in the int* file
                          mingap_int.append(np.min(g_sim))
                     mingap diff = [a-b for a,b in zip(mingap data, mingap int)]
                     mingap_delta.append(mingap_diff)
                  bold red = \sqrt{033[1;31m]}
                          = "\033[0m"
                  reset
                  print(f'phi = {phir}, ar = {arj}: {bold_red}{np.abs(np.max(mingap_delta))}{re
```

```
phi = 0.70, ar = 1.4: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.70, ar = 2.0: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.70, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.72, ar = 1.4: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.72, ar = 2.0: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.72, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.75, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.75, ar = 2.0: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.75, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.75, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0 phi = 0.79, ar = 4.0: 0.0, 0.0
```

The results above show the the min and max from the mingap_diff list which is the difference of reported g value in the data file and the min of g value in the interactions file for a snaphot. We see that, for the cases studied the max and min of the difference is zero, hence verifying our second objective:

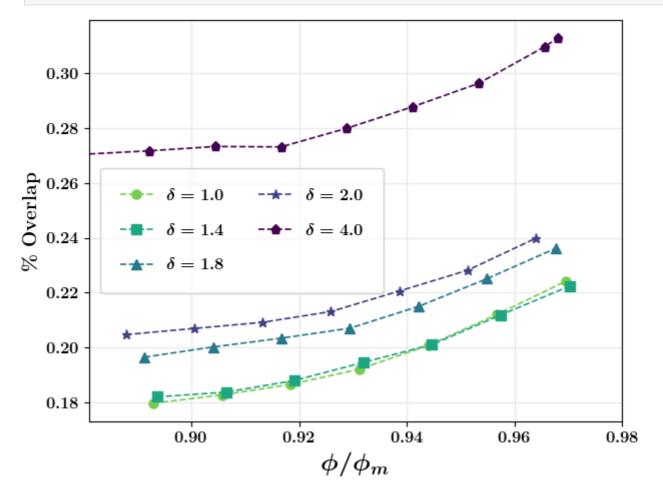
2. The reported dimensionaless gap is in the data file is the minimum gap of the respective snapshot

```
In [22]: # min gap plot all data
         phi = [0.70, 0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.792]
         ar = [1.0, 1.4, 1.8, 2.0, 4.0]
         npp
                       = 1000
                       = matplotlib.colormaps['viridis r'] #color scheme
         cmap
                       = '/media/rahul/Rahul 2TB/high bidispersity'
         topDir
         fig save path = "/home/rahul/Dropbox (City College)/CUNY/Research/Bidisperse Project/
         phim
                      = [0.7839319645227314,0.783317545762567,0.7854135245320721,0.78841492538
         off
                      = 100
         runs
                      = 4
         line_markers = ['o', 's', '^', '*', 'p']
         datax = []
         datay = []
         for j, arj in enumerate(ar):
             gaplist = []
             for i, phii in enumerate(phi):
                 phir = '{:.3f}'.format(phii) if len(str(phii).split('.')[1])>2 else '{:.2f}'.
                 Dir = f'{topDir}/NP_1000/phi_{phir}/ar_{ar[j]}'
                 if not os.path.exists(Dir):
                     continue
                 mingap = []
                 for l in range(runs):
                     workDir
                                 = f'{topDir}/NP_1000/phi_{phir}/ar_{ar[j]}/Vr_0.5/run_{l+1}'
                                 = glob.glob(f'{workDir}/data_*.dat')[0]
                     dataFile
                                 = np.loadtxt(dataFile)
                     mingap data = data[off:, 13]
                     mingap.append(-np.mean(mingap_data)*100)
                 gaplist.append(np.mean(mingap))
                      = [x/phim[j] for x, g in zip(phi, gaplist) if not np.isnan(g)]
             phif
             gaplistf = [x for x in gaplist if not np.isnan(x)]
             datax.append(phif)
             datay.append(gaplistf)
             plt.plot(phif, gaplistf, linestyle='--',marker = line_markers[j], label=r'$\delta
         plt.grid(which='Both', alpha=0.2)
         plt.xlabel(r'$\phi/\phi_{m}$', fontsize=18,fontstyle='italic', fontweight='bold')
         plt.ylabel(r'\textbf{\% Overlap}', fontsize=14,fontstyle='italic')
         plt.xticks(fontsize=12)
         plt.yticks(fontsize=12)
```

```
plt.xlim(0.881, 0.98)
plt.legend(loc=(0.02, 0.32), fontsize=12, labelspacing=1.2,borderpad=1.2, ncol=2)
plt.tight_layout()

figsave=False

if figsave:
    figFormat = ".svg"
    plt.savefig(fig_save_path+ "mean_max_gap_" +str(npp)+figFormat, bbox_inches="tigh"
plt.show()
```



```
In [3]: # Effect of normal contact spring constant (kn) on overlap
        topDir = '/Users/rahul/Documents/Simulations/test kn'
        phi
               = [0.75, 0.79]
               = [1.4, 4.0]
        ar
             = 1
        runs
        off
               = 100
        tests = ['kn1', 'kn2', 'kn3']
               = [1884.95, 188.49, 4712.39]
        for t in range(len(tests)):
            for i, phii in enumerate(phi):
                for j, arj in enumerate(ar):
                    phir = '{:.3f}'.format(phii) if len(str(phii).split('.')[1])>2 else '{:
                    Dir = f'{topDir}/{tests[t]}/NP_1000/phi_{phir}/ar_{ar[j]}'
                    if not os.path.exists(Dir):
                            continue
                    mingap = []
                    for l in range(runs):
                        workDir = f'{topDir}/{tests[t]}/NP_1000/phi_{phir}/ar_{ar[j]}/Vr_0.5/
                                    = glob.glob(f'{workDir}/data_*.dat')[0]
                                    = np.loadtxt(dataFile)
                        data
                        mingap_data = data[off:, 13]
                        mingap.append(np.mean(mingap_data))
```

```
bold red = \sqrt{033[1;31m]}
                     reset = "\033[0m"]
                     overlap = -np.mean(mingap) * 100
                     print(f'phi = {phir}, ar = {arj}, kn = {kn[t]}: {bold_red}{np.round(overl
        phi = 0.75, ar = 1.4, kn = 1884.95: 2.057 %
        phi = 0.75, ar = 1.4, kn = 188.49: 16.155 %
        phi = 0.79, ar = 4.0, kn = 4712.39: 1.209 %
In [17]: # Check if gamma = del time*shear rate
         #workDir = '/media/rahul/Rahul 2TB/high bidispersity/NP 1000/phi 0.74/ar 1.8/Vr 0.5/
         workDir = '/Volumes/Rahul 2TB/high bidispersity/NP 1000/phi 0.74/ar 2.0/Vr 0.5/run 1
         dataFile = glob.glob(f'{workDir}/data *.dat')[0]
                  = np.loadtxt(dataFile)
         time, gamma, shearrate = data[:, 0], data[:, 1], data[:, 2]
         lx = float(open(dataFile).readlines()[3].strip().split()[2])
         ly = float(open(dataFile).readlines()[5].strip().split()[2])
                 = np.diff(time)
         delta t
         cal gamma = []
         calq = 0
         for i in range(len(delta t)):
             cg = delta_t[i]*shearrate[i]
             calg += np.round(cg,2)
             cal gamma.append(calg)
         df = pd.DataFrame({r'gamma': gamma[1:], 'dt * sr': cal_gamma})
         print(df)
              gamma dt * sr
        0
               0.01
                        0.01
               0.02
                        0.02
        1
        2
               0.03
                        0.03
        3
               0.04
                        0.04
        4
               0.05
                        0.05
        . . .
               . . .
                         . . .
        3495 34.96
                       34.96
        3496 34.97
                       34.97
        3497 34.98
                       34.98
        3498 34.99
                       34.99
        3499 35.00
                       35.00
```

[3500 rows x 2 columns]